

# The Singleton Pattern

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# Overview



**Classification: Creational**

**Ensure a class has only one instance**

**Control access to limited resource**

- Device access
- Buffer pools
- Web/DB connection pools

**Provide a global point of access**

**Class responsible for its one instance**

**Lazy construction**



Demo



## Motivating Example:

Logging subsystem

Log events to a file

Only one instance can write to the file

Need to control access

Classic Singleton pattern

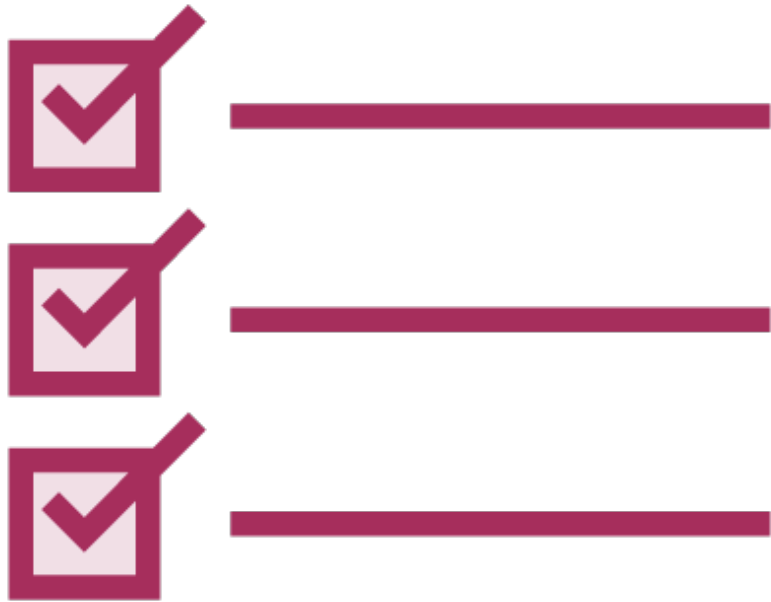


# Notes for Demo 1



# Notes for Demo 1 (continued)





## What's wrong with Singletons?

Violates Single Responsibility Principle

Non-standard class access

Harder to test

Carry global state

Hard to sub-class

Singletons considered harmful!

- <http://goo.gl/VUWmC6>
- <http://goo.gl/O4s3VE>

Singletons called an *antipattern*

# Command Pattern Structure

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# Demo



Fix the Single Responsibility problem  
Building a base class for all singletons  
Inherit from the base class for each one  
Fix non-standard instance access  
Other problems remain

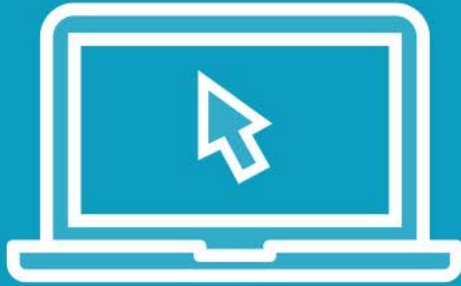




# Notes for demo 2



# Demo



## First demo, classic pattern

- Single Responsibility violation

## Second demo, built a base class

- Fixed the SRP violation

## Third demo, build a metaclass

- Class's class
- Class is an instance of a metaclass
- Control building of class



# Notes for demo 2, continued



# Demo



What!? Another demo?

First demo, classic pattern

Second demo, built a base class

Third demo, build a metaclass

Fourth demo, the MonoState pattern



## Summary



Controlled access to a single instance

Reduces the global namespace

Subclassible for extended uses

Variable number of instances

- Base Class and Meta Class variants

More flexible than a static class

- (Class with no instances)

MonoState shares all state

Can also use a Python module

Use sparingly! *Antipattern*

