```
/***********************************
    * main.c
 3
    * Grubmüller Stefan, Marx Clemens
    * May 2020
 4
    ^{\star} Function: This programm should use the sparkfun sensor and the
7
    * proximity engine. At the beginning the LCD will show you the Text:
 8
    * WELCOME
9
10
    * DEVICE LINKED / DISLINKED
11
    ^{\star} After sending data via the I2C - so data from the device/cortex can
12
    * be transmitted and recieved - the LCD will show you a real time
13
    ^{\star} clock, the distance of a object near the threashold and if it is in
14
15
    * threshold range. Example:
16
    * IN RANGE 20-140
17
18
    * 12:04:31 50
19
    ^{\star} This process will run paralell due to interrupts.
20
21
    * To recieve data from the slave/device you have to configure the
22
    * devive registers shown in proximity.c.
23
24
    * More information in the scritum by @JosefReisinger and in the
25
    * Specifications by @ClemensMarx and @StefanGrubmueller or in the
     * datasheet by @sparkfun:
26
    * https://cdn.sparkfun.com/datasheets/Sensors/Proximity/apds9960.pdf
27
28
29
30
    /* -----*/
    #include "proximity.h"
31
    #include "stdlib.h"
32
33
    #include <string.h>
34
    #include <stdio.h>
35
    int main()
36
37
      // Initalisations
                              // set system clock to 36MHz
      // set clock 36MHz();
38
                                    // initialisation of GPIO ports (PB6 = SCL and PB7 = SDA)
39
      InitI2CPorts();
      i2c_init(&device, &SCL, &SDA); // initialisation of I2C (extra library)
40
                                     // initialisation of LCD
41
      lcd init();
                                     // clear screen
      lcd clear();
42
                                     // 9600,8,n,1
43
      uart init(9600);
44
      uart clear();
                                     // send clear string to VT 100 terminal
45
46
      // PA1 as Input (external interrupt Pin of sparkfun sensor)
47
      RCC->APB2ENR |= RCC_APB2ENR_IOPAEN; // enable clock for GPIOA (APB2 Peripheral clock enable
48
    register)
49
      GPIOA->CRL &= 0xFFFFFF0F;
                                         // set Port Pins PA1 to Pull Up/Down Input mode (50MHz) =
    Mode 8
50
      GPIOA->CRL |= 0 \times 00000080;
      GPIOA->ODR \mid = 0 \times 0002;
51
52
53
      // starting text on LCD
54
                                    // set position on LCD
55
      lcd_set_cursor(0, 0);
      lcd_put_string("WELCOME");
                                     // write on LCD
56
                                     // is the device connected?
57
      check device con();
                                     // wait 2 seconds
58
      wait ms(2000);
59
      lcd clear();
60
      // timer on lcd (real time clock)
61
      62
63
                       // start timer 3: Upcounter --> triggers every 0,1s an update interrupt
      TIM3 Config();
64
65
66
      start_proximity_engine(); // set of configuration registers for proximity detection
67
68
      EXTI config(a, 1);
                              // external interrupt pin; triggers when int pin of sensor sends falling
69
    edge
70
71
72
      // endless loop
73
      while (1)
74
```

```
clock lcd();
 76
 77
         // read data of PDATA regsiter (0x90)
 78
         char pdata_w[] = \{0x9C\};
 79
         i2c_write(&device, pdata_w, 1, END_WITHOUT_STOP);
 80
         char pdata_r;
 81
         i2c_read(&device, &pdata_r, 1);
 82
         // output of proximity data
 83
 84
         char buffer_i [8] = {0};
                                        // set and clear buffer
         sprintf(buffer_i, "%d", pdata_r); // proximity data as int
 85
 86
         lcd_set_cursor(1,13);
                                        // output of proximity data on lcd as int
 87
         lcd_put_string(buffer_i);
 88
 89
         //output of range (lower threshold to higher threshold)
 90
         char threshold[2];
         sprintf(threshold, "%d-%d", LOWTHRES, HIGHTHRES);
 91
 92
         lcd_set_cursor(0,9);
 93
         lcd put string(threshold);
                                        // output of range on lcd as int
 94
 95
         // check if data of proximity data register is inside range
 96
         if (((unsigned char)pdata r >= LOWTHRES) && ((unsigned char)pdata r <= HIGHTHRES))</pre>
 97
          98
          char en reg[2] = {ENABLE REG, SET PIEN};
 99
100
101
         wait ms(500); // wait to avoid lecking image
102
                       // clear screen
         lcd clear();
103
104
     }
105
```

```
/**********************
     * proximity.h
     * Grubmüller Stefan, Marx Clemens
 3
     * May 2020
     ^{\star} Function: This header should define all the functions and variables
     * being used in different files.
 8
     * More information in the scritum by @JosefReisinger and in the
 9
10
     * Specifications by @ClemensMarx and @StefanGrubmueller or in the
     * datasheet by @sparkfun:
11
12
     * https://cdn.sparkfun.com/datasheets/Sensors/Proximity/apds9960.pdf
14
15
    #ifndef __PROXIMITY_H
    #define PROXIMITY_H
17
18
     /* -----*/
19
20
    #include <stm32f10x.h>
    #include "armv10_std.h"
21
    23
25
    /* -----*/
    // bitbanding for SDA (PB7)
     #define GPIOB IDR GPIOB BASE + 2*sizeof(uint32 t)
28
29
     #define SDA IN *((volatile unsigned long *)(BITBAND PERI(GPIOB IDR,7))) //PB7 - Input
#define ENABLE_REG 0x80  // enable register

32  #define PERS_REG 0x8C  // persistance register

33  #define LOWTHRES_REG 0x89  // lower threashold

34  #define HIGHTHRES_REG 0x8B  // higher threashold

35  #define PROX_PULSE_REG 0x8E  // proximity pulse register

36  #define CONTROL_REG1 0x8F  // control register one

37  #define CONTROL_REG2 0x90  // control register two

38  #define STAT_REG 0x93  // status register

39  #define UPRIGHT_OFFSET REG 0x9D  // proximity offset IID / PTO
30
   40
41
42
44 #define SET PIEN
45
    // Threshold- Low to High
47
48 // 0xFF...very near
    // 0x00...very far
    #define LOWTHRES
                                  0x10 // lower threashold for proximity
50
51
     #define HIGHTHRES
                                  0xAC
                                           // higher threashold for proximity
52
53
    // Light Intensity
    // Very Dark to very Bright
    // Various Gains
55
                                 0x00 // very bright conditions (GAIN = 1) 
0x04 // not that bright but also not dark \sim (GAIN = 2) 
0x08 // need of light (normal room conditions in evening) (GAIN = 4)
    #define GAIN_x1
56
    #define GAIN_x2
#define GAIN_x4
57
58
                                            // dark conditions (GAIN = 8)
59
    #define GAIN x8
                                 0x0C
   // activates or deactivates the LED Boost option of sensor
61
     62
     #define LED BOOST OFF
                                            // non addtional current
63
64
65
    extern int milsek;
66
67
68
     /* -----*/
69
70
    // init ports (PA7 Open Drain)
71
     void InitI2CPorts(void);
72
73
     // interrupts
     void NVIC_init(char position, char priority);
// Nestet Vector Interrupt Controller
74
75
76
    void NVIC init(char position, char priority);
77
    // timer
```

```
void TIM3 Config(void);
 78
 79
 80
     // real time clock on lcd
 81
     void clock_lcd(void);
 82
     // check connection of device
 83
     void check_device_con(void);
 84
 85
     // start proximity engine due to setting the register bits
 86
     void start_proximity_engine(void);
 87
     // reads data out of the Proximity data register (0x9C)
 88
     void read_data(void);
 89
     // transfer pins for function of EXTI_config
typedef enum { a, b, c, d, e, f, } pin;
 90
 91
     // external interrupt
 92
 93
     void EXTI_config(pin p, int n);
 94
 95
      /* -----*/
 96
 97
     extern I2C_Device device;
 98
 99
     extern I2C_PIN_CONF SCL;
                                // defenition of SCL (I2C1)
100
101
     extern I2C_PIN_CONF SDA;  // defenition of SDA (I2C1)
102
103
     #endif
104
```

```
/***********************************
    * proximity.c
    * Grubmüller Stefan, Marx Clemens
 3
 4
    * May 2020
    ^{\star} Function: In this file you can find any functions used in the main
7
8
    ^{\star} More information in the scritum by @JosefReisinger and in the
9
    * Specifications by @ClemensMarx and @StefanGrubmueller or in the
10
11
    * datasheet by @sparkfun:
12
    * https://cdn.sparkfun.com/datasheets/Sensors/Proximity/apds9960.pdf
13
14
15
    /* -----*/
    #include "proximity.h"
16
17
18
19
    /*-----*/
    int h, min, sek, milsek; // used for the timer
20
21
    char buffer[30];
22
23
    I2C_PIN_CONF SCL = // defenition of SCL (I2C1)
24
25
      .GPIOx = GPIOB,
26
                          // Pin PB6
      .Pin = 6
27
    };
28
29
    I2C PIN CONF SDA =
                         // defenition of SDA (I2C1)
30
      .GPIOx = GPIOB,
31
                          // Pin PB7
32
      .Pin = 7
33
34
35
    I2C Device device =
36
                          // hardware adress = 0x39
37
      .Adress = 0x39,
     .I2C_Pereph = I2C1, // I2C1 peripherals
38
     .pclr = 8,
                         // 36 MHz perepherial clock rate
39
                          // 80 kHz SCL Clock Rate (0 - 400kHZ)
// 200ns max rise time (0 - 300ns)
40
      .sclr = 80,
41
      .maxRiseTime = 200
42
43
44
45
46
    /* -----*/
47
48
    // init GPIO ports PB6 and PB7 for I2C
49
50
    void InitI2CPorts(void)
51
52
      // activate GPIO clock
      RCC->APB2ENR |= RCC_APB2ENR_IOPAEN;
53
54
55
      // init PB6 (SCL) as AF Open Drain
56
      int tmp = GPIOB->CRL;
                        // delete configuration for PB6
// define port PB6 as AF Open Drain
57
      tmp &= 0xF0FFFFFF;
58
      tmp |= 0x0F000000;
59
      GPIOB->CRL = tmp;
      // init PB7 (SDA) as AF Open Drain
61
62
      tmp = GPIOB->CRL;
                          // delete configuration for PB7
// define Port PB7 as AF Open Drain
63
      tmp &= 0 \times 0 FFFFFFF;
      tmp |= 0xF0000000;
64
65
      GPIOB->CRL = tmp;
66
67
68
69
70
71
    /* -----*/
72
    // interrupt service routine timer3 (General Purpose Timer)
73
74
    void TIM3 IRQHandler(void) //Timer 3, very 100ms
75
76
      TIM3->SR &=\sim0x01; // clear interrupt pending bit(precent Interrupt-trigger)
77
     milsek = milsek + 2;
```

```
78
 79
 80
 81
     // External Interrupt Service Routine PA1
     void EXTI1 IRQHandler(void)//ISR
 83
 84
       EXTI->PR \mid = (0x01 << 1); // reset pending bit EXTO (otherwise ISR will repeat)
 85
 86
       lcd set cursor(0,0);
       sprintf(&buffer[0],"IN RANGE");
 87
                                                  // if the object is in range
 88
       lcd put string(&buffer[0]);
 89
       char en reg[2] = {ENABLE REG, DEL PIEN};  // disable proximity interupt
 90
       i2c_write(&device, en_reg, 2, END_WITH_STOP); // set enable register
 91
 92
 93
 94
     // initialisation Timer3 (General Purpose Timer)
 95
     void TIM3_Config(void)
 96
 97
       /*-----*/ configuration timer 3 -----*/
       RCC->APB1ENR \mid= 0x0002; // timer 3 clock enable
 98
 99
       TIM3->SMCR = 0x0000; // timer 3 clock Selection: CK_INT wird verwendet
100
       TIM3 -> CR1 = 0 \times 0000;
                              // selcet timer mode: Upcounter --> counts 0 to value of autoreload-register
101
102
        // Tck INT = 27,78ns, Presc = 54 ---> Auto Reload value = 3,6Mio (=0xFFFF) --> 0,1s Update Event
103
       TTM3->PSC = 23:
                            //value of prescalers (Taktverminderung)
       TIM3->ARR = 0xFFFF; //Auto-Reload Wert = Maximaler Zaehlerstand des Upcounters
104
105
106
       /*----- configuration Interrupt Timer 3 -----*/
                              // enable Interrupt bei einem UEV (Überlauf / Unterlauf)
107
       TIM3->DIER = 0x01;
                                  // enable Timer 3 Update Interrupt, Priority 3
       NVIC init(TIM3 IRQn,3);
108
109
110
       /*-----/*
       TIM3->CR1 |= 0 \times 0001; // set counter-Enable bit
111
112
     }
113
114
      // EXTI1 config
115
     // connecct PA1 with EXTI1, Interrupt at falling edge, priority 2
116
117
     void EXTI config(pin p, int n)
118
                             //init NVIC for EXTI Line1 (Position n+6, Priority 2)
119
       NVIC init(n + 6, 2);
120
121
       RCC->APB2ENR \mid = 0 \times 0001;
                                   //AFIOEN - Clock enable
       AFIO->EXTICR[0] &= \sim ((0xF \& \sim p) << (4 * n)); //Interrupt-Line EXTIn mit Portpin PAn verbinden
122
123
124
       EXTI->FTSR \mid = (0x01 << n);
                                    //Falling Edge Trigger für EXITn Aktivieren
125
       EXTI->RTSR &= \sim (0 \times 01 << n);
                                    //Rising Edge Trigger für EXTIn Deaktivieren
126
127
       EXTI->PR |= (0x01 << n); //EXTI clear pending: Das Auslösen auf vergangene Vorgänge nach dem
     enablen verhindern
128
       EXTI->IMR \mid = (0x01 << n); // Enable Interrupt EXTIn-Line. Kann durch den NVIC jedoch noch
     maskiert werden
129
130
131
132
     // NVIC init(char position, char priority)
     // initialisation of an interrupts in the Nested Vectored Interrupt
133
     \ensuremath{//} Controller (set priority, prevent trigger, enable
134
     interrupt
135
     // parameters: "position" = 0-67 (number of interrupt)
                    "priority" = 0-15 (priority of interrupt)
136
137
     void NVIC init(char position, char priority)
138
139
       NVIC->IP[position]=(priority<<4); //Interrupt priority register: Setzen der Interrupt Priorität
140
       //Interrupt Clear Pendig Register: prevent trigger after enable
       NVIC->ICPR[position >> 0x05] |= (0x01 << (position & <math>0x1F));
141
142
       //Interrupt Set Enable Register: Enable interrupt
143
       NVIC->ISER[position >> 0x05] |= (0x01 << (position & 0x1F));
144
145
      /* -----*/
146
147
148
      // after 0.1 seconds an interrupt is being triggered (milsek ++)
     // function prints output real clock on lcd in hh:mm:ss:z
149
     (hour:minute:second:millisecond)
150
     void clock lcd(void)
```

```
151
152
        if (milsek==10)
153
        {
154
         milsek=0;
155
          if(++sek==60)
156
157
           sek=0;
158
            if (++min==60)
159
160
             min=0;
              if(++h==24)
161
162
163
               h=0;
164
165
            }
166
          }
167
       }
168
        else if(milsek>=10) // error detection
169
       {
170
         milsek=0;
171
172
173
       // output of lcd
        sprintf(&buffer[0], "%02d:%02d:%02d:%d", h, min, sek, milsek);
174
175
        lcd set cursor(1,0);
176
        lcd_put_string(&buffer[0]);
177
178
179
     void check device con()
180
        // check if device is there and connected
181
182
       char ack;
183
       int i;
       char dev_con[] = {"DEVICE CONNECTED"};
184
                                                               // device connected
                                                // device disconnected
        char dev discon[] = {"NOT CONNECTED"};
185
186
        char buffer[1] = \{0x1\};
187
        i2c write (&device, buffer, 1, END WITH STOP); // write bit to test gettin ack for checking
188
     connection
189
        ack = SDA IN;
                              // read one bit of data pin
190
        lcd_set_cursor(1,0); // read acknowledge
                              // if there is an acknowledge
        if (ack == 0x0)
191
192
193
         // output
         for(i=0; dev_con[i] != '\0'; i++)
194
195
                                                      // device connected
196
            lcd put char(dev con[i]);
197
198
        }
199
        else
                              // if no ack detected
200
        {
201
          // output
          for(i=0; dev_discon[i] != '\0'; i++)
202
203
204
            lcd put char(dev discon[i]);
                                                      // device disconnected
205
206
        }
207
      }
208
209
210
      // start proximity engine (configuration of registers)
211
      void start proximity engine()
212
213
214
        // Enable Register (0x80):
215
        // 00000101 (0x05)
216
        // Bit 7 = 0: is being reserved as 0
217
        // Bit 6 = 0: gesture enable (GEN)
        // Bit 5 = 0: proximity interrupt enable (PIEN)
218
        // Bit 4 = 0: ambient light sense (ALS) interrupt enable (AIEN)
219
220
        // Bit 3 = 0: wait enable (WEN) actives wait feature
221
        // Bit 2 = 1: proximity detect enable (PEN)
222
        // Bit 1 = 0: ALS enable (AEN)
223
        // Bit 0 = 1: Power ON (PON)
        char en reg[2] = {ENABLE REG, 0x05};
224
225
        i2c write(&device, en reg, 2, END WITH STOP); // set enable register
226
```

```
227
           Persistance Register (0x8C):
228
        // 00000000 (0x0)
229
        // Bit 7 : 4 = 0: Controls rate of proximity interrupt to host process
230
        // Bit 3 : 0 = 0: Controls rate of clear channel interrupt to host process
231
        char pers_reg[2] = {PERS_REG, 0x00};
232
        i2c_write(&device, pers_reg, 2, END_WITH_STOP);
233
234
235
        // Proximity Interrupt Threshold Register - Low (0x89):
236
        // set as define LOWTHRES in proximity.h
237
        // Bit 7 : 0 = ?? (adjustable)
238
        char low_threshold[2] = {LOWTHRES_REG, 0 \times 00};
239
        i2c_write(&device, low_threshold, 2, END_WITH_STOP);
240
241
242
        // Proximity Interrupt Threshold Register - High (0x8B):
243
        // set as define HIGHTHRES in
      proximity.h
244
        // Bit 7 : 0 = ?? (adjustable)
245
        char high_threshold[2] = {HIGHTHRES_REG, HIGHTHRES};
246
        i2c_write(&device, high_threshold, 2, END_WITH_STOP);
247
248
249
        // Proximity Pulse Register (0x8E):
        // 01111111 (7F)
250
        // Bit 7 : 6 = 01
251
        // Bit 5 : 0 = 1: 111111
252
253
        char prox_pulse_reg[2] = {PROX_PULSE_REG, 0x7F};
254
        i2c_write(&device, prox_pulse_reg, 2, END_WITH_STOP);
255
256
257
        // Control Register One(0x8F):
258
        // 00003300
259
        // Bit 7 : 6 = 10
        // Bit 5 : 4 = reserved as 0
// Bit 3 : 2 = LIGHT_INTENSITY set in defines
260
261
        // Bit 1 : 0 = 0
262
        char control reg1[2] = {CONTROL REG1, GAIN x2};
263
264
        i2c_write(&device, control_reg1, 2, END_WITH_STOP);
265
266
           Control Register Two(0x90):
        // 10??0000
267
        // Bit 7 = 1
268
269
        // Bit 6 = 0
270
        // Bit 5 : 4 = LED BOOST ON/LED BOOST OFF
271
        // Bit 3 : 0 = reserved as 0
272
        char control reg2[2] = {CONTROL REG2, LED BOOST OFF};
273
        i2c_write(&device, control_reg2, 2, END_WITH_STOP);
274
275
276
        // Status Register(0x93):
        // 01100010 (0x62)
277
278
        // The read-only Status Register provides the status of the device.
279
        // Bit 7 = 0 Clear Photodiode Saturation
      (CPSAT)
280
        // Bit 6 = 1 Indicates that an analog saturation event occurred
      (PGSAT)
281
        // Bit 5 = 1 Proximity Interrupt. This bit triggers an interrupt if PIEN in ENABLE is set
      (PINT)
282
        // Bit 4 = 0 ALS Interrupt (AINT)
283
        // Bit 3 =
                      reserved as 0
284
        // Bit 2 = 0 Gesture Interrupt (GINT)
285
        // Bit 1 = 1
                      Proximity Valid (PVALID)
        // Bit 0 = 0 ALS Valid (AVALID)
286
287
        char stat reg[2] = \{STAT REG, 0x62\};
288
        i2c_write(&device, stat_reg, 2, END_WITH_STOP);
289
290
291
        // Proximity Offset UP / RIGHT Register(0x9D)
        // 00000000 (0x00)
292
293
        // Bit 7 : 0 = 0x0
294
        char ur offset reg[2] = {UPRIGHT OFFSET REG, 0x00};
295
        i2c_write(&device, ur_offset_reg, 2, END_WITH_STOP);
296
297
298
        // Proximity Offset DOWN / LEFT Register(0x9E)
        // 00000000 (0x00)
299
```

```
300
        // Bit 7 : 0 = 0x0
301
        char dl_offset_reg[2] = {DLEFT_OFFSET_REG, 0x00};
302
        i2c write(&device, dl offset reg, 2, END WITH STOP);
303
304
305
        //Configuration Register Three(0x9F):
        // 00000000 (0x00)
306
307
        // select which photodiodes are used for proximity
        // Bit 7 : 6 = reserved as 0
308
        // Bit 5 = 0 use all diodes
309
310
        // Bit 4 = 0 sleep after interrupt
311
        // Bit 3 = 0 Proximity Mask UP Enable
        // Bit 2 = 0 Proximity Mask LEFT Enable
312
        // Bit 1 = 0 Proximity Mask LEFT Enable
313
314
        // Bit 0 = 0 Proximity Mask RIGHT Enable
315
        char conf reg3[2] = {CONF REG3, 0 \times 00};
316
        i2c write (&device, conf reg3, 2, END WITH STOP);
317
318
319
      // // Proximity Interrupt Clear (0xE5):
         // 00000000 (0x00)
320
321
         // Bit 7 : 0 = 0x0
         char prox_int_clear[2] = {PROX_INT_CLEAR, 0x00};
322
323
         i2c_write(&device, prox_int_clear, 2, END_WITH_STOP);
324
325
326
          // Clear All Non-Gesture Interrupts (0xE7):
          // 00000000 (0x00)
327
328
      //
          // Bit 7 : 0 = 0x0
329
          char clear all int[2] = {CLEAR ALL INT, 0x00};
330
      //
          i2c_write(&device, clear_all_int, 2, END_WITH_STOP);
331
332
```