Relational Concept Analysis

M. Huchard

Faculté des Sciences, Université de Montpellier Tiré d'un tutorial sur les données relationnelles (Conférence ICFCA 2019)

Avril 2020

FCA and complex relations

Concepts in multi-relational or n-ary relationals datasets

- Power contexts families [Wille, 2002]
- Triadic [Lehmann and Wille, 1995], Polyadic Concept Analysis [Voutsadakis, 2002]
- Relational Concept Analysis (RCA) [Huchard et al., 2007, Hacene et al., 2013]
- Cubes of Concepts [Ferré et al., 2012]
- Machine learning with Galois lattices and graphs [Liquière and Sallantin, 1998]
- Graph pattern structures [Ganter and Kuznetsov, 2001]
- Relational, windowed structures [Kötters, 2013]
- Graph-FCA [Ferré, 2015]

Relational Concept Analysis (RCA)

Principles

- Extends the purpose of FCA for taking into account object categories and links between objects
- Main principles:
 - a relational model based on the entity-relationship model (with binary relationships)
 - integrate relations in formal contexts between objects as relational attributes
 - various operators (quantifiers) inspired by description logics
 - iterative and tunable process
- RCA provides a set of interconnected lattices
- Produced structures can be represented as ontology concepts within a knowledge representation formalism such as description logics (DLs)

Relational Context Family (RCF)

A RCF \mathcal{F} is a pair (K, R) with:

- K is a set of object-attribute contexts $K_i = (O_i, A_i, I_i)$
- R is a set of object-object contexts $R_i = (O_k, O_l, I_i)$
 - (O_k, O_l) are the object sets of formal contexts $(K_k, K_l) \in K^2$
 - $\hat{I}_i \subseteq O_k \times O_l$
 - *K_k* is the *source/domain context*
 - *K*₁ is the *target/range context*
 - we may have $K_k = K_l$

A few examples of RCF

Royal Relational Context Family (1 category, 2 symmetric relations)

- object-attribute context
 - Royal
- object-object contexts
 - ullet hasParent \subseteq Royal imes Royal
 - $isParentOf \subset Royal \times Royal$

Drone Relational Context Family (2 categories, 1 relation)

- object-attribute contexts
 - DroneFleet
 - Drone
- object-object context
 - contains \subseteq DroneFleet \times Drone

A few examples of RCF

Dish Relational Context Family (3 categories, 3 relations forming a cycle)

- object-attribute contexts
 - Dish
 - Cereal
 - Country
- object-object contexts
 - hasMainCereal \subseteq Dish \times Cereal
 - ullet is Produced In \subseteq Cereal imes Country
 - ullet eatLotOf \subseteq Country imes Dish

A few examples of RCF

Pesticide plants Relational Context Family (3 categories, 2 relations)

- object-attribute contexts
 - Protected organism
 - Plant
 - Pest
- object-object contexts
 - $isProtectedBy \subseteq ProtectedOrganism \times Plant$
 - ullet protectsAgainst \subseteq Plant imes Pest

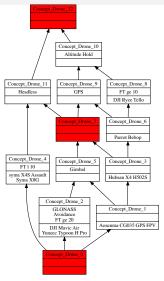
Drones

Drone	Gimbal	GPS	GLONASS	Avoidance	Headless	Altitude Hold	FT 10	FT ge 10	FT ge 20
Syma X4S Assault					×		×		
Syma X8G					×		×		
Parrot Bebop		×				×		×	
DJI Ryze Tello						×		×	
Hubsan X4 H502S		×			×	×		×	
Aosenma CG035 GPS FPV	×	×			×	×		×	
DJI Mavic Air	×	×	×	×	×	×			×
Yuneec Typoon H Pro	×	×	×	×	×	×			×

https://www.thedronechart.com

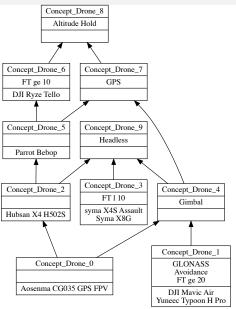
Hum, typo, here. Typoon in World of Warcraft? Teaspoon?

Concept Lattice and AOC-poset)



9/18

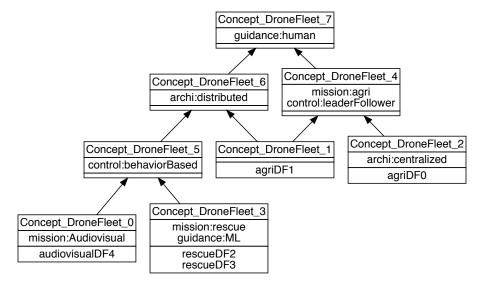
Concept Lattice and AOC-poset)



Drone fleet (Formal context)

DroneFleet	mission:agri	mission:rescue	mission:Audiovisual	archi:centralized	archi:distributed	guidance:human	guidance:ML	control:leaderFollower	control:behaviorBased
agriDF0	×			×		×		×	
agriDF1	×				×	×		×	
rescueDF2		×			×	×	×		×
rescueDF3		×			×	×	×		×
audiovisualDF4			×		×	×			×

Drone fleet (AOC-poset)



Drone fleet 2 Drone (Relational Context)

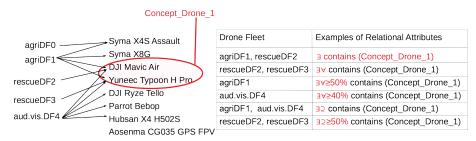
contains	Syma X4S Assault	Syma X8G	Parrot Bebop	DJI Ryze Tello	Hubsan X4 H502S	Aosenma CG035 GPS FPV	DJI Mavic Air	Yuneec Typoon H Pro
agriDF0	×							
agriDF1	×	×					×	×
rescueDF2							×	
rescueDF3								×
audiovisualDF4			х	x	×		х	×

⇒ rescueDF2 and rescueDF3 do not share concrete drone types

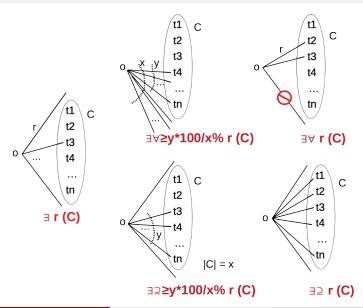
Understanding scaling quantifiers

rescueDF2 and rescueDF3 do not share concrete drone types, but they share the fact that all their drones with GLONASS, GPS, FT \geq 20, etc.

Relational attribute: ∃∀contains(Concept_Drone_1)



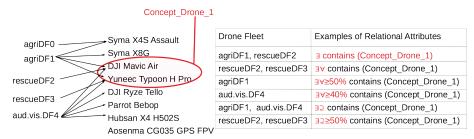
Understanding scaling quantifiers



Understanding scaling quantifiers (again ...)

rescueDF2 and rescueDF3 do not share concrete drone types, but they share the fact that all their drones with GLONASS, GPS, FT \geq 20, etc.

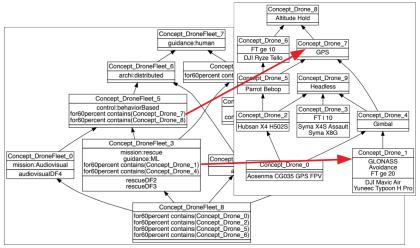
Relational attribute: ∃∀contains(Concept_Drone_1)



Drone fleet 2 Drone (Extended Relational Context)

$\texttt{DroneFleet} + \exists \forall_{\geq 60\%} \texttt{Contains}$	mission:agri	mission:rescue	mission: Audiovisual	archi:centralized	archi:distributed	guidance:human	guidance: ML	control:leaderFollower	control:behaviorBased	∃∀ _{≥60%} contains(Concept_Drone_0)	∃∀ _{>60%} contains(Concept_Drone_1)	∃∀ _{>60%} contains(Concept_Drone_3)	∃∀ _{>60%} contains(Concept_Drone_2)	∃∀>60% contains(Concept_Drone_4)	∃∀ _{>60%} contains(Concept_Drone_5)	∃∀_ _{>60%} contains(Concept_Drone_6)	∃∀ _{>60%} contains(Concept_Drone_7)	∃∀ _{>60%} contains(Concept_Drone_9)	∃∀ _{≥60%} contains(Concept_Drone_8)
agriDF0	×			×		×		×				×						×	
agriDF1	×				×	×		×										×	
rescueDF2		×			×	×	×		×		×			×			×	×	×
rescueDF3		×			×	×	×		×		×			×			×	×	×
audiovisualDF4			×		×	×			×								×		×

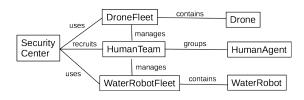
Drone fleets extended by relations to their drones



Rescue fleets have a majority of drones with GLONASS,

Avoidance system and Flight Time > 20mn

RCA in the general case



An iterative process

- Complex model with paths and cycles of any length
- Objects groups (concepts) are propagated along the paths and the cycles, step after step
- The process stops when no new concept appears

Tool

• http://dataqual.engees.unistra.fr/logiciels/rcaExplore



A proposal for extending formal concept analysis to knowledge graphs.

In Formal Concept Analysis - 13th International Conference, ICFCA 2015, Nerja, Spain, June 23-26, 2015, Proceedings, pages 271–286.



Ferré, S., Allard, P., and Ridoux, O. (2012).

Cubes of concepts: Multi-dimensional exploration of multi-valued contexts. In Formal Concept Analysis - 10th International Conference, ICFCA 2012. Leuven, Belgium, May 7-10, 2012. Proceedings, pages 112-127.



Ferré, S. and Ridoux, O. (2000).

A logical generalization of formal concept analysis.

In Mineau, G. and Ganter, B., editors, Int. Conf. Conceptual Structures, LNCS 1867, pages 371–384. Springer.



Ganter, B. and Kuznetsov, S. (2001).

Pattern structures and their projections.

In Delugach, H. S. and Stumme, G., editors, Int. Conf. Conceptual Structures, LNCS 2120, pages 129-142. Springer.



Hacene, M. R., Huchard, M., Napoli, A., and Valtchev, P. (2013).

Relational concept analysis: mining concept lattices from multi-relational data.

Ann. Math. Artif. Intell., 67(1):81–108.



Huchard, M., Hacene, M. R., Roume, C., and Valtchev, P. (2007). Relational concept discovery in structured datasets.

Ann. Math. Artif. Intell., 49(1-4):39-76.



Kötters, J. (2013).

Concept lattices of a relational structure.

In Conceptual Structures for STEM Research and Education, 20th International Conference on Conceptual Structures, ICCS 2013, Mumbai, India, January 10-12, 2013. Proceedings, pages 301-310.



Lehmann, F. and Wille, R. (1995).

A triadic approach to formal concept analysis.

In Ellis, G., Levinson, R., Rich, W., and Sowa, J. F., editors, Conceptual Structures: Applications, Implementation and Theory, Third International Conference on Conceptual Structures, ICCS '95, Santa Cruz, California, USA, August 14-18, 1995, Proceedings, volume 954 of Lecture Notes in Computer Science, pages 32-43. Springer.



Liquière, M. and Sallantin, J. (1998).

Structural Machine Learning with Galois Lattice and Graphs.

In ICML, Madison, Wisconsin, pages 305-313.



Voutsadakis, G. (2002).

Polyadic concept analysis. *Order*, 19(3):295–304.



Wille, R. (1997).

Conceptual graphs and formal concept analysis.

In Int. Conf. Conceptual Structures, LNCS 1257, pages 290-303.



Wille, R. (2002).

Existential concept graphs of power context families.

In Conceptual Structures: Integration and Interfaces, 10th International Conference on Conceptual Structures, ICCS 2002, Borovets, Bulgaria, July 15-19, 2002, Proceedings, pages 382–396.

18 / 18