

## Homework 2

### 1 Question 1 [1pt]: Chapter-4 (page 74): Exercise 4.1-2

#### Question:

Write Pseudocode for the brute-force method of solving the maximum sub-array problem. Your procedure should run in  $\Theta(n^2)$  time

#### Answer:

```
brute-force-max-sub-array(A)
  n = A.length
  max = -infinity
  for i = 1 to n
    sum = 0
    for h = 1 to n
      sum = sum + A[h]
      if sum > max
        max = sum
        low = i
        high = h
  return
```

### 2 Question 2 [2pt]: Chapter-4 (page 108): Exercise 4.3

#### Question:

Give asymptotic upper and lower bounds for  $T(n)$  in each of the following recurrences/ Assume that  $T(n)$  is constant for sufficiently small  $n$ . Make your bounds as tight as possible, and justify your answers:

$$a) T(n) = 4T(n/3) + n \lg n$$

$$b) T(n) = 3T(n/3) + n/\lg n$$

$$c) T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n^2\sqrt{n}$$

**Answer:**

a) By master theorem:  $T(n) = \Theta(n^{\log_3 4})$

b)

$$\begin{aligned}
 T(n) &= 3T(n/3) + \frac{n}{\lg n} \\
 &\leq cn \lg n - cn \lg 3 + \frac{n}{\lg n} \\
 &= cn \lg n + n \left( \frac{1}{\lg n} - c \lg 3 \right) \\
 &\leq cn \lg n
 \end{aligned}$$

for  $\varepsilon > 0$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T(n) &\leq 3T(n/3) + \frac{n}{\lg n} \\
 &\geq 3c/3^{1-\varepsilon} n^{1-\varepsilon} + \frac{n}{\lg n} \\
 &= 3^\varepsilon c n^{1-\varepsilon} + \frac{n}{\lg n}
 \end{aligned}$$

This is the same as showing

$$3^\varepsilon + n^\varepsilon / c \lg n \geq 1$$

Since  $\lg n \in o(n^\varepsilon)$  this inequality holds. So, we have that The function is soft Theta of n

c) By master theorem:  $T(n) = \Theta(n^{2.5})$