ECC 33 Model

The ECC model is electronics communication system developed for fixed wireless access systems. [1]

ECC 33 Path Loss

$$PL_{ECC}(dB) = A_{sf} + A_{mb} - G_d - G_s$$
where

$$\begin{split} A_{sf} &= 92.4 + 20 \log_{10}(d) + 20 \log_{10}(f) \text{, free space attenuation} \\ A_{mb} &= 20.41 + 9.83 \log_{10}(d) + 7.894 \log_{10}(f) + 9.56 (\log_{10}(f))^2 \text{, basic medium path loss} \\ G_d &= \log_{10}(\frac{h_{tr}}{200})[13.958 + 5.8(\log_{10}(d))^2] \text{, base station antenna height gain factor} \end{split}$$

 $G_{\rm S} = [42.57 + 13.7(\log_{10}(f))][\log_{10}(h_{tt}) - 0.585]$, receiver antenna height gain factor

whereas for big cities

$$G_s = 0.759 h_{tt} - 1.862$$

f: is the frequency in Megahertz, d: is the distance between transmitter and receiver in km, $h_{\rm tr}$ is the BS antenna height in meters $h_{\rm tt}$ is the CPE antenna height in meters.

References

[1] Bengawan Alfaresi, Taufik Barlian, Feby Ardianto, and Muhammad Hurairah. 2020. Path Loss Propagation Evaluation and Modelling based ECC-Model in Lowland Area on 1800 MHz Frequency. *J. Robot. Control* 1, 5 (2020). DOI:https://doi.org/10.18196/jrc.1534