## ICS\_assignment2

T1

(a)

 $2^{-126}$ 

(b)

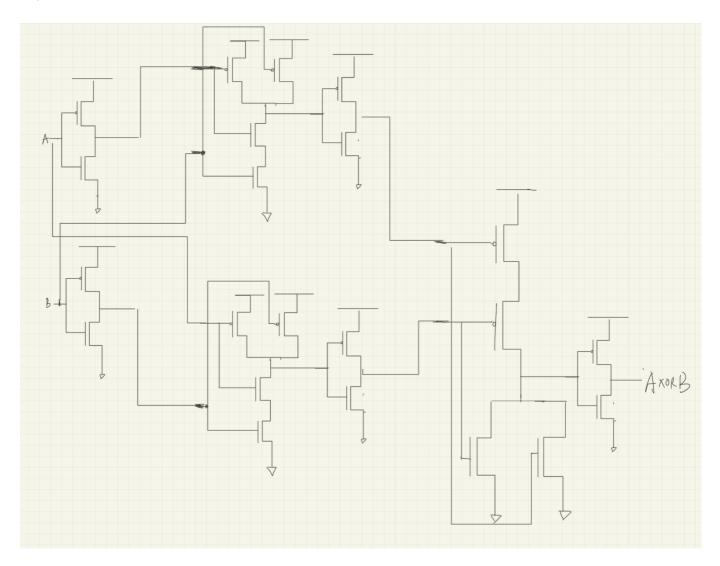
0 00000000 111111111111111111111111

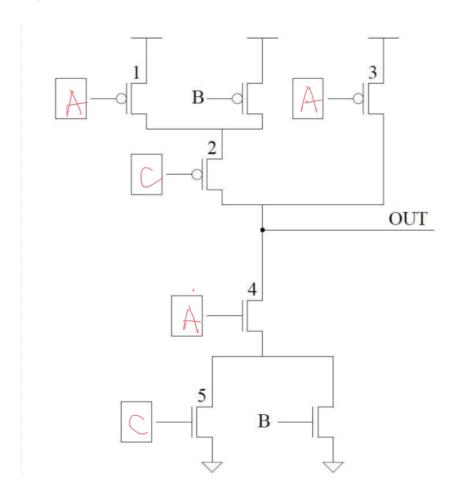
$$(1-2^{-23}) imes 2^{-126}$$

T2

0111 1111 1111 1111 1111 1111 1111

 $2^{31}-1$ 





	A	В	C	OUT
72	0	0	0	
	0	0	1	
	0	1	0	
	0	1	1	1
	1	0	0	1
	1	0	1	0
	1	1	0	0
	1	1	1	U

T5

- X
- 1
- 0
- X
- 0

T6

- Figure 3.39是一个两输入多路复用器,D为输出
- Figure 3.40是一个锁存器,它存储先前存储在锁存器中的数据值。

T7

(a)

32

(b)

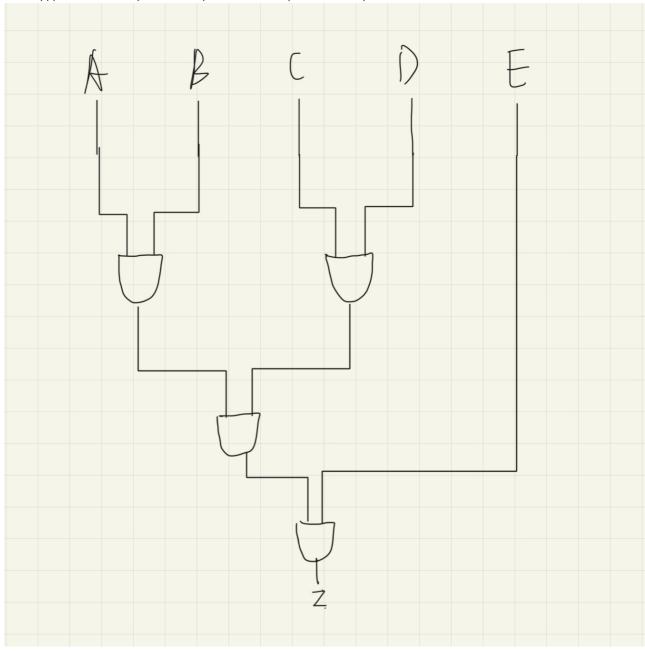
1

4

1. 3

2.  $Z = ((((A \ AND \ B) \ AND \ C) \ AND \ D) \ AND \ E)$ 

 $Z = (((A \ AND \ B) \ AND \ (C \ AND \ D) \ AND \ E)$ 



T9

•  $50 = 6 \times 8 + 2$ 

after cycles : 111000

after cycle1 : 100000

after cycle2 : 111000

after cycle3 : 111110

after cycle4 : 011111

after cycle5 : 000111

after cycle6 : 000001

after cycle7 : 100000

## 每经过6个时钟周期循环一次

## T10

 $X \ NAND \ 1 = NOT \ X$ 

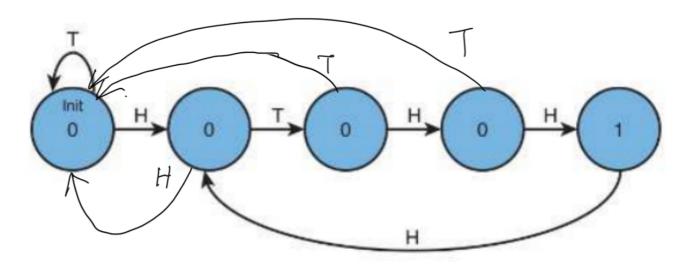
 $(X \ NAND \ Y) \ NAND \ 1 = X \ AND \ Y$ 

 $((NOT\ X)\ NAND\ (NOT\ B)) = X\ OR\ Y$ 

可知NAND可以组合出OR, AND, NOT三种门,而这三种门又可以实现任意逻辑函数,故XAND具有逻辑完备性。

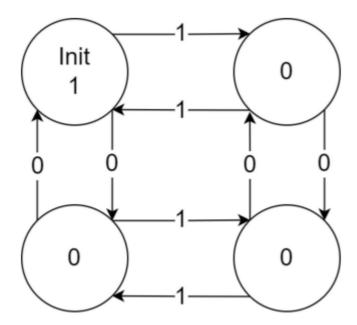
## T11

(a)



(b)

6



T13

 $2^{11}$