# Chapter 1

## Introduction to design patterns

### 1.1 Safe choice in presence of polymorphism

The visitor design pattern is a way of separating an algorithm from an object structure on which it operates. A practical result of this separation is the ability to add new operations to existing object structures without modifying those structures. It is one way to follow the open/closed principle.

#### 1.1.1 Exercise 1

#### Design

In this assignment you will apply the visitor design pattern to print the concrete type of a number.

- **INumber** interface: contains the method visit, which returns a void and takes an INumberVisitor as input.
- INumberVisitor interface: contains two methods with almost identical signature, namely onMyInt and onMyFloat, both returning void. The former takes a MyInt, the latter takes a MyFloat as an argument.
- MyFloat implements INumber. Its visit calls onMyFloat on the given visitor-object, with 'this' as input.
- MyInt implements INumber. Its visit calls onMyInt on the given visitor-object, with 'this' as input.
- **NumberVisitor** implements INumberVisitor. It prints "Found float" on onMyFloat and "Found int" on onMyInt.

#### Test

In the main program: define a NumberVisitor and use it to visit an instance of a MyInt-object.

#### 1.1.2 Exercise 2

#### Design

In this assignment you will make another implementation of the visitor pattern. This time you will focus on music.

- ISong, an interface with a visit-method, which takes an IMusicLibraryVisitor.
- Jazz implements ISong. Its visit calls on Jazz on the given visitorobject, with 'this' as input.
- **HeavyMetal** implements ISong. Its visit calls onHeavyMetal on the given visitor-object, wiht 'this' as input.
- IMusicLibraryVisitor interface: contains two methods with almost identical signature, namely onHeavyMetal and onJazz, both returning void. The former takes a HeavyMetal song, the latter takes a Jazz song as an argument.
- MusicLibraryVisitor implements IMusicLibraryVisitor and is composed of two Lists, one for jazz and one for heavy metal. It adds the heavy metal song to the corresponding list on onHeavyMetal, and the jazz song to the corresponding list on onJazz.

#### Test

Write a program that adds some jazz songs and some heavy metal songs to a list and visit each song in the list, using a MusicLibraryVisitor. Eventually, print the amount of heavy metal song and jazz songs in the MusicLibraryVisitor.

#### 1.1.3 Exercise 3

In this assignment you will make another implementation of the visitor pattern. This time you will focus on options.

#### Design

- IOption  $\langle \mathbf{T} \rangle$  a parametic interface: contains the method visit (parametric with type U), which returns an object of type U and takes an IOptionVisitor as input.
- IOptionVisitor  $\langle \mathbf{T}, \mathbf{U} \rangle$  a parametric interface: contains two methods with almost identical signature, namely onSome and onNone, both returning an object of type U. The former takes a T-value, the latter takes nothing as an argument.
- Some implements IOption. Its visit calls on Some on the given visitorobject, with this value as input, where value is a field of such class, initialized properly.
- None implements IOption. Its visit calls onNone on the given visitorobject.
- IntPrettyPrinterIOptionVisitor implements IOptionVisitor, where T equals Integer and U equals String. It returns "I am nothing ..." on onNone and the value converted to string on onSome.

#### Test

In the main program: define a IntPrettyPrinterIOptionVisitor and use it to print the value of a Some containing number 5.

#### 1.1.4 Exercise 4

In this assignment you will make another implementation of the visitor pattern. This time you will focus on options combined with only lambda's.

#### Design

- IOption  $\langle T \rangle$  a parametic interface: contains the method visit (parametric with type U), which returns an object of type U and takes two lambda's: the first one called onNone with type void to U, the second called onSome with type T to U.
- Some implements IOption. Its visit calls the onSome function provided in the arguments, with this value as input, where value is a field of such class, initialized properly.
- None implements IOption. Its visit calls the onNone function provided in the arguments.

#### Test

In the main program: define a IntPrettyPrinterIOptionVisitor and use it to print the value of a Some containing number 5. Define a Some containing number 5, and visit it with the following functions as input:

- A function that takes nothing and returns the string "I am nothing".
- A function that takes an integer and returns its string representation.

### 1.1.5 Exercise 5 - Combining exercises 3, 4

Recycle all declarations from exercise 3, and extend them with a new visitor that accepts two functions (see exercise 4) each specifying the behaviours for objects of type IOption: our Some and None. Use them properly.