Linux Distributions

Introduction into the linux distro jungle

logo tux tux

Was ist eine Distribution?

Was ist eine Distribution?

- Linux Geschmacksrichtung
- Kernel Gemeinsam
- Der Rest ist austauschbar
- Fokus: user-friendly, user-centric, commercial

- Package managers
 - dpkg
 - Pacman
 - Portage
 - Nix package manager
 - ∘ Snap
 - 0 ...
- Repositories

Debian (1993)

- Package manager: dpkg (APT)
- Sehr stabil
- 400MB / 3GB (!Desktop/Desktop)

Ubuntu (2004)

- Einsteigerfreundlich
- Desktop / Server / Core
- Package manager: dpkg (APT), Snap

Arch Linux (2002)

- Rolling Release: Immer aktuell
- Minimalistische Distro
- Package manager: pacman (AUR)
- Alles wird selbst installiert und konfiguriert
- 400MB



EndeavourOS (2019)

- Komfortabler Installer
- Minimalistische Distro
- Package manager: **pacman** (AUR)
- Community-driven

SteamOS

- Fokus: **Gaming**
- Entwickelt von Valve
- Steam Deck

Linux vs Windows tested in 10 games -Linux 17% faster on Average

source

Fedora (2003)

- Gesponsert von Red Hat
- RedHat upstream
- Sehr aktuell, experimentell
- Package manager: dnf
- Fokus: Entwickler und neue Technologien

openSUSE (2005)

- Cooles logo
- Packages werden gut durchgetestet
- Konfigurationswerkzeug: YaST
- Package manager: zypper

NixOS (2003)

- Deklarative Konfiguration (=> Einfach reproduzierbar)
- Einfache Rollbacks
- Package manager: **nix**

```
{...}: {
  services.avahi = {
    enable = true;
    nssmdns4 = true;
    openFirewall = true;
    publish = {
      enable = true;
      addresses = true;
      domain = true;
      hinfo = true;
     userServices = true;
      workstation = true;
   };
 };
  networking = {
    networkmanager.enable = true;
   firewall.enable = true;
 };
  services.mullvad-vpn.enable = true;
  programs.ssh.startAgent = true;
  hardware.bluetooth = {
    enable = true;
    powerOnBoot = true;
    settings = {
      General = {
        Enable = "Source, Sink, Media, Socket";
   };
 };
```

Gentoo (2000)

- Source-Based Distro
- Extrem anpassbar
- Nutzer kompiliert Pakete selbst (Performance-Optimierung)
- Package manager: Portage

```
COMMON_FLAGS="-march=native -02 -pipe"
USE="wayland -X iptables dist-kernel zsh-completion networkmanager vaapi \
     dbus -elogind pipewire alsa -kde -qt3 -qt4 -qt3support tray"
MAKEOPTS="--jobs 8 --load-average 9"
CFLAGS="${COMMON_FLAGS}"
CXXFLAGS="${COMMON_FLAGS}"
FCFLAGS="${COMMON_FLAGS}"
FFLAGS="${COMMON_FLAGS}"
L10N="de en en-GB en-US"
VIDEO CARDS="intel nvidia"
LC MESSAGES=C.utf8
ACCEPT KEYWORDS="~amd64"
```

Android-Based Distributions

- GrapheneOS
- LineageOS
- ChromeOS
- ...

f-right

Red Star OS

- Nordkoreanisches Linux
- UNSERE DATEN

Suicide Linux

Incorrect commands get converted to rm -rf /

UwUntu

• UwU

Faktoren:

- LTS-Release <---> Rolling Release
- Bloated <---> Minimal
- Security <---> Convenience
- Control <---> Guided
- Skill level <---> Skill issue

GENTOO - DEMO

I use gentoo btw.