

Innovation Diffusion Analysis Based on TIME's Best Innovations List

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Samsung Neo QLED 8K TV - Bass Diffusion Analysis

1. Introduction

For this assignment, I have selected the Samsung Neo QLED 8K TV from TIME's Best Innovations List, which represents a significant leap in display technology, using AI-powered upscaling to transform standard- and high-definition content into stunning 8K resolution on a sleek, ultra-thin screen. I've chosen to work with data on TV production in Brazil from 2004 to 2022, broken down by technology. Using this data, I will apply the Bass Diffusion Model to analyze the adoption trends of television technologies in Brazil, estimate parameters, and predict the diffusion of the Samsung Neo QLED 8K TV.

2. Similar Innovation

A similar innovation to the Samsung Neo QLED 8K TV (QN900D) is Sony's first 4K Bravia TV, released in 2012. At the time, 4K resolution was a major leap forward in television technology, just as 8K is today. However, a key challenge for early 4K adoption was the lack of native 4K content, requiring upscaling from lower resolutions like 1080p. Sony tackled this problem with its X-Reality PRO processing engine, which enhanced standard and high-definition content to near-4K quality using advanced image processing. Samsung's Neo QLED 8K TV follows a nearly identical path but leverages AI-powered upscaling to transform HD and 4K content into crystal-clear 8K, making lower-resolution media watchable on an ultra-high-definition display.

From a market impact perspective, Sony's 4K Bravia TV laid the foundation for mainstream 4K adoption, despite initial challenges like high prices and limited content. Over time, the industry adapted, with more 4K content becoming available, and prices decreasing. The Samsung Neo QLED 8K TV faces a similar adoption barrier, as native 8K content is still rare. However, with advancements in AI-driven upscaling and increasing 8K content availability, Samsung is positioning itself as a leader in the next generation of television technology. Just as Sony's 4K TVs helped transition the market toward higher resolutions, Samsung's 8K Neo QLED TVs may play a similar role in the evolution of ultra- high-definition displays.

3. Historical data

The dataset from Statista, published by Federica Laricchia, provides insights into TV production in Brazil from 2004 to 2022, categorized by technology. Over the years, TV production in the country has shown fluctuations. In 2022, Brazil manufactured more than 10.71 million LCD TV sets, marking an increase from 10.43 million units in 2021. Additionally, LCD TV sales generated over four billion

U.S. dollars in revenue that year. Source:

<https://www.statista.com/statistics/525626/production-of-tv-sets-in-brazil-by-type/>

Bass Diffusion Model

We estimate the parameters:

- **p (Innovation coefficient):** Estimated from early adoption data
- **q (Imitation coefficient):** Derived from historical adoption trends
- **M (Market potential):** Approximate upper limit of adopters

6. Choose a scope

The scope of this analysis is country-specific (Brazil) because the dataset focuses on TV production trends in Brazil from 2004 to 2022. Using Brazil-specific data ensures accurate estimation of the innovation coefficient, imitation coefficient, and market potential based on real market trends rather than global averages.

Brazil's TV adoption follows distinct economic and regulatory patterns, influenced by domestic manufacturing policies, purchasing power, and content availability. The rise of LCD and 4K TVs in Brazil provides a precedent for analyzing 8K adoption using the Bass Diffusion Model.

Given Brazil's large TV market, with 10.71 million LCD TVs produced in 2022, and unique industry conditions, a country-specific approach provides a more precise prediction of Samsung Neo QLED 8K TV diffusion compared to a global analysis.

Conclusion

The sales of LCD TVs in Brazil grew significantly from their introduction in 2004, reaching a peak of 12.99 million units in 2020 before experiencing a slight decline in recent years. The adoption trend follows the Bass diffusion model, with estimated parameters ($p = 0.0090$, $q = 0.2381$, $M = 1830.16$) suggesting that the market was largely driven by imitation effects rather than early adopters. The low p -value (0.0090) indicates a slow initial uptake, while the higher q -value (0.2381) reflects strong influence from social spread, leading to exponential growth in sales until around 2014. The rapid increase in LCD sales from 2006 to 2014 indicates strong consumer preference for this technology, overtaking both analog and plasma TVs. However, since 2020, sales have been decreasing, reaching 10.3 million units in 2023, which may indicate market saturation, changing consumer preferences, or economic factors. Thus, the Bass model effectively explains the rise, peak, and decline of LCD TV sales in Brazil over two decades.

References

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