Two Common Non-lethal Methods for the Study of the Gut Bacterial Communities in Wild Lizards

Stephanie Hereira, Centro Tlaxcala de Biología de la Conducta, UATx Mauricio Hernández, Doctorado en CB, Centro Tlaxcala de Biología de la Conducta, UATx

12 - 01 - 2022

Contents

Qiime2 Scripts-16S	2
Step 1: EXTRACT BARCODES	2
Step 2: IMPORT TO QIIME AND DEMULTIPLEX SEQUENCES	2
Step 3: REMOVE PRIMERS AND VISUALIZATION	3
Step 4: RUN DADA2	4
Step 5: MERGING TABLES AND SEQUENCES	5
Step 6: ASSIGN TAXONOMY	6
Step 7: FILTERING TABLE	6
Step 8: FILTERING SEQUENCES	7
Step 9: BUILDING THE TREE	7
Step 10: EXPORTING TABLE AND TAXONOMY TO OTUTABLE	7
Barplots	8
Aldex GLM SG	11
Linear Regression	18
Turn Over	23
Venn Diagram	26
Beta Diversity	27
Alpha Diversity	33
Functional diversity	37

Qiime2 Scripts-16S

Step 1: EXTRACT BARCODES

For this step, It will be used the 'extract_barcodes.py' script used in qiime1.

```
#I'll use one library called "Ste1" with Ste1_1.fastq and Ste2_1.fastq

extract_barcodes.py -f Sg_16S-5_1.fastq -r Sg_16S-5_2.fastq --bc1_len 8

--bc2_len 8 -c barcode_paired_end -o library5_extract_barcodes

extract_barcodes.py -f Sg_16S-6_1.fastq -r Sg_16S-6_2.fastq --bc1_len 8

--bc2_len 8 -c barcode_paired_end -o library6_extract_barcodes

extract_barcodes.py -f Sg_16S-7_1.fastq -r Sg_16S-7_2.fastq --bc1_len 8

--bc2_len 8 -c barcode_paired_end -o library7_extract_barcodes

-f: forward reads

-r: reverse reads

-c: input type [default: barcode_single_end]

_-bc1_len and -bc2_len: Specify the length, in base pairs, of barcodes

-o: output
```

Step 2: IMPORT TO QIIME AND DEMULTIPLEX SEQUENCES

For this step, we need to create a directory with the three files output from the previous step, containing:

- 1. forward.fastq.gz: file that contains the forward sequence reads
- 2. reverse.fastq.gz: file that contains the reverse sequence reads
- 3. barcdes.fastq.gz: file that contains the barcode sequence reads

```
qiime tools import --type EMPPairedEndSequences
--input-path library5_extract_barcodes/
--output-path L5.qza

qiime tools import --type EMPPairedEndSequences
--input-path library6_extract_barcodes/
--output-path L6.qza

qiime tools import --type EMPPairedEndSequences
--input-path library7_extract_barcodes/
--output-path L7.qza
```

- -type: type of file, in this case paired end sequences. Check other import types¹.
- -input-path: directory with the files to import
- -output-path: artifact name output

And then, we perform the demultiplexing:

 $^{^{1} \}rm https://docs.qiime2.org/2021.4/tutorials/importing/$

```
qiime demux emp-paired --i-seqs L5.qza
--m-barcodes-file Library5_SgHC_and_SgExtra.txt
--m-barcodes-column barcode-sequence --output-dir demux_L5
--p-no-golay-error-correction

qiime demux emp-paired --i-seqs L6.qza
--m-barcodes-file Library6_SgHC_and_SgExtra.txt
--m-barcodes-column barcode-sequence
--output-dir demux_L6 --p-no-golay-error-correction

qiime demux emp-paired --i-seqs L7.qza
--m-barcodes-file Library7_Sg_DigestiveTract.txt
--m-barcodes-column BarcodeSequence
--output-dir demux_L7 --p-no-golay-error-correction
```

-i-seqs: artifact with the import paired end sequences

- -m-barcodes-file: mapping file containing information of the sequences
- -m-barcodes-column: column name of the Barcode sequences
- -output-dir: output directory with the demultiplexed samples and error correction details
- -p-no-golay-error-correction: by default perform a correction with a barcode of 12 nt if not use this option (in our case is 16 nt)

Step 3: REMOVE PRIMERS AND VISUALIZATION

```
qiime cutadapt trim-paired
--i-demultiplexed-sequences demux_L5/per_sample_sequences.qza
--p-front-f CCTACGGGNGGCWGCAG
--p-front-r GACTACHVGGGTATCTAATCC
--o-trimmed-sequences demux_L5/per_sample_sequences_trimmed.qza
qiime cutadapt trim-paired
--i-demultiplexed-sequences demux_L6/per_sample_sequences.qza
--p-front-f CCTACGGGNGGCWGCAG
--p-front-r GACTACHVGGGTATCTAATCC
--o-trimmed-sequences demux L6/per sample sequences trimmed.qza
qiime cutadapt trim-paired
--i-demultiplexed-sequences demux_L7/per_sample_sequences.qza
--p-front-f CCTACGGGNGGCWGCAG --p-front-r GACTACHVGGGTATCTAATCC
--o-trimmed-sequences demux_L7/per_sample_sequences_trimmed.qza
-i-demultiplexed-sequences: demultiplexed sequences (.qza artifact)
-p-cores: number of threads
-p-front-f: forward primer sequences (front if is in the beginning of the sequences)
-p-front-r: reverse primer sequences (front if is in the beginning of the sequences)
-o-trimmed-sequences : output
```

```
qiime demux summarize
--i-data demux_L5/per_sample_sequences_trimmed.qza
--o-visualization trimmed_l5.qzv

qiime demux summarize
--i-data demux_L6/per_sample_sequences_trimmed.qza
--o-visualization trimmed_l6.qzv

qiime demux summarize
--i-data demux_L7/per_sample_sequences_trimmed.qza
--o-visualization trimmed_l7.qzv
```

-i-data : demultiplexed and/or trimmed sequences

-o-visualization : output

In this case, due to de the low quality of reverse reads we will continue with the forward and reverse sequences and let's set the truncation length of 260 bp for forward and 200 bp for reverse.

Step 4: RUN DADA2

In this step, we will perform as an example a loop that can be used in the previous steps and the next ones:

```
qiime dada2 denoise-paired
--i-demultiplexed-seqs demux_L5/per_sample_sequences_trimmed.qza
--p-trunc-len-f 260 --p-trunc-len-r 200 --output-dir dada2_l5_paired

qiime dada2 denoise-paired
--i-demultiplexed-seqs demux_L6/per_sample_sequences_trimmed.qza
--p-trunc-len-f 260 --p-trunc-len-r 200 --output-dir dada2_l6_paired

qiime dada2 denoise-paired
--i-demultiplexed-seqs demux_L7/per_sample_sequences_trimmed.qza
--p-trunc-len-f 260 --p-trunc-len-r 200 --output-dir dada2_l7_paired
```

- -i-demultiplexed-seqs : demultiplexed and trimmed sequences
- -p-trunc-len-f: length to trunc in forward sequences sequences to obtain good quality (usually when sequencing drops)
- -p-trunc-len-r : length to trunc in resverse sequences sequences to obtain good quality (usually when sequencing drops)
- -output-dir: output directory that will contain feature-table and representative sequences

In case we want to visualize the results from dada2 (table, seqs and stats):

```
#example using dada2_l5_paired (sample)
cd dada2_l5_paired

qiime metadata tabulate
--m-input-file denoising_stats.qza
--o-visualization denoising_stats_paired.qzv
```

```
qiime metadata tabulate
--m-input-file representative_sequences.qza
--o-visualization representative sequences.qzv
qiime feature-table summarize
--i-table table.qza --o-visualization table.qzv
-m-input-file : stats or sequences
-i-table : table
-o-visualization: output
Step 5: MERGING TABLES AND SEQUENCES
First, merge tables and segs:
qiime feature-table merge
--i-tables dada2 15 paired/table.gza
--i-tables dada2_16_paired/table.qza
--i-tables dada2_17_paired/table.qza
--o-merged-table merge_table.qza
-i-tables: table to merge (put every time you want to add a different table)
-o-merged-table : output/merge table
qiime feature-table merge-seqs \
--i-data dada2 15 paired/representative sequences.gza \
--i-data dada2_16_paired/representative_sequences.qza \
--i-data dada2_17_paired/representative_sequences.qza \
--o-merged-data merge_seqs.qza
-i-data: sequences to merge (put every time you want to add a different sequence)
-o-merged-data : output/merge sequences
```

Then, let's visualize them:

```
qiime feature-table summarize \
--i-table merge_table.qza\
--m-sample-metadata-file mapping_file.txt
--o-visualization merge_table.qzv \
```

- -i-table: merged table
- -m-sample-metadata-file: mapping file containing all libraries
- –o-visualization : output/ visualization artifact

```
qiime metadata tabulate \
--m-input-file merge_seqs_dada.qza \
--o-visualization merge_seqs.qzv\
```

- -m-input-file: merged sequences
- -o-visualization : output/ visualization artifact

Step 6: ASSIGN TAXONOMY

```
qiime feature-classifier classify-sklearn
--i-reads merge_seqs.qza
--i-classifier /home/steph/Downloads/gg-13-8-99-nb-classifier.qza
--o-classification taxonomy.qza

cclassify-sklearn: using sklearn (other options are vsearch and blast)
-i-reads: seqs merged
-i-relassifier: artifact classifier full-length (https://docs.qiime2.org/2021.4/data-resources/)
-o-classification output artifact with taxonomy
```

Step 7: FILTERING TABLE

• Removing taxa of chloroplast and mitochondria

I checked the feature table and the division Phragmoplastophyta is all assigned to plants

```
qiime taxa filter-table
--i-table merge_table.qza
--i-taxonomy taxonomy.qza
--p-exclude mitochondria,chloroplast
--o-filtered-table merge_table_filtered.qza

-i-table: merge table
-i-taxonomy: taxonomy (from assign taxonomy)
-p-exclude: taxa to exclude
```

• Visualizing the taxonomy in a barplot

```
qiime taxa barplot
--i-table merge_table_filtered.qza
--i-taxonomy taxonomy.qza
--m-metadata-file mapping_file.txt
--o-visualization barplot_filtered.qzv
qiime tools view barplot_filtered.qzv
```

```
-i-table : input table
-m-metadata-file : mapping file
-i-taxonomy : taxonomy
-o-visualization: .qzv of barplot
```

-o-filtered-table : output/artifact

Step 8: FILTERING SEQUENCES

For this step we will filter the representative sequences base on the table filtered.

```
qiime feature-table filter-seqs
--i-data merge_seqs.qza
--i-table merge_table_filtered.qza
--o-filtered-data merge_seqs_filtered.qza

-i-data: input sequences
-i-table: input table use to filter
-o-filtered-data: output/filtered sequences
```

Step 9: BUILDING THE TREE

For this step we will build the phylogenetic tree denovo.

```
qiime phylogeny align-to-tree-mafft-fasttree
--i-sequences merge_seqs_filtered.qza
--output-dir phylo_tree
```

-i-sequences: sequences filtered

-output-dir : output director that will contain the alignment, masked alignment, the tree and the rooted treed.

Step 10: EXPORTING TABLE AND TAXONOMY TO OTUTABLE

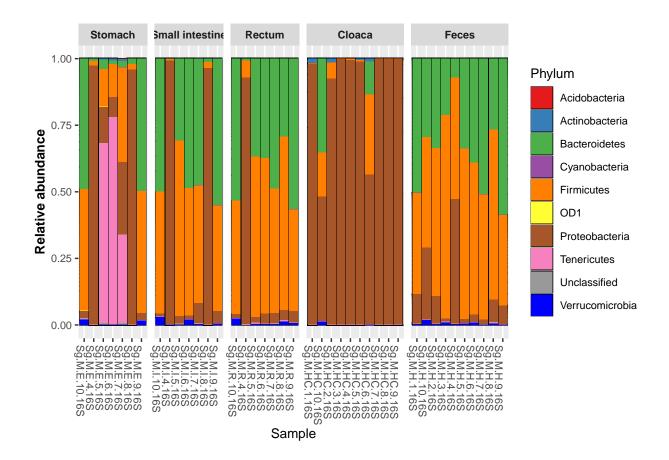
```
#export feature-table
qiime tools export --input-path merge_table_filtered.qza --output-path feature-table
#export taxonomy
qiime tools export --input-path taxonomy.qza --output-path feature-table
#site in feature-table directory
cd feature-table/
#before this change the headers from taxonomy.tsv (Fearure.ID= #OTUID, Taxa=taxonomy)
#add taxonomy to biom-table
biom add-metadata -i feature-table.biom
--observation-metadata-fp taxonomy.tsv -o feature-table-taxonomy.biom
#convert biom to tsv to check the otutable
biom convert -i feature-table-taxonomy.biom
-o feature-table-taxonomy.txt --to-tsv --header-key taxonomy
-input-path: artifact to export (table or taxonomy)
-output-path: directory outpur
```

```
    -i : feature-table in biom format
    -observation-metadata-fp : taxonomy file (already changed)
    -o: output
    -to-tsv -header-key taxonomy : options to convert and add taxonomy to otutable
```

Barplots

Phylum Barplot

```
#load packages and files
library(phyloseq)
library("DESeq2")
library(tidyverse)
library(RColorBrewer)
metadata <- read.csv(file = "../Data/Metadatos1.csv", header = TRUE, row.names = 1)</pre>
otu_table <- read.csv("../Data/otutable-taxonomy_ultima.csv", header = TRUE, row.names = 1)</pre>
taxonomy <- read.delim("../Data/taxonomy_ultima.txt", header = TRUE, row.names = 1)</pre>
# Create phyloseg object
SAM <- sample_data(metadata)</pre>
TAX <- tax_table(as.matrix(taxonomy))</pre>
OTU <- otu_table(otu_table, taxa_are_rows=TRUE)</pre>
physeq <- merge_phyloseq(OTU, TAX, SAM)</pre>
relative = transform_sample_counts(physeq = physeq, function(OTU) OTU / sum(OTU))
# Filtering
physeq_sub <- subset_taxa(physeq, !is.na(Kingdom) & !Kingdom %in% c("", "Unassigned"))</pre>
physeq_sub <- subset_taxa(physeq, !is.na(Genus) & !Genus %in% c("", "Unassigned"))</pre>
paleta <- c(brewer.pal(9, "Set1")[1:9], "blue")</pre>
Samples_DT_Phylum_grammicus <- plot_bar(</pre>
  physeq = relative, "Sample", fill = "Phylum")+
  facet_grid(~factor(SampleType, levels = c(
    "Stomach", "Small intestine", "Rectum", "Swab", "Feces"), labels= c(
    "Stomach", "Small intestine", "Rectum", "Cloaca", "Feces")),
    scales = "free", space = "free") +
  labs(y="Relative abundance") +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", position="stack", res=300) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = paleta)+theme(
    strip.text.x = element_text(face = "bold"),
  axis.title.y = element text(face = "bold")) +
  theme(text = element_text(size = 10))
print(Samples_DT_Phylum_grammicus)
```



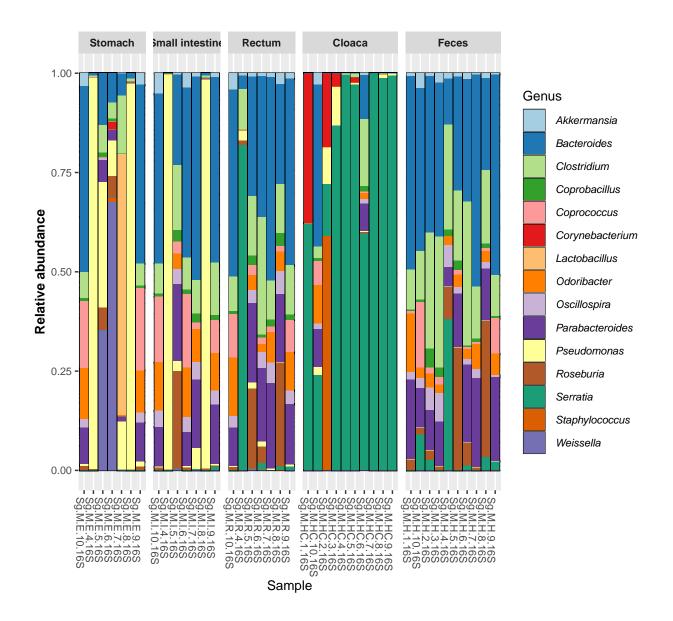
Genus Barplot

```
metadata <- read.csv(file = "../Data/Metadatos1.csv", header = TRUE,</pre>
                     row.names = 1) %>% mutate(
  SampleType=case when(
    SampleType=="Swab"~"Cloaca",
    TRUE~as.character(SampleType)))
otu_table <- read.csv(file = "../Data/otutable-taxonomy_ultima.csv", check.names = F)</pre>
taxonomy <- read.delim("../Data/taxonomy_ultima.txt", check.names = F) %% mutate_at(</pre>
  c("Genus"), str replace, "g ", "")
otutable_metadata <- otu_table %>%
                                       inner_join(taxonomy)
Genus_01 <- otutable_metadata %% group_by(Genus) %>% summarise_if(is.numeric, sum)
Genus_01<- Genus_01[c(-1:-2),]
Genus_01 <- Genus_01 %>% column_to_rownames(var = "Genus")
Genus.ra <- t(t(Genus_01)/colSums(Genus_01)*100)</pre>
lista <- rowMeans(Genus.ra) %>% as.data.frame() %>% arrange(
  desc(.)) %>% slice_head(n=15) %>% rownames_to_column(
  var = "Genus") %>% filter(!Genus =="g__") %>% filter(
    !Genus =="Unassigned") %>% filter(
    !Genus == "g_ [Clostridium]")%>% mutate_at(
      c("Genus"), str_replace, "g__", "")
list <- lista$Genus
```

```
taxonomy_filter <- taxonomy %>% filter(Genus %in% list)
taxonomy_1 <- taxonomy_filter %>% inner_join(otu_table, by =c(
  "#OTU ID"="#OTU ID")) %>% dplyr::select(1:8)
otu_table_1 <- read.csv(file = "../Data/otutable-taxonomy_ultima.csv", header = TRUE,</pre>
                        row.names = 1) %>% rownames_to_column(
                          var = "#OTU ID") %>% inner_join(
                             taxonomy 1, by = "#OTU ID") %>% dplyr::select(
                               -43:-49) %>% column_to_rownames(var = "#OTU ID")
taxo<- taxonomy_1 %>% column_to_rownames(var = "#OTU ID")
SAM <- sample data(metadata)</pre>
TAX <- tax_table(as.matrix(taxo))</pre>
OTU <- otu_table(otu_table_1, taxa_are_rows=TRUE)</pre>
physeq <- merge_phyloseq(OTU, TAX, SAM)</pre>
relative = transform_sample_counts(physeq = physeq, function(OTU) OTU / sum(OTU))
# filtering
physeq_sub <- subset_taxa(physeq, !is.na(Kingdom) & !Kingdom %in% c("", "Unassigned"))</pre>
physeq_sub <- subset_taxa(physeq, !is.na(Genus) & !Genus %in% c("", "Unassigned"))</pre>
paleta <- c(brewer.pal(12, "Paired")[1:12], brewer.pal(8, "Dark2")[1:8])</pre>
Final_Genus_Sg <- plot_bar(physeq = relative, "Sample", fill = "Genus") +
  facet_grid(~factor(
    SampleType, levels = c("Stomach", "Small intestine", "Rectum", "Cloaca", "Feces"),
    labels = c("Stomach", "Small intestine", "Rectum", "Cloaca", "Feces")),
             scales = "free", space = "free") +
  labs(y="Relative abundance") +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "stack", res=300) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = paleta)+theme(legend.text = element_text(face = "italic"))+
  scale_fill_manual(values = paleta)+theme(strip.text.x = element_text(face = "bold"),
                                            axis.title.y = element_text(face = "bold")) +
  theme(text = element_text(size = 10))
```

Warning: Ignoring unknown parameters: res

print(Final_Genus_Sg)



Aldex GLM SG

```
ver<-otutableA %>% mutate(prom= rowSums(.)) %>% arrange(-prom)
metadataA <- read.csv("../Data/Metadatos1.csv", check.names = F)</pre>
metadataA$Ind<- as.factor(metadataA$Ind)</pre>
metadataA$Library<- as.factor(metadataA$Library)</pre>
metadataA$SampleType<- as.factor(metadataA$SampleType)</pre>
#transforming data
d.pro <- cmultRepl(t(otutableA), method="CZM", output="p-counts")</pre>
## No. corrected values: 771
d.clr.abund.codaseq<-codaSeq.clr(x = d.pro,samples.by.row = F)</pre>
meta just <- data.frame(d.clr.abund.codaseq, check.names = F) %>% rownames to column(
 var = "SampleID") %% inner_join(metadataA) %>%dplyr::select(SampleID,Ind, Library, SampleType)
meta_just$Ind<- as.factor(meta_just$Ind)</pre>
meta_just$Library<- as.factor(meta_just$Library)</pre>
meta_just$SampleType<- as.factor(meta_just$SampleType)</pre>
#otutableA \%>% top_n(5)
var<- as.data.frame(d.clr.abund.codaseq) %>% dplyr::select(
  "0f4013b00115275df5e0ab6306716e8e") %>% rename(var="0f4013b00115275df5e0ab6306716e8e")
data_to_test<- var %>% rownames_to_column(var = "SampleID") %>% inner_join(meta_just)
#modelos
m1<- lm(var ~ Ind + SampleType, data_to_test)</pre>
m2<- lm(var~ SampleType, data_to_test )</pre>
library(lme4)
library(vegan)
m3<- lmer(var ~ SampleType + (1|Ind), data = data_to_test)
stats::anova(m1)
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: var
##
            Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
                                             Pr(>F)
             9 82.988 9.221 4.3174 0.001469 **
## SampleType 4 233.789 58.447 27.3659 3.746e-09 ***
## Residuals 27 57.666
                          2.136
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
broom.mixed::glance(m3)
## # A tibble: 1 x 6
     sigma logLik AIC BIC REMLcrit df.residual
     <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
                                 <dbl>
                                        <int>
## 1 1.45 -74.6 163. 175.
                                  149.
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 12
    r.squared adj.r.squared sigma statistic
                                                   p.value
                                                              df logLik AIC
                                                     <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
##
                       <dbl> <dbl>
                                       <dbl>
## 1
         0.679
                       0.644 1.83
                                        19.1 0.000000169
                                                               4 -80.2 172. 183.
## # ... with 3 more variables: deviance <dbl>, df.residual <int>, nobs <int>
otutableA <- read.delim("../Data/otutable-taxonomy ultima.txt",</pre>
                        check.names = F, row.names = 1) %>%
  dplyr::select(-taxonomy)#%>% column_to_rownames(var = "#OTU ID")
# FECES VS STOMACH
OTUT_FECES <- otutableA %>% dplyr::select_at(vars(contains("M.H.")))
OTUT_STOMACH <- otutableA %>% dplyr::select_at(vars(contains("M.E.")))
OTUT_fECES_STOMACH <- cbind(OTUT_FECES, OTUT_STOMACH)</pre>
write.table(OTUT_fECES_STOMACH, file="./ALDEXGLM_fECES_STOMACH.txt", sep = "\t")
# FECES VS INTESTINE
OTUT_FECES <- otutableA %>% dplyr::select_at(vars(contains("M.H.")))
OTUT_INTESTINE <- otutableA %>% dplyr::select_at(vars(contains("M.I.")))
OTUT_fECES_INTESTINE <- cbind(OTUT_FECES, OTUT_INTESTINE)</pre>
write.table(OTUT_fECES_INTESTINE, file="./ALDEXGLM_fECES_INTESTINE.txt", sep = "\t")
# FECES VS RECTUM
OTUT FECES <- otutableA %>% dplyr::select at(vars(contains("M.H.")))
OTUT_RECTUM <- otutableA %>% dplyr::select_at(vars(contains("M.R.")))
OTUT_fECES_RECTUM <- cbind(OTUT_FECES, OTUT_RECTUM)</pre>
write.table(OTUT_fECES_RECTUM, file="./ALDEXGLM_fECES_RECTUM.txt", sep = "\t")
# CLOACA VS STOMACH
OTUT_CLOACA <- otutableA %>% dplyr::select_at(vars(contains("M.HC.")))
OTUT_STOMACH <- otutableA %>% dplyr::select_at(vars(contains("M.E.")))
OTUT_CLOACA_STOMACH <- cbind(OTUT_CLOACA, OTUT_STOMACH)</pre>
write.table(OTUT_CLOACA_STOMACH, file="./ALDEXGLM_CLOACA_STOMACH.txt", sep = "\t")
# CLOACA VS INTESTINE
OTUT_CLOACA <- otutableA %% dplyr::select_at(vars(contains("M.HC.")))
OTUT_INTESTINE <- otutableA %>% dplyr::select_at(vars(contains("M.I.")))
OTUT_CLOACA_INTESTINE <- cbind(OTUT_CLOACA, OTUT_INTESTINE)</pre>
write.table(OTUT_CLOACA_INTESTINE, file="./ALDEXGLM_CLOACA_INTESTINE.txt", sep = "\t")
# CLOACA VS RECTUM
OTUT_CLOACA <- otutableA %>% dplyr::select_at(vars(contains("M.HC.")))
OTUT_RECTUM <- otutableA %>% dplyr::select_at(vars(contains("M.R.")))
OTUT_CLOACA_RECTUM <- cbind(OTUT_CLOACA, OTUT_RECTUM)</pre>
write.table(OTUT_CLOACA_RECTUM, file="./ALDEXGLM_CLOACA_RECTUM.txt", sep = "\t")
#load saved files
Feces_Stomach <- read.delim(".../Data/ALDEXGLM_fECES_STOMACH.txt",</pre>
                            check.names = F, row.names = 1)
Feces_Intestine <- read.delim("../Data/ALDEXGLM_fECES_INTESTINE.txt",
                              check.names = F, row.names = 1)
```

broom::glance(m2)

```
Feces_Rectum <- read.delim("../Data/ALDEXGLM_fECES_RECTUM.txt",</pre>
                            check.names = F, row.names = 1)
Cloaca_Stomach <- read.delim("../Data/ALDEXGLM_CLOACA_STOMACH.txt",</pre>
                              check.names = F, row.names = 1)
Cloaca_Intestine <- read.delim(".../Data/ALDEXGLM_CLOACA_INTESTINE.txt",</pre>
                                check.names = F, row.names = 1)
Cloaca_Rectum <- read.delim("../Data/ALDEXGLM_CLOACA_RECTUM.txt",</pre>
                             check.names = F, row.names = 1)
library(ALDEx2)
### Feces versus Stomach ###
covar FvsS<- metadata %>% filter(
  SampleType=="Feces"|SampleType=="Stomach") %>% column_to_rownames(
    var = "SampleID") %>% dplyr::select(
  Ind, SampleType) %>% mutate(Type= case_when(
    SampleType=="Feces"~ 0,
    SampleType=="Stomach"~1))
matrix_FvsS<- model.matrix(~SampleType+Ind, data = covar_FvsS)</pre>
aldex_clr_FvsS<- aldex.clr(Feces_Stomach, matrix_FvsS,</pre>
                            mc.samples = 1000, denom = "all")
aldex_glm_FvsS<- aldex.glm(aldex_clr_FvsS, matrix_FvsS)</pre>
aldex_effect_FvsS<-aldex.glm.effect(aldex_clr_FvsS)</pre>
aldex_effect_FvsS_type<-as.data.frame(aldex_effect_FvsS) %>%rownames_to_column
(var = "#OTU ID")
aldex_table_FvsS<- aldex_glm_FvsS %>% dplyr::select(
  pvalue="model.SampleTypeStomach Pr(>|t|)") %>% filter(
    pvalue<0.05) %>% rownames_to_column(var = "#OTU ID") %>% inner_join(
      taxonomyA)%>% inner_join(
      aldex_effect_FvsS_type)
write.table(aldex_table_FvsS, file="./GLMaldexFvsS.txt", sep = "\t")
### Feces versus Small intestine ###
covar_FvsI<- metadata %>% filter(
  SampleType=="Feces" | SampleType== "Small intestine") %>% column_to_rownames(
    var = "SampleID") %>% dplyr::select(
  Ind, SampleType) %>% mutate(Type= case_when(
    SampleType=="Feces"~ 0,
    SampleType=="Small intestine"~1))
matrix_FvsI<- model.matrix(~SampleType+Ind, data = covar_FvsI)</pre>
aldex_clr_FvsI<- aldex.clr(Feces_Intestine,</pre>
                            matrix_FvsI, mc.samples = 1000, denom = "all")
aldex_glm_FvsI<- aldex.glm(aldex_clr_FvsI, matrix_FvsI)</pre>
aldex_effect_FvsI<-aldex.glm.effect(aldex_clr_FvsI)</pre>
aldex_effect_FvsI_type<- as.data.frame(aldex_effect_FvsI) %>%rownames_to_column(
  var = "#OTU ID")
aldex_table_FvsI<- aldex_glm_FvsI %>% dplyr::select(
  pvalue="model.SampleTypeSmall intestine Pr(>|t|)") %>% filter(
```

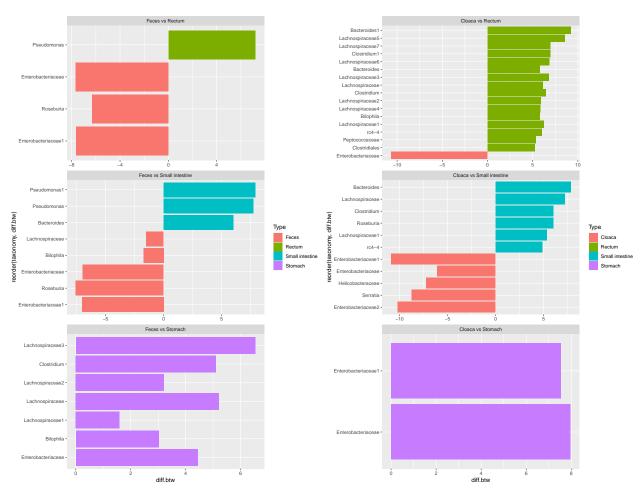
```
pvalue<0.05) %>% rownames_to_column(var = "#OTU ID") %>% inner_join(
      taxonomyA)%>% inner_join(
      aldex_effect_FvsI_type)
write.table(aldex_table_FvsI, file="./GLMaldexFvsI.txt", sep = "\t")
### Feces versus Rectum ###
covar FvsR<- metadata %>% filter(
  SampleType=="Feces"|SampleType=="Rectum") %>% column_to_rownames(
    var = "SampleID") %>% dplyr::select(
  Ind, SampleType) %>% mutate(Type= case_when(
    SampleType=="Feces"~ 0,
    SampleType=="Rectum"~1))
matrix_FvsR<- model.matrix(~SampleType+Ind, data = covar_FvsR)</pre>
aldex_clr_FvsR<- aldex.clr(Feces_Rectum, matrix_FvsR,</pre>
                           mc.samples = 1000, denom = "all")
aldex_glm_FvsR<- aldex.glm(aldex_clr_FvsR, matrix_FvsR)</pre>
aldex_effect_FvsR<-aldex.glm.effect(aldex_clr_FvsR)</pre>
aldex_effect_FvsR_type<- as.data.frame(aldex_effect_FvsR) %>%rownames_to_column(
  var = "#OTU ID")
aldex_table_FvsR<- aldex_glm_FvsR %>% dplyr::select(
  pvalue="model.SampleTypeRectum Pr(>|t|)") %>% filter(
    pvalue<0.05) %>% rownames_to_column(var = "#OTU ID") %>% inner_join(
      taxonomyA)%>% inner_join(
      aldex_effect_FvsR_type)
write.table(aldex_table_FvsR, file="./GLMaldexFvsR.txt", sep = "\t")
### Cloaca versus Stomach ###
covar_CvsS<- metadata %>% filter(
  SampleType=="Swab"|SampleType=="Stomach") %>% column_to_rownames(
    var = "SampleID") %>% dplyr::select(
  Ind, SampleType) %>% mutate(SampleType= case_when(
    SampleType=="Swab"~ "Cloaca",
    TRUE ~ as.character(SampleType)))%>% mutate(Type= case_when(
      SampleType=="Cloaca"~ 0,
      SampleType=="Stomach"~1))
matrix_CvsS<- model.matrix(~SampleType+Ind, data = covar_CvsS)</pre>
aldex_clr_CvsS<- aldex.clr(Cloaca_Stomach, matrix_CvsS,</pre>
                           mc.samples = 1000, denom = "all")
aldex_glm_CvsS<- aldex.glm(aldex_clr_CvsS, matrix_CvsS)</pre>
aldex_effect_CvsS<-aldex.glm.effect(aldex_clr_CvsS)</pre>
aldex_effect_CvsS_type <-as.data.frame(aldex_effect_CvsS) %>%rownames_to_column(
  var = "#OTU ID")
aldex_table_CvsS<- aldex_glm_CvsS %>% dplyr::select(
  pvalue="model.SampleTypeStomach Pr(>|t|)") %>% filter(
    pvalue<0.05) %>% rownames_to_column(var = "#OTU ID") %>% inner_join(
      taxonomyA)%>% inner_join(
      aldex_effect_CvsS_type)
```

```
write.table(aldex table CvsS, file="./GLMaldexCvsS.txt", sep = "\t")
### Cloaca versus Small intestine ###
covar_CvsI<- metadata %>% filter(
  SampleType=="Swab"|SampleType=="Small intestine") %>% column_to_rownames(
    var = "SampleID") %>% dplyr::select(
  Ind, SampleType) %>% mutate(SampleType= case when(
   SampleType=="Swab"~ "Cloaca",
   TRUE ~ as.character(SampleType)))%>% mutate(Type= case_when(
   SampleType=="Cloaca"~ 0,
   SampleType=="Small intestine"~1))
matrix_CvsI<- model.matrix(~SampleType+Ind, data = covar_CvsI)</pre>
aldex_clr_CvsI<- aldex.clr(Cloaca_Intestine, matrix_CvsI,</pre>
                           mc.samples = 1000, denom = "all")
aldex_glm_CvsI<- aldex.glm(aldex_clr_CvsI, matrix_CvsI)</pre>
aldex_effect_CvsI<-aldex.glm.effect(aldex_clr_CvsI)</pre>
aldex_effect_CvsI_type<- as.data.frame(aldex_effect_CvsI) %>%rownames_to_column(
  var = "#OTU ID")
aldex_table_CvsI<- aldex_glm_CvsI %>% dplyr::select(
  pvalue="model.SampleTypeSmall intestine Pr(>|t|)") %>% filter(
   pvalue<0.05) %>% rownames_to_column(var = "#OTU ID") %>% inner_join(
      taxonomyA)%>% inner join(
      aldex_effect_CvsI_type)
write.table(aldex_table_CvsI, file="./GLMaldexCvsI.txt", sep = "\t")
### Cloaca versus Rectum ###
covar_CvsR<- metadata %>% filter(
  SampleType=="Swab"|SampleType=="Rectum") %>% column_to_rownames(
    var = "SampleID") %>% dplyr::select(
  Ind, SampleType) %>% mutate(SampleType= case_when(
   SampleType=="Swab"~ "Cloaca",
   TRUE ~ as.character(SampleType)))%>% mutate(Type= case_when(
      SampleType=="Cloaca"~ 0,
      SampleType=="Rectum"~1))
matrix_CvsR<- model.matrix(~SampleType+Ind, data = covar_CvsR)</pre>
aldex_clr_CvsR<- aldex.clr(Cloaca_Rectum, matrix_CvsR,</pre>
                           mc.samples = 1000, denom = "all")
aldex_glm_CvsR<- aldex.glm(aldex_clr_CvsR, matrix_CvsR)</pre>
aldex_effect_CvsR<-aldex.glm.effect(aldex_clr_CvsR)</pre>
aldex_effect_CvsR_type<- as.data.frame(aldex_effect_CvsR) %>%rownames_to_column(
  var = "#OTU ID")
aldex_table_CvsR<- aldex_glm_CvsR %>% dplyr::select(
  pvalue="model.SampleTypeRectum Pr(>|t|)") %>% filter(
   pvalue<0.05) %>% rownames_to_column(var = "#OTU ID") %>% inner_join(
      taxonomyA)%>% inner_join(
      aldex_effect_CvsR_type)
```

```
write.table(aldex_table_CvsR, file="./GLMaldexCvsR.txt", sep = "\t")
```

```
# Plot
library(cowplot)
GLMaldexFvsS <- read.delim(".../Data/GLMaldexFvsS.txt", check.names = F)</pre>
GLMaldexFvsI <- read.delim(".../Data/GLMaldexFvsI.txt", check.names = F)</pre>
GLMaldexFvsR <- read_tsv("../Data/GLMaldexFvsR.txt")</pre>
p1<- GLMaldexFvsS %>% mutate(Type = case_when(
    diff.btw >0 ~"Stomach",
    diff.btw<0 ~"Feces" )) %% mutate(Compare="Feces vs Stomach") %>% rename(
      Other="Stomach")
p2<- GLMaldexFvsI %>% mutate(Type = case_when(
  diff.btw >0 ~"Small intestine",
  diff.btw<0 ~"Feces" )) %>% mutate(Compare="Feces vs Small intestine")%>% rename(
    Other="Small intestine")
p3<- GLMaldexFvsR %>% mutate(Type = case_when(
  diff.btw >0 ~"Rectum",
  diff.btw<0 ~"Feces" )) %% mutate(Compare="Feces vs Rectum")%>% rename(
    Other="Rectum")
pn<- rbind(p1, p2, p3)
plot1 <- pn %>% arrange(diff.btw)%>%#filter(!effect>abs(1))%>%
  ggplot(., aes(x=diff.btw, y=reorder(taxonomy, diff.btw), fill=Type))+geom_bar(
    stat = "identity")+facet_wrap(~Compare, ncol = 1, scales = "free")
GLMaldexCvsS <- read_tsv("../Data/GLMaldexCvsS.txt")</pre>
GLMaldexCvsI <- read.delim("../Data/GLMaldexCvsI.txt", check.names = F)</pre>
GLMaldexCvsR <- read.delim("../Data/GLMaldexCvsR.txt", check.names = F)</pre>
C1<- GLMaldexCvsS %>% mutate(Type = case_when(
  diff.btw >0 ~"Stomach",
  diff.btw<0 ~"Cloaca" )) %>% mutate(Compare="Cloaca vs Stomach") %>% rename(
    Other="Stomach")
C2<- GLMaldexCvsI %>% mutate(Type = case_when(
  diff.btw >0 ~ "Small intestine",
  diff.btw<0 ~"Cloaca" )) %>% mutate(Compare="Cloaca vs Small intestine")%>% rename(
    Other="Small intestine")
C3<- GLMaldexCvsR %>% mutate(Type = case_when(
  diff.btw >0 ~"Rectum",
  diff.btw<0 ~"Cloaca" )) %% mutate(Compare="Cloaca vs Rectum")%>% rename(
    Other="Rectum")
CN <- rbind(C1,C2,C3)</pre>
plot2 <- CN %>% arrange(diff.btw)%>%#filter(!effect>abs(1))%>%
  ggplot(., aes(x=diff.btw, y=reorder(taxonomy, diff.btw), fill=Type))+geom_bar(
    stat = "identity")+facet_wrap(~Compare, ncol = 1, scales = "free")
```

```
a<-plot_grid(plot1,plot2)
a
```



#ggsave(plot = a, "plot_aldeglm.jpg", width = 16, height = 12)

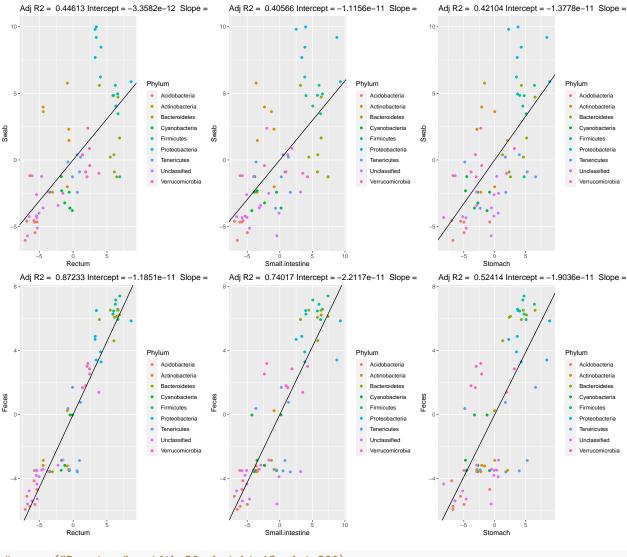
Linear Regression

```
metadata$Library <- as.factor(metadata$Library)</pre>
metadata$SampleType <- as.factor(metadata$SampleType)</pre>
taxonomy <- read.delim("../Data/taxonomy_ultima.txt", check.names = F) %>% unite(
  taxa, Kingdom: Species, remove = F, sep = ";")
d.pro <- cmultRepl(t(otutable), method = "CZM", output = "p-counts")</pre>
## No. corrected values: 771
d.clr.abund.codaseq <- codaSeq.clr(x= d.pro, samples.by.row = F)</pre>
#clr oject<- readRDS("clr objetc.RDS")</pre>
phyl <- read_csv("../Data/level-2.csv")</pre>
phy12 <- phy1 %>% dplyr::select(index, contains("k__")) %>% column_to_rownames(
 var = "index")
d.pro <- cmultRepl(t(phyl2), method = "CZM", output = "p-counts")</pre>
## No. corrected values: 108
d.clr.abund.codaseq <- codaSeq.clr(x= d.pro, samples.by.row = F)
### Swab versus Rectum
phyl_S_R <- data.frame(t(d.clr.abund.codaseq))%>% rownames_to_column(
 var = "index") %>% inner_join(
  phyl) %>% dplyr::select(c(1:11), SampleType) %>% filter(
    SampleType=="Rectum"|SampleType=="Swab") %>%
  #dplyr::select(contains(c("HC", "R"))) %>%
  pivot_longer(cols = starts_with("k__"),
               names_to = "names", values_to = "values") %>% pivot_wider(
                 names_from = SampleType, values_from = values) %>% replace(
                   is.na(.), 0)
otu_S_R <- phyl_S_R %>% dplyr::select(-index)
namesotu <- otu_S_R$names</pre>
#write_tsv(phyl_S_R, "ver.tsv")
SR <- read.csv("../Data/Swab_Rectum.csv")</pre>
data.lm_SR <- lm(Swab ~ Rectum, SR)</pre>
Swab_Rectum <- SR %>% ggplot(aes(x=Rectum, y=Swab, color=Phylum)) + geom_point()+
  #stat_summary(fun.data= mean_cl_normal) +
  geom_abline(slope = coef(data.lm_SR)[[2]], intercept = coef(data.lm_SR)[[1]])+
  labs(title = paste("Adj R2 = ",signif(summary(data.lm_SR)$adj.r.squared, 5),
                     "Intercept =", signif(data.lm_SR$coef[[1]],5),
                      " Slope =",signif(data.lm_SR$coef[[2]], 5),
                      " P =", signif(summary(data.lm_SR)$coef[2,4], 5)))
#qqsave("Swab Rectum.jpeq", width=7, height=4.5, dpi=300)
### Swab versus Small intestine
```

```
phyl_S_I <- data.frame(t(d.clr.abund.codaseq))%>% rownames_to_column(
  var = "index") %>% inner_join(
  phyl) %>% dplyr::select(c(1:11), SampleType) %>% filter(
    SampleType=="Small intestine"|SampleType=="Swab") %>%
  #dplyr::select(contains(c("HC", "R"))) %>%
  pivot_longer(cols = starts_with("k__"),
               names_to = "names", values_to = "values") %>% pivot_wider(
                 names from = SampleType, values from = values) %>% replace(is.na(.), 0)
otuSI <- phyl_S_I %>% dplyr::select(-index)
namesotuSI <- otuSI$names</pre>
#write_tsv(phyl_S_I, "Swab_Intestine.tsv")
SI <- read.csv("../Data/Swab_Intestine.csv")</pre>
data.lm_SI <- lm(Swab ~ Small.intestine, SI)</pre>
Swab_Small_intestine <- SI %>% ggplot(
  aes(x=Small.intestine, y=Swab, color=Phylum)) + geom_point()+
  #stat_summary(fun.data= mean_cl_normal) +
  geom_abline(slope = coef(data.lm_SI)[[2]], intercept = coef(data.lm_SI)[[1]])+
  labs(title = paste("Adj R2 = ", signif(summary(data.lm_SI)$adj.r.squared, 5),
                     "Intercept =", signif(data.lm_SI$coef[[1]],5),
                     " Slope =", signif(data.lm SI$coef[[2]], 5),
                     " P =",signif(summary(data.lm_SI)$coef[2,4], 5)))
#ggsave("Swab_Small_intestine.jpeg", width=7, height=4.5, dpi=300)
### Swab versus Stomach
phyl_S_St <- data.frame(t(d.clr.abund.codaseq))%>% rownames_to_column(
  var = "index") %>% inner_join(
  phyl) %>% dplyr::select(c(1:11), SampleType) %>% filter(
    SampleType=="Stomach"|SampleType=="Swab") %>%
  #dplyr::select(contains(c("HC", "R"))) %>%
  pivot_longer(cols = starts_with("k__"),
               names_to = "names", values_to = "values") %>% pivot_wider(
                 names from = SampleType, values from = values) %>% replace(
                   is.na(.), 0
otu_S_St <- phyl_S_St %>% dplyr::select(-index)
namesotuSSt <- otu_S_St$names
#write_tsv(phyl_S_St, "Swab_Stomach.tsv")
SSt <- read.csv("../Data/Swab_Stomach.csv")</pre>
data.lm_SSt <- lm(Swab ~ Stomach, SSt)</pre>
Swab_Stomach <- SSt %>% ggplot(aes(x=Stomach, y=Swab, color=Phylum)) + geom_point()+
  #stat_summary(fun.data= mean_cl_normal) +
  geom_abline(slope = coef(data.lm_SSt)[[2]], intercept = coef(data.lm_SSt)[[1]])+
  labs(title = paste("Adj R2 = ",signif(summary(data.lm_SSt)$adj.r.squared, 5),
                     "Intercept =", signif(data.lm_SSt$coef[[1]],5),
                     " Slope =",signif(data.lm_SSt$coef[[2]], 5),
                     " P =", signif(summary(data.lm_SSt)$coef[2,4], 5)))
```

```
#ggsave("Swab_Stomach.jpeg", width=7, height=4.5, dpi=300)
### Feces versus Rectum
phyl_F_R <- data.frame(t(d.clr.abund.codaseq))%>% rownames_to_column(
 var = "index") %>% inner_join(
  phyl) %>% dplyr::select(c(1:11), SampleType) %>% filter(
   SampleType=="Rectum"|SampleType=="Feces") %>%
  #dplyr::select(contains(c("HC", "R"))) %>%
  pivot_longer(cols = starts_with("k__"),
               names_to = "names", values_to = "values") %>% pivot_wider(
                 names_from = SampleType, values_from = values) %>% replace(is.na(.), 0)
otu_F_R <- phyl_F_R %>% dplyr::select(-index)
namesotuFR <- otu_F_R$names</pre>
#write_tsv(phyl_F_R, "Feces_Rectum.tsv")
F_R <- read.csv("../Data/Feces_Rectum.csv")</pre>
data.lm FR <- lm(Feces ~ Rectum, F R)
Feces_Rectum <- F_R %>% ggplot(aes(x=Rectum, y=Feces, color=Phylum)) + geom_point()+
  #stat_summary(fun.data= mean_cl_normal) +
  geom abline(slope = coef(data.lm FR)[[2]], intercept = coef(data.lm FR)[[1]])+
  labs(title = paste("Adj R2 = ", signif(summary(data.lm_FR)$adj.r.squared, 5),
                     "Intercept =", signif(data.lm_FR$coef[[1]],5),
                     " Slope =",signif(data.lm_FR$coef[[2]], 5),
                     " P =", signif(summary(data.lm_FR)$coef[2,4], 5)))
#ggsave("Feces_Rectum.jpeg", width=7, height=4.5, dpi=300)
### Feces versus Small intestine
phyl_F_I <- data.frame(t(d.clr.abund.codaseq))%>% rownames_to_column(
 var = "index") %>% inner_join(
  phyl) %>% dplyr::select(c(1:11), SampleType) %>% filter(
   SampleType=="Small intestine"|SampleType=="Feces") %>%
  #dplyr::select(contains(c("HC", "R"))) %>%
  pivot_longer(cols = starts_with("k__"),
               names_to = "names", values_to = "values") %>% pivot_wider(
                 names_from = SampleType, values_from = values) %>% replace(
                   is.na(.), 0)
otu_F_I <- phyl_F_I %>% dplyr::select(-index)
namesotuFI <- otu_F_I $names</pre>
#write_tsv(phyl_F_I, "Feces_Small_intestine.tsv")
F_I <- read.csv("../Data/Feces_Small_intestine.csv")</pre>
data.lm_FI <- lm(Feces ~ Small.intestine, F_I)</pre>
Feces_Small_intestine <- F_I %>% ggplot(aes(
  x=Small.intestine, y=Feces, color=Phylum)) + geom_point()+
  #stat_summary(fun.data= mean_cl_normal) +
  geom_abline(slope = coef(data.lm_FI)[[2]], intercept = coef(data.lm_FI)[[1]])+
```

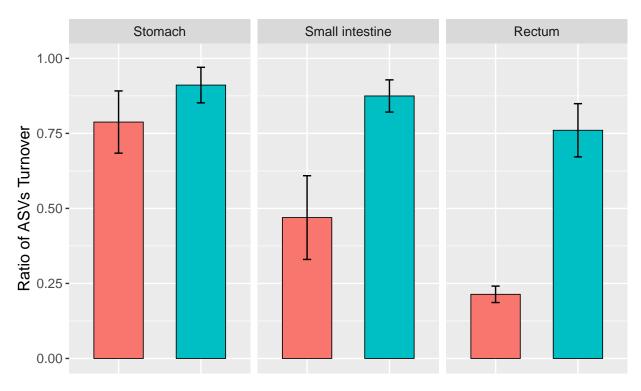
```
labs(title = paste("Adj R2 = ", signif(summary(data.lm_FI)$adj.r.squared, 5),
                     "Intercept =", signif(data.lm_FI$coef[[1]],5),
                     " Slope =",signif(data.lm_FI$coef[[2]], 5),
                     " P =", signif(summary(data.lm_FI)$coef[2,4], 5)))
#ggsave("Feces_Small_intestine.jpeg", width=7, height=4.5, dpi=300)
### Feces versus Stomach
phyl F S <- data.frame(t(d.clr.abund.codaseq))%>% rownames to column(
 var = "index") %>% inner_join(
 phyl) %>% dplyr::select(c(1:11), SampleType) %>% filter(
   SampleType=="Stomach"|SampleType=="Feces") %>%
  #dplyr::select(contains(c("HC", "R"))) %>%
  pivot_longer(cols = starts_with("k__"),
               names_to = "names", values_to = "values") %>% pivot_wider(
                 names_from = SampleType, values_from = values) %>% replace(
                   is.na(.), 0)
otu_F_S <- phyl_F_S %>% dplyr::select(-index)
namesotuFS <- otu_F_S$names</pre>
#write_tsv(phyl_F_S, "Feces_Stomach.tsv")
F_S <- read.csv("../Data/Feces_Stomach.csv")</pre>
data.lm_FS <- lm(Feces ~ Stomach, F_S)</pre>
Feces_Stomach <- F_S %>% ggplot(aes(x=Stomach, y=Feces, color=Phylum)) + geom_point()+
  #stat summary(fun.data= mean cl normal) +
  geom_abline(slope = coef(data.lm_FS)[[2]], intercept = coef(data.lm_FS)[[1]])+
  labs(title = paste("Adj R2 = ",signif(summary(data.lm_FS)$adj.r.squared, 5),
                     "Intercept =", signif(data.lm_FS$coef[[1]],5),
                     " Slope =",signif(data.lm_FS$coef[[2]], 5),
                     " P =", signif(summary(data.lm_FS)$coef[2,4], 5)))
#qqsave("Feces_Stomach.jpeq", width=7, height=4.5, dpi=300)
library(cowplot)
Reg <- plot_grid(Swab_Rectum, Swab_Small_intestine, Swab_Stomach,</pre>
                 Feces Rectum, Feces Small intestine, Feces Stomach)
print(Reg)
```



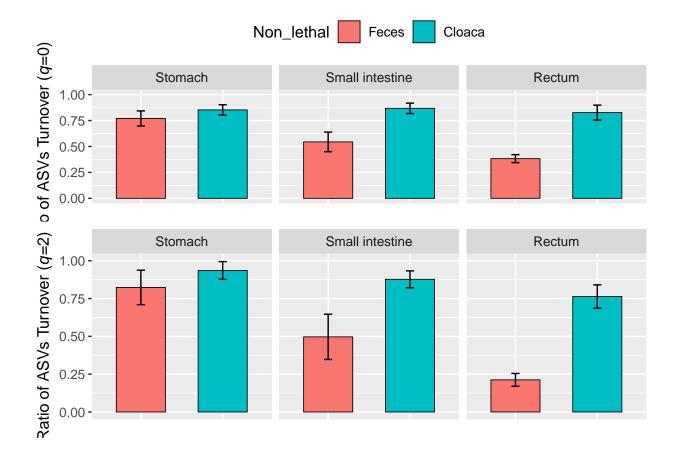
#ggsave("Reg.jpeg", width=20, height=18, dpi=300)

Turn Over





```
axis.ticks.x = element_blank(),
        axis.text.x = element_blank())+
  scale_y_continuous(limits = c(0,1))+
  geom_signif(test="wilcox.test")+theme(legend.position = "top")
beta2=subset(beta, q==2)
beta2$DT<- factor(beta2$DT, levels = c("Stomach","Intestine", "Rectum"),</pre>
                  labels = c("Stomach", "Small intestine", "Rectum"))
titulo2 <- expression(paste("Ratio of ASVs Turnover (", italic("q"), "=2)"))
turnover2<- ggbarplot(subset(beta2, q==2), x= "Non_lethal", y= "Turnover",</pre>
                    color = "black", width = 0.6, lwd=0.3,
                    facet.by = "DT",
                    fill = "Non_lethal",
                    add = "mean_se") +
  labs(x= element_blank(), y = titulo2) +
  theme_gray() + theme(text = element_text (size = 12)) +
  theme(legend.position = "right",
        axis.ticks.x = element_blank(),
        axis.text.x = element_blank())+
  scale_y\_continuous(limits = c(0,1))+
  geom_signif(test="wilcox.test")+theme(legend.position = "none")
library(cowplot)
TurnoverFig_q02 <- plot_grid(turnover0,turnover2,</pre>
                         nrow = 2, ncol = 1)
TurnoverFig_q02
```



Venn Diagram

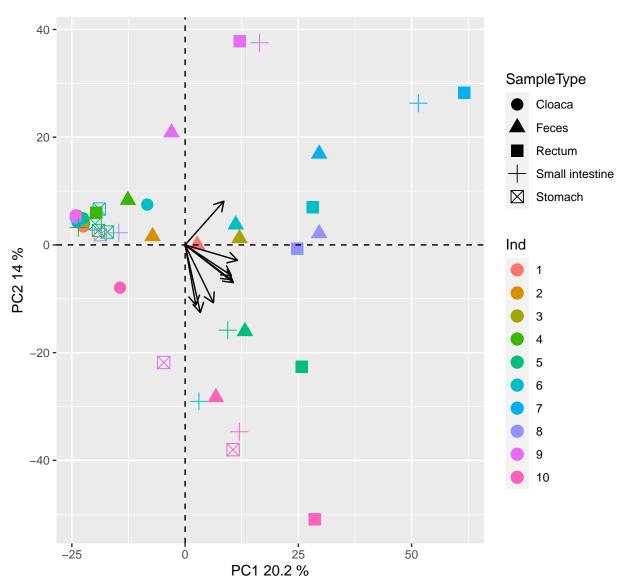
```
library(tidyverse)
# Loading files
# Core microbiota (50%)
swab_50 <- read.delim("../Data/core_otus_50swab.txt",</pre>
                       check.names = F, skip = 1) %>%rownames_to_column(
                         var = "ids")
feces_50 <- read.delim(".../Data/core_otus_50_feces.txt",</pre>
                        check.names = F, skip = 1) %>%rownames_to_column(
                          var = "ids")
rectum_50 <- read.delim("../Data/core_otus_50_rectum.txt",</pre>
                         check.names = F, skip = 1) %>%rownames_to_column(
                           var = "ids")
smallint_50 <- read.delim("../Data/core_otus_50_smallintestine.txt",</pre>
                           check.names = F, skip = 1) %>%rownames_to_column(
                             var = "ids")
stomach_50 <- read.delim("../Data/core_otus_50_stomach.txt",</pre>
                          check.names = F, skip = 1) %>%rownames_to_column(
                            var = "ids")
# Create Venn Diagramm
library(VennDiagram)
```

```
venn.plot_50 <- venn.diagram(</pre>
  x = list(Swab = swab_50$ids,
           Feces = feces 50$ids,
           Rectum = rectum 50$ids,
           Intestine = smallint_50$ids,
           Stomach = stomach_50$ids),
  category.names = c(
    expression(bold("Swab")),
    expression(bold("Feces")),
    expression(bold("Rectum")),
    expression(bold("Intestine")),
    expression(bold("Stomach"))),
  filename = "viendo_50.tiff",
  output = TRUE,
  height = 3000,
 width = 3000,
 resolution = 300,
 compression = "lzw",
 units = "px",
 lwd = 6,
 lty = "blank",
 fill = c("yellow", "purple", "green", "black", "red"),
 cex = 1.5,
 fontface = "bold",
 fontfamily = "sans",
 cat.cex = 2,
 cat.fontface = "bold",
 cat.default.pos = "outer",
  cat.pos = c(-27, 27, 135, -125, -125),
  cat.dist = c(0.055, 0.055, 0.085, 0.060, 0.06),
 cat.fontfamily = "sans")
```

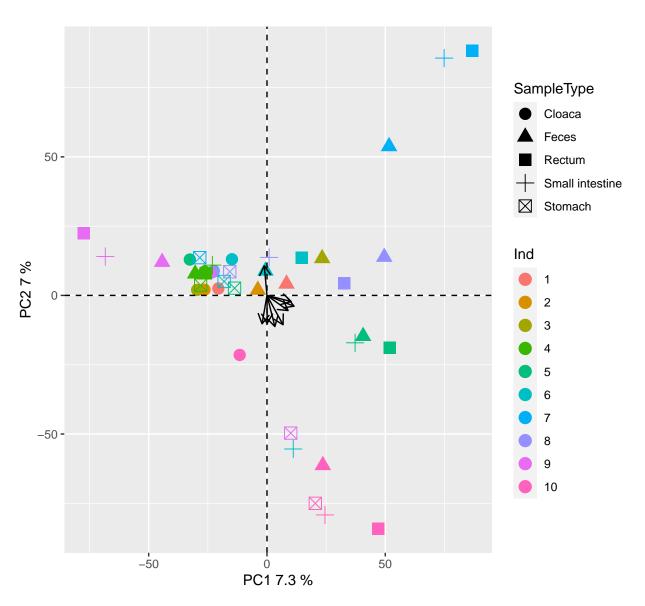
Beta Diversity

```
metadata$Library <- as.factor(metadata$Library)</pre>
metadata$SampleType <- as.factor(metadata$SampleType)</pre>
taxonomy <- read.delim("../Data/taxonomy_ultima.txt", check.names = F) %>% unite(
  taxa, Kingdom:Species, remove = F, sep = ";")
# Write_tsv(metadata, "metadata.tsv")
taxonomy2 <- taxonomy %>%
  mutate_all(funs(str_replace(., "k__Bacteria;", "")))%>%
  mutate_all(funs(str_replace(., "p__", "")))%>%
 mutate_all(funs(str_replace(., "c__", "")))%>%
  mutate_all(funs(str_replace(., "o__", "")))%>%
  mutate_all(funs(str_replace(., "f__", "")))%>%
  mutate_all(funs(str_replace(., "g__", "")))%>%
 \verb|mutate_all(funs(str_replace(., "s_", "")))%>%
 mutate_all(funs(str_replace(., "; ; ;", "")))%>%
  mutate_all(funs(str_replace(., "; ; ", "")))
##### Transforming data "codaSeq.clr/compositional data" #####
d.pro <- cmultRepl(t(otutable), method = "CZM", output = "p-counts")</pre>
## No. corrected values: 771
d.clr.abund.codaseq <- codaSeq.clr(x= d.pro, samples.by.row = F)</pre>
# Run a PCA with codaSeg.clr
pcx.abund <- prcomp(d.clr.abund.codaseq)</pre>
# Labels to PCA axis
PC1 <- paste("PC1", round(sum(</pre>
  pcx.abund$sdev[1] ^2) / mvar(d.clr.abund.codaseq) * 100, 1), "%")
PC2 <- paste("PC2", round(</pre>
  sum(pcx.abund$sdev[2] ^2) / mvar(d.clr.abund.codaseq) * 100, 1), "%")
# Create the base plot with only the arrows
pca_plot_codaSeq.clr <- ggplot() +</pre>
  theme bw() +
  xlab(PC1) +
  ylab(PC2) +
  theme(axis.text = element_text(colour = "black", size = 14), #setting theme
        axis.title = element_text(colour = "black", size = 14),
        legend.text = element_text(size = 14),
        legend.title = element_blank(),
        legend.position = "right")+
  theme_gray()+
  geom_point( #individuals
    data = data.frame(pcx.abund$x) %% rownames_to_column(var = "SampleID") %>%
      left join(metadata, by = "SampleID"),
    aes(x=PC1, y=PC2, shape=SampleType, color =Ind),
    size=4) +
```

```
geom_vline(xintercept = 0, linetype = 2) + #lines-cross
geom_hline(yintercept = 0, linetype = 2) +
# ggrepel::geom_label_repel(data = vars_choosing, aes(x=PC1, y=PC2, label= tax),
# segment.colour = NA, box.padding = 2, fontface="italic")+
geom_segment(data=data.frame(pcx.abund$rotation) %>% rownames_to_column(
    var="#OTU ID") %>%
        mutate(a=sqrt(PC1^2+PC2^2)) %>% # calculate the distance from the origin
        top_n(8, a) %>% #keep 8 furthest away points
        mutate(PC1=PC1*100, PC2=PC2*100) %>%
        left_join(taxonomy2),
        aes(x=0, xend=PC1, y=0, yend=PC2),
        arrow = arrow(length = unit(0.3, "cm")))
```



```
#ggsave("pca_plot_codaSeq.clr.jpeg", width=5.5, height=5.5, dpi=300)
#### Transforming data "clr transformation/compositional data" ####
aldez.clr.transform <- aldex.clr(otutable, mc.samples = 999, denom = "all",</pre>
                                  verbose = FALSE, useMC = FALSE)
aldex.clr.transform.data <- t(getMonteCarloSample(aldez.clr.transform, 1))</pre>
# Run a PCA with codaSeq.clr
pcx.abund.aldex <- prcomp(aldex.clr.transform.data)</pre>
# Labels to PCA axis
pc1 <- paste("PC1", round(sum(</pre>
 pcx.abund.aldex$sdev[1] ^2) / mvar(aldex.clr.transform.data) * 100, 1), "%")
pc2 <- paste("PC2", round(sum(</pre>
 pcx.abund.aldex$sdev[2] ^2) / mvar(aldex.clr.transform.data) * 100, 1), "%")
# Create the base plot with only the arrows
pca_plot_aldex.clr <- ggplot() +</pre>
  theme_bw() +
  xlab(pc1) +
 ylab(pc2) +
 theme(axis.text = element_text(colour = "black", size = 14), #setting theme
        axis.title = element_text(colour = "black", size = 14),
        legend.text = element text(size = 14),
        legend.title = element blank(),
        legend.position = "right")+
  theme_gray()+
  geom_point( #individuals
   data = data.frame(pcx.abund.aldex$x) %>% rownames_to_column(var = "SampleID") %>%
      left_join(metadata, by = "SampleID"),
   aes(x=PC1, y=PC2, shape=SampleType, color =Ind),
   size=4) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, linetype = 2) +
                                               #lines-cross
  geom_hline(yintercept = 0, linetype = 2) +
  # qqrepel::qeom_label_repel(data = vars_choosinq, aes(x=PC1, y=PC2, label= tax),
  # segment.colour = NA, box.padding = 2, fontface="italic")+
  geom_segment(data=data.frame(pcx.abund.aldex$rotation) %>% rownames_to_column(
   var="#OTU ID") %>%
                 mutate(a=sqrt(PC1^2+PC2^2)) %>% # calculate the distance from the origin
                 top_n(8, a) %>% #keep 8 furthest away points
                 mutate(PC1=PC1*100, PC2=PC2*100) %>%
                 left_join(taxonomy2),
               aes(x=0, xend=PC1, y=0, yend=PC2),
               arrow = arrow(length = unit(0.3, "cm")))
print(pca_plot_aldex.clr)
```



```
### PERMANOVA
set.seed(123)
library(vegan)
library(qiime2R)
meta_just<- data.frame(d.clr.abund.codaseq, check.names = F) %>% rownames_to_column(
  var = "SampleID") %>% inner_join(metadata) %>% rename(SampleID="SampleID" )
  library(vegan)
library(RVAideMemoire)
library(ggpubr)
perm < - how(nperm = 999)
setBlocks(perm)<- with(meta_just,SampleID)</pre>
permanova_ma<-adonis2(d.clr.abund.codaseq~SampleType,</pre>
                       data = meta_just, method = "euclidian",
                      permutations =perm) %>% round(., digits = 3) %>%replace(is.na(.), "-")
pairwsie<-RVAideMemoire::pairwise.perm.manova(dist(</pre>
 d.clr.abund.codaseq, method="euclidian"), meta_just$SampleType, p.method = "BH", nperm = 999)
```

pairwsie

```
##
## Pairwise comparisons using permutation MANOVAs on a distance matrix
## data: dist(d.clr.abund.codaseq, method = "euclidian") by meta_just$SampleType
## 999 permutations
##
##
                   Cloaca Feces Rectum Small intestine
## Feces
                   0.0025 -
                  0.0025 0.7322 -
## Rectum
## Small intestine 0.0025 0.5750 0.7870 -
## Stomach
                 0.0025 0.0080 0.0150 0.3957
##
## P value adjustment method: BH
Permanova_table<-data.frame(permanova_ma, check.names = F) %>% rownames_to_column(
 var="Factor") %>% ggtexttable(., rows = NULL, theme = ttheme("blank")) %>%
  tab_add_hline(at.row = 1:2, row.side = "top", linewidth = 2)%>%
 table_cell_font(., row = 3, column = 6, face = "bold") %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 2, column = 6, face = "bold") %>%
  tab_add_hline(at.row = c(4), row.side = "bottom", linewidth = 3, linetype = 1)
Permanova_table
```

Factor	Df	SumOfSqs	R2	F	Pr(>F)
SampleType	4	18252.36	0.183	2.01	1
Residual	36	81744.53	0.817	-	-
Total	40	99996.89	1.000	_	

```
Pairwsie_permanova<- data.frame(pairwsie$p.value, check.names = F)%>% round(
  .,digits = 3) %>%replace(
  is.na(.), "-") %>% rownames_to_column(
   var="Type") %>% ggtexttable(., rows = NULL, theme = ttheme("blank")) %>%
  tab_add_hline(at.row = 1:2, row.side = "top", linewidth = 2)%>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 4, column = 2, face = "bold") %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 5, column = 2, face = "bold") %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 5, column = 3, face = "bold") %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 4, column = 3, face = "bold") %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 5, column = 5, face = "bold") %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 5, column = 4, face = "bold") %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 2:5, column = 1, face = "bold") %>%
  tab_add_hline(at.row = c(5), row.side = "bottom", linewidth = 3, linetype = 1) %>%
  tab add footnote(
   text = "*p values in Bold are significant using \n an alpha value of 0.05",
   size = 10, face = "italic")
Pairwsie_permanova
```

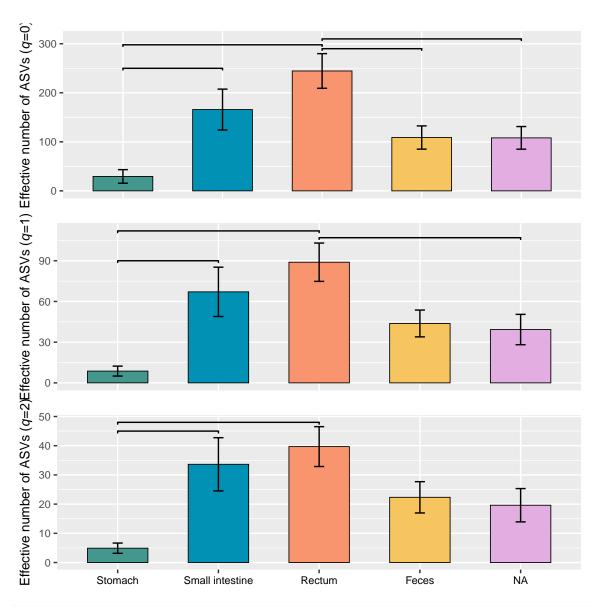
Туре	Cloaca	Feces	Rectum	Small intestine
Feces	0.002	-	-	_
Rectum	0.002	0.732	_	-
Small intestine	0.002	0.575	0.787	-
Stomach	0.002	0.008	0.015	0.396

*p values in Bold are significant using an alpha value of 0.05

Alpha Diversity

```
## Loading libraries
library(tidyverse)
library(ggpubr)
#loading files
alpha_div <- read.csv("../Data/Hill_numbers_q012.csv", header = TRUE, check.names = F)</pre>
alpha <- read.csv("../Data/Hill_numbers_q012.csv") %>% dplyr::select(SampleID, q0, q1, q2)
alpha_div$SampleType <- as.factor(alpha_div$SampleType)</pre>
metadata <- read.csv("../Data/Metadatos1.csv",check.names = F)</pre>
alpha <- alpha %>% inner_join(metadata, by = c("SampleID"="SampleID"))
# Normality test
shapiro.test(x = alpha$q0)
##
##
   Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: alpha$q0
## W = 0.91958, p-value = 0.006614
shapiro.test(x =alpha$q1)
##
##
   Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: alpha$q1
## W = 0.87443, p-value = 0.000317
shapiro.test(x = alpha$q2)
##
##
  Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: alpha$q2
## W = 0.88502, p-value = 0.000617
```

```
titulo <- expression(paste("Effective number of ASVs (", italic("q"), "=0)"))
HillNumb_q0 <- ggbarplot(alpha, x= "SampleType", y= "q0",
                         color = "black", width = 0.6, lwd=0.3,
                         order = c("Stomach", "Small intestine", "Rectum", "Feces", "Swab"),
                         fill = c("#43978D","#0191B4","#F8956F", "#F7C560", "#E2AEE1"),
                         add = "mean_se") +
  labs(x = element blank(), y = titulo) +
  theme gray() + theme(text = element text (size = 10)) +
  theme(legend.position = "none",
        axis.ticks.x = element blank(),
        axis.text.x = element blank()) +
  geom_signif(annotations=c("","", "", ""), tip_length = 0.01, vjust = 0.9,
              y_position=c(298, 310, 250, 290),
              xmin=c(1, 3, 1, 3), xmax=c(3, 5, 2, 4))
titulo1 <- expression(paste("Effective number of ASVs (", italic("q"), "=1)"))
HillNumb_q1 <- ggbarplot(alpha, x= "SampleType", y= "q1",</pre>
                         color = "black", width = 0.6, lwd=0.3,
                         order = c("Stomach", "Small intestine", "Rectum", "Feces", "Swab"),
                         fill = c("#43978D", "#0191B4", "#F8956F", "#F7C560", "#E2AEE1"),
                         add = "mean_se") +
  labs(x = element_blank(), y = titulo1) +
  theme_gray() + theme(text = element_text (size = 10)) +
  theme(legend.position = "none",
       axis.ticks.x = element blank(),
        axis.text.x = element blank()) +
  geom_signif(annotations=c("","",""), tip_length = 0.01, vjust = 0.9,
              y_position=c(112, 90, 107),
              xmin=c(1,1,3), xmax=c(3,2,5))
titulo2 <- expression(paste("Effective number of ASVs (", italic("q"), "=2)"))
HillNumb_q2 <- ggbarplot(alpha, x= "SampleType", y= "q2",
                         color = "black", width = 0.6, lwd=0.3,
                         order = c("Stomach", "Small intestine", "Rectum", "Feces", "Cloaca"),
                         fill = c("#43978D", "#0191B4", "#F8956F", "#F7C560", "#E2AEE1"),
                         add = "mean_se") +
  labs(x = element_blank(), y = titulo2) +
  theme_gray() + theme(text = element_text (size = 10))+
  geom_signif(annotations=c(""), tip_length = 0.01, vjust = 0.2,
              y_{position}=c(48, 45),
              xmin=c(1,1), xmax=c(3,2))+ theme(axis.text.x = element_text(color = "black"))
#theme(legend.position = "none",
         axis.ticks.x = element_blank(),
         axis.text.x = element\_blank())
library(cowplot)
Graphics_boxplot <- plot_grid(HillNumb_q0, HillNumb_q1, HillNumb_q2,</pre>
                              nrow = 3, ncol = 1,
                              label_size = 10, rel_heights = c(1, 1, 1))
print(Graphics_boxplot)
```



```
# Linear mixed model approach
library(lme4)
library(cowplot)
library(pgirmess) # includes PermTest()
library(emmeans)

q0_lme <- lme(q0~ SampleType, random = ~1 | Ind, data = alpha)
q0_lme_perm <- PermTest(q0_lme)
q0_lme_means <- emmeans(q0_lme, pairwise ~ SampleType)

q1_lme<- lme(q1~ SampleType, random=~1 | Ind, data = alpha)
q1_lme_perm <- PermTest(q1_lme)
q1_lme_means <- emmeans(q1_lme, pairwise ~ SampleType)

q2_lme <- lme(q2~ SampleType, random=~1 | Ind, data = alpha)
q2_lme_perm <- PermTest(q2_lme)</pre>
```

```
q2_lme_means <- emmeans(q2_lme, pairwise ~ SampleType)
# Tables summarizing results
library(kableExtra)
install.packages("kableExtra")
q0_lme_means.t <- data.frame(q0_lme_means$contrasts)[,c(1,6)] %>% column_to_rownames(
  var = "contrast") %>% round(
  .,digits = 3) %>%replace( is.na(.), "-") %>% arrange(p.value) %>% rownames_to_column(
   var="contrast") %>% ggtexttable(
    ., rows = NULL, theme = ttheme("blank", base_size = 10)) %>%
  tab_add_title(text = paste0(
    "lme-permtest, p.value =",format(q0_lme_perm$resultats$p.value[2],
                                     digits=3, nsmall=3)), face = "bold",
   padding = unit(3, "line")) %>%
  tab_add_hline(at.row = 2:3, row.side = "top", linewidth = 2)%>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 3, column = 2, face = "bold", size = 10) %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 4, column = 2, face = "bold", size = 10) %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 5, column = 2, face = "bold", size = 10) %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 6, column = 2, face = "bold", size = 10) %%
  table_cell_font(., row = 7, column = 2, face = "plain", size = 10) %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 3:tab_nrow(.), column = 1, face = "bold", size = 10) %>%
  tab_add_hline(at.row = c(12), row.side = "bottom", linewidth = 3, linetype = 1) %>%
  tab_add_footnote(text = "*p values in bold are significant using \n an alpha value of 0.05",
                   size = 9, face = "italic")
q1_lme_means.t <- data.frame(q1_lme_means$contrasts)[,c(1,6)] %>% column_to_rownames(
  var = "contrast") %>% round(
  .,digits = 3) %>%replace( is.na(.), "-") %>% arrange(p.value) %>% rownames_to_column(
   var="contrast") %>% ggtexttable(
    ., rows = NULL, theme = ttheme("blank", base_size = 10)) %>%
  tab_add_title(text = paste0(
    "lme-permtest, p.value =",format(q1_lme_perm$resultats$p.value[2],
                                     digits=3, nsmall=3)) , face = "bold",
   padding = unit(3, "line")) %>%
  tab_add_hline(at.row = 2:3, row.side = "top", linewidth = 2)%>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 3, column = 2, face = "bold", size = 10) %%
  table_cell_font(., row = 4, column = 2, face = "bold", size = 10) %>%
```

```
table_cell_font(., row = 5, column = 2, face = "bold", size = 10) %%
  table_cell_font(., row = 6, column = 2, face = "plain", size = 10) %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 7, column = 2, face = "plain", size = 10) %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 8, column = 2, face = "plain", size = 10) %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 3:tab_nrow(.), column = 1, face = "bold", size = 10) %%
  tab_add_hline(at.row = c(12), row.side = "bottom", linewidth = 3, linetype = 1) %>%
  tab_add_footnote(text = "*p values in bold are significant using \n an alpha value of 0.05",
                  size = 9, face = "italic")
q2_lme_means.t <- data.frame(q2_lme_means$contrasts)[,c(1,6)] %>% column_to_rownames(
var = "contrast") %>% round(
```

```
.,digits = 3) %>%replace( is.na(.), "-") %% arrange(p.value) %>% rownames_to_column(
   var="contrast") %>% ggtexttable(
    ., rows = NULL, theme = ttheme("blank", base_size = 10)) %>%
  tab_add_title(text = paste0(
    "lme-permtest, p.value =",format(q2_lme_perm$resultats$p.value[2],
                                     digits=3, nsmall=3)) , face = "bold",
   padding = unit(3, "line")) %>%
  tab add hline(at.row = 2:3, row.side = "top", linewidth = 2)%>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 3, column = 2, face = "bold", size = 10) %%
  table_cell_font(., row = 4, column = 2, face = "bold", size = 10) %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 7, column = 2, face = "plain", size = 10) %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 8, column = 2, face = "plain", size = 10) %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 5, column = 2, face = "plain", size = 10) %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 6, column = 2, face = "plain", size = 10) %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 3:tab_nrow(.), column = 1, face = "bold", size = 10) %%
  tab_add_hline(at.row = c(12), row.side = "bottom", linewidth = 3, linetype = 1) %>%
  tab_add_footnote(text = "*p values in bold are significant using \n an alpha value of 0.05",
                   size = 9, face = "italic")
library(cowplot)
comparisons <- plot_grid(q0_lme_means.t,q1_lme_means.t,q2_lme_means.t,</pre>
                  nrow = 2,ncol = 3, labels =
                                q0".
                    c("A)
                      "B)
                                q1",
                      "C)
                                q2"),
                  rel_heights = c(1,1.7)
print(comparisons)
                                  B)
                                     a1
                                                                    C)
```

Ime-permtest, p.value =0.000

contrast	p.value
Rectum - Stomach	0.000
Rectum - Swab	0.013
Feces - Rectum	0.014
Small intestine - Stomach	0.025
Feces - Stomach	0.281
Stomach - Swab	0.290
Rectum - Small intestine	0.364
Small intestine - Swab	0.586
Feces - Small intestine	0.597
Feces - Swab	1.000

*p values in bold are significant using an alpha value of 0.05

Ime-permtest, p.value =0.001

contrast	p.value
Rectum - Stomach	0.001
Small intestine - Stomach	0.025
Rectum - Swab	0.043
Feces - Rectum	0.077
Feces - Stomach	0.260
Stomach - Swab	0.390
Small intestine - Swab	0.462
Feces - Small intestine	0.624
Rectum - Small intestine	0.748
Feces - Swab	0.998

an alpha value of 0.05

Ime-permtest, p.value =0.007

contrast	p.value
Rectum - Stomach	0.005
Small intestine - Stomach	0.027
Rectum - Swab	0.127
Feces - Rectum	0.229
Feces - Stomach	0.283
Small intestine - Swab	0.424
Stomach - Swab	0.453
Feces - Small intestine	0.620
Rectum - Small intestine	0.960
Feces - Swab	0.996

*p values in bold are significant using

Functional diversity

```
#Functional diversity calculation
Picrust <- read.delim("../Data/EC_predicted.tsv", check.names = F, row.names = 1)
totutable <- read.delim("otutable-taxonomy_ultima.txt", check.names = F) %>% dplyr::select(
   -taxonomy) %>% column_to_rownames(var = "#OTU ID") %>% t()
```

```
totutable <- totutable[ , match(rownames(Picrust), colnames(totutable))]</pre>
metadata<- read.csv("Metadatos1.csv", check.names = F) %>% mutate(
 SampleType=case_when(
   SampleType=="Swab"~"Cloaca",
   TRUE~as.character(SampleType)))
alpha <- alpha %>% rownames_to_column(var="SampleID") %>% inner_join(metadata, by = c("SampleID"="SampleID"="SampleID")
func q0 <- hill func(totutable, traits = Picrust, q = 0)</pre>
func_q1 <- hill_func(totutable, traits = Picrust, q = 1)</pre>
func_q2 <- hill_func(totutable, traits = Picrust, q = 2)</pre>
funq0<- func_q0 %>% t() %>% as.data.frame() %>% dplyr::select(
  q0=MD_q) %>% rownames_to_column(var = "SampleID")
funq1<- func_q1 %>% t() %>% as.data.frame() %>% dplyr::select(
  q1=MD_q) %>% rownames_to_column(var = "SampleID")
funq2<- func_q2 %>% t() %>% as.data.frame() %>% dplyr::select(
  q2=MD_q) %>% rownames_to_column(var = "SampleID")
functional_div<- funq0 %% inner_join(funq1) %>% inner_join(funq2) %>% inner_join(metadata)
# Loading files
library(tidyverse)
library(ggpubr)
alpha <- read.csv("../Data/Functional div.csv", header = TRUE, check.names = F)
library(lme4)
library(nlme)
library(cowplot)
library(pgirmess) # includes PermTest()
library(emmeans)
q0_lme <- lme(q0~ SampleType, random = ~1 |Ind, data = alpha)
summary(q0_lme)
## Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
    Data: alpha
##
          AIC
                   BIC
                          logLik
    728.0236 739.1082 -357.0118
##
##
## Random effects:
## Formula: ~1 | Ind
##
           (Intercept) Residual
## StdDev:
              2005.175 3884.036
##
## Fixed effects: q0 ~ SampleType
                                  Value Std.Error DF t-value p-value
## (Intercept)
                             11256.601 1382.261 27 8.143613 0.0000
                              3866.005 1943.214 27 1.989490 0.0569
## SampleTypeRectum
## SampleTypeSmall intestine -1513.960 1943.214 27 -0.779101 0.4427
## SampleTypeStomach
                            -6482.819 1943.214 27 -3.336132 0.0025
## SampleTypeSwab
                             -9512.351 1736.994 27 -5.476330 0.0000
## Correlation:
```

```
##
                             (Intr) SmplTR SmpTSi SmplTypSt
## SampleTypeRectum
                             -0.562
## SampleTypeSmall intestine -0.562 0.429
## SampleTypeStomach
                             -0.562 0.429 0.429
## SampleTypeSwab
                             -0.628 0.447 0.447 0.447
##
## Standardized Within-Group Residuals:
##
           Min
                        Q1
                                                Q3
                                                           Max
## -2.13189542 -0.31668486 -0.08895812 0.42879065 2.14569568
##
## Number of Observations: 41
## Number of Groups: 10
q0_lme_perm <- PermTest(q0_lme)</pre>
q0_lme_means <- emmeans(q0_lme, pairwise ~ SampleType)
q1_lme<- lme(q1~ SampleType, random=~1 | Ind, data = alpha)
summary(q1_lme)
## Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
##
    Data: alpha
##
         AIC
                  BIC
                          logLik
     663.5015 674.5861 -324.7508
##
##
## Random effects:
## Formula: ~1 | Ind
##
           (Intercept) Residual
## StdDev:
              1016.576 1530.66
##
## Fixed effects: q1 ~ SampleType
                                 Value Std.Error DF
                                                     t-value p-value
## (Intercept)
                              4663.274 581.0634 27 8.025414 0.0000
## SampleTypeRectum
                              1139.501 769.7570 27 1.480339 0.1504
## SampleTypeSmall intestine -241.641 769.7570 27 -0.313918 0.7560
                             -2695.509 769.7570 27 -3.501766 0.0016
## SampleTypeStomach
## SampleTypeSwab
                             -4026.757 684.5318 27 -5.882498 0.0000
## Correlation:
##
                             (Intr) SmplTR SmpTSi SmplTypSt
## SampleTypeRectum
                             -0.524
## SampleTypeSmall intestine -0.524 0.435
## SampleTypeStomach
                             -0.524 0.435 0.435
## SampleTypeSwab
                             -0.589 0.445 0.445 0.445
##
## Standardized Within-Group Residuals:
                      Q1
##
          Min
                                Med
                                            QЗ
                                                      Max
## -2.1461456 -0.3045242 -0.1020280 0.5267705 2.2200294
##
## Number of Observations: 41
## Number of Groups: 10
q1_lme_perm <- PermTest(q1_lme)</pre>
q1_lme_means <- emmeans(q1_lme, pairwise ~ SampleType)
```

```
q2_lme <- lme(q2~ SampleType, random=~1 |Ind, data = alpha)
summary(q2_lme)
## Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
     Data: alpha
         AIC
##
                  BIC
                          logLik
##
     616.7461 627.8308 -301.3731
##
## Random effects:
## Formula: ~1 | Ind
          (Intercept) Residual
## StdDev:
             574.1851 787.8532
##
## Fixed effects: q2 ~ SampleType
##
                                  Value Std.Error DF
                                                      t-value p-value
## (Intercept)
                              2593.2093 308.2858 27 8.411706 0.0000
## SampleTypeRectum
                              293.9972 396.9835 27 0.740578 0.4653
## SampleTypeSmall intestine -185.3674 396.9835 27 -0.466940
                                                                0.6443
## SampleTypeStomach
                            -1425.9380 396.9835 27 -3.591933 0.0013
                             -2190.7561 352.3387 27 -6.217757 0.0000
## SampleTypeSwab
## Correlation:
##
                             (Intr) SmplTR SmpTSi SmplTypSt
                             -0.507
## SampleTypeRectum
## SampleTypeSmall intestine -0.507 0.437
## SampleTypeStomach
                             -0.507 0.437 0.437
## SampleTypeSwab
                             -0.571 0.444 0.444 0.444
##
## Standardized Within-Group Residuals:
          Min
                        Q1
                                   Med
                                                Q3
                                                           Max
## -1.92399455 -0.50381036 -0.05937454 0.54451412 2.15113054
##
## Number of Observations: 41
## Number of Groups: 10
q2_lme_perm <- PermTest(q2_lme)</pre>
q2_lme_means <- emmeans(q2_lme, pairwise ~ SampleType)
q0_lme_perm;q1_lme_perm;q2_lme_perm
##
## Monte-Carlo test
##
## Call:
## PermTest.lme(obj = q0 lme)
##
## Based on 1000 replicates
## Simulated p-value:
              p.value
## (Intercept)
                     0
## SampleType
```

##

```
## Monte-Carlo test
##
## Call:
## PermTest.lme(obj = q1_lme)
## Based on 1000 replicates
## Simulated p-value:
              p.value
##
## (Intercept)
                0.001
                0.000
## SampleType
## Monte-Carlo test
##
## Call:
## PermTest.lme(obj = q2_lme)
## Based on 1000 replicates
## Simulated p-value:
##
              p.value
## (Intercept)
                0.001
## SampleType
                0.000
q2_lme_means; q1_lme_means;q2_lme_means
## $emmeans
## SampleType
                   emmean SE df lower.CL upper.CL
## Feces
                                     1896
                     2593 308 9
                                     2076
## Rectum
                     2887 358 9
                                              3698
## Small intestine
                     2408 358 9
                                     1597
                                              3219
## Stomach
                                    356
                                              1978
                     1167 358 9
## Swab
                      402 308 9
                                     -295
                                              1100
##
## Degrees-of-freedom method: containment
## Confidence level used: 0.95
##
## $contrasts
## contrast
                             estimate SE df t.ratio p.value
                                -294 397 27 -0.741 0.9449
## Feces - Rectum
## Feces - Small intestine
                                 185 397 27
                                               0.467 0.9897
## Feces - Stomach
                                 1426 397 27
                                               3.592 0.0104
## Feces - Swab
                                2191 352 27
                                               6.218 <.0001
## Rectum - Small intestine
                                 479 421 27
                                               1.138 0.7850
## Rectum - Stomach
                                 1720 421 27
                                               4.084 0.0030
## Rectum - Swab
                                 2485 397 27
                                               6.259 <.0001
## Small intestine - Stomach
                                 1241 421 27
                                               2.946 0.0473
## Small intestine - Swab
                                 2005 397 27
                                               5.052 0.0002
## Stomach - Swab
                                  765 397 27
                                               1.927 0.3281
## Degrees-of-freedom method: containment
## P value adjustment: tukey method for comparing a family of 5 estimates
```

\$emmeans

```
SampleType
                   emmean SE df lower.CL upper.CL
## Feces
                     4663 581 9
                                     3349
                                             5978
## Rectum
                     5803 679
                                     4266
                                             7340
                     4422 679 9
                                     2885
                                             5959
## Small intestine
## Stomach
                     1968 679
                               9
                                      431
                                             3505
## Swab
                      637 581 9
                                     -678
                                             1951
##
## Degrees-of-freedom method: containment
## Confidence level used: 0.95
##
## $contrasts
## contrast
                             estimate SE df t.ratio p.value
                                -1140 770 27 -1.480 0.5834
## Feces - Rectum
## Feces - Small intestine
                                              0.314 0.9978
                                 242 770 27
## Feces - Stomach
                                 2696 770 27
                                              3.502 0.0129
## Feces - Swab
                                 4027 685 27
                                              5.882
                                                     <.0001
## Rectum - Small intestine
                                 1381 818 27
                                               1.688 0.4577
## Rectum - Stomach
                                 3835 818 27
                                              4.687 0.0006
## Rectum - Swab
                                 5166 770 27
                                              6.712 < .0001
## Small intestine - Stomach
                                 2454 818 27
                                              2.999 0.0420
                                              4.917 0.0003
## Small intestine - Swab
                                 3785 770 27
## Stomach - Swab
                                 1331 770 27
                                              1.729 0.4337
##
## Degrees-of-freedom method: containment
## P value adjustment: tukey method for comparing a family of 5 estimates
## $emmeans
## SampleType
                   emmean SE df lower.CL upper.CL
## Feces
                     2593 308 9
                                     1896
                                             3291
                                             3698
## Rectum
                     2887 358 9
                                     2076
## Small intestine
                     2408 358 9
                                    1597
                                             3219
## Stomach
                                     356
                                             1978
                     1167 358 9
## Swab
                      402 308 9
                                     -295
                                             1100
##
## Degrees-of-freedom method: containment
## Confidence level used: 0.95
##
## $contrasts
## contrast
                             estimate SE df t.ratio p.value
   Feces - Rectum
                                 -294 397 27 -0.741 0.9449
## Feces - Small intestine
                                 185 397 27
                                              0.467 0.9897
## Feces - Stomach
                                 1426 397 27
                                              3.592 0.0104
## Feces - Swab
                                 2191 352 27
                                              6.218 < .0001
## Rectum - Small intestine
                                 479 421 27
                                               1.138 0.7850
## Rectum - Stomach
                                 1720 421 27
                                              4.084 0.0030
## Rectum - Swab
                                 2485 397 27
                                              6.259 < .0001
## Small intestine - Stomach
                                 1241 421 27
                                               2.946 0.0473
## Small intestine - Swab
                                 2005 397 27
                                              5.052 0.0002
## Stomach - Swab
                                 765 397 27
                                              1.927 0.3281
## Degrees-of-freedom method: containment
## P value adjustment: tukey method for comparing a family of 5 estimates
```

```
library(kableExtra)
q0_lme_means.t <- data.frame(</pre>
  q0_lme_means$contrasts)[,c(1,6)] %>% column_to_rownames(var = "contrast") %>% round(
  .,digits = 3) %>%replace( is.na(.), "-") %>% arrange(p.value) %>% rownames_to_column(var="contrast"
    ., rows = NULL, theme = ttheme("blank", base_size = 10)) %>%
  tab_add_title(text = paste0(
    "lme-permtest, p.value = ",format(q0_lme_perm$resultats$p.value[2], digits=3, nsmall=3)),
    face = "bold", padding = unit(3, "line")) %>%
  tab_add_hline(at.row = 2:3, row.side = "top", linewidth = 2)%>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 3, column = 2, face = "bold", size = 10) %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 4, column = 2, face = "bold", size = 10) %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 5, column = 2, face = "bold", size = 10) %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 6, column = 2, face = "bold", size = 10) %%
  table_cell_font(., row = 7, column = 2, face = "bold", size = 10) %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 3:tab_nrow(.), column = 1, face = "bold", size = 10) %>%
  tab_add_hline(at.row = c(12), row.side = "bottom", linewidth = 3, linetype = 1) %>%
  tab_add_footnote(
    text = "*p values in bold are significant using \n an alpha value of 0.05",
                   size = 9, face = "italic")
q1_lme_means.t <- data.frame(</pre>
  q1_lme_means$contrasts)[,c(1,6)] %>% column_to_rownames(
   var = "contrast") %>% round(
  .,digits = 3) %>%replace( is.na(.), "-") %>% arrange(p.value) %>% rownames_to_column(
   var="contrast") %>% ggtexttable(
    ., rows = NULL, theme = ttheme("blank", base_size = 10)) %>%
  tab_add_title(text = paste0(
    "lme-permtest, p.value =",format(q1_lme_perm$resultats$p.value[2], digits=3, nsmall=3)) ,
   face = "bold", padding = unit(3, "line")) %>%
  tab_add_hline(at.row = 2:3, row.side = "top", linewidth = 2)%>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 3, column = 2, face = "bold", size = 10) %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 4, column = 2, face = "bold", size = 10) %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 5, column = 2, face = "bold", size = 10) %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 6, column = 2, face = "bold", size = 10) %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 7, column = 2, face = "bold", size = 10) %%
  table_cell_font(., row = 8, column = 2, face = "bold", size = 10) %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 3:tab_nrow(.), column = 1, face = "bold", size = 10) %>%
  tab_add_hline(at.row = c(12), row.side = "bottom", linewidth = 3, linetype = 1) %>%
  tab_add_footnote(
   text = "*p values in bold are significant using \n an alpha value of 0.05",
                   size = 9, face = "italic")
q2_lme_means.t <- data.frame(
  q2_lme_means$contrasts)[,c(1,6)] %>% column_to_rownames(
    var = "contrast") %>% round(
  .,digits = 3) %>%replace( is.na(.), "-") %>% arrange(p.value) %>% rownames_to_column(
   var="contrast") %>% ggtexttable(
    ., rows = NULL, theme = ttheme("blank", base_size = 10)) %>%
  tab_add_title(text = paste0(
    "lme-permtest, p.value =",format(q2_lme_perm$resultats$p.value[2], digits=3, nsmall=3)) ,
    face = "bold", padding = unit(3, "line")) %>%
```

```
tab_add_hline(at.row = 2:3, row.side = "top", linewidth = 2)%>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 3, column = 2, face = "bold", size = 10) %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 4, column = 2, face = "bold", size = 10) %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 7, column = 2, face = "bold", size = 10) %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 8, column = 2, face = "bold", size = 10) %%
  table_cell_font(., row = 5, column = 2, face = "bold", size = 10) %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 6, column = 2, face = "bold", size = 10) %>%
  table_cell_font(., row = 3:tab_nrow(.), column = 1, face = "bold", size = 10) %%
  tab_add_hline(at.row = c(12), row.side = "bottom", linewidth = 3, linetype = 1) %>%
  tab add footnote(
    text = "*p values in bold are significant using \n an alpha value of 0.05",
                      size = 9, face = "italic")
library(cowplot)
Comparisons_Funct_Div <- plot_grid(q0_lme_means.t,q1_lme_means.t,q2_lme_means.t,
                             nrow = 2,ncol = 3, labels =
                                c("A)
                                              q0",
                                              q1",
                                  "B)
                                  "C)
                                              q2"),
                             rel_heights = c(1,1.7)
print(Comparisons_Funct_Div)
    q0
                                                                                    q2
         Feces - Swab
                      0.000
                                                 Feces - Swab
                                                              0.000
                                                                                         Feces - Swab
                                                                                                      0.000
        Rectum - Stomach
                                                 Rectum - Swab
                                                              0.000
                                                                                         Rectum - Swab
         Rectum - Swab
                      0.000
                                               Small intestine - Swab
                                                              0.000
                                                                                       Small intestine - Swab
                                                                                                      0.000
       Small intestine - Swab
                      0.003
                                                Rectum - Stomach
                                                              0.001
                                                                                        Rectum - Stomach
                                                                                                      0.003
        Feces - Stomach
                                                                                                      0.010
                                                 Feces - Stomach
                                                                                        Feces - Stomach
                                                                                      Small intestine - Stomach 0.047
       Rectum – Small intestine 0.100
                                              Small intestine - Stomach 0.042
      Small intestine - Stomach 0.148
                                                 Stomach - Swab
                                                              0.434
                                                                                         Stomach - Swab
                                                                                                      0.328
         Feces - Rectum
                                              Rectum - Small intestine 0.458
                                                                                      Rectum - Small intestine
        Stomach - Swah
                      0.535
                                                 Feces - Rectum
                                                              0.583
                                                                                         Feces - Rectum
                                                                                                      0.945
       Feces - Small intestine
                      0.934
                                              Feces - Small intestine
                                                              0.998
                                                                                       Feces - Small intestine
                                                                                                      0.990
        *p values in bold are significant using
                                               *p values in bold are significant using
                                                                                       *p values in bold are significant using
alpha <- read.csv("../Data/Functional div.csv", header = TRUE, check.names = F)
alpha<- alpha %>% mutate(
  SampleType=case when(
    SampleType=="Swab"~"Cloaca",
    TRUE~as.character(SampleType)))
tituloA <- expression(paste("Mean functional diversity (", italic("q"), "=0)"))
HillNumb_q0 <- ggbarplot(alpha, x= "SampleType", y= "q0",</pre>
                             color = "black", width = 0.6, lwd=0.3,
                             order = c(
                                "Stomach", "Small intestine", "Rectum", "Feces", "Cloaca"),
                             fill = c("#43978D","#0191B4","#F8956F", "#F7C560", "#E2AEE1"),
                             add = "mean_se") +
  labs(x = element_blank(), y = tituloA) +
  theme_gray() + theme(text = element_text (size = 10)) +
  theme(legend.position = "none",
         axis.ticks.x = element_blank(),
         axis.text.x = element_blank()) +
  geom_signif(annotations=c("","","","",""), tip_length = 0.01, vjust = 0.9,
                y_position=c(15000, 18000, 18000, 19000, 20000),
                xmin=c(4,3.1,1,2,1), xmax=c(5,5,2.9,5,4))
```

```
tituloB <- expression(paste("Mean functional diversity (", italic("q"), "=1)"))</pre>
HillNumb_q1 <- ggbarplot(alpha, x= "SampleType", y= "q1",</pre>
                         color = "black", width = 0.6, lwd=0.3,
                         order = c(
                           "Stomach", "Small intestine", "Rectum", "Feces", "Cloaca"),
                         fill = c("#43978D","#0191B4","#F8956F", "#F7C560", "#E2AEE1"),
                         add = "mean_se") +
  labs(x = element_blank(), y = tituloB) +
  theme gray() + theme(text = element text (size = 10)) +
  theme(legend.position = "none",
       axis.ticks.x = element_blank(),
        axis.text.x = element blank()) +
  geom signif(annotations=c("","","","","",""), tip length = 0.01, vjust = 0.9,
              y_position=c(5100,7000,7370,7000,7650,6000),
              xmin=c(4,3.1,2,1,1,1), xmax=c(5,5,5,2.9,4,2))
tituloC <- expression(paste("Mean functional diversity (", italic("q"), "=2)"))</pre>
HillNumb_q2 <- ggbarplot(alpha, x= "SampleType", y= "q2",</pre>
                         color = "black", width = 0.6, lwd=0.3,
                         order = c(
                           "Stomach", "Small intestine", "Rectum", "Feces", "Cloaca"),
                         fill = c("#43978D", "#0191B4", "#F8956F", "#F7C560", "#E2AEE1"),
                         add = "mean se") +
  labs(x = element_blank(), y = tituloC) +
  theme gray() + theme(text = element text (size = 10)) +
  geom_signif(annotations=c("","","","","",""), tip_length = 0.01, vjust = 0.2,
              y_position=c(3000,3450,3655,3450,3800,3150),
              xmin=c(4,3.1,2,1,1,1), xmax=c(5,5,5,2.9,4,2)) +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(color = "black"))
Boxplot_funct_div <- plot_grid(HillNumb_q0, HillNumb_q1, HillNumb_q2,</pre>
                                 nrow = 3, ncol = 1,
                                 label_size = 10, rel_heights = c(1, 1, 1))
print(Boxplot_funct_div)
```

