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AI共學社群 > 機器學習百日馬拉松 > D4: EDA/讀取資料與分析流程

# D4:EDA/讀取資料與分析流程







簡報閱讀

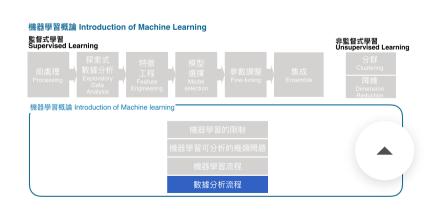
範例與作業

問題討論

### EDA/讀取資料與分析流程



### 知識地圖



資料簡介:房貸風險預測



Many people struggle to get loans due to insufficient or non-existent credit histories.

And, unfortunately, this population is often taken advantage of by untrustworthy lenders.

Home Credit strives to broaden financial inclusion for the unbanked population by providing a positive and safe borrowing experience. In order to make sure this underserved population has a positive loan experience, Home Credit makes use of a variety of alternative data--including telco and transactional information--to predict their clients' repayment abilities.

While Home Credit is currently using various statistical and machine learning methods to make these predictions, they're challenging Kagglers to help them unlock the full potential of their data. Doing so will ensure that clients capable of repayment are not rejected and that loans are given with a principal, maturity, and repayment calendar that will empower their clients to be successful.

#### 資料來源

Home Credit Default Risk | Kaggle

Can you predict how capable each applicant is of repaying a loan?

www.kaggle.com



問題一:為什麼這個問題重要?

說明:許多人因為沒有信用歷史,所以沒辦法申請貸款→這群人常會轉向風險較高的放款者→可能導致這群人的生活狀況更糟→如果這群人可以接受正向的幫助,他們將能步入良好正常生活。 Home Credit 想透過放寬貸款條件,提供給這群人可以有好的借貸經驗→但即使放寬貸款條件,公司仍不能接受嚴重呆帳(未還款)發生→預測還款能力,讓公司可以在放寬貸款條件下,仍不致有貸給無法還債者。

問題二:資料從何而來?

說明:信用局 (Credit Bureau) 調閱紀錄、 Home Credit 內部紀錄 (如過去借貸狀況、信用卡狀況)

問題三:資料的型態是什麼?

Data Description 皆為結構化資料:數值、類別資料

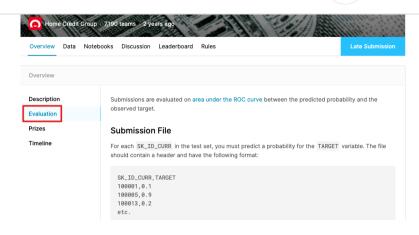
Data Description

- application\_{train|test}.csv
  - This is the main table, broken into two files for Train (with TARGET) and Test (without TARGET).
  - Static data for all applications. One row represents one loan in our data sample
- bureau.csv
- All client's previous credits provided by other financial institutions that were reported to Credit Bureau (for clients who have a loan in our sample).
- For every loan in our sample, there are as many rows as number of credits the client had in Credit Bureau before the application date.

問題四:我們可以回答什麼問題?問題:指標







分類問題, 預測各個客戶 ID 是否會還款‧以還款 機率 (0~1) 作為最終輸出,以 <u>Area Under the</u> <u>ROC curve (ROC)</u> 評估 [註1]

註1:在 AUROC, 0.5 代表隨機猜測, 越趨近於 1 則 代表模型預測力越好

ROC曲線 - 維基百科 undefined zh.wikipedia.org

### 資料的樣子是什麼?

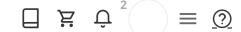
#### 我們有多少資料

- 多少個資料來源?資料的格式是什麼?資料之間關係是什麼?
- 資料欄位的意義?每一 row 的意義?
- 仔細閱讀 Kaggle 上提供的資料說明







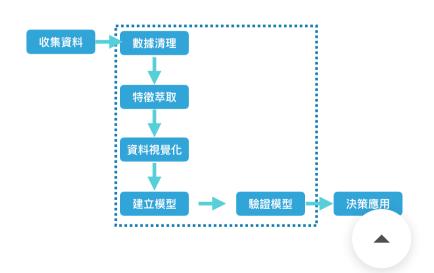


- Static data for all applications. One row represents one loan in our data sample
- bureau.csv
  - All client's previous credits provided by other financial institutions that were reported to Credit Bureau (for clients who have a loan in our sample).
- For every loan in our sample, there are as many rows as number of credits the client had in Credit Bureau before the application date.
- bureau\_balance.csv
  - o Monthly balances of previous credits in Credit Bureau.
- This table has one row for each month of history of every previous credit reported to Credit Bureau i.e the table has (#loans in sample \* # of relative previous credits \* # of months where we have some history observable for the previous credits) rows.
- POS\_CASH\_balance.csv
  - o Monthly balance snapshots of previous POS (point of sales) and cash loans that the applicant had with Home Credit.
  - This table has one row for each month of history of every previous credit in Home Credit (consumer credit and cash loans) related
    to loans in our sample i.e. the table has (#loans in sample \* # of relative previous credits \* # of months in which we have some
    history observable for the previous credits) rows.

#### 什麼是EDA?

- 初步透過**視覺化/統計工具**進行分析,達到 三個主要目的
- 1. **了解資料:**獲取資料所包含的資訊、結構和特點
- 2. **發現 outliers 或異常數值**:檢查資料是否 有誤
- 3. 分析各變數間的關聯性:找出重要的變數
- 從 EDA 的過程中觀察現象,檢查資料是否符合分析前的假設

#### 數據分析的流程



## 解題時間

EDA/讀取資料與分析流程 >

知識地圖 >

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房貸風險預測問題與説明 >

資料的樣子是什麼? >

什麼是EDA?



下一步:閱讀範例與完成作業



