

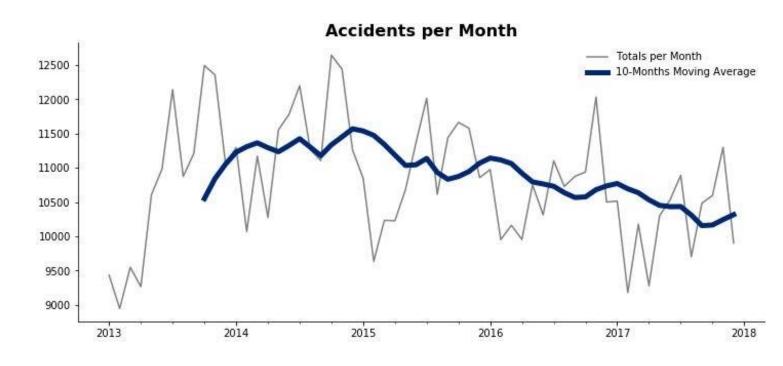
PROBLEM

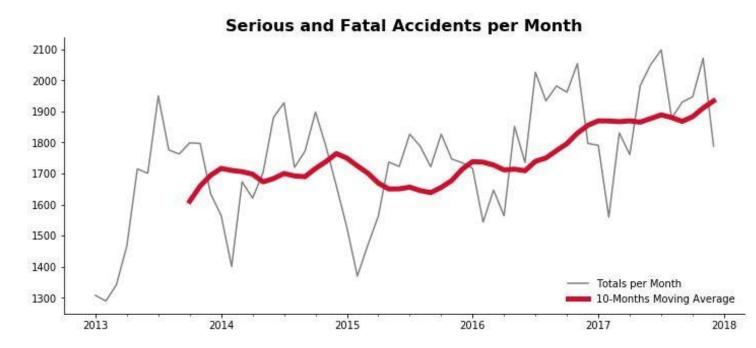
- Each year about 1.25 million people die in traffic accidents
- Hard to predict where these will occur, to take necessary action (e.g. avoiding these routes in routing software or for driverless cars)
- Also relevant for insurance companies and government



Accident trends

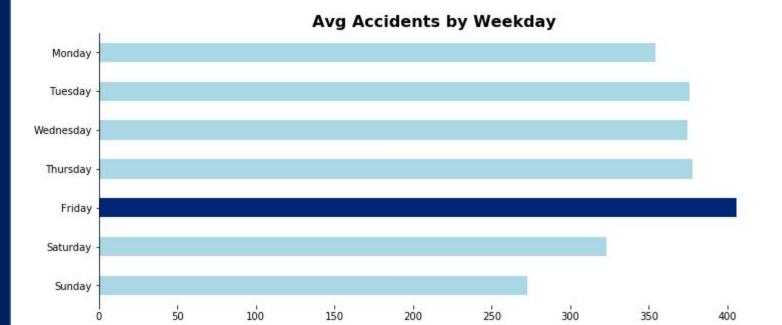
- Month: November & July
- Day: Friday
- Time: 4PM-6PM
- Age: 26-35 years old

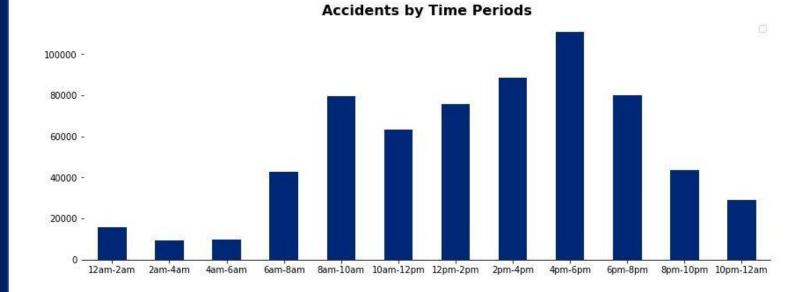




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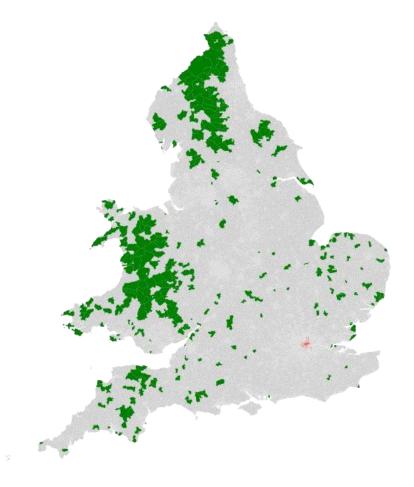
Accident hot-spots

Road traffic accidents in England and Wales, 2013-2017

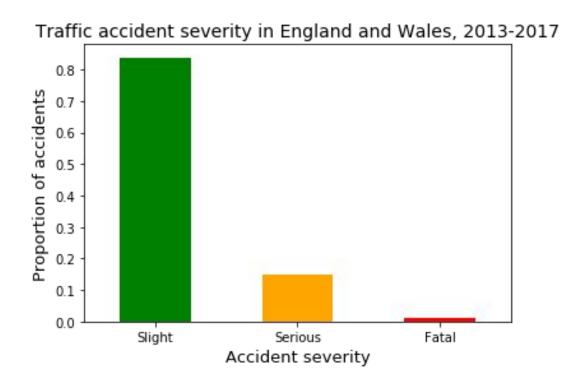
LSOAs in England and Wales with the highest (red) and lowest (green) density of traffic accidents 2013-2017

- Big cities have the most traffic accidents
- London contains 95% of the 300 worst areas of traffic accident density





Accident severity



Fatal accidents are more likely to be:

- On larger roads with higher speed limits
- On straight sections of road (not junctions)
- ❖ At night
- In rural areas

Methodology

- Three models only satellite images, only other data, and combined
- Combined model performed the best (80% accuracy), with opportunities for further improvement

Examples of traffic accident areas











Examples of areas without traffic accidents











Predicting the location of traffic accidents

- Predicting locations of serious or fatal accidents
- Able to predict the worst locations for traffic accidents with 82% accuracy





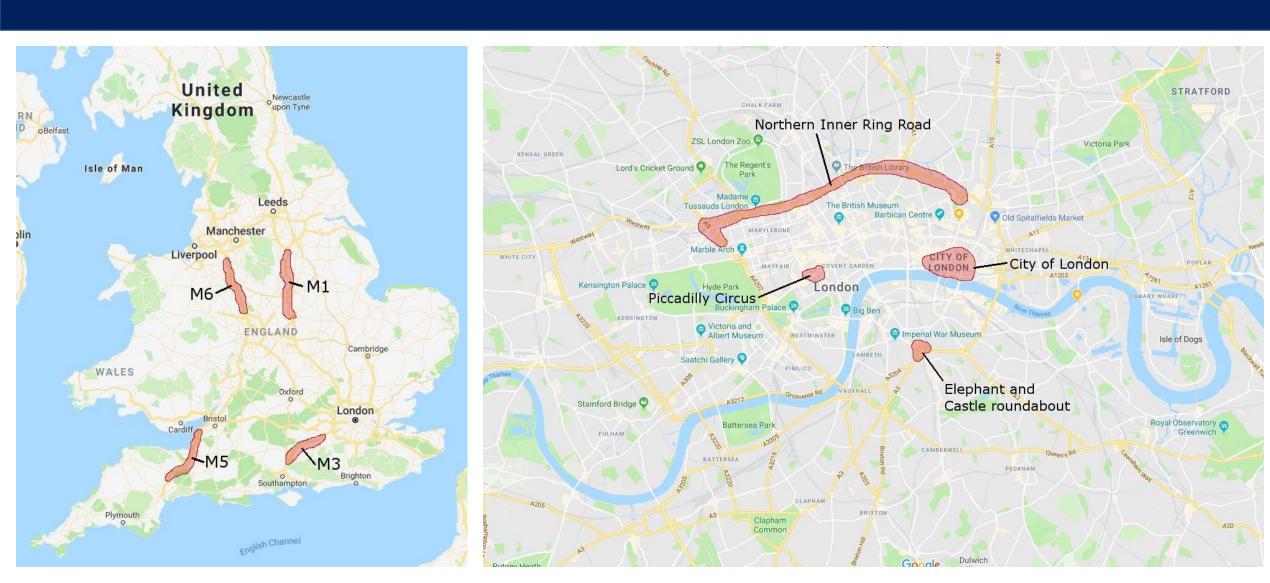


Rural

Urban



Rural and urban danger zones



Conclusions & future work

- Being able to predict the location of road traffic accidents could have many beneficial uses
- Promising results from combining satellite images and other data
- Future work could include:
 - Expanding to other cities and countries
 - Adding other data sources
 - Adding more images to learn from