

Aufgaben mit dem TreeEditor – Lösungen

2. Aufgaben für Binäre Suchbäume

- a) Mit *inorder*-Traversierung, damit die Wurzel zwischen den Teilbäumen steht:

```
private String toString(Node<K, E> n) {
    if (n != null)
        return "[" + toString(n.left) + n.key + toString(n.right) + "]";
    else return "";
}
```

- b) `public void remove(K key) { root = remove(root, key); }`

```
private Node<K, E> remove(Node<K, E> node, K key) {
    if (node != null) {
        int c = key.compareTo(node.getKey());
        if (c < 0) node.left = remove(node.getLeft(), key);
        else if (c > 0) node.right = remove(node.getRight(), key);
        else if (node.getRight() == null) { node = node.getLeft(); --nodeCount; }
        else if (node.getLeft() == null) { node = node.getRight(); --nodeCount; }
        else {
            Node<K, E> n = node.getRight(), p = null;
            while (n.getLeft() != null) { p = n; n = n.getLeft(); }
            if (p != null) {
                p.left = n.getRight(); n.left = node.getLeft(); n.right = node.getRight();
            } else {
                n.left = node.getLeft();
            }
            node = n;
            --nodeCount;
        }
    }
    return node;
}
```

3. Aufgaben für AVL-Bäume

- a) `private Node<K, E> rotateR(Node<K, E> n) {`
`Node<K, E> n1 = n.left;`
`n.left = n1.right;`
`n1.right = n;`
`return n1;`
`}`

```
private Node<K, E> rotateL(Node<K, E> n) {
    Node<K, E> n1 = n.right;
    n.right = n1.left;
    n1.left = n;
    return n1;
}
```

- b) `private Node<K, E> rotateLR(Node<K, E> n) {`
`n.left = rotateL(n.left);`
`return rotateR(n);`
`}`

```
public String toString() {
    if (root != null) return toString(root);
    else return "[]";
}
```

```

c) private Node<K, E> insert(Node<K, E> p, K key, E element) {
    if (p == null) {
        nodeCount++;
        return new Node<K, E>(key, element);
    } else {
        int c = key.compareTo(p.key);
        if (c < 0) {
            p.left = insert(p.left, key, element);
            if (height(p.right) - height(p.left) == -2) {
                if (height(p.left.left) < height(p.left.right)) p = rotateLR(p);
                else p = rotateR(p);
            }
        } else if (c > 0) {
            p.right = insert(p.right, key, element);
            if (height(p.right) - height(p.left) == 2) {
                if (height(p.right.right) < height(p.right.left)) p = rotateRL(p);
                else p = rotateL(p);
            }
        } else p.element = element;
        return p;
    }
}

d) private Node<K, E> remove(Node<K, E> node, K key) {
    if (node != null) {
        int c = key.compareTo(node.key);
        if (c < 0) node.left = remove(node.left, key);
        else if (c > 0) node.right = remove(node.right, key);
        else if (node.right == null) { node = node.left; nodeCount--; }
        else if (node.left == null) { node = node.right; nodeCount--; }
        else {
            Node<K, E> n1 = node.right;
            while (n1.left != null) {
                n1 = n1.left;
            }
            n1.right = remove(node.right, n1.key);
            n1.left = node.left;
            node = n1;
        }
    }
    if (node != null) {
        if (height(node.right) - height(node.left) == -2) {
            if (height(node.left.left) < height(node.left.right))
                node = rotateLR(node);
            else
                node = rotateR(node);
        }
        if (height(node.right) - height(node.left) == 2) {
            if (height(node.right.right) < height(node.right.left))
                node = rotateRL(node);
            else
                node = rotateL(node);
        }
    }
    return node;
}

```