CS2263 Lab 3 Stephen Cole 3553803

Exercise Zero

```
[scole4@gaea lab3]$ git clone https://vcs.cs.unb.ca/git/cs2263-scoleCloning into 'cs2263-scole4'...
Username for 'https://vcs.cs.unb.ca': scoleAPassword for 'https://scole4@vcs.cs.unb.ca': warning: You appear to have cloned an empty repository.
[scole4@gaea lab3]$ ls
cs2263-scole4
[scole4@gaea lab3]$ cd cs2263-scole4/
```

Exercise One

```
arithmetic.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main (int argc ,char * * argv)
 int arr1[] = \{7, 2, 5, 3, 1, 6, -8, 16, 4\};
 char arr2[] = \{'m', 'q', 'k', 'z', '%', '>'\};
 double arr3[] = \{3.14, -2.718, 6.626, 0.529\};
 int len1 = sizeof(arr1) / sizeof(int);
 int len2 = sizeof(arr2) / sizeof(char);
 int len3 = sizeof(arr3) / sizeof(double);
 printf("lengths = \%d, \%d, \%d\n", len1, len2, len3);
 int * iptr = arr1;
 char * cptr = arr2;
 double * dptr = arr3;
 printf("values = %p, %p, %p\n", iptr, cptr, dptr);
 iptr ++;
 cptr ++;
 dptr ++;
 printf("values = %p, %p, %p\n", iptr, cptr, dptr);
```

```
iptr ++;
cptr ++;
dptr ++;
printf("values = %p, %p, %p\n", iptr, cptr, dptr);
iptr ++;
cptr ++;
dptr ++;
printf("values = %p, %p, %p\n", iptr, cptr, dptr);
return EXIT_SUCCESS;
}
```

```
[scole4@gaea cs2263-scole4]$ gcc -o test -Wall arithmetic1.c
[scole4@gaea cs2263-scole4]$ ./test
lengths = 9, 6, 4
values = 0x7ffddc41ae20, 0x7ffddc41ae10, 0x7ffddc41adf0
values = 0x7ffddc41ae24, 0x7ffddc41ae11, 0x7ffddc41adf8
values = 0x7ffddc41ae28, 0x7ffddc41ae12, 0x7ffddc41ae00
values = 0x7ffddc41ae2c, 0x7ffddc41ae13, 0x7ffddc41ae08
```

Are the pointer variables incremented correctly? Show your calculations based on the memory addresses printed by your program.

```
Yes, they are. Integer size = 4 Bytes, Character = 1 Byte and Double = 8 Byte. iptr: 0x7ffddc41ae20 + 4 = 0x7ffddc41ae24 + 4 = 0x7ffddc41ae28 cptr: 0x7ffddc41ae10 + 1 = 0x7ffddc41ae11 + 1 = 0x7ffddc41ae12 dptr: 0x7ffddc41adf0 + 8 = 0x7ffddc41adf8 + 8 = 0x7ffddc41ae00
```

Are the increments for different pointers the same? Explain why.

The increments for pointers differ based on their data type. Integer size = 4 Bytes, Character = 1 Byte and Double = 8 Byte. Based on the type of the array they will increment by the size of the data type they contain.

```
Exercise Two
loopbyaddress.c
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
int main(void)
       int~arr[] = \{10,\,11,\,12,\,13,\,14,\,15,\,16\};
       int size = 7;
       int* anchor = &arr[0];
       int i;
       int* next = anchor;
       int loops = 0;
       for(i=0; i<=size; i++)
       {
               if(loops == 2)
                       break;
               else if(i == size)
                       next = anchor;
                       i=-1;
                       loops++;
                       continue;
               }
               printf("%d %d %p %d\n", i, *next, next, *next);
               next++;
       return 0;
}
```

```
[scole4@gaea cs2263-scole4]$ ./test
0 10 0x7fff2b2b8650 10
1 11 0x7fff2b2b8654 11
2 12 0x7fff2b2b8658 12
3 13 0x7fff2b2b865c 13
4 14 0x7fff2b2b8660 14
5 15 0x7fff2b2b8664 15
6 16 0x7fff2b2b8658 16
0 10 0x7fff2b2b8654 11
2 12 0x7fff2b2b8658 12
3 13 0x7fff2b2b8655 13
4 14 0x7fff2b2b8656 14
5 15 0x7fff2b2b8660 14
5 15 0x7fff2b2b8660 14
5 15 0x7fff2b2b8660 14
6 16 0x7fff2b2b8668 16
```

Push for Exercise One and Exercise Two

```
[scole4@gaea cs2263-scole4]$ git status
# On branch master
# Initial commit
# Untracked files:
    (use "git add <file>..." to include in what will be committed)
#
        arithmetic1.c
#
        loopbyaddress.c
nothing added to commit but untracked files present (use "git add"
[scole4@gaea cs2263-scole4]$ git add .
[scole4@gaea cs2263-scole4]$ git commit -m "lab3"
[master (root-commit) 9a69f34] lab3
 2 files changed, 64 insertions(+)
 create mode 100644 arithmetic1.c
 create mode 100644 loopbyaddress.c
[scole4@gaea cs2263-scole4]$ git push origin master
Username for 'https://vcs.cs.unb.ca': scole4
Password for 'https://scole4@vcs.cs.unb.ca':
Counting objects: 4, done.
Delta compression using up to 2 threads.
Compressing objects: 100% (4/4), done.
Writing objects: 100% (4/4), 819 bytes | 0 bytes/s, done.
Total 4 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0)
To https://vcs.cs.unb.ca/git/cs2263-scole4
 * [new branch]
                 master -> master
```

Exercise Three

```
arrindex.c
```

```
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
int main(void)
       int arr[] = \{10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16\};
       for (i=0; i < sizeof(arr)/sizeof(arr[0]); i++)
              printf("%d %d \n", i, arrindex( &arr[0], &arr[i]));
}
int arrindex(int * p1, int * p2)
       int* address = p2;
       int i;
       for(i=0; address \ge p1; i++)
              if(address == p1)
                      return i;
              address--;
       return 0;
}
[scole4@gaea cs2263-scole4]$ ./test
0
    0
     1
     3
3
     4
Exercise Four
wrongindex.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
int main(int argc, char * * argv)
{
       int x = -2;
```

```
int arr[] = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\};
     int y = 15;
     printf("& x = \%p, & y = \%p\n", & x, & y);
     printf("& arr[0] = \%p, & arr[4] = \%p\n", & arr[0],
     & arr[4]);
     printf("x = %d, y = %d n", x, y);
     arr[-1] = 7;
     arr[5] = -23;
     printf("x = %d, y = %d n", x, y);
     arr[6] = 108;
     printf("x = %d, y = %d n", x, y);
     arr[7] = -353;
     printf("x = %d, y = %d n", x, y);
     printf("x %p, y %p\n", &x, &y);
     int i;
     for(i=-1; i<7; i++)
          printf("Index %d: %p\n", i, &arr[i]);
     return EXIT SUCCESS;
[scole4@gaea cs2263-scole4]$ ./test
           = 0x7ffd2fad6878, & y = 0x7ffd2fad685c
& x
& arr[0] = 0x7ffd2fad6860, & arr[4] = 0x7ffd2fad6870
x = -2, y = 15
x = -2, y = 7
x = 108, y = 7
x = 108, y = 7
x 0x7ffd2fad6878, y 0x7ffd2fad685c
Index -1: 0x7ffd2fad685c
Index 0: 0x7ffd2fad6860
Index 1: 0x7ffd2fad6864
Index 2: 0x7ffd2fad6868
Index 3: 0x7ffd2fad686c
Index 4: 0x7ffd2fad6870
Index 5: 0x7ffd2fad6874
Index 6: 0x7ffd2fad6878
```

The results from the textbook are different because the array is indexed in a slightly different location. In my example the location of arr[-1] == y; therefore, y is set to the value intended for arr[-1] and the same for the address of arr[6] and x.

Push for Exercise Three and Four

```
[scole4@gaea cs2263-scole4]$ git push origin master
Username for 'https://vcs.cs.unb.ca': scole4
Password for 'https://scole4@vcs.cs.unb.ca':
Counting objects: 4, done.
Delta compression using up to 2 threads.
Compressing objects: 100% (3/3), done.
Writing objects: 100% (3/3), 502 bytes | 0 bytes/s, done.
Total 3 (delta 1), reused 0 (delta 0)
To https://vcs.cs.unb.ca/git/cs2263-scole4
614de5d..a1919ee master -> master
```

Exercise Five

```
[scole4@gaea cs2263-scole4]$ ls
arithmetic1.c arrindex.c loopbyaddress.c test wrongindex.c wro
[scole4@gaea cs2263-scole4]$ rm test
[scole4@gaea cs2263-scole4]$ ls
arithmetic1.c arrindex.c loopbyaddress.c wrongindex.c wronginde
[scole4@gaea cs2263-scole4]$ git checkout test
[scole4@gaea cs2263-scole4]$ ls
arithmetic1.c arrindex.c loopbyaddress.c test wrongindex.c wro
```