Invalid Message Channel

Exercise Notes

Introduction

- In this exercise you will create a Invalid Message Channel
- RMQ calls this a Dead Letter Exchange
 - The problem with this moniker is that it is used for messages you have already received
 - This is an invalid message channel
 - And the reason to use it is that the type was not expected, or as-expected
- RMQ handles failure to route via an Alternate Exchange
 - We don't cover setting one of those up here as it is usually a policy action

Notes

- As we are declaring everything in both consumer and producer we need to declare in both locations
 - We only show one in this deck as it is the same
 - You still need to implement both
- We use the expedient of deliberately sending the wrong message
 - This is used to force an error you can see in the Dead Letter Queue
 - It is representative however of versioning errors which we discuss in part 2
- You will need to use the Management Web Page to view the results
 - As we don't have a client of the dead letter queue

C#

```
public DataTypeChannelConsumer(Func<string, T> messageDeserializer, string hostName = "localhost")
   _messageDeserializer = messageDeserializer;
   //just use defaults: usr: guest pwd: guest port:5672 virtual host: /
   var factory = new ConnectionFactory() { HostName = hostName };
   factory.AutomaticRecoveryEnabled = true;
   _connection = factory.CreateConnection();
   _channel = _connection.CreateModel();
    /* We choose to base the key off the type name, because we want tp publish to folks interested in this type
     We name the queue after that routing key as we are point-to-point and only expect one queue to receive
                                                       When we create our queue
    this type of message */
   var routingKey :string = "Invalid-Message-Channe/L." +
                                                           we pass it in the dead
                                                                                                        To route to our DLQ we have to
   _queueName = routingKey;
                                                           letter exchange name
                                                                                                              send in the routing key
   var invalidRoutingKey :string = "invalid." /+ routingKey;
   var invalidMessageQueueName :string = invalidRoutingKey;
   _channel.ExchangeDeclare(ExchangeName, ExchangeType.Direct, durable: false);
   var arguments = new Dictionary<string, object>()
       {"x-dead-letter-exchange", InvalidMessageExchangeName}
       {"x-dead-letter-routing-key", invalidRoutingKey}
   _channel.QueueDeclare(queue: _queueName, durable: false, exclusive: false, autoDelete: false, arguments: arguments);
   _channel.QueueBind(queue:_queueName, exchange: ExchangeName, routingKey);
   //declare a queue for invalid messages off an invalid message exchange
   //messages that we nack without requeue will go here
   _channel.ExchangeDeclare(InvalidMessageExchangeName, ExchangeType.Direct, durable: true);
   _channel.QueueDeclare(queue: invalidMessageQueueName, durable: true, exclusive: false, autoDelete: false);
   _channel.QueueBind(queue: invalidMessageQueueName, exchange: InvalidMessageExchangeName, routingKey: invalidRoutingKey);
```

We create the DLQ

We can

create the

dead letter

exchange

after we

identify it

when

creating the

aueue

We bind the DLQ

Python

```
def __enter__(self) -> 'Consumer':
   We use a context manager as resources like connections need to be closed
   We return self as the channel is also the send/receive point in this point-to-point scenario
   We establish an exchange to use for invalid messages (RMQ confusingly calls this dead-letter) and a routing key
   to use when we reject messages to this queue, so that we can create a subscribing queue on th
   up the invalid messages.
                                                                                                  To route to our DLQ we have to
    :return: the point-to-point channel
                                                                                                      send in the routing key
    0.01
   self._connection = pika.BlockingConnection(parameters=self._connection_parameters)
   self._channel = self._connection.channel()
                                                                                                                              We can
                                                                                                auto_delete=False
                                                              When we create our queue
   self._channel.exchange_declare(exchange=exchange_name, exch
                                                                                                                            create the
                                                                 we pass it in the dead
                                                                                                                            dead letter
   invalid_routing_key = 'invalid.' + self._routing_key
                                                                  letter exchange name
   invalid_queue_name = invalid_routing_key
                                                                                                                             exchange
                                                                                                                             after we
   args = {'x-dead-letter-exchange': invalid_message_exchange_name, 'x-dead-letter-routing-key': invalid_routing_key}
                                                                                                                             identify it
   self._channel.queue_declare(queue=self._queue_name, durable=False, exclusive=False, auto_delete=False, arguments=args)
                                                                                                                               when
    self._channel.queue_bind(exchange=exchange_name, routing_key=self._routing_key, queue=self._queue_name)
                                                                                                                           creating the
                                                                                                                              queue
    self._channel.exchange_declare(exchange=invalid_message_exchange_name, exchange_type='direct', durable=True, auto_delete
    self._channel.queue_declare(queue=invalid_queue_name, durable=True, exclusive=False, auto_delete=False)
    self._channel.queue_bind(exchange=invalid_message_exchange_name, routing_key=invalid_routing_key
                                                                                                            We create the DLQ
    return self
```

We bind the DLQ

JavaScript

```
//we don't usually use this for point-to-point which can be the default exchange
channel.assertExchange(exchangeName, 'direct', {durable:true}, function (err, ok) {
   if (err){
       console.error("AMQP", err.message);
        throw err;
});
let invalidQueueName = "invalid." + me.queueName;
channel.assertQueue(me.queueName, {durable:false, exclusive:false, deadLetterExchange:invalidMessageExchangeName, deadLetterRoutingKey:invalidQueueName }, function(err,ok){
   if (<u>err</u>){
        console.error("AMQP", err.message);
});
channel.bindQueue(me.queueName, exchangeName, me.queueName, {}, function(err, ok){
   if (err){
        console.error("AMQP", err.message);
        throw err;
   else{
        cb(channel);
});
channel.assertExchange(invalidMessageExchangeName, 'direct', {durable:true}, function(err, oki){
   if (err){
        console.error("AMQP", err.message);
        throw err;
});
channel.assertQueue(invalidQueueName, {durable:true, exclusive:false, autoDelete:false}, function(err,ok){
   if (err){
        console.error("AMQP". err.message);
        throw err;
});
channel.bindQueue(invalidQueueName, invalidMessageExchangeName, invalidQueueName, {}, function(err, ok){
   if (err){
        console.error("AMQP", err.message);
});
```

When we create our queue we pass it in the dead letter exchange name

To route to our DLQ we have to send in the routing key

We can create the dead letter exchange after we identify it when creating the queue

We create the DLQ

We bind the DLQ

Java

```
public DataTypeChannelConsumer(Function<String, T> messageDeserializer, String routingKey, String hostName) throws IOException, TimeoutException
   this.messageDeserializer = messageDeserializer;
   ConnectionFactory factory = new ConnectionFactory();
   factory.setHost(hostName);
   factory.setAutomaticRecoveryEnabled(true);
   connection = factory.newConnection();
   channel = connection.createChannel();
                                                             When we create our queue
                                                                we pass it in the dead
                                                                                                        To route to our DLQ we have to
   queueName = routingKey;
                                                                letter exchange name
   var invalidRoutingKey = "invalid" + routingKey;
                                                                                                             send in the routing key
   var invalidMessageQueueName = invalidRoutingKey;
   channel.exchangeDeclare(EXCHANGE_NAME, BuiltinExchangeType.DIRECT, b: false);
                                                                                                                                       We can
                                                                                                                                     create the
   var arguments = new HashMap<String, Object>();
   arguments.put("x-dead-letter-exchange", INVALID_EXCHANGE_NAME);
                                                                                                                                    dead letter
   arguments.put("x-dead-letter-routing-key", invalidRoutingKey);
                                                                                                                                     exchange
                                                                                                                                      after we
   channel.queueDeclare(queueName, b: false, b1: false, b2: false, arguments);
   channel.queueBind(queueName, EXCHANGE_NAME, routingKey);
                                                                                                                                     identify it
                                                                                                                                        when
   channel.exchangeDeclare(INVALID_EXCHANGE_NAME, BuiltinExchangeType.DIRECT, b: false);
                                                                                                                                    creating the
   channel.queueDeclare(invalidMessageQueueName, b: false, b1: false, b2: false, map: null);
   channel.queueBind(invalidMessageQueueName, INVALID_EXCHANGE_NAME, invalidRoutingKey);
                                                                                                                                       aueue
```

We bind the DLQ

We create the DLQ

Go

```
When we create our queue
                                                         err = ch.QueueDeclare(
                                                           qName, // name
                                                                                                                         we pass it in the dead
                                                           durable: false, // durable
                                                                                                                         letter exchange name
//We don't need a second exchange, but it's one option
                                                           autoDelete: false, // delete when unused
err = ch.ExchangeDeclare(
                                                           exclusive: false, // exclusive
   invalid_exchange, // name
                                                           noWait: false, // no-wαit
    kind: "direct",
                         // type
                                                           amqp.Table{"x-dead-letter-exchange": invalid_exchange, "x-dead-letter-routing-key": invalid_routing_key},
    durable: false,
                            // durable
    autoDelete: false.
                               / auto-deleted
                                                      failOnError(err, msg: "Failed to declare a queue", channe
    internal: false.
                            // internal
                           // no-wait
    noWait: false,
                                                                                                                    To route to our DLQ we have to
                         // arguments
    args: nil.
                                                                                                                         send in the routing key
failOnError(err, msg: "Failed to declare a invalid message exchange", channel)
_, err = ch.QueueDeclare(
   invalid_routing_key, \( \times name
                                                                                                       We can create the dead
    durable: true,
                               // durable
                                   delete when unused
    autoDelete: false.
                                                                                                       letter exchange after we
    exclusive: false.
                                // exclusive
                                                                                                       identify it when creating
    noWait: false,
                              // no-wait
                            //arguments
    args: nil,
                                                                                                                the queue
failOnError(err, msg: "Failed to declare a queue", channel)
err = ch.QueueBind(
   invalid_routing_key, // queue name
   invalid_routing_key, // routing key
   invalid_exchange,
                     // exchange
                                                                                                   We create the DLQ
    noWait: false,
                                We bind the DLQ
    args: nil)
failOnError(err, msg: "Failed to bind a queue", channel)
```