

[03-60-231] Assignment 2

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1 Question 2.1

1.1 Part c

Evaluate $(\forall x)(\exists y)(P(x) \Rightarrow Q(x, y))$

1. Let $x = 1$. We obtain $(\exists y)(P(1) \Rightarrow Q(1, y))$
 - (a) Let $y = 2$. Then $P(1) \equiv T$ and $Q(1, 2) \equiv T$
 - (b) Therefore $(\exists y)(P(1) \Rightarrow Q(1, y))$ is evaluated to true.
2. Let $x = 2$. We obtain $(\exists y)(P(2) \Rightarrow Q(2, y))$
 - (a) Since $P(2) \equiv F$
 - (b) $\therefore (\exists y)(P(2) \Rightarrow Q(2, y))$ is evaluated to true.
3. $\therefore (\forall x)(\exists y)(P(x) \Rightarrow Q(x, y))$ is evaluated to true.

1.2 Part i

Evaluate $(\exists x)(\exists y)(Q(x, a) \Rightarrow Q(b, y))$

1. Let $x = 1$. We obtain $(\exists y)(Q(1, a) \Rightarrow Q(b, y))$
 - (a) Let $y = 2$. We obtain $(Q(1, a) \Rightarrow Q(b, 2))$
 - i. Since $Q(1, a) \equiv Q(1, 2) \equiv T \equiv Q(b, 2) \equiv Q(1, 2)$
 - ii. $\therefore Q(1, 2) \Rightarrow Q(1, 2)$ is evaluated to true.
 - (b) $\therefore (\exists y)(Q(1, a) \Rightarrow Q(b, y))$ is evaluated to true.
2. $\therefore (\exists x)(\exists y)(Q(x, a) \Rightarrow Q(b, y))$ is evaluated to true.

2 Question 2.2

2.1 Part c

Prove $((\forall x)\alpha(x) \vee (\forall x)\beta(x)) \Rightarrow (\forall x)(\alpha(x) \vee \beta(x))$

Solution: (indirect proof)

- | | |
|---|------------|
| 1. $\neg((\forall x)(\alpha(x) \vee \beta(x)))$ | Hypothesis |
| 2. $(\exists x)\neg(\alpha(x) \vee \beta(x))$ | 1, FE7 |
| 3. $(\exists x)(\neg\alpha(x) \wedge \neg\beta(x))$ | 2, E17 |

2.2 Part d

4. $\neg\alpha(c) \wedge \neg\beta(c)$	3, EI, c is a constant
5. $\neg\alpha(c)$	4, I2
6. $\neg\beta(c) \wedge \neg\alpha(c)$	4, E9
7. $\neg\beta(c)$	6, I2
8. $(\exists x)\neg\alpha(x)$	5, EQ
9. $(\exists x)\neg\beta(x)$	7, EQ
10. $(\exists x)\neg\alpha(x) \wedge (\exists x)\neg\beta(x)$	8, 9, I6
11. $\neg(\forall x)\alpha(x) \wedge (\exists x)\neg\beta(x)$	10, FE7
12. $\neg(\forall x)\alpha(x) \wedge \neg(\forall x)\beta(x)$	11, FE7
13. $\neg((\forall x)\alpha(x) \vee (\forall x)\beta(x))$	12, E17
$\therefore \neg((\forall x)(\alpha(x) \vee \beta(x))) \Rightarrow \neg((\forall x)\alpha(x) \vee (\forall x)\beta(x))$	
$\therefore ((\forall x)\alpha(x) \vee (\forall x)\beta(x)) \Rightarrow (\forall x)(\alpha(x) \vee \beta(x))$	□

2.2 Part d

Prove $(\forall x)(\alpha(x) \Rightarrow \beta(x)) \Rightarrow ((\forall x)\neg\beta(x) \Rightarrow (\forall x)\neg\alpha(x))$
Solution: (indirect proof)

1. $\neg((\forall x)\neg\beta(x) \Rightarrow (\forall x)\neg\alpha(x))$	Hypothesis
2. $\neg(\neg((\forall x)\neg\beta(x)) \vee (\forall x)\neg\alpha(x))$	1, E18
3. $\neg\neg(\forall x)\neg\beta(x) \wedge \neg(\forall x)\neg\alpha(x)$	2, E17
4. $(\forall x)\neg\beta(x) \wedge \neg(\forall x)\neg\alpha(x)$	3, E15
5. $(\forall x)\neg\beta(x)$	4, I2
6. $\neg(\forall x)\neg\alpha(x) \wedge (\forall x)\neg\beta(x)$	4, E9
7. $\neg(\forall x)\neg\alpha(x)$	6, I2
8. $(\exists x)\neg\neg\alpha(x)$	7, FE7
9. $\neg\neg\alpha(c)$	8, EI
10. $\neg\beta(c)$	5, UI
11. $\neg\neg\alpha(c) \wedge \neg\beta(c)$	9, 10, I6
12. $(\exists x)(\neg\neg\alpha(x) \wedge \neg\beta(x))$	11, EQ
13. $(\exists x)\neg(\neg\alpha(x) \vee \beta(x))$	12, E17
14. $\neg((\forall x)(\neg\alpha(x) \vee \beta(x)))$	13, FE7
15. $\neg((\forall x)(\alpha(x) \Rightarrow \beta(x)))$	14, E18
$\therefore \neg((\forall x)\neg\beta(x) \Rightarrow (\forall x)\neg\alpha(x)) \Rightarrow \neg((\forall x)(\alpha(x) \Rightarrow \beta(x)))$	
$\therefore (\forall x)(\alpha(x) \Rightarrow \beta(x)) \Rightarrow (\forall x)\neg\beta(x) \Rightarrow (\forall x)\neg\alpha(x)$	□

3 Question 2.3

3.1 Part d

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{P1: } (\exists x)(P(x) \wedge (\forall y)((R(y) \wedge S(x, y)) \Rightarrow Z(x, y))) \\ \text{P2: } (\forall x)(P(x) \Rightarrow (\exists y)(R(y) \wedge \neg U(x, y) \wedge T(x, y))) \\ \text{P3: } (\forall x)(\forall y)((P(x) \wedge R(y) \wedge T(x, y)) \Rightarrow S(x, y)) \\ \hline \text{C: } (\exists x)(\exists y)(P(x) \wedge R(x) \wedge Z(x, y) \wedge \neg U(x, y)) \end{array}$$

Prove: $((P1 \wedge P2 \wedge P3) \Rightarrow C)$

Solution: (direct proof)

1. $(\exists x)(P(x) \wedge (\forall y)((R(y) \wedge S(x, y)) \Rightarrow Z(x, y)))$	Hypothesis from P1
2. $(\forall x)(P(x) \Rightarrow (\exists y)(R(y) \wedge \neg U(x, y) \wedge T(x, y)))$	Hypothesis from P2
3. $(\forall x)(\forall y)((P(x) \wedge R(y) \wedge T(x, y)) \Rightarrow S(x, y))$	Hypothesis from P3
4. $P(c) \wedge (\forall y)((R(y) \wedge S(c, y)) \Rightarrow Z(c, y))$	1, EI, c is a constant
5. $P(c)$	4, I2
6. $(\exists y)(R(y) \wedge \neg U(c, y) \wedge T(c, y))$	5, 2, I3
7. $R(k) \wedge \neg U(c, k) \wedge T(c, k)$	6, EI, k is a constant
8. $R(k) \wedge \neg U(c, k)$	7, I2
9. $R(k)$	8, I2
10. $\neg U(c, k) \wedge R(k)$	9, E9
11. $\neg U(c, k)$	10, I2
12. $T(c, k) \wedge (R(k) \wedge \neg U(c, k))$	7, E9
13. $T(c, k)$	12, I2
14. $P(c) \wedge R(k)$	5, 9, I6
15. $P(c) \wedge R(k) \wedge T(c, k)$	14, 13, I6
16. $S(c, k)$	15, 3, I3
17. $(\forall y)((R(y) \wedge S(c, y)) \Rightarrow Z(c, y)) \wedge P(c)$	4, E9
18. $(\forall y)((R(y) \wedge S(c, y)) \Rightarrow Z(c, y))$	17, I2
19. $(R(k) \wedge S(c, k)) \Rightarrow Z(c, k)$	18, UI
20. $R(k) \wedge S(c, k)$	9, 16, I6
21. $Z(c, k)$	20, 19, I3
22. $P(c) \wedge R(k) \wedge Z(c, k)$	14, 21, I6
23. $P(c) \wedge R(k) \wedge Z(c, k) \wedge \neg U(c, k)$	22, 11, I6
24. $(\exists y)(P(c) \wedge R(y) \wedge Z(c, y) \wedge \neg U(c, y))$	23, EQ
25. $(\exists x)(\exists y)(P(x) \wedge R(y) \wedge Z(x, y) \wedge \neg U(x, y))$	24, EQ
$\therefore ((P1 \wedge P2 \wedge P3) \Rightarrow C)$	\square

4 Question 2.4

4.1 Part f

The universe of discourse are poems.

Let $I(x)$ denote an interesting poem.

Let $M(x)$ denote a modern poem.

Let $F(x)$ denote a poem written by me.

Let $S(x)$ denote a poem written about a soap bubble.

Let $R(x)$ denote a poem that is popular with people of real taste.

Let $A(x)$ denote a poem that is affected.

$$P1: \neg(\exists x)(I(x) \wedge \neg R(x))$$

$$P2: \neg(\exists x)(M(x) \wedge \neg B(x))$$

$$P3: (\forall x)(F(x) \Rightarrow S(x))$$

$$P4: \neg(\exists x)(B(x) \wedge R(x))$$

$$P5: \neg(\exists x)(\neg M(x) \wedge S(x))$$

$$C: (\forall x)(F(x) \Rightarrow \neg I(x))$$

Prove $((P1 \wedge P2 \wedge P3 \wedge P4 \wedge P5) \Rightarrow C)$

Solution: (direct proof)

- | | |
|---|--------------------|
| 1. $\neg(\exists x)(I(x) \wedge \neg R(x))$ | Hypothesis from P1 |
| 2. $\neg(\exists x)(M(x) \wedge \neg B(x))$ | Hypothesis from P2 |
| 3. $(\forall x)(F(x) \Rightarrow S(x))$ | Hypothesis from P3 |
| 4. $\neg(\exists x)(B(x) \wedge R(x))$ | Hypothesis from P4 |
| 5. $\neg(\exists x)(\neg M(x) \wedge S(x))$ | Hypothesis from P5 |
| 6. $(\forall x)\neg(I(x) \wedge \neg R(x))$ | 1, FE8 |
| 7. $(\forall x)(\neg I(x) \vee \neg\neg R(x))$ | 6, E16 |
| 8. $(\forall x)(\neg\neg R(x) \vee \neg I(x))$ | 7, E10 |
| 9. $(\forall x)(\neg R(x) \Rightarrow \neg I(x))$ | 8, E18 |
| 10. $\neg R(x) \Rightarrow \neg I(x)$ | 9, UI |
| 11. $(\forall x)\neg(\neg M(x) \wedge S(x))$ | 5, FE8 |
| 12. $(\forall x)(\neg\neg M(x) \vee \neg S(x))$ | 11, E16 |
| 13. $(\forall x)(\neg S(x) \vee \neg\neg M(x))$ | 12, E10 |
| 14. $(\forall x)(\neg S(x) \vee M(x))$ | 13, E15 |
| 15. $(\forall x)(S(x) \Rightarrow M(x))$ | 14, E18 |
| 16. $S(x) \Rightarrow M(x)$ | 15, UI |
| 17. $(\forall x)\neg(M(x) \wedge \neg B(x))$ | 2, FE8 |
| 18. $(\forall x)(\neg M(x) \vee \neg\neg B(x))$ | 17, E16 |
| 19. $(\forall x)(\neg M(x) \vee B(x))$ | 18, E15 |
| 20. $(\forall x)(M(x) \Rightarrow B(x))$ | 19, E18 |
| 21. $M(x) \Rightarrow B(x)$ | 20, UI |

4.1 Part f

22. $(\forall x)\neg(B(x) \wedge R(x))$	4, FE8
23. $(\forall x)(\neg B(x) \vee \neg R(x))$	22, E16
24. $(\forall x)(B(x) \Rightarrow \neg R(x))$	23, E18
25. $B(x) \Rightarrow \neg R(x)$	24, UI
26. $S(x) \Rightarrow B(x)$	16, 21, I5
27. $S(x) \Rightarrow \neg R(x)$	26, 25, I5
28. $S(x) \Rightarrow \neg I(x)$	27, 10, I5
29. $F(x) \Rightarrow \neg I(x)$	3, 28, I5
$\therefore ((P1 \wedge P2 \wedge P3 \wedge P4 \wedge P5) \Rightarrow C)$	\square