**10** An astronaut of mass m in a spacecraft experiences a gravitational force F = mg when stationary on the launchpad.

What is the gravitational force on the astronaut when the spacecraft is launched vertically upwards with an acceleration of  $0.2\,g$ ?

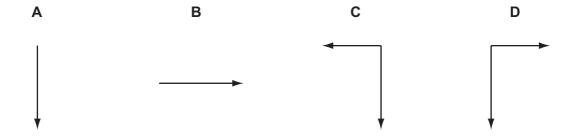
- **A** 1.2 mg
- **B** mg
- **C** 0.8 mg
- 0
- **11** A beam of  $\alpha$ -particles collides with a lead sheet. Each  $\alpha$ -particle in the beam has a mass of  $6.6 \times 10^{-27}$  kg and a speed of  $1.5 \times 10^7$  m s<sup>-1</sup>.

 $5.0 \times 10^4~\alpha$ -particles per second collide with an area of  $1.0\,\mathrm{cm}^2$  of lead. Almost all of the  $\alpha$ -particles are absorbed by the lead so that they have zero speed after collision.

What is an estimate of the average pressure exerted on the lead by the  $\alpha$ -particles?

- **A**  $5.0 \times 10^{-15} \text{ Pa}$
- **B**  $5.0 \times 10^{-13} \text{ Pa}$
- **C**  $5.0 \times 10^{-11} \text{ Pa}$
- **D**  $5.0 \times 10^{-9} \text{ Pa}$
- **12** An object in air is thrown upwards and towards the left.

Which diagram shows the force(s) acting on the body when it is at its highest point?



Space for working