9 The equation of a curve is $y = x^3 + px^2$, where p is a positive constant.

(i) Show that the origin is a stationary point on the curve and find the coordinates of the other stationary point in terms of p. [4]

(ii) Find the nature of each of the stationary points. [3]

Another curve has equation $y = x^3 + px^2 + px$.

(iii) Find the set of values of p for which this curve has no stationary points. [3]