9 A curve is such that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{4}{\sqrt{(6-2x)}}$, and P(1, 8) is a point on the curve.

(i) The normal to the curve at the point P meets the coordinate axes at Q and at R. Find the coordinates of the mid-point of QR. [5]

(ii) Find the equation of the curve. [4]