



In the diagram,  $OABCDEFG$  is a rectangular block in which  $OA = OD = 6$  cm and  $AB = 12$  cm. The unit vectors  $\mathbf{i}$ ,  $\mathbf{j}$  and  $\mathbf{k}$  are parallel to  $\overrightarrow{OA}$ ,  $\overrightarrow{OC}$  and  $\overrightarrow{OD}$  respectively. The point  $P$  is the mid-point of  $DG$ ,  $Q$  is the centre of the square face  $CBFG$  and  $R$  lies on  $AB$  such that  $AR = 4$  cm.

(i) Express each of the vectors  $\overrightarrow{PQ}$  and  $\overrightarrow{RQ}$  in terms of  $\mathbf{i}$ ,  $\mathbf{j}$  and  $\mathbf{k}$ . [3]

(ii) Use a scalar product to find angle  $RQP$ . [4]