1	(a) (i)	Define acceleration.
		[1
	(ii)	State Newton's first law of motion.

**(b)** The variation with time t of vertical speed v of a parachutist falling from an aircraft is shown in Fig. 1.1.

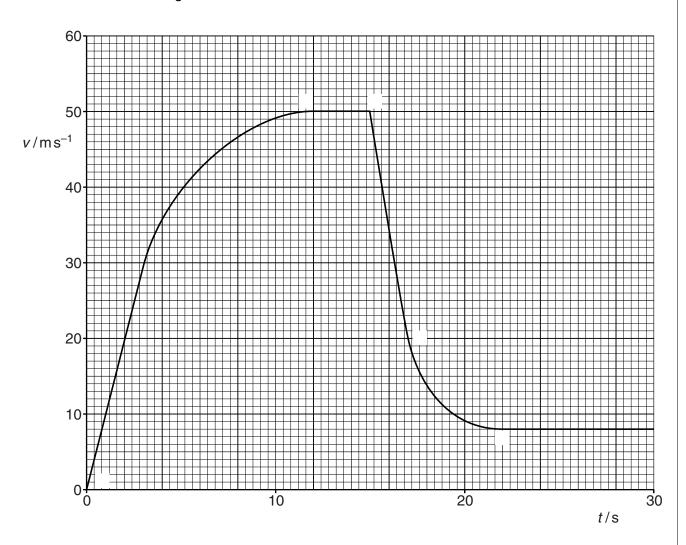


Fig. 1.1

(i)	Calculate the distance travelled by the parachutist in the first 3.0 s of the motion.
	II .
	distance = m [2]
(ii)	Explain the variation of the resultant force acting on the parachutist from $t = 0$ (point A) to $t = 15$ s (point C).
	[3]
(iii)	Describe the changes to the frictional force on the parachutist
	<b>1.</b> at $t = 15$ s (point C),
	[1]
	<b>2.</b> between $t = 15$ s (point C) and $t = 22$ s (point E).
	[1]

(iv)	The mass of the parachutist is 95 kg.			
	Calculate, for the parachutist between $t = 15s$ (point C) and $t = 17s$ (point D),			
	1. the average acceleration,			
	2. the average frictional force.	acceleration = ms <sup>-2</sup> [2]		
	fr	ictional force =N [3]		