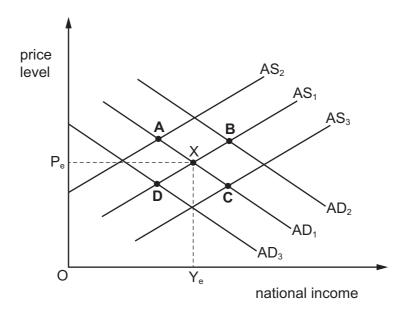
- **19** Which factor explains the difference between GDP and GNI?
 - A foreign investment in the domestic automobile industry
 - **B** revenues received from exporting capital goods
 - C revenues received from exporting consumer goods
 - D salaries remitted by those working abroad to their home accounts
- 20 What is true about a government's macroeconomic objectives?
 - **A** Economic growth ensures a more even distribution of income.
 - **B** Increasing output ensures that more workers are employed.
 - **C** Choosing between macroeconomic objectives requires a normative decision.
 - **D** A stable rate of inflation means zero inflation is required.
- 21 The original equilibrium in the economy is represented by point X, the intersection of AD_1 and AS_1 , on the AD/AS diagram shown.

The government decreases the money supply.

What is the new equilibrium point?



- 22 How does a government use its central bank to promote an expansionary monetary policy?
 - A increasing interest rates for commercial banks
 - **B** increasing the interest rate on the national debt
 - **C** restricting bank credit for consumer durables
 - **D** increasing the issue of notes and coins in circulation