6 **(a)** Define electric *potential difference* (*p.d.*).

....

....[1]

(b) A battery of electromotive force (e.m.f.) 14 V and negligible internal resistance is connected to a resistor network, as shown in Fig. 6.1.
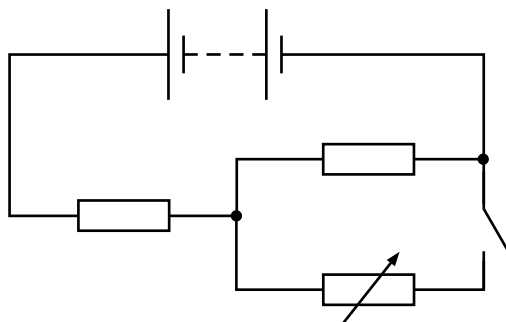

Fig. 6.1

R_1 and R_2 are fixed resistors of resistances 6.0 Ω and 12 Ω respectively. R_3 is a variable resistor.

Switch S is **closed**.

(i) Calculate the current in the battery when the resistance of R_3 is set

    1. at zero,

current = ... A [2]

    2. at 24 Ω.

current = ... A [2]

(ii)   your answers in **(b)(i)** to calculate the change in the total power produced by the battery when the resistance of R_3 is changed from zero to $24\,\Omega$.

change in power = ... W [2]

(c) Switch S in Fig. 6.1 is now **opened**.

Resistors R_1 and R_2 are made from metal wires. Some data for these resistors are shown in Fig. 6.2.

	R_1	R_2
cross-sectional area of wire	A	$1.8A$
number of free electrons per unit volume in metal	n	$0.50\,n$

Fig. 6.2

Determine the ratio

$$\frac{\text{average drift speed of free electrons in } R_1}{\text{average drift speed of free electrons in } R_2}.$$

ratio = ... [2]

[Total: 9]