3	(a)	Stat	te what is meant by work done.
			[1]
	(b)	A sk	kier is pulled along horizontal ground by a wire attached to a kite, as shown in Fig. 3.1.
			speed $4.4 \mathrm{m s^{-1}}$ 140 N
			skier 30° ground
			Fig. 3.1 (not to scale)
			skier moves in a straight line along the ground with a constant speed of $4.4\mathrm{ms^{-1}}$. The is at an angle of 30° to the horizontal. The tension in the wire is $140\mathrm{N}$.
		(i)	Calculate the work done by the tension to move the skier for a time of 30 s.
			work done = J [3]
		(ii)	The weight of the skier is 860 N. The vertical component of the tension in the wire and the weight of the skier combine so that the skier exerts a downward pressure on the ground of 2400 Pa.
			Determine the total area of the skis in contact with the ground.

(iii) The wire attached to the kite is uniform. The stress in the wire is $9.6 \times 10^6 \, \text{Pa}$. Calculate the diameter of the wire.

(c) The variation with extension x of the tension F in the wire in (b) is shown in Fig. 3.2.

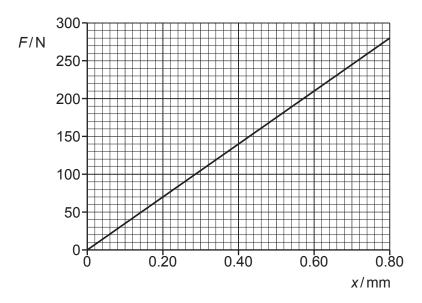


Fig. 3.2

A gust of wind increases the tension in the wire from 140 N to 210 N.

Calculate the change in the strain energy stored in the wire.