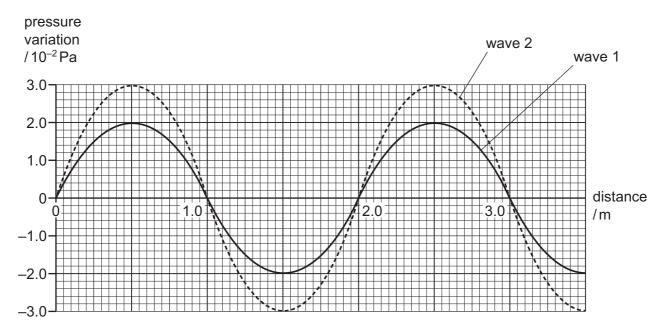
23 A sound wave consists of a series of moving pressure variations from the normal, constant air pressure.

The graph shows these pressure variations for two waves at one instant in time.



Wave 1 has an intensity of  $1.6 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{W m}^{-2}$ .

What is the intensity of wave 2?

- **A**  $2.4 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{W m}^{-2}$
- ${\bm B} = 3.0 \times 10^{-6} \, W \, m^{-2}$
- $\bm{C} = 3.6 \times 10^{-6} \, W \, m^{-2}$
- $\textbf{D} \quad 4.5 \times 10^{-6} \, W \, m^{-2}$

Space for working