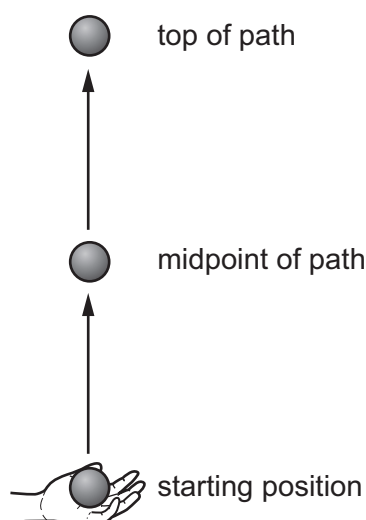


- 16 A ball is thrown vertically up into the air. It rises to the top of its path before beginning to fall vertically downwards.



Assume that the gravitational potential energy of the ball is zero at its starting position.

Which statement about the ball is **not** correct?

- A As it rises, its kinetic energy is transferred to gravitational potential energy.
  - B At the midpoint of its path, its gravitational potential energy is equal to its initial kinetic energy.
  - C At the top of its path, its kinetic energy is zero.
  - D At the top of its path, its total energy is less than its initial total energy.
- 17 A force of 1000 N is needed to lift the hook of a crane at a constant velocity. The crane is then used to lift a load of mass 1000 kg at a constant velocity of  $0.50 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ .

What is the power needed to lift the hook and the load?

- A 4.9 kW      B 5.4 kW      C 20 kW      D 22 kW
- 18 Data for a steel wire on an electric guitar are listed.

$$\text{diameter} = 5.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Young modulus} = 2.0 \times 10^{11} \text{ Pa}$$

$$\text{tension} = 20 \text{ N}$$

The wire snaps and contracts elastically. Assume the wire obeys Hooke's law.

By what percentage does the length  $l$  of a piece of the wire contract?

- A  $1.3 \times 10^{-4} \%$       B  $5.1 \times 10^{-4} \%$       C  $1.3 \times 10^{-2} \%$       D  $5.1 \times 10^{-2} \%$