**1** (a) Table 1.1 lists some physical quantities. Complete the table by placing a tick (✓) next to the scalar quantities.

Table 1.1

acceleration	
charge	
momentum	
power	
upthrust	

[1]

(b) A uniform cylinder has diameter D, length L and mass M. The density  $\rho$  of the cylinder is given by

$$\rho = \frac{4M}{\pi D^2 L}.$$

Table 1.2 shows the data obtained from an experiment to determine the density of the cylinder.

Table 1.2

quantity	measurement	percentage uncertainty
D	(26.2 ± 0.1) mm	%
L	(162 ± 1) mm	%
М	(247 ± 1)g	0.4%

(i) Calculate the percentage uncertainties in *D* and *L*. Write your answers in Table 1.2.

(ii)	Calculate the density of the cylinder. Give your answer to three significant figures.
	density = kg m <sup>-3</sup> [2]
(iii)	Calculate the percentage uncertainty in the density.
	percentage uncertainty =% [2]
	[Total: 6]