Y Limited is a large manufacturing company with factors a marginal costing system.	ories at several locations. The company uses
REQUIRED	
(a) State three benefits to a business of break-even	n analysis.
1	
2	
3	
	[3]
Additional information	
At one factory a single product is manufactured which manufacture for one unit are as follows:	n sells for \$75 per unit. The budgeted costs of
	\$
Direct materials 2 kg at \$12.50 per kg Direct labour 3.5 hrs at \$10 per labour hour	25 35
Fixed costs are hudgeted to be \$66,000 per month.	It is possible to produce 7500 units in permal

Fixed costs are budgeted to be \$66000 per month. It is possible to produce 7500 units in normal working conditions. Currently 5800 units are made and sold each month.

(b)	Cal	Calculate the monthly break-even point:								
	(i)	in units								
		[2								
	(ii)	in sales revenue								
		[1								
(c)	Cal	culate the forecast profit per month based on 5800 units.								
		[2								
(d)	Def	ine the term 'margin of safety'.								
		[1								

#### **Additional information**

The directors of Y Limited believe they can increase demand for their product by making some changes to the design. This would result in the following.

- 1 A \$7 increase in the selling price per unit
- 2 A 10% increase in direct materials usage
- 3 A 20% increase per kg in direct materials cost
- 4 A forecast 40% increase in demand.

Overtime working is available if required. This will be paid at a 25% premium.

Additional machinery will be required at a cost of \$24000. The company's policy is to depreciate machinery over a 5-year period.

(e)	Prepare a marginal cost statement showing the monthly profit based on these changes.											
	[10]											

### **Additional information**

At a different factory the company manufactures two products: Product A and Product B.

The following budgeted information is available.

	Product A	Product B
Monthly demand	300 units	200 units
Selling price per unit (\$)	20	25
Direct materials per unit (\$)	5	14
Direct labour hours per unit	0.75	0.5

Each product uses the same direct labour, but requires different direct materials. Direct labour is paid at \$12 per hour.

The production manager is aware that only 285 hours of direct labour will be available in August 2020.

(f)	Prepare the optimum production plan.
	[6]

# **Additional information**

The marketing director does not think that the optimum production plan should be implemented.

 	 	 	 •••••	•••••			••••
	 	 	 		 	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	