

- 4 Relative to an origin O , the position vectors of points A and B are given by

$$\overrightarrow{OA} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad \overrightarrow{OB} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 4 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}.$$

The point P lies on AB and is such that $\overrightarrow{AP} = \frac{1}{3}\overrightarrow{AB}$.

- (i) Find the position vector of P . [3]

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- (ii) Find the distance OP . [1]

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- (iii) Determine whether OP is perpendicular to AB . Justify your answer. [2]

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