6	(a)	State what is meant by diffraction and by interference.
		diffraction:
		interference:
	(b)	[3] Light from a source S <sub>1</sub> is incident on a diffraction grating, as illustrated in Fig. 6.1.
		diffraction light grating  S <sub>1</sub>
		Fig. 6.1 (not to scale)
		The light has a single frequency of $7.06 \times 10^{14}  \text{Hz}$ . The diffraction grating has 650 lines per millimetre.
		Calculate the number of orders of diffracted light produced by the grating. Do not include the zero order. Show your working.
		number =[3]
	(c)	A second source $S_2$ is used in place of $S_1$ . The light from $S_2$ has a single frequency lower than that of the light from $S_1$ .
		State and explain whether more orders are seen with the light from ${\bf S}_2$ .
		[1]