4	(a)	(i)	Define the wavelength of a progressive wave.							
		(ii)	State what is r		antinode of a	stationa	ry wave.		[1	
(b) A loudspeaker producing sound of constant frequency is placed near the open end as shown in Fig. 4.1.									_	-
		speed	d 0.75 cm s <sup>−1</sup> i		pipe		piston		loudspeaker	
					Fig. 4.	1	X			
A movable piston is at distance $x$ from the open end of the pipe. Distance $x$ is increased from $x = 0$ by moving the piston to the left with a constant speed of 0.75 cm s <sup>-1</sup> .										า
The speed of the sound in the pipe is $340\mathrm{ms^{-1}}$ .										
	(i) A much louder sound is first heard when $x = 4.5$ cm. Assume that there is an ar a stationary wave at the open end of the pipe.								here is an antinode o	f
			Determine the	frequency c	of the sound ir	the pipe	).			
					frequ	uency =			Hz [3	[
(ii) After a time interval, a second much louder sound is heard. Calculate the time interview between the first louder sound and the second louder sound being heard.										ıl
					time in	terval =			s [2	[]