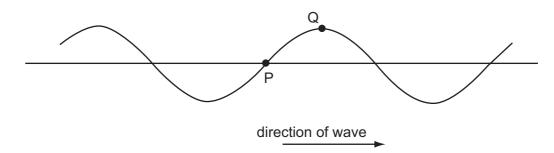
25 The diagram shows a transverse wave on a rope. The wave is travelling from left to right.

At the instant shown, the points P and Q on the rope have zero displacement and maximum displacement respectively.



Which of the following describes the direction of motion, if any, of the points P and Q at this instant?

	point P	point Q
Α	downwards	stationary
В	stationary	downwards
С	stationary	upwards
D	upwards	stationary

**26** A plane wave of amplitude *A* is incident on a surface of area *S* placed so that it is perpendicular to the direction of travel of the wave. The energy per unit time reaching the surface is *E*.

The amplitude of the wave is increased to 2A and the area of the surface is reduced to  $\frac{1}{2}$  S.

How much energy per unit time reaches this smaller surface?

- **A** 4*E*
- **B** 2*E*
- C E
- $\mathbf{D} = \frac{1}{2}E$
- 27 What is the approximate range of frequencies of infra-red radiation?
  - **A**  $1 \times 10^3 \text{ Hz}$  to  $1 \times 10^9 \text{ Hz}$
  - **B**  $1 \times 10^9 \text{ Hz}$  to  $1 \times 10^{11} \text{ Hz}$
  - **C**  $1 \times 10^{11} \text{ Hz}$  to  $1 \times 10^{14} \text{ Hz}$
  - **D**  $1 \times 10^{14} \text{ Hz}$  to  $1 \times 10^{17} \text{ Hz}$
- 28 The lines of a diffraction grating have a spacing of  $1.6 \times 10^{-6}$  m. A beam of light is incident normally on the grating. The first order maximum makes an angle of  $20^{\circ}$  with the undeviated beam.

What is the wavelength of the incident light?

- **A** 210 nm
- **B** 270 nm
- **C** 420 nm
- **D** 550 nm