23 The table shows the rate of unemployment and population for selected countries in 2009.

country	unemployment rate (%)	population (millions)
Brazil	8.1	196
India	6.8	1 120
Indonesia	8.1	237
Malaysia	4.0	26
Thailand	2.4	65

What can be concluded from this information?

- A higher proportion of those willing and able to work are in employment in Malaysia than in India.
- **B** The labour force of Thailand is smaller than that of Malaysia.
- **C** The same number of workers were unemployed in Brazil and Indonesia.
- **D** There are more people employed in Thailand than in India.
- 24 The average consumer divides his expenditure between food, clothing, accommodation and transport in the ratio 2:1:4:3.

During the course of a year, the price of food falls by 2 %, the price of clothing increases by 4 %, the price of accommodation increases by 10 % and the price of transport remains constant.

Assuming that the weights of a price index reflect the expenditure of the average consumer, what is the increase in the index over the year?

A 2.5%

B 4%

C 10%

D 12%

25 At the start of 2009, a worker earned \$100 a week. In 2009, the Retail Price Index (RPI) rose 4% and his average wage rose 7%. In 2010, the RPI fell 3% and his wage fell 2%.

What happened to his real wage between the start of 2009 and the end of 2010?

- A It fell by less than 5%.
- **B** It fell by more than 5%.
- C It rose by less than 5%.
- **D** It rose by more than 5%.