

The diagram shows a three-dimensional shape. The base OAB is a horizontal triangle in which angle AOB is 90°. The side OBCD is a rectangle and the side OAD lies in a vertical plane. Unit vectors \mathbf{i} and \mathbf{j} are parallel to OA and OB respectively and the unit vector \mathbf{k} is vertical. The position vectors of A, B and D are given by $\overrightarrow{OA} = 8\mathbf{i}$, $\overrightarrow{OB} = 5\mathbf{j}$ and $\overrightarrow{OD} = 2\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{k}$.

(i)	Express each of the vectors \overrightarrow{DA} and \overrightarrow{CA} in terms of \mathbf{i} , \mathbf{j} and \mathbf{k} .	[2]
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[-	Use a scalar product to find angle <i>CAD</i> .		