6 **(i)** The first and second terms of a geometric progression are p and $2p$ respectively, where p is a positive constant. The sum of the first n terms is greater than $1000p$. Show that $2^n > 1001$. [2]

(ii) In another case, p and $2p$ are the first and second terms respectively of an arithmetic progression. The nth term is 336 and the sum of the first n terms is 7224. Write down two equations in n and p and hence find the values of n and p. [5]

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