22 A wave of amplitude *A* has an intensity *I*.

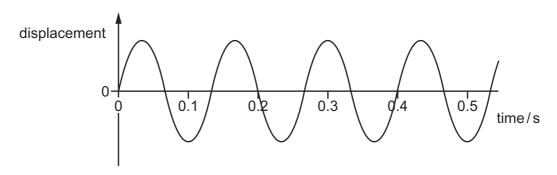
After passing through a certain medium, the wave has a new intensity of $\frac{I}{A}$.

What is the new amplitude of the wave?

- **A** 2A
- $\mathbf{B} = \frac{A}{2}$
- $\mathbf{c} \quad \frac{A}{4}$
- $\mathbf{D} \quad \frac{A}{16}$

23 A wave travels along a coiled spring.

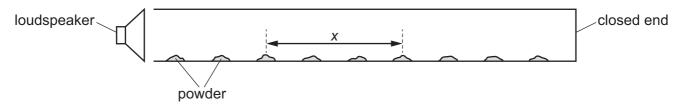
The graph shows the variation with time of the displacement of a point on the spring.



What is the frequency of the wave?

- **A** 0.13 Hz
- **B** 0.20 Hz
- **C** 5.0 Hz
- **D** 7.5 Hz
- **24** A loudspeaker is set up at the open end of a closed tube containing powder.

When the loudspeaker produces sound of frequency 1200 Hz, a stationary wave is produced in the tube. The powder gathers at the nodes of the stationary wave as shown.



The speed of sound in the air is $336 \,\mathrm{m \, s^{-1}}$.

What is the value of distance *x*?

- **A** 28 cm
- **B** 42 cm
- **C** 84 cm
- **D** 112 cm