

- 2 An archer releases an arrow towards a target at a velocity of 65.0 m s^{-1} at an angle of 4.30° above the horizontal, as shown in Fig. 2.1.

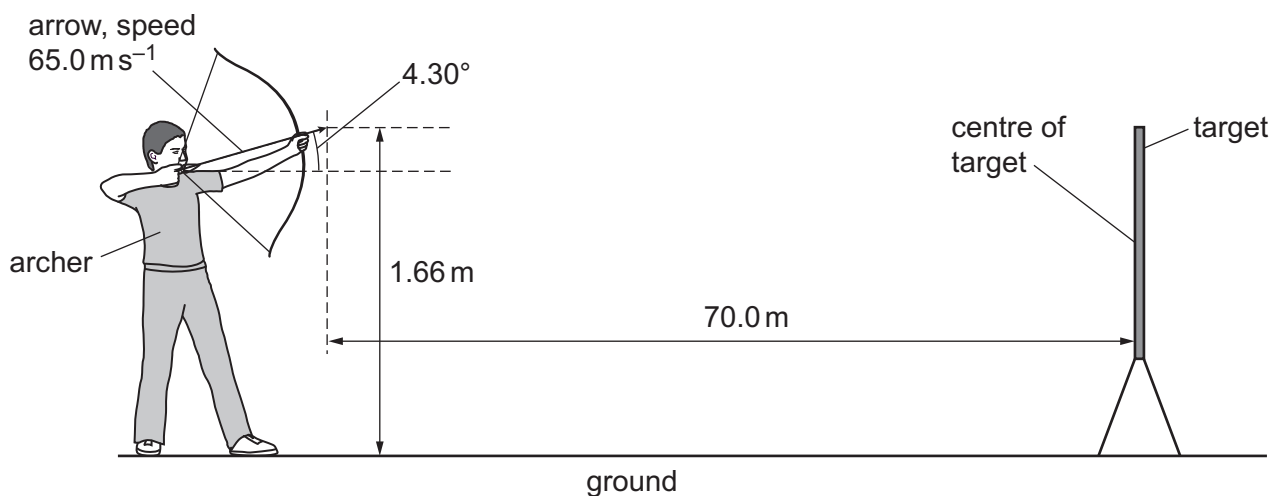


Fig. 2.1 (not to scale)

When released, the tip of the arrow is a horizontal distance of 70.0 m from the target and 1.66 m above the horizontal ground.

The arrow hits the centre of the target.

Assume that air resistance is negligible and that all the mass of the arrow is at its tip.

- (a) Show that the time taken for the arrow to reach the target is 1.08 s .

[2]

- (b) Calculate the height of the centre of the target above the ground.

height above ground =m [3]

- (c) By considering energy changes, state and explain how the final kinetic energy of the arrow as it hits the target compares with its initial kinetic energy immediately after release. A numerical calculation is not required.

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[Total: 7]