

The diagram shows the curve $y = 2x^2$ and the points X(-2, 0) and P(p, 0). The point Q lies on the curve and PQ is parallel to the y-axis.

(i) Express the area,
$$A$$
, of triangle XPQ in terms of p . [2]

The point P moves along the x-axis at a constant rate of 0.02 units per second and Q moves along the curve so that PQ remains parallel to the y-axis.

(ii) Find the rate at which A is increasing when
$$p = 2$$
. [3]