1			owing information has been extracted from the accounting records of T Limited at 2021.
	1	Inve	entory at 1 July 2020 was valued at \$46800.
	2	Inve	entory at 30 June 2021 was valued at \$54200.
	3	The	rate of inventory turnover was 8.8 times.
	4	The	gross profit margin was 45%.
	RE	QUIF	RED
	(a)	Cal	culate for the year ended 30 June 2021:
		(i)	cost of sales
			[2]
		(ii)	revenue.
		()	
			[2]

Additional information

The following balances were extracted from the books of account at 30 June 2021.

	\$
8% debentures (2026–2027)	96 000
Administrative expenses	55 900
Directors' remuneration	62400
Distribution costs	59 200
Finance costs	6350
Wages and salaries	88300
Trade receivables	110360
Provision for doubtful debts at 1 July 2020	1 2 3 5

The following information is also available.

- 1 The 8% debentures (2026–2027) were taken out on 1 November 2020. Interest was paid every three months in arrears, starting on 1 February 2021.
- 2 Wages and salaries of \$3800 were owing at 30 June 2021.
- 3 At 30 June 2021, a bonus was due to be paid to the sales director of \$12000.
- 4 Expenses were to be allocated as follows:

	Administrative	Distribution
	expenses	costs
Wages and salaries	30%	70%
Directors' remuneration	75%	25%

5 Depreciation is to be charged as follows:

Motor vehicles for office staff \$26400 Delivery vehicles \$32800

- A credit customer owing \$2360 from 12 April 2021 has been declared bankrupt and the debt is to be written off to administrative expenses.
- 7 Aged analysis of net trade receivables at 30 June 2021:

	0–60	61–90	Over 90
	days	days	days
Percentage of total net trade receivables	75%	15%	10%

8 The directors wish to make a provision for doubtful debts as follows:

Debts 61–90 days 2.5% Debts over 90 days 10%

The movement in the provision is to be charged to administrative expenses.

REQUIRED

(b)	Calculate the balance of the provision for doubtful debts at 30 June 2021.	
		[4]
(c)	Prepare the income statement for the year ended 30 June 2021. next page for your workings.	the space on the

T Limited Income Statement for the year ended 30 June 2021

	\$
Revenue	
Cost of sales	
Gross profit	
Administrative expenses	
Distribution costs	
Profit from operations	
Finance costs	
Profit for the year	

Workings

Administrative expenses		
Distribution costs		
Finance costs		
Other workings		

Additional information

The following transactions had also taken place during the year ended 30 June 2021.

Date	Transaction
1 July 2020	Freehold property was revalued downwards by \$10000.
1 July 2020	Made a rights issue of one ordinary share of \$2 each for every two shares held. This was offered at a premium of \$0.75. The issue was fully subscribed.
1 March 2021	Made a bonus issue of one ordinary share of \$2 each for every ten shares held. Reserves were left in the most flexible form.
31 March 2021	Paid a dividend of \$0.05 per share on all shares in issue at that date.

REQUIRED

(d) Prepare the statement of changes in equity for the year ended 30 June 2021.

T Limited
Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2021

	Ordinary share capital \$	Share premium \$	Revaluation reserve	Retained earnings \$	Total \$
At 1 July 2020	440 000	_	7500	86320	533 820
					_
At 30 June 2021					

Additional information

The directors make use of accounting ratios to interpret the information contained within the financial statements.

REQUIRED

(e)	(i)	State the formula for calculating the non-current asset turnover.
	(ii)	State what information the directors would obtain from calculating the non-current asse turnover.
		[1]
(f)		e three limitations of ratio analysis when comparing the performance of businesses in the e industry.
	1	
		[3