- 1 What is needed to accurately represent all physical quantities?
  - A a base unit and a number
  - **B** a unit and a number expressed in standard form (scientific notation)
  - **C** a unit and a numerical magnitude
  - **D** an SI unit and a numerical magnitude
- 2 A voltmeter connected across a resistor in a circuit reads 3.6 V.

What could be the current in the resistor and the resistance of the resistor?

	current	resistance
Α	150 mA	0.24 kΩ
В	15 mA	$2.4\mathrm{k}\Omega$
С	1.5 mA	$0.24\mathrm{M}\Omega$
D	15 μΑ	240 kΩ

In an experiment to determine the acceleration of free fall g, the time t taken for a ball to fall through distance s is measured. The percentage uncertainty in the measurement of s is 2%. The percentage uncertainty in the measurement of t is 3%.

The value of *g* is determined using the equation shown.

$$g=\frac{2s}{t^2}$$

What is the percentage uncertainty in the calculated value of *g*?

- **A** 1%
- **B** 5%
- **C** 8%
- **D** 11%

- 4 Which quantity is a vector?
  - **A** momentum
  - **B** speed
  - **C** temperature
  - **D** Young modulus