

- 17** A company is formed with the issue of 100 000 6% non-cumulative preference shares of \$1 each and 300 000 ordinary shares of \$1 each issued at a premium of \$0.20.

It earned profits of \$3000, \$16 000 and \$31 000 in the first three years of trading. The directors wish to pay an ordinary dividend of 5% each year when possible.

What value of ordinary dividends does the company actually pay in years 2 and 3?

	year 2 \$	year 3 \$
<b>A</b>	7 000	15 000
<b>B</b>	7 000	18 000
<b>C</b>	10 000	15 000
<b>D</b>	10 000	18 000

- 18** A company had an issued share capital of 400 000 ordinary shares of \$1 each. It then made a bonus issue of one share for every five held. This was later followed by a rights issue of one share for every three held.

What was the balance on the share capital account after these transactions?

**A** \$480 000      **B** \$533 333      **C** \$613 333      **D** \$640 000

- 19** Which action will increase the equity of a limited company?

**A** creating a general reserve  
**B** issuing bonus shares  
**C** issuing debentures  
**D** issuing non-redeemable preference shares

- 20** Which action leaves the value of working capital unchanged?

**A** disposal of a non-current asset  
**B** issuing shares for cash  
**C** purchasing goods for resale on credit  
**D** writing off an irrecoverable debt