**2** Daniel, a retailer, receives rent from a tenant.

The balance on the rent receivable account on 1 January 2019 was \$700. This represented rent received in advance at the beginning of the year.

During the year ended 31 December 2019 Daniel received total rent of \$4800 covering the 12-month period beginning 1 March 2019.

## **REQUIRED**

(a) Prepare the rent receivable account for the year ended 31 December 2019.

## Rent receivable account

\$	\$

[4]

(b)	State in which section of the income statement for the year ended 31 December 2019 Daniel's rent receivable should appear.
	[1]
(c)	State in which section of the statement of financial position at 31 December 2019 the balance of the rent receivable account should appear.
	[1]

## **Additional information**

Daniel had created a provision for doubtful debts of \$672 on 31 December 2018. At this date trade receivables appeared on the statement on financial position with a net value of \$16128.

At 31 December 2019 Daniel decided to maintain the provision for doubtful debts at the same rate as in the previous year. Total trade receivables at 31 December 2019 were \$15300 before making any adjustment for provision for doubtful debts.

## **REQUIRED**

Calculate the increase or decrease in the provision for doubtful debts at 31 December 2019.
[5]
State <b>two</b> accounting concepts which are applied when creating a provision for doubtful debts.
1
2[2]
State <b>two</b> factors that a business could consider when setting a rate for provision for doubtful debts.
1
2
[2]