(a)	State the principle of conservation of mom	entum.
		[2]
(b)	Two balls, X and Y, move along a horizo Fig. 4.1.	ntal frictionless surface, as shown from above in
3.01	4.0 m s ⁻¹	
	A B	AB
2.51	$4.8 \mathrm{ms^{-1}}$	
	before collision	after collision
	Fig. 4.1 (not to scale)	Fig. 4.2 (not to scale)

4

Ball X has a mass of 3.0 kg and a velocity of $4.0\,\mathrm{m\,s^{-1}}$ in a direction at angle θ to a line AB. Ball Y has a mass of 2.5 kg and a velocity of $4.8\,\mathrm{m\,s^{-1}}$ in a direction at angle θ to the line AB.

The balls collide and stick together. After colliding, the balls have a velocity of $3.7\,\mathrm{m\,s^{-1}}$ along the line AB on the horizontal surface, as shown in Fig. 4.2.

(i) By considering the components of the momenta along the line AB, calculate θ .

(ii)	By calculation of kinetic energies, state and explain whether the collision of the bal inelastic or perfectly elastic.	ls is
	[Tota	[2] II: 7]