2 A small charged glass bead of weight 5.4×10^{-5} N is initially at rest at point A in a vacuum. The bead then falls through a uniform horizontal electric field as it moves in a straight line to point B, as illustrated in Fig. 2.1.

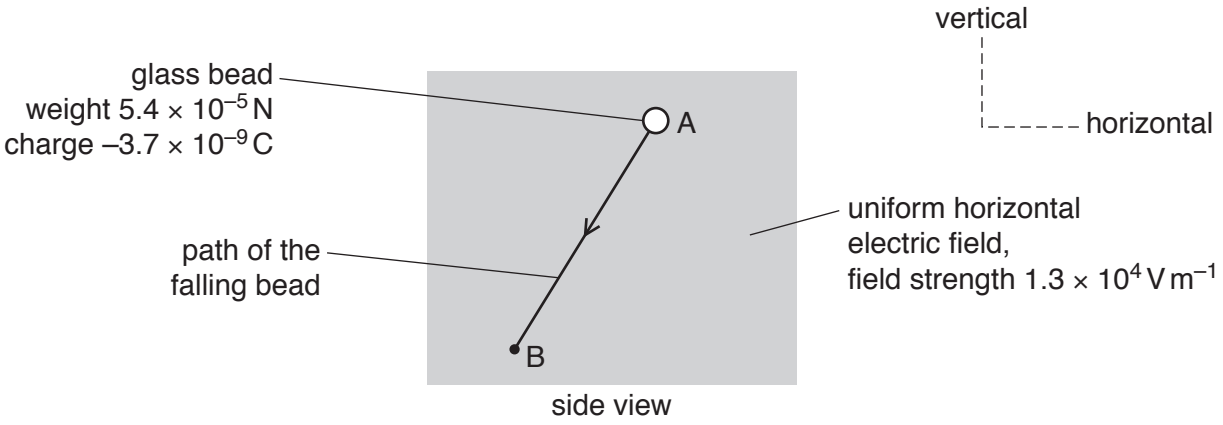

Fig. 2.1 (not to scale)

The electric field strength is 1.3×10^4 V m^{-1}. The charge on the bead is -3.7×10^{-9} C.

(a) Describe how two metal plates could be used to produce the electric field. Numerical values are not required.

.....

.....

..... [2]

(b) Determine the magnitude of the electric force acting on the bead.

electric force = ... N [2]

(c) your answer in **(b)** and the weight of the bead to show that the resultant force acting on it is 7.2×10^{-5} N.

[1]

(d) Explain why the resultant force on the bead of 7.2×10^{-5} N is constant as the bead moves along path AB.

.....

.....

.....

..... [2]

(e) **(i)** Calculate the magnitude of the acceleration of the bead along the path AB.

acceleration = ... $m\,s^{-2}$ [2]

(ii) The path AB has length 0.58 m.

your answer in **(i)** to determine the speed of the bead at point B.

speed = ... $m\,s^{-1}$ [2]

[Total: 11]