

The diagram shows a trapezium OABC in which OA is parallel to CB. The position vectors of A and B relative to the origin O are given by $\overrightarrow{OA} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\overrightarrow{OB} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$.

(i)	Show that angle OAB is 90° .	[3]
Γhe	magnitude of \overrightarrow{CB} is three times the magnitude of \overrightarrow{OA} .	
(ii)	Find the position vector of C .	[3]

(iii)	Find the exact area of the trapezium $OABC$, giving your answer in the form $a\sqrt{b}$, where a and b are integers. [3]

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