16	The force resisting the motion of a car is taken as being proportional to the square of the car's speed. The magnitude of the force at a speed of 20 m s ⁻¹ is 800 N. What effective power is required from the car's engine to maintain a steady speed of 40 m s ⁻¹ ?							
	A	32 kW	В	64 kW	С	128 kW	D	512 kW
17	A c		side	0.60 m and uni	form	density 2.0 × 10	0³ kợ	g m ⁻³ is lifted 5.0 m vertically by a

What is the change in potential energy of the cube?

- **A** 2.2 kJ **B** 21 kJ **C** 59 kJ **D** 450 kJ
- 18 What is the internal energy of an object?
 - **A** It is the energy associated with the object's movement through space.
 - **B** It is the energy associated with the random movement of the molecules in the object.
 - **C** It is the energy due to the attractions between the molecules in the object.
 - **D** It is the sum of all the microscopic potential and kinetic energies of the molecules in the object.

Space for working