- 5 (a) A source of sound has frequency f. Sound of wavelength  $\lambda$  is produced by the source. (i) State
  - 1. what is meant by the *frequency* of the source,
    .....[1]
  - **2.** the distance moved, in terms of  $\lambda$ , by a wavefront during *n* oscillations of the source.
    - distance = .....[1]
  - (ii) your answers in (i) to deduce an expression for the speed v of the wave in terms of f and  $\lambda$ .

[2]

**(b)** The waveform of a sound wave produced on the screen of a cathode-ray oscilloscope (c.r.o.) is shown in Fig. 5.1.

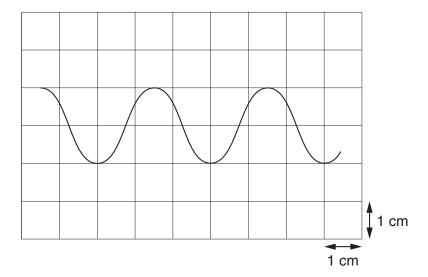


Fig. 5.1

The time-base setting of the c.r.o. is 2.0 ms cm <sup>-1</sup> .	
(i)	Determine the frequency of the sound wave.
	frequency =Hz [2]
(ii)	
(,	amplitude of the two waves is the same but the phase difference between them is $90^{\circ}$ .
	On Fig. 5.1, draw the waveform of this second wave. [1]