

(b) The function g is defined by $g(x) = (x - 3)^2$ for $x \geq 0$.

(i) Show that $gg(2x)$ can be expressed in the form $(2x - 3)^4 + b(2x - 3)^2 + c$, where b and c are constants to be found. [2]

(ii) Hence expand $gg(2x)$ completely, simplifying your answer. [4]

[illegible]