

- 1 The transition of centrally planned economies to market economies was accompanied by a significant change in the composition of output.

What was an immediate consequence of this transition?

- A a build-up of unsold stocks of goods
- B an increase in exports of goods
- C an increase in unemployment
- D decreasing prices of goods and services

- 2 Which statement is correct?

- A Normative economics concerns the description of economic models.
- B Normative economics is objective and factual.
- C Positive economics can be tested by data and evidence.
- D Positive economics is subjective and offers a value judgement.

- 3 Consumers do not use enough of a product to maximise their private benefit because they have imperfect information about the product.

How would an economist classify this product?

- A demerit good
- B free good
- C merit good
- D public good

- 4 What is meant by the division of labour?

- A Each worker specialises in a different task in production.
- B Some workers work part-time and others work full-time.
- C The same amount of output per hour is produced by each worker.
- D Workers divide their time between different jobs.

- 5 What describes a market supply curve?

- A It is downward sloping.
- B It is the same as the aggregate supply curve.
- C It is the sum of all firms' supply curves for a product.
- D It is the supply of all products within an economy.