1	Aziz has been in business for several years, but does not keep proper books of
	account. He provides you with the following list of balances for the financial year ended
	30 June 2011

	\$
Motor vehicles (cost \$65 000)	50 000
Fixtures (cost \$48 000)	32 000
Trade receivables	18 000
Trade payables	14 000
Accrued expenses	500
Inventory	6 000
Premises at cost	100 000

A summary of his receipts and payments for the year ended 30 June 2012 is as follows:

Receipts	\$	Payments	\$
Receipts from credit		Payments to credit	
customers	132 900	suppliers	88 600
Sale of old motor vehicle	3 600	Purchase of vehicle	15 000
Cash sales	6 600	Expenses paid	17 400

At 30 June 2012 trade receivables were \$20 500 and trade payables were \$13 600.

REQUIRED

Calculate the purchase of goods for resale for the year ended 30 June 2012.

[3]

(b)	Calculate the total sales for the year ended 30 June 2012.	
		[5]

Aziz earns a uniform gross profit of 40% on all his sales. Early in June 2012 he had a flood in his premises which damaged some of his stock and made it impossible to sell. He has valued his remaining stock at 30 June 2012 at a selling price of \$14 000.

REQUIRED

(c)	Calculate the cost of the stock destroyed in the flood.	
		[7]
pur per the	e vehicle which Aziz sold during the year ended 30 June 2012 had been rchased on 30 September 2009 for \$16 000. Aziz depreciates his vehicle at 25% r annum using the straight line method. He charges a full year's depreciation in eyear of purchase and none in the year of disposal. He received \$5 000 as a de-in allowance for the new vehicle.	
RE	QUIRED	
(d)	Calculate the profit or loss on the disposal of the vehicle.	
		[5]

Aziz depreciates his fixtures at 10% per annum using the reducing balance method. He also wants to create a provision for doubtful debts equal to 3% of his trade receivables. At 30 June 2012 he had prepaid expenses of \$320.

REQUIRED

(e)	Prepare Aziz's income statement for the year ended 30 June 2012.	
		F4 6
		[10]