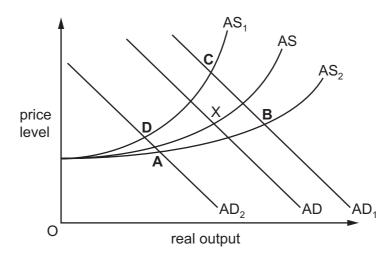
**19** A government decided to reduce income tax and increase sales tax. The initial equilibrium point is shown by X on the aggregate demand (AD) and aggregate supply (AS) diagram.

What would be the equilibrium point after these tax changes?



**20** The table gives data for an economy.

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at current prices (\$ billion)	200	220	240	300	320
GDP deflator (price index)	100	109	125	149	154

In which year did real GDP decline compared with the previous year?

- **A** 2011
- **B** 2012
- **C** 2013
- **D** 2014
- 21 What always happens when there is an increase in the Consumer Price Index?
  - A an increase in consumer expenditure
  - B an increase in the cost of living
  - **C** a reduction in living standards
  - **D** a reduction in real disposable income
- 22 What would identify a country with a fundamental balance of payments disequilibrium?
  - A alternate annual deficits and surpluses in the current account
  - **B** a continually growing balancing item
  - **C** a large short-term outflow of foreign direct investment
  - **D** a persistent rise in foreign currency reserves