27 Sound waves, emitted by a small loudspeaker, are reflected by a wall.

The frequency f of the waves is adjusted until a stationary wave is formed with the antinode nearest the wall at a distance x from the wall.

Which expression gives *f* in terms of *x* and the speed of sound *c*?

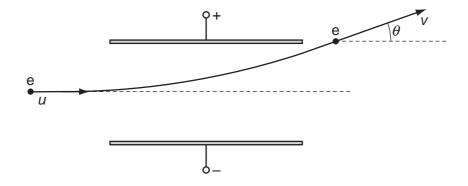
- **A** $f = \frac{4c}{x}$ **B** $f = \frac{2c}{x}$ **C** $f = \frac{c}{2x}$ **D** $f = \frac{c}{4x}$
- 28 A diffraction grating has N lines per unit length and is placed at 90° to monochromatic light of wavelength λ .

What is the expression for θ , the angle to the normal to the grating at which the third order diffraction peak is observed?

- **A** $\sin \theta = \frac{1}{3N\lambda}$ **B** $\sin \theta = 3N\lambda$ **C** $\sin \theta = \frac{N\lambda}{3}$ **D** $\sin \theta = \frac{3\lambda}{N}$
- 29 Light of wavelength 700 nm is incident on a pair of slits, forming fringes 3.0 mm apart on a screen.

What is the fringe spacing when light of wavelength 350 nm is used and the slit separation is doubled?

- 0.75 mm
- В 1.5 mm
- 3.0 mm
- 6.0 mm
- **30** An electron enters the space between two parallel charged plates with an initial velocity *u*.



While in the electric field, its direction changes by θ and it emerges with a velocity ν .

What is the relation between *v* and *u*?

- $v = \frac{u}{\cos \theta}$
- **B** $v = u \cos \theta$
- $\mathbf{C} \quad v = \frac{u}{\sin \theta} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{D} \quad v = u \sin \theta$