5	(a)	State what is meant by an <i>electric field</i> .
		[1]
	(b)	A particle of mass m and charge q is in a uniform electric field of strength E . The particle has acceleration a due to the field.
		Show that
		$a = \frac{Eq}{m}$.
		[2]
	(c)	A stationary nucleus X decays by emitting an α -particle to form a nucleus of plutonium, $^{240}_{94}$ Pu, as shown.
		$X \longrightarrow {}^{240}_{94}Pu + \alpha$
		(i) Determine the number of protons and the number of neutrons in nucleus X.
		number of protons =
		ridinisor or protone –
		number of neutrons =
		[2]
		(ii) The total mass of the plutonium nucleus and the α -particle is less than that of nucleus X.
		Explain this difference in mass.
		[2]
		[2]

(iii)	The plutonium nucleus and the $\alpha\text{-particle}$ are both accelerated by the same uniform electric field.
	the expression in (b) to determine the ratio
	acceleration of the α -particle
	acceleration of the plutonium nucleus
	ratio =[2]
	[Total: 9]