5 In an experiment, a radio-controlled car takes 2.50 ± 0.05 s to travel 40.0 ± 0.1 m.

What is the car's average speed and the uncertainty in this value?

A $16 \pm 1 \,\mathrm{m \, s}^{-1}$

- **B** $16.0 \pm 0.2 \,\mathrm{m\,s^{-1}}$
- C $16.0 \pm 0.4 \,\mathrm{m \, s^{-1}}$
- **D** $16.00 \pm 0.36 \,\mathrm{m \, s^{-1}}$
- 6 In an experiment to determine the acceleration of free fall using a falling body, what would lead to a value that is too large?
 - A air resistance
 - **B** dimensions of the body are too large
 - C measured distance longer than true distance
 - **D** measured time longer than true time
- 7 Which feature of a graph allows acceleration to be determined?
 - A the area under a displacement-time graph
 - **B** the area under a velocity-time graph
 - **C** the slope of a displacement-time graph
 - **D** the slope of a velocity-time graph

Space for working