7 **(a)** State Ohm's law.

....

....

.... [2]

(b) A battery of electromotive force (e.m.f.) 6.2 V and negligible internal resistance is connected in a circuit to a uniform resistance wire, a voltmeter, a fixed resistor and a switch, as shown in Fig. 7.1.
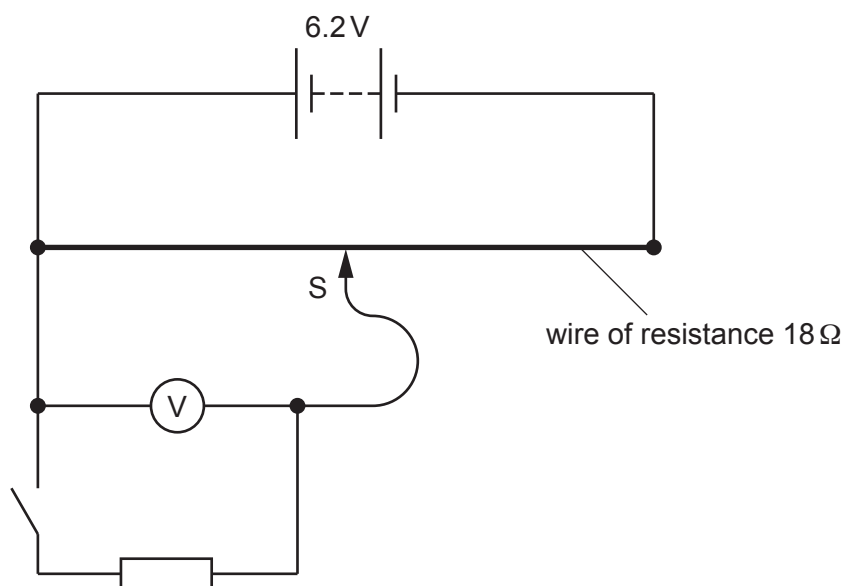

Fig. 7.1

The resistance wire has resistance 18 Ω, length 0.94 m and cross-sectional area $7.2 \times 10^{-8}\,m^2$. The slider S is positioned half-way along the length of the wire.

(i) Calculate the resistivity ρ of the material of the resistance wire.

ρ = ... Ω m [2]

(ii) The switch is open.
State the reading on the voltmeter.

voltmeter reading = ... V [1]

(iii) The switch is now closed.

State whether there is an increase, decrease or no change to:

● the current in the battery

....

● the voltmeter reading.

....
[2]

(iv) The switch remains closed. The slider S is moved along the resistance wire so that the voltmeter reading is 3.1 V.

On Fig. 7.1, draw a cross (×) on the resistance wire to show a possible new position of the slider. [1]

(c) The circuit in **(b)** is altered by changing the battery for one of a different e.m.f. The switch is open.

A student records the following data for the resistance wire:

current in the wire   0.93A
mean drift speed of charge carriers $1.3 \times 10^{-3}\,\mathrm{m\,s^{-1}}$
number density of charge carriers $9.0 \times 10^{28}\,\mathrm{m^{-3}}$.

(i) Determine the charge q of a charge carrier in the wire suggested by this data.

q = ... C [2]

(ii) With reference to the value of q, explain why the data recorded by the student cannot be correct.

....

.... [1]

[Total: 11]