1 (a) Complete Table 1.1 by stating whether each of the quantities is a vector or a scalar.

Table 1.1

quantity	vector or scalar
acceleration	
power	
work	

(b) The variation with time t of the velocity v of an object is shown in Fig. 1.1.

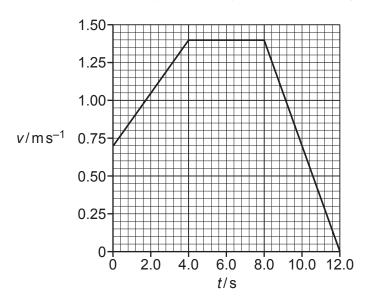


Fig. 1.1

(i) Determine the acceleration of the object from time t = 0 to time t = 4.0 s.

acceleration = $m s^{-2}$ [2]

[2]

(ii)	i) Determine the distance moved by the object from time $t = \frac{1}{2}$	= 0 to time t = 4.0 s
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		distance – III [2]
(c)	(i)	Define force.
		[1]

(ii) The motion represented in Fig. 1.1 is caused by a resultant force F acting on the object.On Fig. 1.2, sketch the variation of F with time t from t = 0 to t = 12.0 s.Numerical values of F are not required.

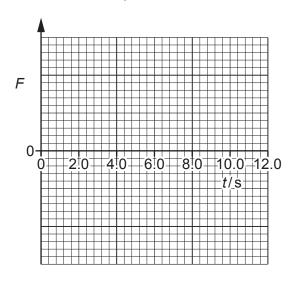


Fig. 1.2

[3]

[Total: 10]