

The diagram shows the curve  $y = (x - 1)^{\frac{1}{2}}$  and points A(1, 0) and B(5, 2) lying on the curve.

(i)	Find the equation of the line AB, giving your answer in the form $y = mx + c$ .	[2]
( <b>ii</b> )	Find, showing all necessary working, the equation of the tangent to the curve which is parallel $AB$ .	to [5]
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(iii)	Find the perpendicular distance between the line $AB$ and the tangent parallel to $AB$ . answer correct to 2 decimal places.	Give your [3]
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