

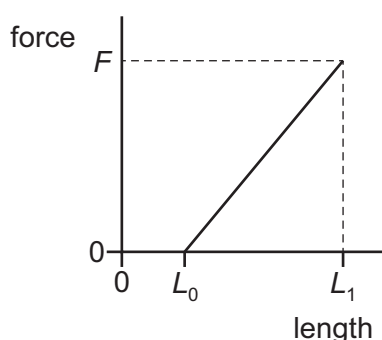
- 18** A metal wire has length 5.2 m and diameter 1.0 mm. The metal has Young modulus 360 GPa.

The wire is fixed at one end and a force is applied to the other end. The force extends the wire by 7.2 mm. The wire obeys Hooke's law.

What is the force applied to the wire?

- A** $1.2 \times 10^2 \text{ N}$
B $3.9 \times 10^2 \text{ N}$
C $5.0 \times 10^2 \text{ N}$
D $1.6 \times 10^3 \text{ N}$

- 19** The graph shows how the length of a spring varies with the force applied to it.



The spring has unstretched length L_0 . When a force F is applied, the spring has length L_1 .

What is the work done in stretching the spring to length L_1 ?

- A** $\frac{1}{2}FL_1$ **B** $\frac{1}{2}F(L_1 - L_0)$ **C** FL_1 **D** $F(L_1 - L_0)$

- 20** A progressive wave of frequency 1.5 kHz travels in a medium at a speed of 340 m s^{-1} .

What is the minimum distance between two points on the wave that have a phase difference of 70° ?

- A** 4.4 cm **B** 8.8 cm **C** 18 cm **D** 23 cm