

- 20** A country devalues its currency in the expectation that a deficit on the current account of the balance of payments will be reduced.

What is necessary to make this happen?

- A** any tariff on imports must be matched by a subsidy on goods to be exported
  - B** the elasticity of demand for imports and the elasticity of demand for exports must both be greater than 1
  - C** the rate of domestic inflation is equal to the rate of inflation in the foreign market
  - D** the sum of the elasticities of demand for domestic imports and the foreign demand for exports is greater than 1
- 21** The current account of the balance of payments for Nigeria changed from US\$899m in 2014 to US\$ –15 763m in 2015.

Assuming that nothing else changes, what is likely to be the impact in 2015 on GDP and the exchange rate in Nigeria?

|          | GDP   | exchange rate |
|----------|-------|---------------|
| <b>A</b> | falls | appreciates   |
| <b>B</b> | falls | depreciates   |
| <b>C</b> | rises | appreciates   |
| <b>D</b> | rises | depreciates   |

- 22** Australia's aggregate demand decreased over the last year.

What might have been the cause of this?

- A** a reduction in consumer saving
- B** a reduction in direct taxes
- C** a reduction in imports
- D** a reduction in investment