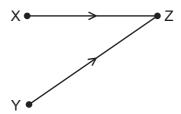
- 29 Which wave cannot be a longitudinal wave?
 - A a diffracted wave
 - B a polarised wave
 - C a reflected wave
 - **D** a stationary wave
- **30** Microwaves are emitted from two sources at points X and Y. The two waves meet at point Z. The diagram shows the paths of the two waves.



The waves emitted from points X and Y are coherent.

What is a direct consequence of the two waves being coherent?

- **A** There is a constant difference in the path lengths YZ and XZ.
- **B** There is a constant difference in phase between the two waves at Z.
- C There is a constant non-zero difference in frequency of the two waves at Z.
- **D** There is a constant non-zero difference in amplitude of the two waves at Z.
- **31** What is the unit of resistivity?
 - $\mathbf{A} \quad \Omega \, \mathbf{m}^{-2}$
- **B** $\Omega \,\mathrm{m}^{-1}$
- \mathbf{C} Ω
- $D \Omega m$
- **32** A kettle is connected to a 250 V mains supply.

What are possible values for the power of the kettle and the current in the kettle?

	power/W	current/A
Α	500	0.5
В	500	5.0
С	2500	0.1
D	2500	10