

The diagram shows a cross-section of seven cylindrical pipes, each of radius 20 cm, held together by a thin rope which is wrapped tightly around the pipes. The centres of the six outer pipes are A, B, C, D, E and F. Points P and Q are situated where straight sections of the rope meet the pipe with centre A.

(a)	Show that angle $PAQ = \frac{1}{3}\pi$ radians.	[2]
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(b)	Find the length of the rope.	[4]
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Find the area of the complete region enclosed by the rope.  [3]	Find the area of the hexagon <i>ABCDEF</i> , giving your answer in terms of $\sqrt{3}$ .	[2]
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