

- 8 A product is an inferior good with no close substitutes. It is also a complement to good X.

Which product matches the above description?

| | price elasticity of demand | income elasticity of demand | cross-elasticity of demand with respect to the price of X |
|----------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| A | -2 | +2 | +1 |
| B | -2 | +2 | -1 |
| C | -0.5 | -2 | +1 |
| D | -0.5 | -2 | -1 |

- 9 The table shows the quantities demanded (Q) of goods X and Y corresponding to different prices (P) of the two goods.

| | $P_X = \$8$ | $P_X = \$10$ |
|-------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| $P_Y = \$3$ | $Q_X = 16$ $Q_Y = 20$ | $Q_X = 12$ $Q_Y = 30$ |
| $P_Y = \$4$ | $Q_X = 20$ $Q_Y = 16$ | $Q_X = 16$ $Q_Y = 24$ |

What is the range of the value of the cross-elasticity of demand for good Y with respect to the price of good X?

- A** 0.75 to 1.5 **B** 1.50 to 2.4 **C** 1.66 to 2.0 **D** 1.75 to 2.5
- 10 A firm estimates that the price elasticity of supply of its product is 0.4.
- Should the firm be concerned by this figure?
- A** No, as it implies that the firm will be able to raise revenue by raising price.
- B** No, as it suggests there are few substitutes for the product.
- C** Yes, as it means that demand for its product is increasing at a slow rate.
- D** Yes, as it shows that the firm is not able to adjust supply easily when demand changes.