A cylindrical disc of mass 0.24 kg has a circular cross-sectional area A, as shown in Fig. 3.1. 3 force X cross-sectional 8.9 N area A constant $speed 0.60 \, m \, s^{-1}$ 30° disc. disc ground mass 0.24 kg Fig. 3.1 Fig. 3.2 The disc is on horizontal ground, as shown in Fig. 3.2. A force X of magnitude 8.9N acts on the disc in a direction of 30° to the horizontal. The disc moves at a constant speed of 0.60 m s⁻¹ along the ground. (a) Determine the rate of doing work on the disc by the force X. rate of doing work = W [2] **(b)** The force X and the weight of the disc exert a combined pressure on the ground of 3500 Pa. Calculate the cross-sectional area A of the disc. $A = \dots m^2$ [3] (c) Newton's third law describes how forces exist in pairs. One such pair of forces is the weight of the disc and another force Y. State: the direction of force Y (i)[1] the name of the body on which force Y acts. (ii)[1]

[Total: 7]