1	(a)	(i)	Define the <i>moment</i> of a force about a point.
			[1
		(ii)	Determine the SI base units of the moment of a force.
			base units[1
	(b)	A u	niform rigid rod of length 2.4 m is shown in Fig. 1.1.
			2.4 m cross-sectional

Fig. 1.1

The rod has a weight of  $5.2\,\mathrm{N}$  and is made of wood of density  $790\,\mathrm{kg}\,\mathrm{m}^{-3}$ .

Calculate the cross-sectional area A, in  $\mathrm{mm}^2$ , of the rod.

$$A = \dots mm^2$$
 [3]

(c) A fishing rod AB, made from the rod in (b), is shown in Fig. 1.2.

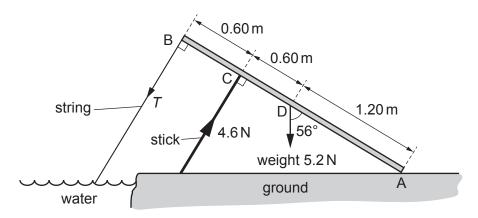


Fig. 1.2 (not to scale)

End A of the rod rests on the ground and a string is attached to the other end B. A support stick exerts a force perpendicular to the rod at point C. The weight of the rod acts at point D.

The tension T in the string is in a direction perpendicular to the rod. The rod is in equilibrium and inclined at an angle of  $56^{\circ}$  to the vertical.

The forces and the distances along the rod of points A, B, C and D are shown in Fig. 1.2.

(i) Show that the component of the weight that is perpendicular to the rod is 4.3 N.

[1]

(ii) By taking moments about end A of the rod, calculate the tension T.

$$T = \dots N [3]$$

[Total: 9]