

20 Which ratio indicates how efficiently a company controls its overheads?

- A** current ratio
- B** gross margin
- C** profit margin
- D** trade receivables turnover

21 A company produces the following information.

profit from operations	98 000
profit for the year	91 000
equity at the end of the year	500 000
long-term bank loan	150 000

What is the return on capital employed?

- A** 14% **B** 15.08% **C** 18.2% **D** 19.6%

22 A business provided the following information.

budgeted overheads	\$20 000
budgeted direct labour hours	2000
direct labour rate	\$20 per hour

A job used materials costing \$45 and 6 hours of direct labour.

Overheads are charged on the basis of direct labour hours used.

What was the cost of the job before adding any profit?

- A** \$165 **B** \$175 **C** \$180 **D** \$225

23 What is a reason for overhead absorption in a manufacturing business?

- A** to control overhead expenditure
- B** to determine the net realisable value of inventory
- C** to enable overheads to be apportioned to cost centres
- D** to establish costs per unit of product