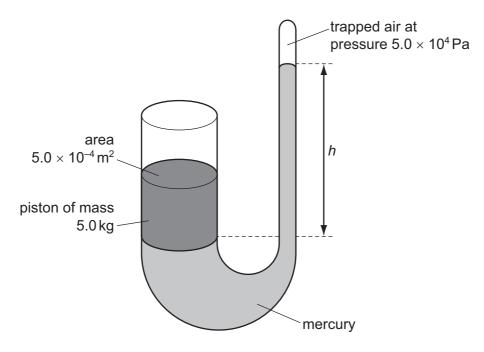
19 A U-tube closed at one end contains mercury. Air at a pressure of 5.0×10^4 Pa is trapped at the closed end. The other end is open to the atmosphere and is fitted with a piston of mass $5.0 \, \text{kg}$ and cross-sectional area $5.0 \times 10^{-4} \, \text{m}^2$.

The density of mercury is $13\,600\,\mathrm{kg}\,\mathrm{m}^{-3}$ and atmospheric pressure is $1.01\times10^5\,\mathrm{Pa}$.



What is the height *h* of the mercury column?

- **A** 37 cm
- **B** 44 cm
- **C** 74 cm
- **D** 110 cm
- 20 A known tensile force acts on a wire. The wire does not exceed its elastic limit.

Which two measurements enable the strain of the wire to be calculated?

- A the unstretched length of the wire and the cross-sectional area of the wire
- **B** the unstretched length of the wire and the extension of the wire
- **C** the Young modulus of the wire's material and the extension of the wire
- **D** the Young modulus of the wire's material and the unstretched length of the wire
- 21 The Young modulus of steel is determined using a length of steel wire and is found to have the value *E*.

Another experiment is carried out using a wire of the same steel, but of half the length and half the diameter.

Which value is obtained for the Young modulus in the second experiment?

- $\mathbf{A} \quad \frac{1}{2}E$
- B E
- **C** 2*E*
- **D** 4*E*