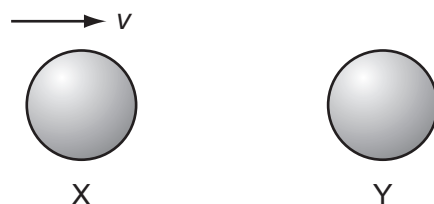


- 10 The diagram shows two identical spheres X and Y.



Initially, X moves with speed  $v$  directly towards Y. Y is stationary. The spheres collide elastically.

What happens?

|          | X  | Y  |
|----------|--|--|
| <b>A</b> | moves with speed $\frac{1}{2}v$ to the right | moves with speed $\frac{1}{2}v$ to the right |
| <b>B</b> | moves with speed $v$ to the left             | remains stationary                           |
| <b>C</b> | moves with speed $\frac{1}{2}v$ to the left  | moves with speed $\frac{1}{2}v$ to the right |
| <b>D</b> | stops  | moves with speed $v$ to the right            |

- 11 Two equal masses travel towards each other on a frictionless air track at speeds of  $60 \text{ cm s}^{-1}$  and  $40 \text{ cm s}^{-1}$ . They stick together on impact.



What is the speed of the masses after impact?

- A**  $10 \text{ cm s}^{-1}$       **B**  $20 \text{ cm s}^{-1}$       **C**  $40 \text{ cm s}^{-1}$       **D**  $50 \text{ cm s}^{-1}$

**Space for working**