3	(a)	Explain what is meant by centre of gravity.
		[2]
	(b)	Define <i>moment</i> of a force.
		[1]
	(c)	A student is being weighed. The student, of weight $\it W$, stands 0.30 m from end A of a uniform plank AB, as shown in Fig. 3.1.
		A
		2.0 m

Fig. 3.1 (not to scale)

(i)

The plank has weight $80\,\mathrm{N}$ and length $2.0\,\mathrm{m}$. A pivot P supports the plank and is $0.50\,\mathrm{m}$ from end A.

A weight of $70\,\mathrm{N}$ is moved to balance the weight of the student. The plank is in equilibrium when the weight is $0.20\,\mathrm{m}$ from end B.

State the two conditions necessary for the plank to be in equilibrium.
1
2
[2
<u></u>

(ii)	Determine the weight <i>W</i> of the student.
	<i>W</i> = N [3]
(iii)	If only the 70N weight is moved, there is a maximum weight of student that can
(111)	be determined using the arrangement shown in Fig. 3.1. State and explain one
	change that can be made to increase this maximum weight.
	roz
	[2]