1 The table shows balances at the end of a year.

	\$
expenses prepaid	6 000
expenses accrued	4 000
bank overdraft	11 500
trade creditors	13 400
trade debtors	10 500
loan (2015)	20 000

What is the total of current liabilities?

**A** \$16 500

**B** \$17 400

**C** \$28 900

**D** \$48 900

**2** The accounting year end of a business is 31 October.

On 1 April the business rents out part of its warehouse for an annual rent of \$6000. Payments were received in equal instalments on 1 April, 1 July, 1 October and 1 January.

At 31 October what would the final accounts show?

	profit and loss account \$		balance sheet \$	
Α	rental income	3500	current asset	1000
В	rental income	3500	current liability	1000
С	rental income	4500	current liability	1000
D	rental income	6000	current asset	1500

**3** A business paid \$15 000 for electricity in the year. The opening prepayment was \$1000 and the closing accrual was \$2000.

What was the charge for electricity for the year?

**A** \$15 000

**B** \$16 000

**C** \$17 000

**D** \$18 000

**4** A business makes a provision for doubtful debts equal to 5 % of its debtors.

At 31 March 2008 the provision for doubtful debts was \$850.

At 31 March 2009 the debtors after the provision for doubtful debts were \$17 100.

How much is the increase in the provision for doubtful debts for the year ended 31 March 2009?

**A** \$45

**B** \$50

**C** \$850

**D** \$900