6 A battery connected in series with a resistor R of resistance 5.0Ω is shown in Fig. 6.1.

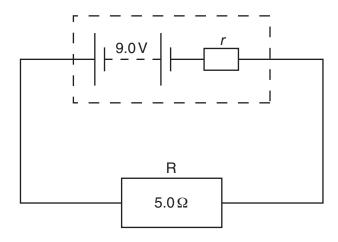


Fig. 6.1

The electromotive force (e.m.f.) of the battery is 9.0V and the internal resistance is r. The potential difference (p.d.) across the battery terminals is 6.9V.

(a)	e.m	energy considerations to explain why the p.d. across the battery is not equal to the i.f. of the battery.
		[2]
(b)	Cal	culate
	(i)	the current in the circuit,
		current = A [2]
	(ii)	the internal resistance <i>r</i> .

(c)	Cal	culate, for the battery in the circuit,		
	(i)	the total power produced,		
			power = W [2	2]
	(ii)	the efficiency.		
			efficiency =[2	2]