2	(a)	Explain what is meant by work done.
		[1]
	(b)	A car is travelling along a road that has a uniform downhill gradient, as shown in Fig. 2.1.
		$\underline{25\mathrm{m}\mathrm{s}^{-1}}$
		7.5°
		Fig. 2.1
		The car has a total mass of 850 kg. The angle of the road to the horizontal is 7.5° .
		Calculate the component of the weight of the car down the slope.
		component of weight = N [2]
	(c)	The car in (b) is travelling at a constant speed of 25 m s ⁻¹ . The driver then applies the brakes to stop the car. The constant force resisting the motion of the car is 4600 N.
		(i) Show that the deceleration of the car with the brakes applied is $4.1\mathrm{ms^{-2}}$.
		[2]
		(ii) Calculate the distance the car travels from when the brakes are applied until the car comes to rest.
		distance = m [2]

(iii)	Calculate		
	1.	the loss of kinetic energy of the car,	
		loss of kinetic energy = J [2]	
	2.	the work done by the resisting force of 4600 N.	
		work done = J [1]	
(iv)		e quantities in (iii) part 1 and in (iii) part 2 are not equal. Explain why these two antities are not equal.	
		[1]	