

- 23** A business commenced trading on 1 January. The purchases and sales of inventory for January were as follows:

date	purchases	sales
January 4	3 at \$200 each	–
13	–	2 at \$400 each
26	3 at \$250 each	–
28	–	2 at \$400 each

The business used the first in first out (FIFO) method of inventory valuation.

What was the gross profit for January?

- A** \$250                      **B** \$650                      **C** \$700                      **D** \$750

- 24** A company has been asked to quote a price for a specific job. Estimated costs are as follows:

	\$
direct materials	2000
direct labour	3300

Overheads are charged at 50% of labour cost.

Profit is 20% of the total job cost.

What is the total of the quotation for the job?

- A** \$5300                      **B** \$6360                      **C** \$6950                      **D** \$8340

- 25** A manufacturing business has a service department, X, and production departments, Y and Z.

Department Z is labour intensive.

How is the overhead absorption rate set for department Z?

	first task	second task	third task
<b>A</b>	apportion total overheads across X, Y and Z	reapportion X's overheads to Y and Z	divide Z's overheads by budgeted labour hours
<b>B</b>	apportion total overheads across X, Y and Z	reapportion X's overheads to Y and Z	divide Z's overheads by actual labour hours
<b>C</b>	subtract X's overheads from total overheads	apportion remaining overheads across Y and Z	divide Z's overheads by budgeted labour hours
<b>D</b>	subtract X's overheads from total overheads	apportion remaining overheads across Y and Z	divide Z's overheads by actual labour hours