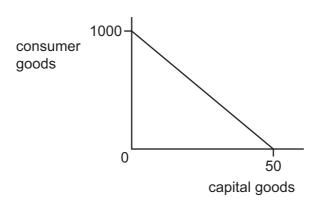
1 The diagram shows an economy's production possibility curve.



It has been employing its resources in the ratio of 80% consumer goods production and 20% capital goods production.

What will be the result if it decides to double its output of capital goods?

- A a gain of 20 capital goods
- B a gain of 40 capital goods
- C a loss of 200 consumer goods
- **D** a loss of 600 consumer goods
- 2 Which comment relating to the introduction of charges for previously free medical treatment is normative?
 - A Fewer people will be able to afford treatment.
 - **B** It will be unfair on lower income groups.
 - **C** Richer citizens will pay the higher charges.
 - **D** Workers' health and productivity will fall.
- 3 Which characteristic of money is the **most** important if it is to function as a medium of exchange?
 - A acceptable
 - **B** divisible
 - **C** durable
 - **D** portable
- 4 What is **not** a characteristic of a planned economy?
 - **A** Consumers have limited influence on what is produced.
 - **B** Profit is the motive for increasing output.
 - **C** Resources are owned by the government.
 - **D** There is limited competition in the market.