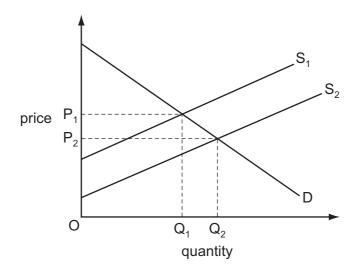
18 In the diagram, D is the demand curve for a commodity. S_1 and S_2 are the supply curves before and after an intervention by the government.



What action has the government taken?

- A It has given producers a subsidy to encourage greater output.
- **B** It has given a subsidy to consumers.
- **C** It has imposed a tax equal to $P_1 P_2$ to discourage production.
- **D** It has purchased a quantity $Q_2 Q_1$ for government use.
- 19 The table shows the ability of two countries, P and Q, to produce two goods, Y and Z.

	production of good Y per person	production of good Z per person
country P	1000	1600
country Q	1500	2000

Which statement is correct?

- A P has an absolute advantage in Z and Q has a comparative advantage in Y.
- **B** P has an absolute advantage in Z and Q has an absolute advantage in Y.
- **C** P has a comparative advantage in Z and Q has an absolute advantage in Y.
- **D** P has a comparative advantage in Y and Q has an absolute advantage in Z.
- 20 What is the least likely outcome for participating countries of a move towards freer trade?
 - **A** greater international specialisation
 - **B** greater product choice
 - C higher standards of living
 - **D** more equal distribution of income