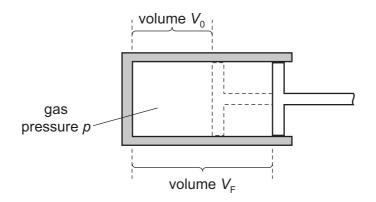
16 Some gas in a cylinder is supplied with thermal energy q.

The gas does useful work in expanding at constant pressure p from volume V_0 to volume V_F , as shown.



Which expression gives the efficiency of this change?

- A $\frac{pV_0}{q}$
- $\mathbf{B} \quad \frac{V_{\mathsf{F}}}{V_{\mathsf{O}}q}$
- $\mathbf{C} \quad \frac{p(V_{\mathsf{F}} V_0)}{a}$
- $\mathbf{D} = \frac{(V_{\mathsf{F}} V_{\mathsf{O}})}{V_{\mathsf{O}} q}$
- 17 The power *P* required to move an object through a medium at constant speed depends on the speed *v* and the resistive force *F* acting on the object.

The resistive force F also depends on the speed v.

Which row shows a possible relationship between speed v, resistive force F and power P?

	resistive force F	power P
Α	proportional to <i>v</i>	constant
В	proportional to <i>v</i>	proportional to <i>v</i>
С	proportional to v^2	proportional to v^2
D	proportional to v^2	proportional to v^3

- **18** Which amount of energy is **not** 2400 J?
 - A the decrease in gravitational potential energy of a body of mass 60 kg when it moves vertically downwards through 40 m near the Earth's surface
 - **B** the energy transferred in 15s by a machine of power 160 W
 - C the kinetic energy of a body of mass 12 kg moving at a speed of 20 m s⁻¹
 - **D** the work done by a gas expanding against a constant external pressure of $120\,\mathrm{kPa}$ when its volume increases by $0.020\,\mathrm{m}^3$