6 A cell of electromotive force (e.m.f.) 0.48 V is connected to a metal wire X, as shown in Fig. 6.1.

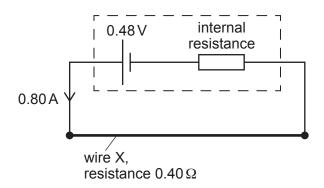


Fig. 6.1

The cell has internal resistance. The current in the cell is 0.80A.

Wire X has length 3.0 m, cross-sectional area $1.3 \times 10^{-7}\,\text{m}^2$ and resistance $0.40\,\Omega$.

(a) Calculate the charge passing through the cell in a time of 7.5 minutes.

(b) Calculate the percentage efficiency with which the cell supplies power to wire X.

(c)	There are 3.2×10^{22} free (conduction) electrons contained in the volume of wire X.	
		wire X, calculate:
	(i)	the number density n of the free electrons
		$n = \dots m^{-3}$ [1]
	(ii)	the average drift speed of the free electrons.
		average drift speed = ms ⁻¹ [2]
(d)	A wire Y has the same cross-sectional area as wire X and is made of the same metal. Wire Y is longer than wire X.	
	Wire X in the circuit is now replaced by wire Y. Assume that wire Y has the same temperature as wire X.	
	State and explain whether the average drift speed of the free electrons in wire Y is greater than, the same as, or less than that in wire X.	
		[3]
		[Total: 11]