- 28 Which statement is an argument for using marginal costing?
 - A International accounting standards require use of marginal costing.
 - **B** Marginal costing data enables the use of decision-making techniques.
 - **C** Setting selling prices is made easier under marginal costing because all costs are considered.
 - **D** The distinction between fixed and variable overheads under marginal costing is no longer relevant.
- **29** The following information is available for a business.

total fixed costs	\$15 000
variable cost	\$12 per unit
selling price	\$20 per unit
break-even point	1875 units

The business wants to reduce the break-even point to 1500 units.

Which strategy will **not** achieve the target break-even level?

- A increasing the selling price to \$22 per unit
- **B** reducing fixed costs to \$12,750 and reducing variable cost to \$11.50 per unit
- **C** reducing fixed costs to \$12800
- **D** reducing variable costs to \$10 per unit
- 30 Which assumption does **not** apply for cost–volume–profit (CVP) analysis?
 - **A** All units produced are sold.
 - **B** Only a single type of product is produced and sold.
 - **C** Total fixed costs change over a period.
 - **D** Variable cost changes in direct proportion with sales volume.