Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)	1 mark for:	1
	infra-red / proximity (sensor)	
1(b)	1 mark for each bullet point (max 2)	2
	Actuator generates a signal / causes an action / converts electrical energy into a mechanical force	
	 to push an arm // to open a trap door // to pick up the chocolate bar with the incorrect weight 	
1(c)(i)	1 mark for each feature (max 2)	2
	 Dedicated to a single task // limited number of functions Built into a larger system // integrated into a larger system An embedded system must contain a processor, memory and an I/O capability // Dedicated hardware 	
1(c)(ii)	1 mark for each bullet point (max 1)	1
	 Difficult to change / update the firmware by the user // Difficult to upgrade devices to take advantage of new technology Cannot be easily adapted for another task Troubleshooting faults/upgrading is a specialist task Devices are often thrown away rather than repaired as difficult to upgrade or repair 	

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	1 mark for each term (max 3)	3
	 Entity: An object about which data can be stored Primary key: The unique attribute / combination of attributes used to identify the record / tuple 	
	 Referential integrity: Makes sure that if data is changed in one place the change is reflected in all related records - cascading update/delete Makes sure that data that does not exist cannot be referenced Ensures that every foreign key has a corresponding primary key // A logical dependency of a foreign key on a primary key Ensures that the data in the database is consistent / up to date Prevents records from being added/deleted/modified incorrectly Makes sure any queries return accurate and complete results 	

Question	Answer	Marks
2(b)	1 mark for each bullet point (max 4) Max 2 if no descriptions	4
	 Backup / recovery procedures automatically takes copies of the database and store off site on a regular basis / weekly, etc. so that the data can be recovered if lost 	
	 Use of access rights some users are given different access permissions to different tables read/write, read only, full access, etc. 	
	 Views different users are able to see different parts of the database only see what users need to see // by example 	
	 Record and table locking prevents simultaneous access to data so updates are not lost // data is not overwritten 	
	 Encryption the data is turned into ciphertext so it cannot be understood without a decryption key 	
2(c)	1 mark for each bullet point (max 4)	4
	 Identify repeating groups of attributes Subject and SubjectCode Ensure each field is atomic StudentName should be split into e.g. FirstName and LastName Identify the primary key for the table 	

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	1 mark for:	1
	 kibibyte = 1,024 bytes // 2¹⁰ bytes and megabyte = 1000 kilobytes // 1000 000 bytes // 10³ kilobytes // 10⁶ bytes kibi is binary prefix and mega is denary prefix 	
3(b)(i)	1111 0011 1100	1
3(b)(ii)	865	1
3(b)(iii)	470	1

Question	Answer	Marks
3(c)	1 mark for a correct application1 mark for a corresponding justification	2
	 An application that performs financial / banking calculations because it is difficult to represent decimal values exactly in normal binary and financial transactions use only two decimal places and must be accurate, no accumulating errors Or	
	 Electronic displays, e.g. calculators, digital clocks because visual displays only need to show individual digits because conversion between denary and BCD is easier Or The storage of the date and time in the BIOS of a PC because conversion with denary is easier 	

Question	S		Answ	/er			Marks
4(a)	 1 mark for each bullet point A NAND B NOT(B XOR C) Final NAND X = A NAND B NAND (NOT(B XOR C)) 					3	
4(b)	1 mark for each s	set of rows ((shaded)				2
		Α	В	С	Х		
		0	0	0	0		
		0	0	1	0		
		0	1	0	1		
		0	1	1	0		
		1	0	0	1		
		1	0	1	1		
		1	1	0	1		
		1	1	1	1		
5(a)	1 mark for:						1
	EitherEnsuring dataOrEnsuring datapersons					thorised persons uthorised	

Question	Answer	Marks
5(b)	1 mark for each bullet point (max 1)	1
	 Ensuring the accuracy / completeness / consistency of data (during / after processing) Ensuring the data is up to date 	
5(c)	1 mark for each bullet point.	4
	 Phishing email (max 2) The email pretends to be from an official body persuading individuals to disclose private information // by example such as bank details or requesting authentication by redirecting to an unofficial/unauthorised website // inviting a user to click a link Spyware (max 2) Malware downloaded without the user's knowledge which secretly records the user's actions / keystrokes on the computer and sends logs of the actions to a third party 	

Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)	1 mark for each bullet point (max 3)	3
	Lossy compression (ticked)	
	 Loss of quality will not be noticed Needs to be viewed in real time so less bandwidth needed if file size smaller Smaller file sizes will reduce buffering so the video will play more smoothly Viewers may watch on different devices, so may not need high quality resolution Lossless compression (ticked) Original recording may not have been made in high resolution Could be streaming to high bandwidth devices The reduction in the file size is sufficient for the receiving device Viewers do not want any loss of quality 	

Question	Answer	Marks
6(b)	 1 mark for each bullet point (max 3) Increase sampling resolution the number of bits used for each sample is increased there will be more values available to represent each sample // more amplitudes can be represented each binary amplitude/note in the digital recording is closer to the analogue amplitude/note quantisation errors are reduced the digital soundwave is closer to the original analogue soundwave Decrease sampling resolution the number of bits used for each sample is decreased there will be fewer values available to represent each sample // fewer amplitudes can be stored each binary amplitude/note in the digital recording is further from the analogue amplitude/note quantisation errors are increased the digital soundwave is less like the original analogue soundwave 	3
6(c)	1 mark for answer, 1 mark for working Answer: 2.5 mebibytes Working: $(2048 \times 1024 \times 10) / (8 \times 1024 \times 1024)$	2

Question	Answer	Marks
7(a)	1 mark for each bullet point (max 2)	2
	 Only has four groups of digits // IPv6 has eight groups Uses dotted notation instead of colons Because it is a 32 bit / 4 byte address // IPv6 is 128 bits / 16 bytes 	
7(b)(i)	1 mark for server only connected to router1 mark for two laptop computers connected only to router	2
	Server Router Laptop 1 Laptop 2	

Question	Answer	Marks
7(b)(ii)	1 mark for each bullet point (max 2)	2
	 The data from the sending laptop is transmitted to the router The data has address of recipient The router determines recipient's destination address by using a routing table 	
	The router transmits data directly / only to recipient	
7(b)(iii)	1 mark for each use (max 2) and 1 mark for corresponding expansion (max 2)	4
	 To improve the security of the LAN so that devices do not receive unintended data so that a compromised device does not expose the whole network so not all devices can access all segments 	
	 To make the network management easier because faults can be isolated more efficiently by appropriate example 	
	 To make the network easier to expand // For better control of network growth by allowing for greater range of IP addresses to be available 	
	 To improve network performance To reduce network congestion by localising network communications // by dividing data between segments so that devices are not flooded with data because data sent between devices on the same subnet stays within the subnet 	
7(c)	1 mark for each bullet point (max 3)	3
	 To monitor the communications channel To send data only when there is no data being transmitted / the line is quiet / idle To detect a collision and then stop transmissions of further data // transmit a jamming signal To calculate a random wait time / back-off time then retransmit the data after that random wait time Increase random time if multiple collisions 	

Question		Answer					
7(d)	1 ma	mark for each highlighted area					
		Type of IP address	Description				
		public IP address	an IP address that is assigned to a device to allow direct access on the internet				
		static IP address	an IP address that is fixed / doesn't change each time a device re-joins a LAN / network				
		private IP address	an IP address used for internal LAN communication only				
		dynamic IP address	an IP address that may be refreshed / changed each time a device re-joins a LAN / network				

Question	Answer					
8(a)	1 mark for each bullet point (max 1)					
	 To hide the complexities of the hardware from the user To provide a platform for software to run To provide a user interface 					
8(b)	1 mark for the name of the utility software 2 marks for the explanation					
	 Defragmentation software because over time saving and deleting of small files fragments the disk the software makes (individual) files contiguous so access time to the files is improved because head movement is reduced 					
	 Disk contents analysis/disk repair software to identify and mark bad sectors to restore corrupted files to recover lost data (due to hardware failure) 					
	 File compression to reduce the size of files which saves storage and memory space // by example and reduces transmission time // by example 					
	 Disk formatter to prepare a disk for use // set up the file system to partition the disc to delete all the data from the disc 					

Question	Answer						
8(c)(i)	1 mark for each bullet point (max 1)						
	USB / Universal Serial BusHDMI						
8(c)(ii)	1 mark for each component (max 3)	3					
	 Buffers A buffer temporarily holds data until it is ready to be transmitted to the device 						
	Address Bus The address of the data to be written to the device (in RAM) is carried on the address bus						
	Data Bus • All data to be written to the device / buffer is carried on the data bus						

Question	Answer	Marks			
9(a)	1 mark for each bullet point				
	 IN - Input and output of data ADD - Arithmetic operations JPE - Unconditional and conditional instructions CMI - Compare instructions 				

Question	Answer						Marks				
9(b)	1 mark for each set of shaded rows									4	
		Instruction	ACC	IX	Memory address				Output		
		address			100	101	110	111			
					0	0	51	65			
		10		0							
		11	49								
		12				49					
		13	51								
		14									
		15									
		16	49								
		17	65								
		18		1							
		19			65						
		20									
		13	65								
		14									
		15									
		21							Α		
		22									