CS310 Data Structures and Algorithms Spring 2020

Extra Credit Assignment #2

Name: Stephen Giang

1. What is the tightest bound Big O for the following: (10 Points)

a)
$$f(N) = (1/2) (N \log N) + (\log N)^2$$

(log N)^2

b)
$$f(N) = N^2 * (N + N \log N + 1000)$$

N^3 log N

c)
$$f(N) = N^2 \log N + 2^N$$

<u>2^N</u>

d)
$$f(N) = ((1/2)(3N + 5 + N))^4$$

N^4

e)
$$f(N) = (2N + 5 + N^4) / N$$

<u>N^3</u>

f)
$$f(N) = log_{10}(2^N)$$

<u>N</u>

g)
$$f(N) = N! + 2N$$

<u>N!</u>

h)
$$f(N) = (N * N * N * N + 2N)^2$$

<u>N^8</u>

i)
$$f(N) = N^{\frac{1}{2}} + \log N$$

<u>N^(1/2)</u>

j)
$$f(N) = N \log (100^3)$$

____<u>N</u>

2. Give the tightest bound in terms of Big O, of the following code snippets(10 Points)
a. public type something(n) {
 result = 0;

O(N)

```
c. public type something(n) {
        result = 0;
        for (i=0, i<n; i++) {
             for (int j=i; j<n;j++) {</pre>
                  result += 1;
             }
        }
        return result;
  }
  O(N^2)
d. int count =0;
  for(int i=n;i>0;i/=2)
        for(int j=0;j<i;j++)</pre>
             count++;
  O(LOG N)
e. void silly(int n)
  {
        for (int i = 0; i < n * n; ++i) {
             for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j) {
                  for (int k = 0; k < i; ++k)
                        System.out.println("k = " + k);
                  for (int m = 0; m < 100; ++m)
                        System.out.println("m = " + m);
             }
        }
  }
  O(N^5)
```