

---

---

# **MATH 537, Fall 2020**

# **Ordinary Differential Equations**

Lecture #17

Mini Project

Instructor: Dr. Bo-Wen Shen\*

Department of Mathematics and Statistics  
San Diego State University

# Mini Project: An Extension of Problem 4

---

- A mini project is to extend the problem 4

## Mid Term (30%)

- Part A: take-home problems, 15% Sep. 30 (W)
- Part B: 9:00-9:50 am, 15%, Oct 2 (F)

4: [20 points] Show off Your Skills and Knowledge.

(a) [7 points] Design your problem using the skills and knowledge that have been discussed in the textbook or lectures.

(b) [7 points] Discuss why your problem is unique, as compared to the above problems and/or problems in homework (1-2).

(c) [6 points] Solve the problem.

$$0.2 * 15\% = 3\%$$

# Mini Project as Part of the Final Exam (30%)

---

- Part A: take-home problems, 15% Dec 11 (F)
- Part B: 8:00-10:00 am, 20% Dec 14 (M)

A mini project is:

- optional,
- part of Part A of the final exam,
- worth of 20, 40 or 60 points (equivalent to 1, 2, or 3 problems in Part A of the final exam (to be determined by Nov. 18, Wed))

Tasks to finish a mini project include:

1. Compile what you have done into a mini report (4 pages)
2. Complete a QuadChart (TBD below)

# How to Start

---

- Find a topic after studying **or** performing a review
- Digest and compile related materials
- Complete an initial QuadChart as an outline
- Complete a brief report and Finalize the QuadChart



➤ Find the hanger

Your Project Title <u>Your name, San Diego State University</u>	
<b>Objective</b> • Point 1 • Point 2 • Point 3	
<b>Approach</b> Computing Packages, Mathematical/numerical methods ...	
<b>Key Milestones</b> • 03/02/2017 • 04/07/2017 • 04/27/2017	<b>Representative Diagram</b> one-paragraph proposal preliminary results project presentation

# QuadChart @gradescope (pdf) & canvas/supp (ppt)

---

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Your Project Title</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Your name, San Diego State University</p> <hr/>							
<p><b><u>Objective</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Point 1</li><li>• Point 2</li><li>• Point 3</li></ul>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Representative Diagram</b></p>						
<p><b><u>Approach</u></b></p> <p>Computing Packages, Mathematical/numerical methods ...</p>	<p><b><u>Key Milestones</u></b></p> <table><tr><td>• ..... 03/02/2017</td><td>one-paragraph proposal</td></tr><tr><td>• ..... 04/07/2017</td><td>preliminary results</td></tr><tr><td>• ..... 04/27/2017</td><td>project presentation</td></tr></table>	• ..... 03/02/2017	one-paragraph proposal	• ..... 04/07/2017	preliminary results	• ..... 04/27/2017	project presentation
• ..... 03/02/2017	one-paragraph proposal						
• ..... 04/07/2017	preliminary results						
• ..... 04/27/2017	project presentation						
<hr/> <hr/> <p style="text-align: right;">Math537_ODEs@SDSU</p>							

**“Initial” QuadChart Due on Nov. 16 (Monday)**

# @gradescope

Math537-Fall-2020 | Fall 2020

## DESCRIPTION

Edit your course description on the [Course Settings](#) page.

## THINGS TO DO

- ! Finish grading [Quiz 1](#).
- ! Respond to 1 outstanding regrade request for [Quiz 2](#).
- ! Finish grading [MT Part A](#).

◀ ACTIVE ASSIGNMENTS   RELEASED

DUE (PDT) ▾

◀ SUBMISSIONS   % GRADED

◀ PUBLISHED   REGRADES

Initial Quad Chart

OCT 14

NOV 16 AT 11:59PM

0

0%



ON



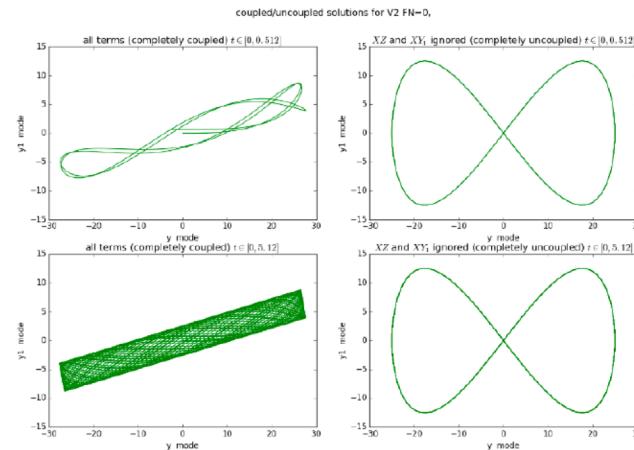
# A Sample of QuadChart:

## On quasi-periodic solutions associated with the extended nonlinear feedback loop of the five-dimensional nondissipative Lorenz model

Sara Faghih-Naini, San Diego State University

### Objective

- Analysis and comparison of 5D NLM
- Fundamental role of nonlinear terms in producing quasi-periodic solutions
- Collective role of the nonlinear feedback loop and heating term in producing quasi-periodic solutions



Y-Y1-plots of periodic/quasiperiodic solutions for tend=0.512 (top) and tend=5.12 (bottom) of coupled (left) and uncoupled (right) LL 5D NLM

### Approach

- Performing analytical, symbolic (python `scipy`) and numerical (Python ODE solver (`odeint`)) analysis of 5D NLM
- Analyzing quasiperiodic solutions of 5D NLM
- Comparing to solutions of 5D NLM, locally linearized 5D NLM, 3D NLM, ...
- Performing frequency analysis using Python `fft` package
- Visualizing quasiperiodic solutions using Python visualization packages

### Key Milestones

- 09/30/2016: solve for eigenvalues of 5D NLM (analytical and symbolic computation)
- 11/01/2016: verify results, plots for comparison of 3D NLM, LL 3D NLM FN=0 and FN=1, 3D-eigenvaluesolution (analytical and symbolic); plots for comparison of 5D NLM, LL 5D NLM FN=0 and FN=1, 5D-eigenvaluesolution (analytical and symbolic)
- 11/20/2016: finish frequency analysis
- 11/22/2016: create slides for presentation
- 11/30/2016: finish oral presentation
- 12/06/2016: draft of paper

# An Outcome: Published Paper

---

## Featured Articles: Most-Read Articles of 2018 (IJBC)



International Journal of Bifurcation and Chaos, Vol. 28, No. 6 (2018) 1850072 (20 pages)

© The Author(s)

DOI: 10.1142/S0218127418500724

### Quasi-Periodic Orbits in the Five-Dimensional Nondissipative Lorenz Model: The Role of the Extended Nonlinear Feedback Loop

Sara Faghhi-Naini and Bo-Wen Shen\*

*Department of Mathematics and Statistics,*

*San Diego State University, 5500 Campanile Drive,*

*San Diego, CA 92182, USA*

*\*bshen@mail.sdsu.edu*

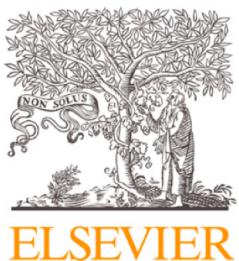
Received January 28, 2018; Revised April 11, 2018

A Phd student in Germany; published 4 papers with me

---

# An Outcome: Published Paper

---



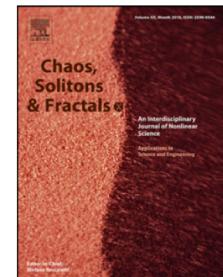
Chaos, Solitons and Fractals 125 (2019) 1–12

Contents lists available at [ScienceDirect](#)

## Chaos, Solitons and Fractals

Nonlinear Science, and Nonequilibrium and Complex Phenomena

journal homepage: [www.elsevier.com/locate/chaos](http://www.elsevier.com/locate/chaos)



A recurrence analysis of chaotic and non-chaotic solutions within a generalized nine-dimensional Lorenz model



Tiffany Reyes, Bo-Wen Shen\*

Department of Mathematics and Statistics, San Diego State University, 5500 Campanile Drive, San Diego, CA 92182-7720, United States

very rewarding salary in a private company; published 4 papers with me

# An Invited Talk in 2020

You are also invited to subscribe to attend the web conference and follow the 3 day program along with the important Keynote, Plenary and Invited contributions from:

**James A. Yorke**, University of Maryland, USA on “The equations of nature and the nature of equations” with Sana Jahedi

**Harold M Hastings**, Bard College at Simon's Rock, USA on “Vector difference equations, Gershgorin's theorem, and design of multi-networks to reduce spread of epidemics” with Tai Young-Taft

**Vladimir L. Kalashnikov**, Sapienza Universita di Roma, Italy on “Spatiotemporal Turbulence in a Multimode Fiber Laser” with Stefano Wabnitz

**Shunji Kawamoto**, Osaka Prefecture University, Japan on “Chaos identification of a colliding constraint body on a moving belt”

**George Savvidy**, National Centre for Scientific Research “Demokritos”, Athens, Greece on “Maximally Chaotic Dynamical Systems”

**A. Shvets**, National Technical University of Ukraine “Igor Sikorsky Kyiv Polytechnic Institute”, Kyiv, Ukraine on “Generalizing of Attractor Notion for Spherical Pendulum Systems” with S. Donetskyi

**Bo-Wen Shen**, San Diego State University, USA on “Applying a Kernel PCA Method to Reveal Coexisting Attractors within a Generalized Lorenz Model” with **Jialin Cui**

**Tatiana F. Filippova**, Krasovskii Institute of Mathematics and Mechanics, Ekaterinburg, Russia on “Interacting Populations: Dynamics and Viability in Bounded Domains under Uncertainty”

**Marek Lampart**, VSB-Technical University of Ostrava, IT4Innovations, Czech Republic on “Chaos identification of a colliding constraint body on a moving belt” with Jaroslav Zapoměl

**J.P. Lebacque**, UGE (University Gustave Eiffel) COSYS GRETTIA, France on “Chaotic behavior of dynamical systems associated with dynamic traffic assignment in transportation” with M.M. Khoshyaran

**Evelina V. Prozorova**, St. Petersburg State University, Russia on “Mechanism of Formation of Fluctuation Phenomena”

**C H Skiadas**, ManLab, TUC, Greece on “How the unsolved problem of finding the Healthy Life Expectancy (HLE) in the far past was resolved: The case of Sweden (1751-2016) with forecasts to 2060 and comparisons with HALE”

A Phd student with TA support in CS of NCSU; published 2 papers with me

# A Final Report for the Mini Project

---

---

A final report with 4 pages, due on Dec 11 (F), should include:

1. An abstract (~300 words)
2. A QuadChart
3. Discussions
4. A summary (600-1000 words)

# Potential Topics

---

---

1. Materials outlined in the “one slide summary”
2. Materials (HW, MT, Quiz) related the SIR model
3. Projects you are working
4. Your problem 4 in MT
5. Topics you feel interested

Criteria: Find a topic you have passion to complete



# One Slide Summary

1 <sup>st</sup> order	2 <sup>nd</sup> order	eigenvalue problem
$y' = \alpha y - \beta y^2$ (logistic eq.)	$x'' + \beta x' + \alpha x = 0$	$x' = ax + by$ $y' = cx + dy$
$y' = \alpha y - \beta y^3$	$x' = y$ $y' = -\alpha x - \beta y$	$X' = AX$ $AX = \lambda X$ $X = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}; A = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}$

nonlinear	a system of ODEs	
Non-dissipative Lorenz model, NLS, Duffing Eq.	$x'' - \alpha x + \beta x^3 = 0$ (DE-sech)	$x' = y \equiv F$ $y' = \alpha x - \beta x^3 \equiv G$
KdV	$x'' - \alpha x + \beta x^2 = 0$ (DE-sech <sup>2</sup> )	$x' = y \equiv F$ $y' = \alpha x - \beta x^2 \equiv G$

- mathematical analysis ...
- stability analysis....

# Adding Meats with Important Concepts



Asymptotic Matching	Homoclinic Orbits
Asymptotic Series	Jacobian Matrix & Linearization
A System of ODEs	Logistic Eq.
Bifurcation	Lorenz Model
Boundary Layer Theory	Perturbation Theory/Method
Critical Points	Quasi-periodicity
Conjugacy	Sigmoid function
DE-sech (e.g., Duffing Eq. & Nonlinear Schrodinger Eq.)	Solitary Wave
DE-sech <sup>2</sup> (e.g., KdV Eq.)	Stability Analysis (source, sink, saddle)
Eigenvalue Problem	Variational Eq.
Homeomorphism	WKB Analysis (oscillatory vs. exponential solutions)

# Topic 2: A Simplified SIR

---

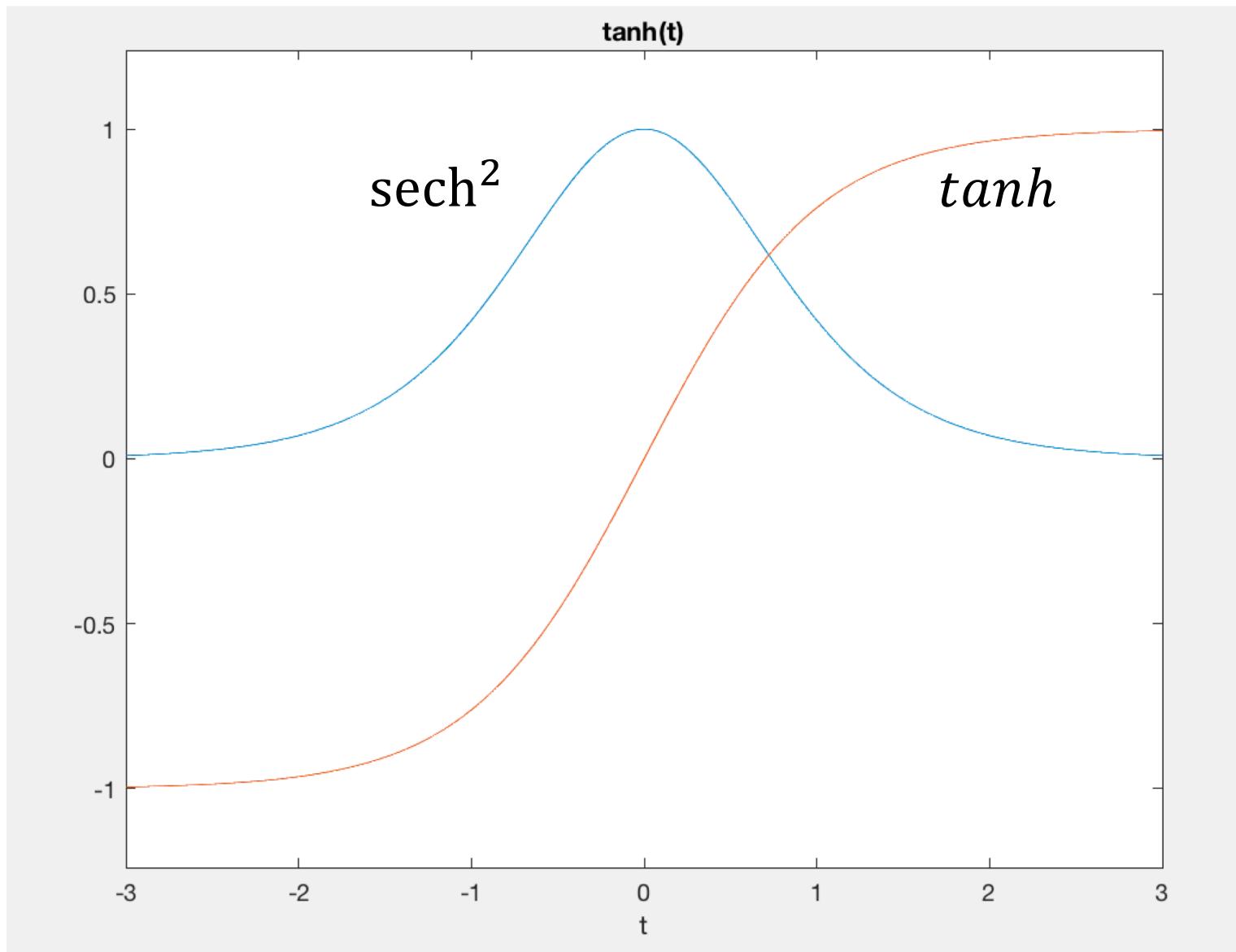


---

The SIR Model or KdV Eq.	Fundamental Models	Solutions
<p>The Equation for <math>R'</math></p> $\frac{dR}{dt} = \nu \left( N - R - S(0)e^{-\frac{\beta}{N\nu}(R(t)-R(0))} \right)$		
<p>A simplified Eq. for "weak outbreak"</p> $\frac{dR}{dt} = \nu (N - R - S(0)(1 - x + x^2/2))$ $x = \frac{\beta}{N\nu}(R(t) - R(0))$ $e^{-x} \approx 1 - x + x^2/2$ <span style="color: red; font-weight: bold;">MT Part A</span>	<p>The Logistic Equation</p> $\frac{df}{dt} = f(1 - f)$	<i>sigmoid</i>
	$\frac{dg}{dt} = \frac{1}{4} - g^2$	<i>tanh</i>
<p>The Korteweg-de Vries Equation</p> $\frac{d^2J}{d\xi^2} + 3J^2 - cJ = 0$ $c = 1/2$ <span style="color: red; font-weight: bold;">Quiz 3</span>	$\frac{d^2Z}{d\tau^2} + 3Z^2 - Z/2 = 0$ $Z = dg/dt, \tau = \sqrt{2}t$	$\operatorname{sech}^2$

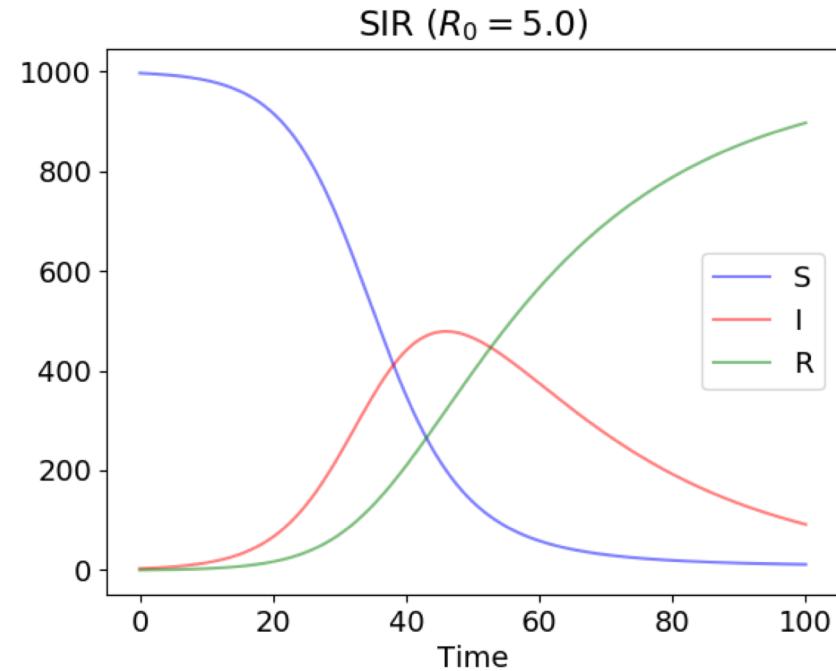
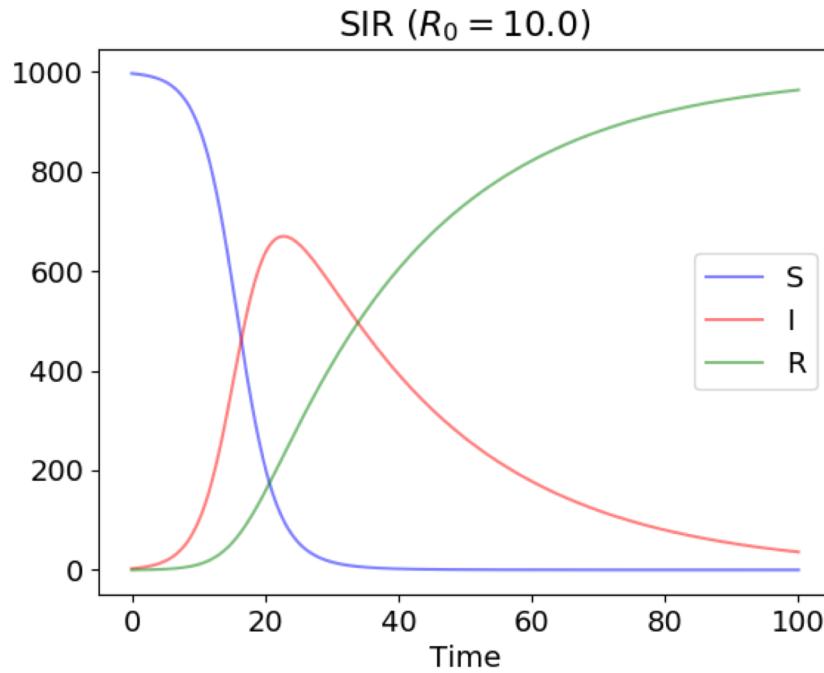
# tanh vs. sech

---



$R_0 = \frac{\beta}{\nu}$ : basic reproduction #, or contact #.

$\beta > 0$ : infection rate  
(transmission rate, or transmission coefficients);  
 $\nu > 0$ : recovery rate;



$$I \approx \text{sech}^2$$

$$R \approx \tanh$$

4: [25 points] Consider the following SIR epidemic model (Kermack and McKendrick, 1927):

$$\frac{dS}{dt} = -\frac{\beta}{N}SI, \quad (4.1)$$

$$\frac{dI}{dt} = \frac{\beta}{N}SI - \nu I, \quad (4.2)$$

$$\frac{dR}{dt} = \nu I. \quad (4.3)$$

Here,  $S$ ,  $I$ , and  $R$  denote susceptible, infected, and recovered individuals, respectively. Three parameters,  $\beta > 0$ ,  $\nu > 0$ , and  $N > 0$ , represent a transmission rate, a recovery rate, and a fixed population ( $N = S + I + R$ ), respectively. Complete the following:

- (a) [5 points] Find critical points.
- (b) [8 points] Compute the Jacobian matrix.
- (c) [12 points] Perform a linear stability analysis for critical points.

(a)  $I = 0$

(b1)

$$J = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{\beta}{N}I & -\frac{\beta}{N}S & 0 \\ \frac{\beta}{N}I & \frac{\beta}{N}S - \nu & 0 \\ 0 & \nu & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

(b2) the 2D Jacobian matrix at the critical point(s):

$$J_{2D} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -\frac{\beta}{N}S \\ 0 & \frac{\beta}{N}S - \nu \end{pmatrix}$$

(c1)  $\lambda_1 = 0$  and  $\lambda_2 = \frac{\beta}{N}S - \nu$ .

(c2)  $\lambda_2 > 0$  when  $S > \frac{N\nu}{\beta}$ .

(c3)  $\lambda_2 < 0$  when  $S < \frac{N\nu}{\beta}$ .

# Research Approaches: Certainty vs. Reality

---

---

*“As far as the laws of mathematics refer to reality,  
they are not certain, and as far as they are  
certain, they do not refer to reality.”*

-Albert Einstein

## Reductionism vs. Complexity

# Additional Help

---

---

## A Sample Problem in HW (from Math542, Fall 2019)

**3:** [25 points] Provide a brief report on the progress of your project. [Points will be given after the completion of the final project presentation.]

- (a) Please state what has been done during the past two weeks and what will be performed in the next two weeks. (you may want to provide the following: an introduction of the backgrounds about your study, your methodology, required computing skills that have been tested, etc.)
- (b) Provide any preliminary results (e.g., figures, mathematical equations, references/web sites, etc).
- (c) Please document any scientific, mathematical, numerical, computing, and/or technical issues.
- (d) If you have a revised plan or a mitigation plan (to resolve the issues in (2c)), please state it.