

**Homework 4**  
**Numerical Matrix Analysis**  
**Math 543**  
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**Problem 1:**

$$\text{Let } A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow Q = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1231 & 0.9045 & -0.1111 \\ 0.4924 & 0.3015 & -0.4444 \\ 0.8616 & -0.3015 & -0.8889 \end{bmatrix}, R = \begin{bmatrix} 8.1240 & 9.6011 & 11.0782 \\ 0 & 0.9045 & 1.8091 \\ 0 & 0 & 0.0000 \end{bmatrix}$$

**Problem 9.1 (a):** Run the six-line MATLAB program of Experiment 1 to produce a plot of approximate Legendre polynomials.

**Problem 9.1 (b):** For  $k = 0, 1, 2, 3$ , plot the difference on the 257-point grid between these approximations and the exact polynomials (7.11). How big are the errors, and how are they distributed?

**Solution 9.1 (b):** The errors when  $k = 0$ , and  $k = 1$ , are 0. The errors for the other  $k$  values are in between  $\pm 0.015$ . The errors get larger as the degree of each polynomial gets bigger, or for greater  $k$  values.

**Problem 9.2:** In Experiment 2, the singular values of  $A$  match the diagonal elements of a QR factor  $R$  approximately. Consider now a very different example. Suppose  $Q = I$  and  $A = R$ , the  $m \times m$  matrix (a Toeplitz matrix) with 1 on the main diagonal, 2 on the first superdiagonal, and 0 everywhere else

**Solution 9.2 (a):** What are the eigenvalues, determinant, and rank of  $A$ ?

$$\begin{aligned} \text{All } eig(A) &= 1 \\ det(A) &= 1 \\ rank(A) &= m \end{aligned}$$

**Solution 9.2 (b):** What is  $A^{-1}$ ?

$A^{-1} = m \times m$  matrix with diagonal entries being 1, and its superdiagonal entries being -2