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ISE-221

Final Project Task 1

For my ISE-221 final project, I have chosen a publicly accessible dataset from Kaggle. This dataset contains 16 features across 5,000 samples, including a target variable. The goal is to identify features that may be indicative of pulmonary disease. Since the target variable is binary (yes or no), I have decided that the best approach is to develop a binary classification model that will predict the likelihood of pulmonary disease based on the selected features.

Shortly after starting my build, I realized that I wanted this program to be highly adaptable to other comma-separated values (CSV) files. The main requirements for compatibility are:

- 1. The target variable must be in the last column.
- 2. The first row must contain the feature names.
- 3. Each column represents a feature, and each row represents a sample.

In Task 1, the following has been accomplished:

## Download the Dataset and clean it

I created the variables, file\_path and file\_name to allow easy modification of the file path when needed. Then, I used np.genfromtxt() to load the CSV file. However, since genfromtxt() automatically replaces non-numeric values with NaN, I manually replaced all "YES" and "NO" values with their binary equivalents: 1 and 0. After this conversion, I changed the dataset to a float type to ensure compatibility with future numerical computations.

Once all transformations were completed, a report was generated displaying the number of features, the number of samples, and a list of feature names alongside their index numbers for easy reference.

## Pick the features for use as inputs

The dataset originally contained 17 features along with a target variable. To determine which features to use as inputs for the model, I applied the Pearson correlation coefficient. The

Pearson correlation coefficient or "r" value measures the linear relationship between each feature and the target variable, Pulmonary Disease. Features with higher absolute correlation values were prioritized, as they have a stronger relationship with the target and are more likely to improve model performance.

Pearson Correlation Coefficient
$$\mathbf{r} = \frac{\mathbf{n}(\Sigma \mathbf{x}\mathbf{y}) - (\Sigma \mathbf{x})(\Sigma \mathbf{y})}{\sqrt{[\mathbf{n}\Sigma \mathbf{x}^2 - (\Sigma \mathbf{x})^2][\mathbf{n}\Sigma \mathbf{y}^2 - (\Sigma \mathbf{y})^2]}}$$

According to the correlation strength reference chart, no feature exhibited a strong correlation (|r| > 0.8). However, several features had moderate or weak correlations, which may still contribute useful predictive power. Based on this, I set a lower threshold (|r| > 0.15) to retain features that showed at least some relationship with the target variable.

r value	Interpretation
r = 1	Perfect positive linear correlation
$0.8 \le r < 1$	Strong positive linear correlation
$0.4 \le r < 0.8$	Moderate positive linear correlation
0 < r < 0.4	Weak positive linear correlation
r = 0	No correlation
$-0.4 \le r < 0$	Weak negative linear correlation
$0.8 \le r < -0.4$	Moderate negative linear correlation
-1 < r < 0.8	Strong negative linear correlation
r = -1	Perfect negative linear correlation

The top six features with a correlation above .15

FEATURE	"r" Value
SMOKING	0.4615

SMOKING_FAMILY_HISTORY	0.3025
THROAT_DISCOMFORT	0.2835
BREATHING_ISSUE	0.2705
STRESS_IMMUNE	0.1811
ENERGY_LEVEL	0.1715

Task 1 outputs figure 1-3

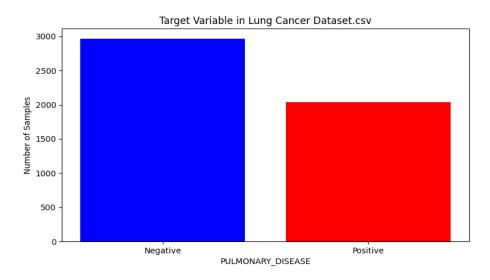
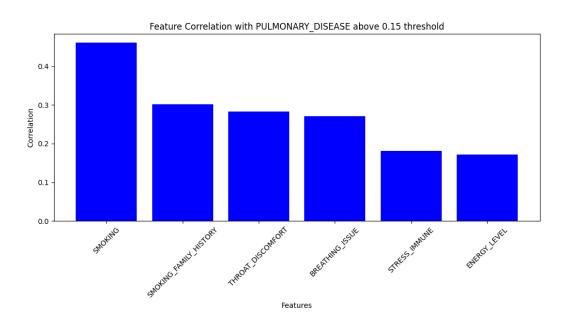


Figure 1

Figure 2



## Output

```
Lung Cancer Dataset.csv has
18 Features
5000 Samples
Feature List with Index:
[0] AGE
[1] GENDER
[2] SMOKING
[3] FINGER DISCOLORATION
[4] MENTAL STRESS
[5] EXPOSURE_TO_POLLUTION
[6] LONG_TERM_ILLNESS
[7] ENERGY_LEVEL
[8] IMMUNE_WEAKNESS
[9] BREATHING_ISSUE
[10] ALCOHOL_CONSUMPTION
[11] THROAT DISCOMFORT
[12] OXYGEN_SATURATION
[13] CHEST_TIGHTNESS
[14] FAMILY_HISTORY
[15] SMOKING_FAMILY_HISTORY
[16] STRESS_IMMUNE
[17] PULMONARY_DISEASE
There are 0 missing values.
Feature Correlation with PULMONARY_DISEASE:
SMOKING: 0.4615
SMOKING_FAMILY_HISTORY: 0.3025
THROAT_DISCOMFORT: 0.2835
BREATHING ISSUE: 0.2705
STRESS_IMMUNE: 0.1811
ENERGY_LEVEL: 0.1715
IMMUNE WEAKNESS: 0.1247
FAMILY HISTORY: 0.1173
EXPOSURE_TO_POLLUTION: 0.0952
MENTAL_STRESS: 0.0894
CHEST_TIGHTNESS: 0.0262
FINGER_DISCOLORATION: 0.0261
OXYGEN_SATURATION: 0.0186
LONG_TERM_ILLNESS: 0.0126
AGE: -0.0065
GENDER: -0.0040
ALCOHOL_CONSUMPTION: 0.0004
 These Features are above a correlation threshold of 0.15:
['SMOKING', 'SMOKING_FAMILY_HISTORY', 'THROAT_DISCOMFORT', 'BREATHING_ISSUE', 'STRESS_IMMUNE', 'ENERGY_LEVEL']
Predictive Features update shape: (5000, 6)
PS C:\Users\steph\OneDrive - UNC-Wilmington\3. ISE_221\ISE_221_Final> []
```

Figure 3