Problem 3

February 21, 2025

```
[]: # import the libraries
     import numpy as np
     import torch
     import torchvision
[]: trainingdata = torchvision.datasets.FashionMNIST('./FashionMNIST/
     , train=True, download=True, transform=torchvision.transforms.ToTensor())
     testdata = torchvision.datasets.FashionMNIST('./FashionMNIST/

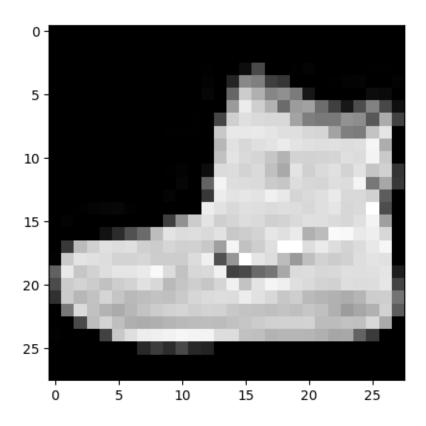
¬',train=False,download=True,transform=torchvision.transforms.ToTensor())

    Downloading http://fashion-mnist.s3-website.eu-central-1.amazonaws.com/train-
    images-idx3-ubyte.gz
    Downloading http://fashion-mnist.s3-website.eu-central-1.amazonaws.com/train-
    images-idx3-ubyte.gz to ./FashionMNIST/FashionMNIST/raw/train-images-
    idx3-ubyte.gz
    100%|
              | 26.4M/26.4M [00:02<00:00, 12.6MB/s]
    Extracting ./FashionMNIST/FashionMNIST/raw/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz to
    ./FashionMNIST/FashionMNIST/raw
    Downloading http://fashion-mnist.s3-website.eu-central-1.amazonaws.com/train-
    labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
    Downloading http://fashion-mnist.s3-website.eu-central-1.amazonaws.com/train-
    labels-idx1-ubyte.gz to ./FashionMNIST/FashionMNIST/raw/train-labels-
    idx1-ubyte.gz
    100%|
              | 29.5k/29.5k [00:00<00:00, 198kB/s]
    Extracting ./FashionMNIST/FashionMNIST/raw/train-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz to
    ./FashionMNIST/FashionMNIST/raw
    Downloading http://fashion-mnist.s3-website.eu-
    central-1.amazonaws.com/t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz
    Downloading http://fashion-mnist.s3-website.eu-
    central-1.amazonaws.com/t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz to
    ./FashionMNIST/FashionMNIST/raw/t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz
    100%|
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```

```
Downloading http://fashion-mnist.s3-website.eu-
    central-1.amazonaws.com/t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
    Downloading http://fashion-mnist.s3-website.eu-
    central-1.amazonaws.com/t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz to
    ./FashionMNIST/FashionMNIST/raw/t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
    100%|
              | 5.15k/5.15k [00:00<00:00, 11.9MB/s]
    Extracting ./FashionMNIST/FashionMNIST/raw/t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz to
    ./FashionMNIST/FashionMNIST/raw
[]: print(len(trainingdata))
     print(len(testdata))
    60000
    10000
[]: image, label = trainingdata[0]
     print(image.shape, label)
    torch.Size([1, 28, 28]) 9
[]: print(image.squeeze().shape)
    torch.Size([28, 28])
[]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     %matplotlib inline
     plt.imshow(image.squeeze(), cmap=plt.cm.gray)
[]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7bcceaa85250>
```

Extracting ./FashionMNIST/FashionMNIST/raw/t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz to

./FashionMNIST/FashionMNIST/raw



```
[]: trainDataLoader = torch.utils.data.
      →DataLoader(trainingdata,batch_size=64,shuffle=True)
     testDataLoader = torch.utils.data.
      →DataLoader(testdata,batch_size=64,shuffle=False)
[]: print(len(trainDataLoader))
     print(len(testDataLoader))
    938
    157
[]: print(len(trainDataLoader) * 64) # batch_size from above
     print(len(testDataLoader) * 64)
    60032
    10048
[]: images, labels = next(iter(trainDataLoader))
     plt.figure(figsize=(10,4))
     for index in np.arange(0,5):
      plt.subplot(1,5,index+1)
```

```
plt.title(f'Label: {labels[index].item()}')
plt.imshow(images[index].squeeze(),cmap=plt.cm.gray)
```

```
Label: 4 Label: 2 Label: 0 Label: 5 Label: 4 Label: 4 Label: 5 Label: 6 Lab
```

```
[]: class FashionMNISTModel(torch.nn.Module):
       def __init__(self):
         super(FashionMNISTModel,self).__init__()
         self.fc1 = torch.nn.Linear(28*28, 256)
         self.fc2 = torch.nn.Linear(256, 128)
         self.fc3 = torch.nn.Linear(128, 64)
         self.fc4 = torch.nn.Linear(64, 10)
         self.relu = torch.nn.ReLU()
       def forward(self, x):
         x = x.view(-1, 28*28)
         x = self.relu(self.fc1(x))
         x = self.relu(self.fc2(x))
         x = self.relu(self.fc3(x))
         x = self.fc4(x)
         return x
     model = FashionMNISTModel().cuda() # Step 1: architecture
     loss = torch.nn.CrossEntropyLoss() # Step 2: loss
     optimizer = torch.optim.SGD(model.parameters(), lr=0.01) # Step 3: training_
      \rightarrowmethod
```

```
[]: train_loss_history = []
  test_loss_history = []

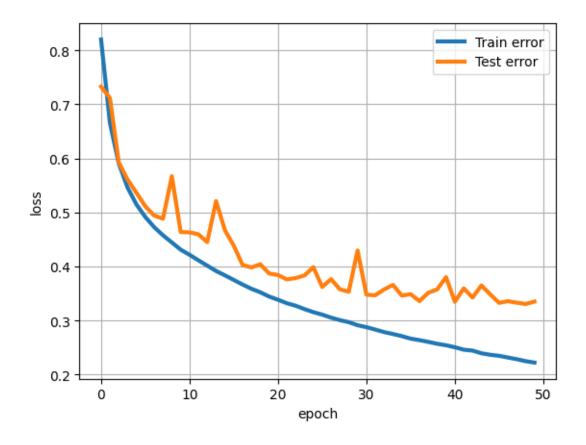
for epoch in range(50):
    train_loss = 0.0
    test_loss = 0.0

    model.train()
    for i, data in enumerate(trainDataLoader):
        images, labels = data
        images = images.cuda()
```

```
labels = labels.cuda()
  optimizer.zero_grad() # zero out any gradient values from the previous_
\rightarrow iteration
  predicted_output = model(images) # forward propagation
  fit = loss(predicted_output, labels) # calculate our measure of goodness
  fit.backward() # backpropagation
  optimizer.step() # update the weights of our trainable parameters
  train loss += fit.item()
model.eval()
for i, data in enumerate(testDataLoader):
  with torch.no_grad():
    images, labels = data
    images = images.cuda()
    labels = labels.cuda()
    predicted_output = model(images)
    fit = loss(predicted_output, labels)
    test_loss += fit.item()
train_loss = train_loss / len(trainDataLoader)
test_loss = test_loss / len(testDataLoader)
train_loss_history += [train_loss]
test loss history += [test loss]
print(f'Epoch {epoch}, Train loss {train_loss}, Test loss {test_loss}')
```

```
Epoch 0, Train loss 0.8200335381572434, Test loss 0.7326804498198686
Epoch 1, Train loss 0.665718307690834, Test loss 0.7116923011412286
Epoch 2, Train loss 0.5906475426228062, Test loss 0.5926861100515742
Epoch 3, Train loss 0.5457974640863028, Test loss 0.5606379247015449
Epoch 4, Train loss 0.5148079536362752, Test loss 0.5363499848705948
Epoch 5, Train loss 0.49167311339299563, Test loss 0.5114035538047742
Epoch 6, Train loss 0.4729746097663064, Test loss 0.4943873890835768
Epoch 7, Train loss 0.4577874707927836, Test loss 0.48849217717055304
Epoch 8, Train loss 0.4445181418297642, Test loss 0.5671002291570044
Epoch 9, Train loss 0.43125458921133075, Test loss 0.4638637961096065
Epoch 10, Train loss 0.4216652001176816, Test loss 0.46319339448099683
Epoch 11, Train loss 0.411558430713377, Test loss 0.4597173428079884
Epoch 12, Train loss 0.401729068665235, Test loss 0.44516734247374684
Epoch 13, Train loss 0.3918211419445111, Test loss 0.5210342504036655
Epoch 14, Train loss 0.383749128746262, Test loss 0.46723415251750094
Epoch 15, Train loss 0.37521459705539856, Test loss 0.4385564943217927
Epoch 16, Train loss 0.3666893032822273, Test loss 0.4028862781205754
Epoch 17, Train loss 0.35885209242291033, Test loss 0.3982689765038764
Epoch 18, Train loss 0.35241075597210986, Test loss 0.40421634219634306
Epoch 19, Train loss 0.3445079951668218, Test loss 0.3870985234618946
Epoch 20, Train loss 0.3386262595764737, Test loss 0.38436001814474724
Epoch 21, Train loss 0.33214848486980647, Test loss 0.3761763641978525
Epoch 22, Train loss 0.32754341848909474, Test loss 0.3787363739150345
```

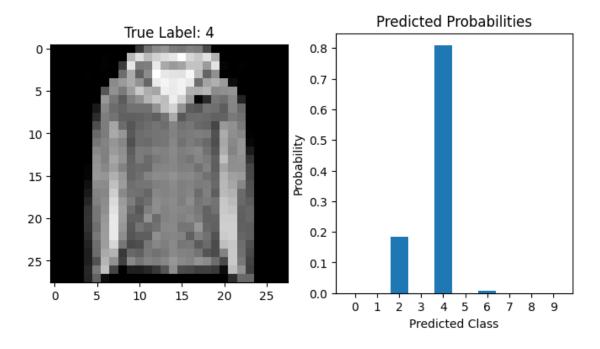
```
Epoch 23, Train loss 0.32119926396431697, Test loss 0.3835079055872692
    Epoch 24, Train loss 0.3156572524259594, Test loss 0.39882386765282624
    Epoch 25, Train loss 0.31103204473503615, Test loss 0.36221614185791867
    Epoch 26, Train loss 0.3055283787217476, Test loss 0.3767634172728107
    Epoch 27, Train loss 0.3008508968597917, Test loss 0.3578552864729219
    Epoch 28, Train loss 0.29715881352898665, Test loss 0.3533400070325584
    Epoch 29, Train loss 0.2914532613573171, Test loss 0.42966997471584634
    Epoch 30, Train loss 0.2879214670135777, Test loss 0.3479153208292214
    Epoch 31, Train loss 0.28345096788839746, Test loss 0.34679541428377675
    Epoch 32, Train loss 0.27875598672547064, Test loss 0.3576511265176117
    Epoch 33, Train loss 0.2752353979437463, Test loss 0.36603504855921315
    Epoch 34, Train loss 0.27129416232869064, Test loss 0.34637003463165017
    Epoch 35, Train loss 0.2666461776727552, Test loss 0.3488483873142558
    Epoch 36, Train loss 0.2638548987347688, Test loss 0.33612170483276343
    Epoch 37, Train loss 0.2606392344956332, Test loss 0.35152637569388007
    Epoch 38, Train loss 0.25712381808488355, Test loss 0.35781701440644115
    Epoch 39, Train loss 0.25437884713445647, Test loss 0.3804061690903014
    Epoch 40, Train loss 0.2507424075593318, Test loss 0.33481416794335006
    Epoch 41, Train loss 0.24622550944307212, Test loss 0.35968598581043776
    Epoch 42, Train loss 0.2445218058457888, Test loss 0.3427320975501826
    Epoch 43, Train loss 0.2396058153662918, Test loss 0.365043097668013
    Epoch 44, Train loss 0.23681550292270398, Test loss 0.34848266802016337
    Epoch 45, Train loss 0.23487135837835543, Test loss 0.33279177323458303
    Epoch 46, Train loss 0.2317561384941787, Test loss 0.3359520827319212
    Epoch 47, Train loss 0.2286240428702028, Test loss 0.3331539783697979
    Epoch 48, Train loss 0.22498356889703, Test loss 0.3307615016011675
    Epoch 49, Train loss 0.2223383083081703, Test loss 0.3352103267031111
[]: plt.plot(range(50), train_loss_history, '-', linewidth=3, label='Train error')
     plt.plot(range(50),test_loss_history,'-',linewidth=3,label='Test_error')
     plt.xlabel('epoch')
     plt.ylabel('loss')
     plt.grid(True)
     plt.legend()
     plt.show()
```



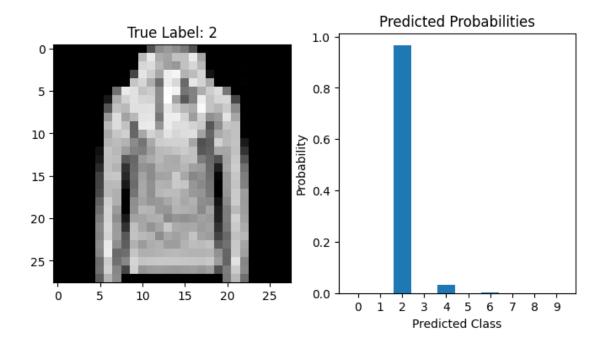
```
[]: # draw any 3 random image samples from the test dataset, visualize the
     # predicted class probabilities for each sample, and comment on what you can_{f l}
     ⇔observe from these plots.
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import random
     # Select 3 random indices from the test dataset
     random_indices = random.sample(range(len(testdata)), 3)
     # Get the images and labels for the selected samples
     images = [testdata[i][0] for i in random_indices]
     labels = [testdata[i][1] for i in random_indices]
     device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu") #
     print(f"Using device: {device}")
     model.to(device)
     # Get predicted probabilities
     model.eval()
     with torch.no_grad():
```

```
predicted_probabilities = [
        torch.softmax(model(image.unsqueeze(0).to(device)), dim=1).squeeze()
         for image in images]
# Visualize and comment on predicted probabilities
for i in range(3):
   plt.figure(figsize=(8, 4))
   plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
   plt.imshow(images[i].squeeze(), cmap=plt.cm.gray)
   plt.title(f"True Label: {labels[i]}")
   plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
   plt.bar(range(10), predicted_probabilities[i].cpu().numpy())
   plt.xticks(range(10))
   plt.xlabel("Predicted Class")
   plt.ylabel("Probability")
   plt.title(f"Predicted Probabilities")
   plt.show()
   print(f"Observation for sample {i+1}:")
   print(f"The model predicts class {torch.argmax(predicted_probabilities[i])}__
 ⇔with the highest probability.")
   print(f"The true label is {labels[i]}.")
   print("-"*20)
```

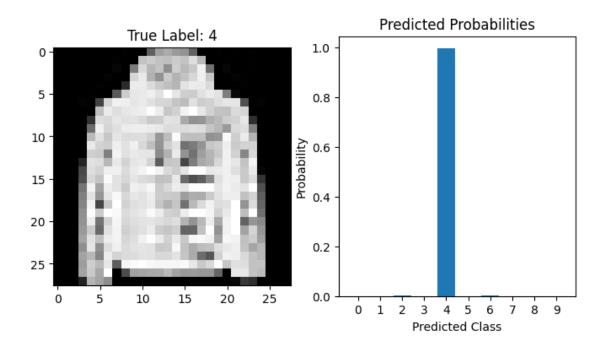
Using device: cuda



Observation for sample 1: The model predicts class 4 with the highest probability. The true label is 4.



Observation for sample 2: The model predicts class 2 with the highest probability. The true label is 2.



Observation for sample 3: The model predicts class 4 with the highest probability. The true label is 4.

Comment on these plots:

- 1. The training loss decreases gradually as the epoch increases.
- 2. From the loss curves, the training loss continues to decrease while the testing loss tends to level off, indicating that the model generalizes well on the test set.
- 3. On 3 randomly selected test images, we visualized the model's category probability distribution, showing its strong categorization ability.