## Assignment4-3

November 23, 2021

```
[1]: import sqlite3
     import pandas as pd
[3]: conn = sqlite3.connect('Store.db')
     curs = conn.cursor()
     curs.execute("PRAGMA foreign_keys=ON;")
     # Get some customer data we can use for testing
     data = pd.read_csv('./data/Sales_201901.csv', dtype={'zip':str})
[1]: data1 = pd.read_csv('./data/Sales_201901.csv', dtype={'zip':str})
     data2 = pd.read_csv('./data/Sales_201902.csv', dtype={'zip':str})
     data3 = pd.read_csv('./data/Sales_201903.csv', dtype={'zip':str})
     data4 = pd.read_csv('./data/Sales_201904.csv', dtype={'zip':str})
     data5 = pd.read_csv('./data/Sales_201905.csv', dtype={'zip':str})
     data6 = pd.read_csv('./data/Sales_201906.csv', dtype={'zip':str})
     data7 = pd.read_csv('./data/Sales_201907.csv', dtype={'zip':str})
     data8 = pd.read_csv('./data/Sales_201908.csv', dtype={'zip':str})
     data9 = pd.read_csv('./data/Sales_201909.csv', dtype={'zip':str})
     data10 = pd.read_csv('./data/Sales_201910.csv', dtype={'zip':str})
     data11 = pd.read_csv('./data/Sales_201911.csv', dtype={'zip':str})
     data12 = pd.read_csv('./data/Sales_201912.csv', dtype={'zip':str})
     data13 = pd.read_csv('./data/Sales_202001.csv', dtype={'zip':str})
     data14 = pd.read_csv('./data/Sales_202002.csv', dtype={'zip':str})
     data15 = pd.read csv('./data/Sales 202003.csv', dtype={'zip':str})
     data16 = pd.read_csv('./data/Sales_202004.csv', dtype={'zip':str})
     data17 = pd.read_csv('./data/Sales_202005.csv', dtype={'zip':str})
     data18 = pd.read_csv('./data/Sales_202006.csv', dtype={'zip':str})
     data19 = pd.read_csv('./data/Sales_202007.csv', dtype={'zip':str})
     data20 = pd.read_csv('./data/Sales_202008.csv', dtype={'zip':str})
     data21 = pd.read_csv('./data/Sales_202009.csv', dtype={'zip':str})
     data_list = [data1, data2, data3, data4, data5, data6, data7, data8, data9,__
     →data10, data11, data12, data13, data14, data15, data16, data17, data18, ⊔
      →data19, data20, data21]
```

NameError Traceback (most recent call last)

```
<ipython-input-1-b691aa6b49cb> in <module>
      ----> 1 data8 = pd.read_csv('./data/Sales_201901.csv', dtype={'zip':str})
            2 data1=pd.read_excel('./AllDivisions.xlsx')
            3 data2=pd.read_excel('./AllRegions.xlsx')
            4 data3=pd.read_excel('./Assignments_ByCust.xlsx')
            5 data4=pd.read_excel('./Assignments_ByDivision.xlsx')
     NameError: name 'pd' is not defined
[5]: import Store
    data1
    data2
    data3
    data4
    data5
    data6
    data7
    data8
    data9
    data10
    data11
    data12
    data13
    data14
    data15
    data16
    data17
    data18
    data19
    data20
    data21
[6]: Store.Rebuild()
[6]: 1
[8]: #getcustomer id from test loading sales data
     def GetCustomerID(first_name,last_name,address,zip_code):
         '''Function will check if a record for customer exists.
             If so, return the customer id
             If multiple records are found, print a warning and return None
             If no record exists, create one and return the customer id.'''
         sql = """SELECT cust_id
                     FROM tCust
                     WHERE first_name = ?
```

```
AND last_name = ?
               AND address = ?
              AND zip = ?;"""
   # Make sure to convert zip to string
  cust = pd.read_sql(sql, conn,_
→params=(first_name,last_name,address,str(zip_code)))
   # There should only be at most, one result
   if len(cust) > 1:
      print('Found multiple customers: ' + str(len(cust)))
      return None
   # If the customer did not exist, then create it
   if len(cust) == 0:
       sql_insert = """INSERT INTO tCust (first_name,last_name,address,zip)_
→VALUES (?,?,?,?);"""
       curs.execute(sql_insert, (first_name,last_name,address,str(zip_code)))
      cust = pd.read_sql(sql, conn,_
→params=(first_name,last_name,address,str(zip_code)))
  return cust['cust_id'][0]
```

```
[9]: ##get order id from test loading sales data
     def GetOrderID(cust_id, day, month, year):
         # Check to see if an order already exists for this customer/day
         sql_check_order = """SELECT order_id
                                 FROM tOrder
                                 WHERE cust_id = ?
                                 AND day = ?
                                 AND month = ?
                                 AND year = ?;"""
         order_id = pd.read_sql(sql_check_order, conn,
                                params=(cust_id, day, month, year))
         if len(order_id) == 0:
             # Enter the order
             sql_enter_order = """INSERT INTO tOrder (cust_id, day, month, year)
                                     VALUES (?,?,?,?);"""
             curs.execute(sql_enter_order, (cust_id, day, month, year))
             order_id = pd.read_sql(sql_check_order, conn,
                                    params =(cust_id, day, month, year))
         elif len(order_id)>1:
             # You might want to make this message a bit more informative
             print('WARNING! Multiple orders found...')
             return None
         else:
             print('Order information for customer ' + str(cust_id) +
```

```
' on ' + str(day) + '/' + str(month) + '/' + str(year)
+ ' already exists')

return order_id['order_id'][0]
```

```
[10]: for data in data_list:
          # Append customer ids to the DataFrame
          cust = data[['first','last','addr','city','state','zip']].drop_duplicates()
          cust.head(3)
          cust_id = []
          for row in cust.values:
              cust_id.append(GetCustomerID(row[0], row[1], row[2], row[5]))
          cust['cust_id'] = cust_id
          data_with_cust = data.merge(cust, on=['first','last','addr','zip'])
          data with cust
          # Get all the customer id / dates
          orders = data_with_cust[['cust_id', 'date']].drop_duplicates()
          orders[['year','month','day']] = orders['date'].str.split('-',expand=True)
          order_id = []
          for row in orders.values:
              order_id.append(GetOrderID(row[0], row[4], row[3], row[2]))
          orders['order_id'] = order_id
          data_with_cust_order = data_with_cust.merge(orders, on=['cust_id', 'date'])
          data_with_cust_order
          # Fill in tOrderDetail
          COL_ORDER_ID = 17
          COL_PROD_ID = 7
          COL_QTY = 10
          sql = "INSERT INTO tOrderDetail VALUES(?,?,?)"
          for row in data with cust order.values:
              curs.execute(sql, (row[COL_ORDER_ID], row[COL_PROD_ID], row[COL_QTY]))
          pd.read_sql("SELECT * FROM tOrderDetail;", conn)
```

import sqlite3 import pandas as pd## DATA 311 - Fall 2020 ### Assignment #4 - Due Friday, October 30 by midnight — Load all of the sales data from the sales\_data.zip file provided into our Store database.

- Make sure to start with a fresh, empty copy of the database.
- Destory the sales file we were using for testing in class only use the new data provided
- Make sure to load the data in chronological order, so that we will all end up with the same values for order id and cust id
- The data provided is for all of 2019, and the first 9 months of 2020 (21 files total).
- The data was generated in such a way that our total sales every month are usually, but not always, increasing. You can use this fact as a sanity check to make sure the data was loaded correctly.
- I will be providing new sales data eventually, so make sure the loading process is seamless

and easy, and make sure to thoroughly test it.

• When loading a file, you might want to have your code move that file into a different directory once it is successfully loaded, so that you don't accidentally try to load it again later. Let me know if you need help with that!

After doing so, answer the following questions:

1) Generate a summary, by month and year of how our store is performing.

Have your query return the following: - year - month - Sales: total sales for the month - NumOrders: number of orders placed for the month - NumCust: number of distinct customers who made a purchase (i.e. only count the customer at most once per month) - OrdersPerCust: average number of orders per customer (i.e. NumOrders/NumCust) - SalesPerCust: average sales per customer (i.e. Sales/NumCust) - SalesPerOrder: average sales per order (i.e. Sales/NumOrders)

The results should be grouped and sorted by year and month, in ascending order.

Keep in mind that you have data for all 12 months of 2019, and the first 9 months of 2020, so there should be 21 rows in your results. Also, watch out for integer division!

[225]:		year	month	Sales	NumOrders	${\tt NumCust}$	OrdersPerCust	${\tt SalesPerCust}$	\
	0	2019	1	68464.61	91	85	1	805.466000	
	1	2019	2	55560.32	80	73	1	761.100274	
	2	2019	3	100491.07	104	85	1	1182.247882	
	3	2019	4	110661.05	116	95	1	1164.853158	
	4	2019	5	125623.57	118	97	1	1295.088351	
	5	2019	6	137173.59	123	109	1	1258.473303	
	6	2019	7	158080.03	129	103	1	1534.757573	
	7	2019	8	228577.44	157	126	1	1814.106667	
	8	2019	9	229094.40	162	126	1	1818.209524	
	9	2019	10	354471.44	208	151	1	2347.492980	
	10	2019	11	313319.82	172	135	1	2320.887556	
	11	2019	12	584023.71	244	170	1	3435.433588	
	12	2020	1	480742.54	241	166	1	2896.039398	
	13	2020	2	562773.44	236	172	1	3271.938605	
	14	2020	3	908514.52	327	209	1	4346.959426	

15	2020	4	743491.76	254	177	1	4200.518418
16	2020	5	1066398.25	314	197	1	5413.189086
17	2020	6	1403832.02	373	228	1	6157.157982
18	2020	7	1542354.28	428	243	1	6347.136955
19	2020	8	2197253.30	459	244	1	9005.136475
20	2020	9	106506.53	107	88	1	1210.301477

```
SalesPerOrder
0
       752.358352
1
       694.504000
2
       966.260288
3
       953.974569
4
      1064.606525
5
      1115.232439
6
      1225.426589
7
      1455.907261
8
      1414.162963
9
      1704.189615
10
      1821.626860
11
      2393.539795
12
      1994.782324
13
      2384.633220
14
      2778.331865
15
      2927.132913
16
      3396.172771
17
      3763.624718
18
      3603.631495
19
      4787.044227
20
       995.388131
```

2) Get our total sales for all states (50 + DC and PR, so 52 records total) for **January 2019** only.

Have your query return: - st: The state abbreviation - state: The name of the state - Sales: The total sales in that state

Order the results by the state abbreviation, in ascending order.

Make sure that all states are returned even if they had no sales. In that case, have the query return 0 instead of NaN or Null.

```
JOIN tCust USING(zip)

JOIN tOrder USING (cust_id)

JOIN tOrderDetail USING (order_id)

JOIN tProd USING (prod_id)

WHERE month==1 AND year==2019

GROUP BY st)

USING(st)

GROUP BY st

ORDER BY st;""",conn)
```

## [226]: Sales st state 0 AK Alaska 0.00 1 AL Alabama 2476.61 2 597.43 AR Arkansas 3 AZArizona 1959.23 4 CA California 0.00 5 CO Colorado 198.86 6 CTConnecticut 223.68 7 District of Columbia 1328.35 8 DE Delaware 1650.19 9 FL564.38 Florida 10 GA Georgia 0.00 11 ΗI Hawaii 3490.25 12 ΙA Iowa 517.85 13 ID Idaho 1683.08 14 IL Illinois 0.00 Indiana 15 IN 856.41 16 KS Kansas 6005.12 17 ΚY Kentucky 0.00 18 LA Louisiana 2389.68 19 MA Massachusetts 902.67 20 MD Maryland 439.72 ME Maine 21 523.48 22 ΜI Michigan 191.83 23 MN Minnesota 117.95 24 MO Missouri 485.23 MS 4093.82 25 Mississippi 26 MT Montana 275.90 27 North Carolina 742.37 NC 28 ND North Dakota 1867.18 29 NENebraska 4120.92 New Hampshire 30 NH10.99 31 NJ New Jersey 493.85 32 NM New Mexico 4517.45 0.00 33 NVNevada 34 NY New York 883.46 35 OH Ohio 3009.38

```
36
    OK
                     Oklahoma
                                 196.77
37
    OR
                                   0.00
                       Oregon
38
   PA
                 Pennsylvania
                                4171.87
39
   PR
                  Puerto Rico
                                4088.15
40
   RΙ
                 Rhode Island
                                 652.00
41
    SC
               South Carolina
                                2372.45
42
                 South Dakota
                                 298.47
    SD
43
   TN
                    Tennessee
                                   0.00
    TX
                        Texas
                                1524.81
44
                         Utah
                                3174.09
45
    UT
46
    VA
                     Virginia
                                  71.91
47
    VT
                      Vermont
                                 450.45
48
   WA
                   Washington
                                   0.00
49
    WI
                    Wisconsin
                                2810.57
    WV
                West Virginia
                                1284.08
50
51
    WY
                      Wyoming
                                 751.67
```

3) Going back to question 1, you may have noticed that our sales were not very good last month! Generate a list of all customers who did not place an order last month (September, 2020)

Have your query return:

- cust id
- NumOrder: a count of the number of orders they placed last month (which should all be zero).

[227]: <sqlite3.Cursor at 0x7fde20851b90>

```
[228]: pd.read_sql("""SELECT cust_id, 0 as NumOrder from tCust

WHERE cust_id NOT IN vCustSept2020

GROUP BY cust_id;""", conn)
```

```
[228]: cust_id NumOrder
0 1 0
1 2 0
2 3 0
3 4 0
```

4	5	0
	•••	•••
217	302	0
218	306	0
219	307	0
220	308	0
221	310	0

[222 rows x 2 columns]

4) Using the list of customers from the last question, add two new columns to the result containing 1) each customer's average sales for months 1 through 8 of 2020, and 2) their sales for September of 2019. Maybe we'll give that info to our sales team and see if we can do some marketing to those customers.

```
[15]: curs.execute("""DROP VIEW IF EXISTS vCustSept2020;""")
      curs.execute("""CREATE VIEW vCustSept2020 AS
                      SELECT cust id, NumOrders
                      FROM tCust
                      LEFT JOIN (SELECT *, count(DISTINCT order id) AS NumOrders FROM
       →tOrder
                      JOIN tOrderDetail USING (order id)
                       JOIN tProd USING(prod_id)
                       WHERE month=9 and year = 2020
                       GROUP BY cust_id)
                      USING (cust id)
                       WHERE order_id IS NULL
                      GROUP BY cust_id;""")
      curs.execute("""DROP VIEW IF EXISTS vAveSales2020;""")
      curs.execute("""CREATE VIEW vAveSales2020 AS
                       SELECT *, Sales2020/8 as AvgSales2020
                      FROM tCust
                       JOIN (SELECT cust_id, sum(qty*unit_price) as Sales2020 FROM_
       \rightarrowtOrder
                       JOIN tOrderDetail USING (order id)
                       JOIN tProd USING (prod_id)
                       WHERE cust_id IN (SELECT cust_id FROM vCustSept2020) AND year =_
       {\hookrightarrow}2020 and month IS NOT 9
                       GROUP BY cust_id) USING (cust_id)
                       GROUP BY cust_id;""")
      curs.execute("""DROP VIEW IF EXISTS vSalesSept2019;""")
      curs.execute("""CREATE VIEW vSalesSept2019 as
                      SELECT *, SalesSept2019
                      FROM tCust
                       JOIN (SELECT cust_id, sum(qty*unit_price) as SalesSept2019 FROM_
       →t0rder
```

```
JOIN tOrderDetail USING (order_id)

JOIN tProd USING (prod_id)

WHERE cust_id IN (SELECT cust_id FROM vCustSept2020) AND year =

⇒2019 and month = 9

GROUP BY cust_id) USING (cust_id)

GROUP BY cust_id;""")

pd.read_sql("""SELECT cust_id, IFNULL(NumOrders, 0) as NumOrders, AvgSales2020,

→IFNULL(SalesSept2019, 0) AS SalesSept2019

FROM vCustSept2020

JOIN vAveSales2020 USING (cust_id)

LEFT JOIN vSalesSept2019 USING (cust_id)

GROUP BY cust_id;""", conn)
```

[15]:	cust_id	NumOrders	AvgSales2020	SalesSept2019
0	1	0	1224.31000	208.42
1	2	0	4026.06875	358.50
2	3	0	3430.65250	825.95
3	4	0	7942.77375	0.00
4	5	0	6680.17500	0.00
	•••	•••	•••	•••
217	302	0	3404.07750	0.00
218	306	0	6023.86125	0.00
219	307	0	5830.98000	0.00
220	308	0	4375.47000	0.00
221	310	0	2514.14500	0.00

[222 rows x 4 columns]

\_\_\_\_\_

5) What is our top selling product (in terms of dollars) so far?

Have your query return:

- prod\_id
- prod name
- total quantity sold, based on all the data we have in the database
- total sales, based on all the current data in the database

```
[14]: pd.read_sql("""SELECT prod_id, prod_name, sum(qty) AS TotalQty, qty*unit_price_

→as Sales

FROM tProd

JOIN tOrderDetail USING (prod_id)

GROUP BY prod_id

ORDER BY Sales DESC

LIMIT 1;""", conn)

#tProd has prod_id and unit_price
```

##