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## Assignment 6

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**Question:** Prove that if E and F are independent events, then so are the events E and F'

**Solution:** Probability of Intersection of 2 or more independent events is the product of probability of the events happening individually.

Given, E and F are independent events. Thus,

$$Pr(EF) = Pr(E) \times Pr(F) \tag{1}$$

F' and F are mutually exclusive events. E can be expressed such as:

$$E = EF + EF' \tag{2}$$

EF and EF' are also mutually exclusive events. Therefore,

$$Pr(E) = Pr(EF) + Pr(EF')$$
 (3)

$$\implies \Pr(EF') = \Pr(E) - \Pr(EF)$$
 (4)

Using (1) and (4), we get,

$$Pr(EF') = Pr(E) - Pr(E) \times Pr(F)$$
 (5)

$$= \Pr(E) (1 - \Pr(F)) \tag{6}$$

$$Pr(EF') = Pr(E) \times Pr(F') \tag{7}$$

By (7), it can be concluded that E and F' are independent events.