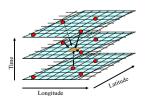
Why Geostatistics

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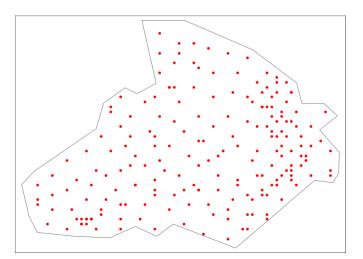




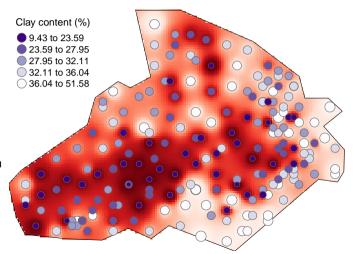
#### Background

- Geostatistics originated from mining and petroleum industries
- Started by Daniel Krige 1950s & further developed by Georges Matheron in 1960s.
- Extended to many disciplines: earth sciences, e.g., hydrogeology, hydrology, meteorology, oceanography, geochemistry, geography, soil sciences, forestry, landscape ecology.
- Generally it is a branch of statistical sciences that studies spatial/temporal phenomena & capitalizes on spatial relationships to model possible values of variable(s) at unobserved, unsampled locations (Caers, 2005).

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- then later estimate/predict, in spatial sense.



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- **Control** The modern precision farmer may use estimates from a spatial analysis to control his fertilizer spreader so that it delivers just the right amount at each point in a field.
- Interpretation The variogram & estimates provide a basis for interpreting the causes of spatial variation & for identifying some of the controlling factors & processes.

#### Course reference material I

Caers, J. (2005). Petroleum geostatistics. Society of Petroleum Engineers Richardson.