





# Extension and Integration of an Abstract Interface to Cryptography Providers

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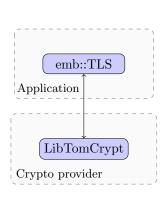
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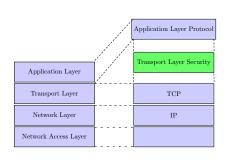
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#### **Motivations**







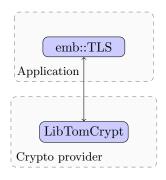


- emb::TLS
  - Transport Layer Security (TLS) application for embedded systems
- LibTomCrypt
  - open source cryptographic software library

#### **Motivations**







#### Requires significant manual effort:

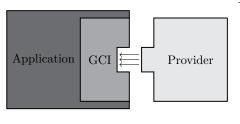
- Only LibTomCrypt is supported as cryptographic provider
- Many parts of the application have to be modified to use another provider

#### **Motivations**









# Generic Cryptographic Interface (GCI)

- Provides a base of cryptography
- Facilitates the support of different cryptographic providers
- Facilitates the addition of new cryptographic algorithms







- No hidden states in the interface
  - Behavior of functions only affected by function parameters
- Interface shall have the possibility to use different cryptographic providers
  - Software libraries
  - Hardware-based cryptographic modules
- Interface shall enable the use of a provider's internal key managemet services







# Cryptographic services

Key pair generator Key management

Hash

Symmetric cipher Asymmetric cipher

Diffie-Hellman Random number generator







#### Contexts

#### Algorithms which need configurations

- Hash
- Signature
- Symmetric cipher
- Asymmetric cipher
- Diffie-Hellman

#### Contexts:

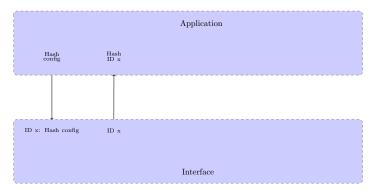
- Represent state of stateful algorithms
- No hidden states in the interface







### Context example: Hash



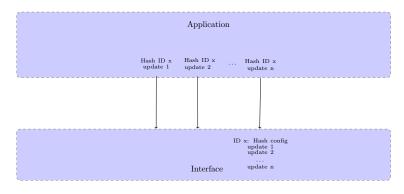
1 Create the hash context with the desired configuration







### Context example: Hash



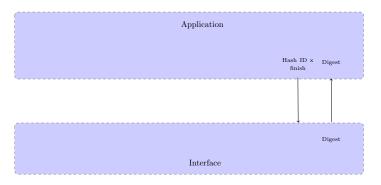
- 1 Create the hash context with the desired configuration
- 2 Update the hash context by adding messages







# Context example: Hash



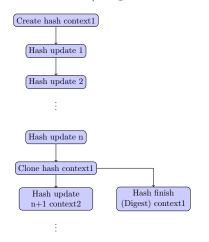
- 1 Create the hash context with the desired configuration
- 2 Update the hash context by adding messages
- 3 Get the digest







# Context Hash/Signature: Clone



#### Problems:

- Once the digest has been computed no more updates could be done
- Only the release of the context is possible

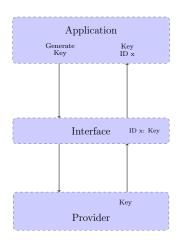
#### Solution: Clone of the context

- Copy of the configuration and the updates of the actual context in another context
- Digest can be calculated for one context
- Other messages can be added to the other context





# Key management



 Interface shall enable the use of a provider's internal key managemet services

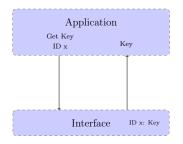
#### Key management:

- Generate the key and store it in the interface
- Return an ID which identify the key





### Key management



 Interface shall enable the use of a provider's internal key managemet services

#### Key management:

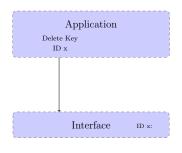
Get the key by passing the ID







# Key management



 Interface shall enable the use of a provider's internal key managemet services

#### Key management:

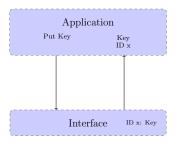
Delete the key by passing the ID







# Key management



 Interface shall enable the use of a provider's internal key managemet services

#### Key management:

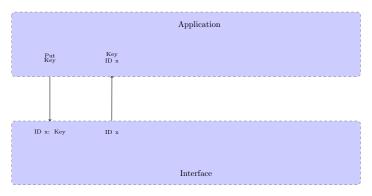
- Store a key coming from outside (not generated by the provider) in the interface
- Return an ID which identify the key







### Example: Cipher



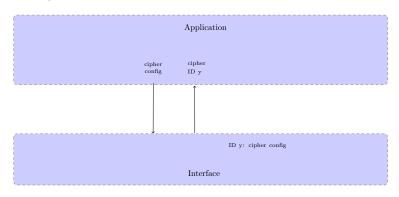
1 Put a key coming from outside to the interface







# Example: Cipher



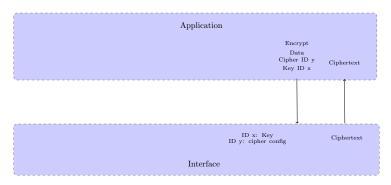
- 1 Put a key coming from outside to the interface
- 2 Create the cipher context with the desired configuration







# Example: Cipher

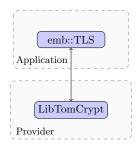


- 1 Put a key coming from outside to the interface
- 2 Create the cipher context with the desired configuration
- 3 Encrypt a data with the key and configuration done previously

#### **Implementation**





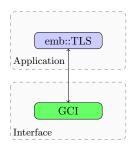


■ Previous implementation

#### **Implementation**





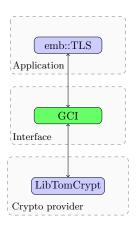


■ Replace the interface instead of the provider

#### **Implementation**







Add a provider (LibTomCrypt) for the interface







### Test with cipher suites

```
Protocol Version: tls1_2:
                       TC0030: Cipher: TLS RSA WITH RC4 128 MD5
                       TC0031: Cipher: TLS RSA WITH RC4 128 SHA
                        TC0032: Cipher: TLS RSA WITH 3DES EDE CBC SHA
> -success-: [ passed
               passed
> -success-: [ passed
> -success-: [ passed
                       TC00313: Cipher: TLS ECDHE RSA WITH 3DES
                        TC00316: Cipher: TLS ECDHE ECDSA WITH 3DES EDE
                        TC00317: Cipher: TLS ECDHE ECDSA WITH AES 128 CBC SHA
                       TC00318: Cipher: TLS ECDHE ECDSA WITH AES 256 CBC SHA
```

Some cipher suites are used







# Test with cipher suites

```
Protocol Version: tls1 2:
               passed ] TC0030: Cipher: TLS RSA WITH RC4 128 MD5
               passed ] TC0032: Cipher: TLS RSA WITH 3DES EDE CBC SHA
                        TC0033: Cipher: TLS DHE RSA WITH 3DES EDE CBC SHA
> -success-: [ passed ]
> -success-: [ passed ]
> -success-: [ passed ] TC0039: Cipher: TLS RSA WITH AES 128 CBC SHA256
               passed
               passed
                        TC00316: Cipher: TLS ECDHE ECDSA WITH 3DES EDE CBC SHA
                        TC00317: Cipher: TLS ECDHE ECDSA WITH AES 128 CBC SHA
                failed ] TC00318: Cipher: TLS ECDHE ECDSA WITH AES 256 CBC SHA
```

- Most cipher suites are working with this new implementation
- ECDSA as key exchange algorithm isn't implemented

#### Conclusion







#### Achieved

- Design of the new cryptographic interface
- Implementation of the new interface in an application (emb::TLS)
- Implementation of a provider (LibTomCrypt) in the interface





#### Future work

- Implementation of ECDSA
- Test with other cipher suites
- Writing of the new interface's documentation





### Thanks for your attention

Questions?