Describe Cloud Concepts AZURE FUNDAMENTALS

Introduction to Cloud technologies & AZ-900 certification preparation

Introduction

Professional Experience







Digital Marketing intern
Akor Consulting
2018

Data Engineer PwC Luxembourg 06.2020 - 03.2022 **Data Engineer** Société Générale 03.2022 - Now

The Different Data Roles

Data Analyst

In charge of building dashboards and analysis

ML Engineer

In charge of building machine learning pipelines

Data Engineer

In charge of developing
Big data ETL data pipelines
and data acquisition

BI Engineer

In charge of Data Warehouse, views, reports (Low Code ETL development)

Data Scientist

In charge of building predictions models and getting data insights

Data Architect

In charge of choosing and improving the data infrastructure

DataOps Engineer

In charge of data change management (CI/CD, Devops, release)

Installation

Environment setup

https://steven-vcnt.github.io/Steve n-Vcnt/BSB%20Courses/0.installati on/

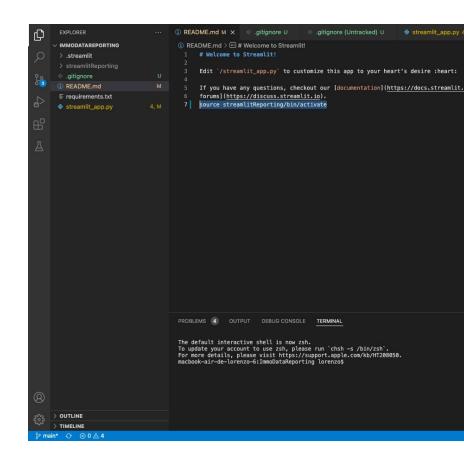


Install Visual Studio Code



Visual Studio Code is an IDE developed by Microsoft which aims you to program in different languages like Python.

<u>Visual Studio Code – Code Editor | Microsoft Azure</u>

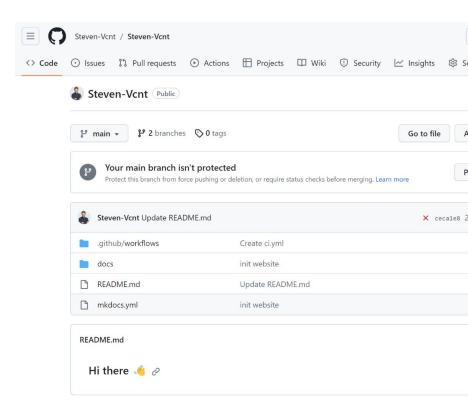


Create your GitHub Account



GitHub is a platform for software development and version control using Git, allowing developers to store and manage their code.

<u>GitHub</u>

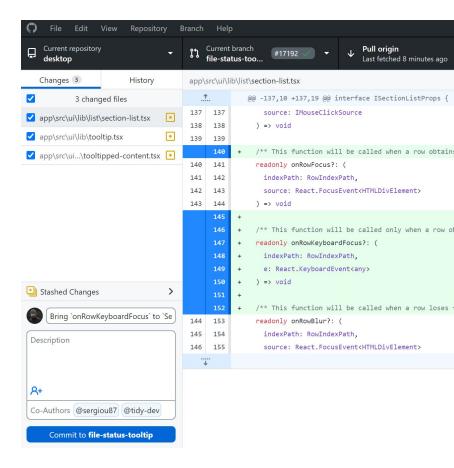


Install GitHub Desktop



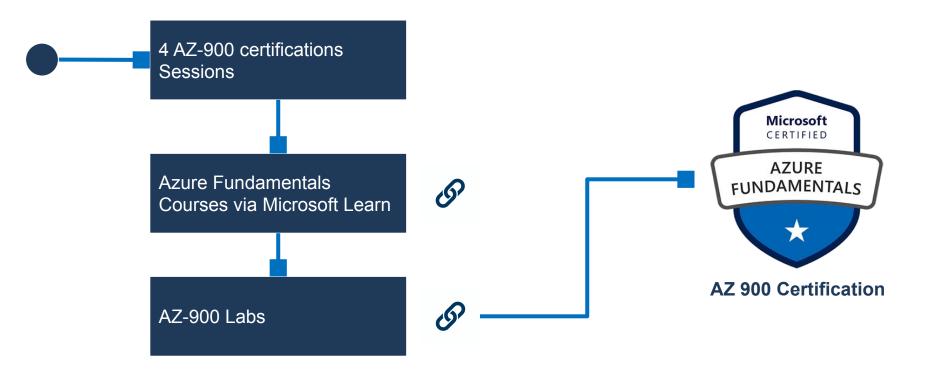
GitHub Desktop aims to facilitate the use of Github and manage easily your repositories, commits, branches.

GitHub Desktop



Azure Certification introduction - AZ 900

AZ 900 Azure Fundamentals



Skills measured

Demonstrating your knowledge of cloud concepts, models, and services and showing your expertise in Azure.

AZ-900 Domain Area	Weight
Describe cloud concepts	25-30%
Describe Azure architecture and services	35-40%
Describe Azure management and governance	30-35%

Benefits of azure certifications

- Showcase that you understand the fundamentals of Azure (LinkedIn, Resume)
- Official Certification from Azure
- Certification is worth 100\$
- Once passed, you can renew for free your certification and stay updated on changes and new technologies

Licenses & certifications



Microsoft Certified: Azure Data Engineer Associate

Microsoft

Issued Oct 2021 · Expired Oct 2022

Credential ID 1001-2372

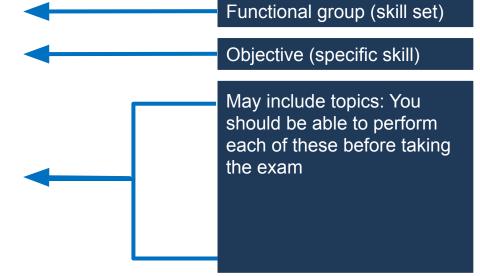
Show credential @

How to read the exam study guide

Describe cloud concepts (25-30%)

Describe cloud computing

- Define cloud computing
- Describe the shared responsibility model
- Define cloud models, including public, private, and hybrid
- Identify appropriate use cases for each cloud model
- Describe the consumption-based model
- Compare cloud pricing models



Exam basics

How to pass the exam?

- Scores are reported on a scale of 1 to 1000.
- You need a passing score of 700 or greater
- 700 may not equal 70% of the points

How many questions?

- 35 to 50 questions
- Questions may be worth more than 1 point depending on the difficulty of the question
- Go with your gut and don't overthink
- Answer all the questions as there is no penalty for guessing
- You can mark items for review and take another look, some questions cannot be revisited

How much time?

- 65 minutes: 45 minutes to answer questions and 20 minutes for miscellaneous

What type of question?

- It is more than just multiple-choice questions
 - Build list
 - Hot area
 - Active screen
 - Drag and drop

Answer every question!

Question example

Technical Environment	
Business Plan / Problem	
Goal Statement	You need to ensure that you are monitoring cost consumption of Azure usage.
Question Statement	What tool should you use?
0.11	
em Options	
option A	Resource monitor
	Resource monitor Pricing calculator
Option A	

Exam Sandbox

Microsoft



Exam AA-001_Sandbox

AA-001_Sandbox

Welcome!

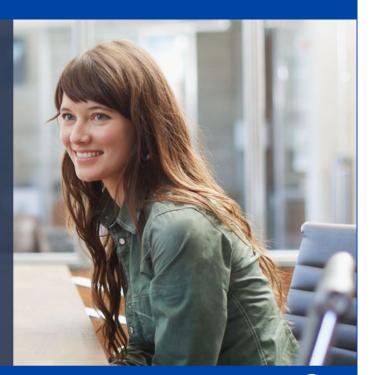
Maximum time for this session, including instructions, survey, and exam: 8 hours

Number of exam questions: 10

Number of case studies: 1

Maximum time for exam: 8 hours

Minimum score required to pass this exam: 700



Describe cloud concepts

Chapter study guide

Describe cloud concepts (25–30%)

Describe cloud computing

- Define cloud computing
- Describe the shared responsibility model
- · Define cloud models, including public, private, and hybrid
- Identify appropriate use cases for each cloud model
- Describe the consumption-based model
- Compare cloud pricing models

Describe the benefits of using cloud services

- · Describe the benefits of high availability and scalability in the cloud
- · Describe the benefits of reliability and predictability in the cloud
- Describe the benefits of security and governance in the cloud
- · Describe the benefits of manageability in the cloud

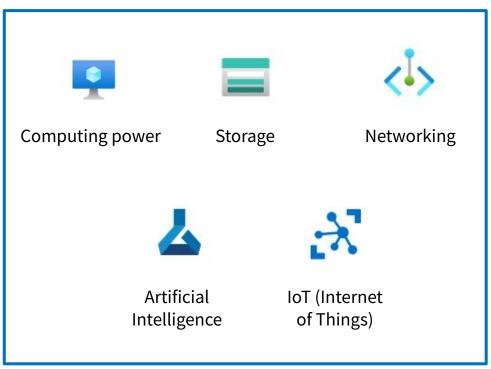
Describe cloud service types

- Describe infrastructure as a service (laaS)
- Describe platform as a service (PaaS)
- Describe software as a service (SaaS)
- Identify appropriate use cases for each cloud service (laaS, PaaS, SaaS)

CLOUD COMPUTING

Cloud computing components & key characteristics

Cloud components:



Key characteristics:

Scalability **Elasticity Agility** Fault tolerance Disaster recovery High availability

Main types of cloud computing









Public Cloud

Cloud computing delivered via internet and shared across organizations

Hybrid Cloud

Cloud computing using private and public cloud

Private Cloud

Cloud computing dedicated to your organization

Multi-Cloud

Use of different Public Cloud in the same time (AWS - Azure)

On-premise vs Cloud Infrastructure



Cost



Global Scale



Security





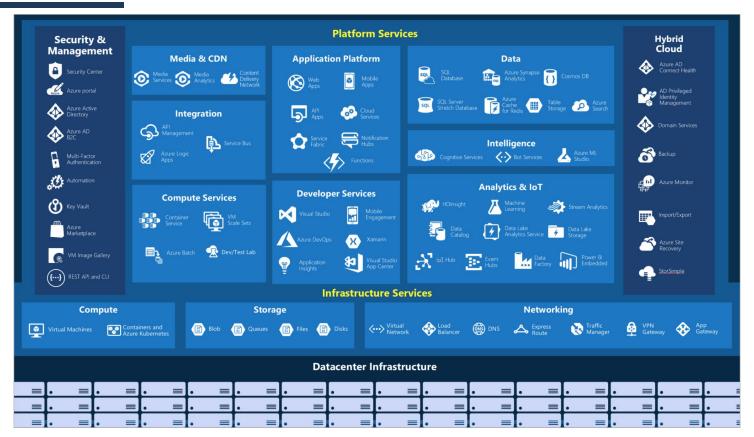


Reliability



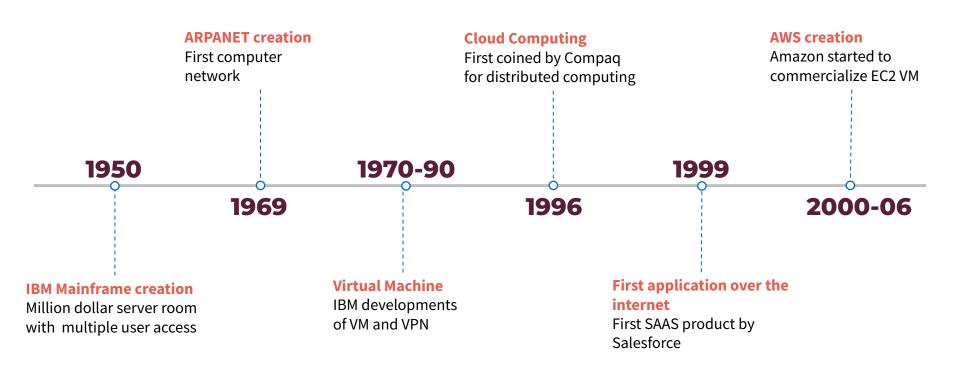
Productivity

Microsoft Azure platform

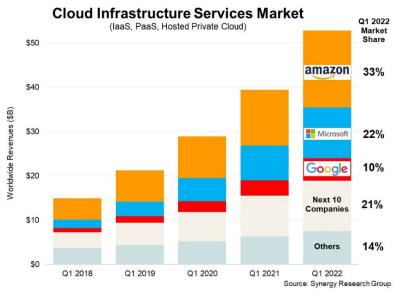


DEVELOPMENT OF CLOUD COMPUTING

History of Cloud Computing



Overview of the Cloud ecosystem



Cloud market shares

Operating income (loss) by segment is as follows (in millions):				
	Year Ended December 31,		ber 31,	
		2020		2021
perating Income (Loss):				
North America	\$	8,651	\$	7,271
International		717		(924)
AWS		13,531		18,532
Consolidated	\$	22,899	\$	24,879

Amazon annual report 2022

Amazon Annual report Net Sales in Millions

	Year Ended December 31,					
		2014	5000	2015	59.57	2016
Net Sales:				11.50 (= 5 mm) 5 mm		
North America	S	50,834	\$	63,708	\$	79,785
International		33,510		35,418		43,983
AWS		4,644		7,880		12,219
Total consolidated	\$	88,988	\$	107,006	\$	135,987
Year-over-year Percentage Growth:	8.8					
North America		23%	6	25%	6	25%
International		12		6		24
AWS		49		70		55
Total consolidated		20		20		27
Year-over-year Percentage Growth, excluding the effect of foreign exchange rates:						
North America		23%	6	269	6	25%
International		14		21		26
AWS		49		70		55
Total consolidated		20		26		28
Net Sales Mix:						
North America		57%	6	60%	6	59%
International		38		33		32
AWS		5		7		9
Total consolidated	93	100%	6	1009	6	100%

	Year Ended December 31,		ecember 31,
	2020)	2021
Net Sales:			
North America	\$ 236,2	82 5	\$ 279,833
International	104,4	112	127,787
AWS	45,3	70	62,202
Consolidated	\$ 386,0	64 5	\$ 469,822
Year-over-year Percentage Growth:	3,-		
North America		38 %	18 %
International		40	22
AWS		30	37
Consolidated		38	22
Year-over-year Percentage Growth, excluding the effect of foreign exchange rates:			
North America		38 %	18 %
International		38	20
AWS		30	37
Consolidated		37	21
Net sales mix:			
North America		61 %	60 %
International		27	27
AWS		12	13
Consolidated	- 1	00 %	100 %

Amazon annual report 2017

Amazon annual report 2022

Cloud computing and its benefits

Capital Expenditure vs Operational Expenditure

Capital Expenditure

Capital expenditure is the cost a business incurs to acquire assets that will provide benefits beyond the current year.

Long-term investment

Upfront cost

Full responsibility & Ownership

Deductible over the lifetime of a tangible asset

Overbuying for future capacity requirements

Operational Expenditure

Operating expenses refer to the money a company spends to run day-to-day operations.

Short-term investment

Pay-as-you-go pricing

Limited responsibility & Ownership

Deducted in full within the same year they are incurred

Flexibility of resource allocation

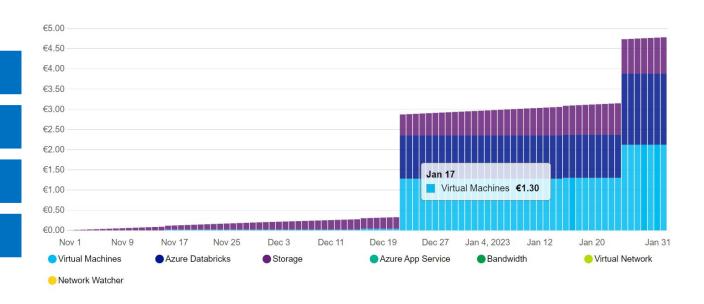
Consumption based model

No upfront costs

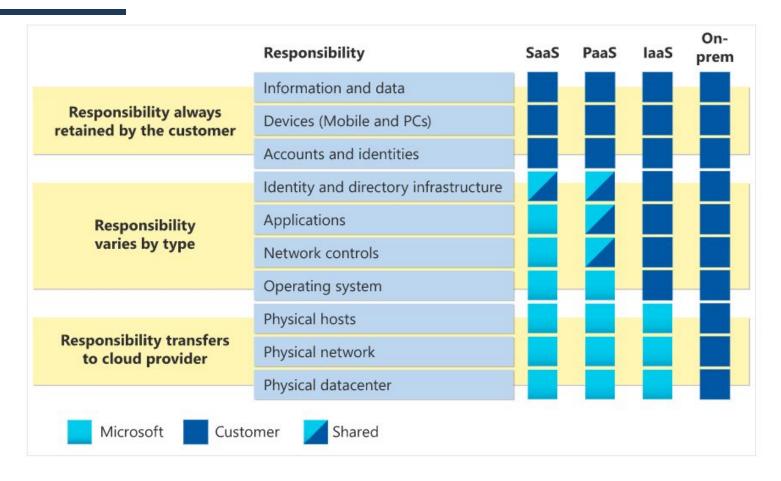
No wasted resources

Pay for additional resources when needed

Stop paying at any time

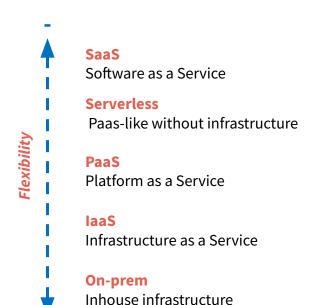


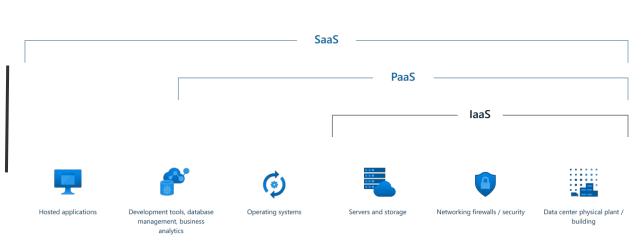
Share Responsibility Model



Describe cloud service types

On-prem, IAAS, PAAS and SAAS





Service types example

IAAS	PAAS	SAAS
 Lift-and-shift migration Testing & development 	 Development Framework Analytics or business intelligence 	 Email and messaging. Business productivity applications. Finance and expense tracking.

Quizz session

https://steven-vcnt.github.io/Steven-Vcnt/BSB%20Courses/1.describe_cl oud_concepts/ **Describe Cloud Concepts**



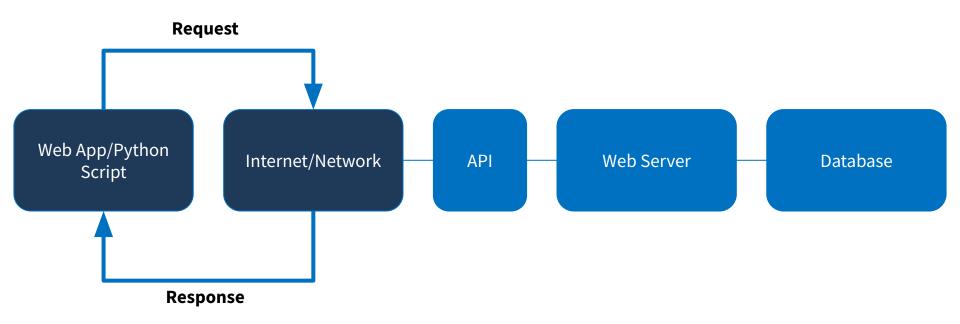
WORKSHOP

Python Basics

https://steven-vcnt.github.io/S teven-Vcnt/BSB%20Courses/2 .python_basics/



API - Application Programming Interface

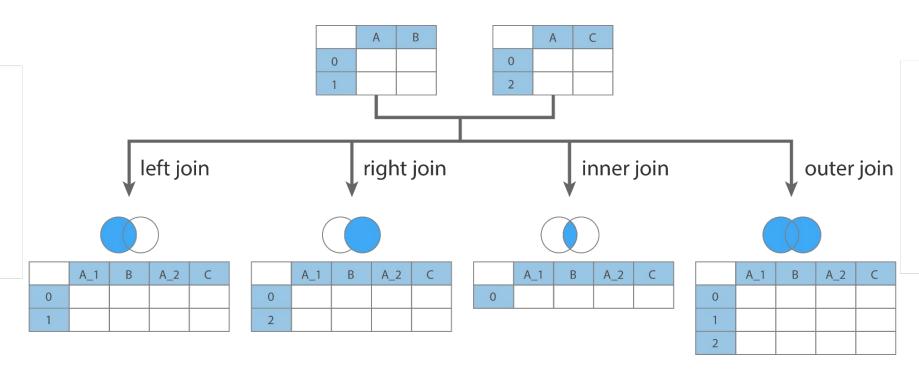


API Basics

https://steven-vcnt.github.io/Steve n-Vcnt/BSB%20Courses/3.api_bas ics/



Pandas DataFrame Join



Python Pandas DataFrame Join, Merge, and Concatenate | by Jiahui Wang | Towards Data Science

pd.json_normalize() - Normalize JSON data into a flat table



Pivot & Unpivot table

City	Population	Unit
Paris	2	M
Lyon	500	K
Saint-Emilion	1,8	K

Unit	Paris	Lyon	Saint-Emilion
K	None	500	1,8
M	2	None	None



pandas.melt — pandas 2.1.1 documentation

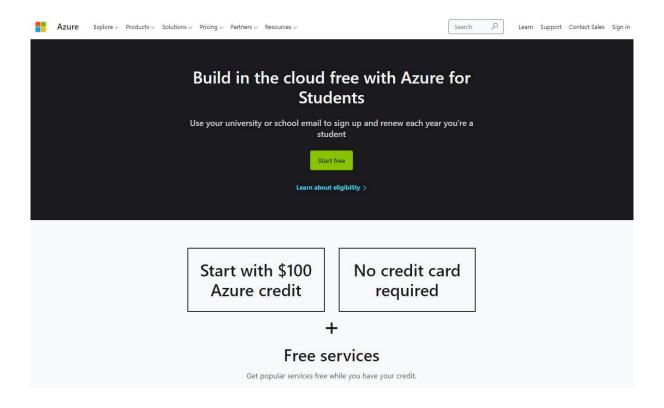
Azure Setup

https://steven-vcnt.github.io/Steven-Vcnt/BSB%20Courses/4.azure_setup/



Setup Azure Student Account

Create a new account the bsb mail address: Azure for Students – Free Account Credit

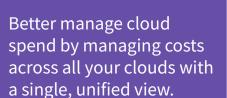


Setup Azure Environment



Container that holds related resources for an Azure solution







Contains all of your Azure Storage data objects, including blobs, file shares, queues, tables, and disks.