

# **PRACTICE 3: VARIABLES**

# Assigning Information to Variables

This lesson is an introduction to variables. You will cover variable assignment, printing variables to the text window, and reading variables from the text window.

## Introduction

In this lesson, we will build a Mad Libs game. Mad Libs is a word game where one player asks others for a list of words to substitute for blanks in a story, before reading the (often nonsensical) story aloud.

Here is an example game of Mad Libs:

\_\_\_\_\_! she said \_\_\_\_\_ as she jumped into her rocket ship

*exclamation*                      *adverb*

\_\_\_\_\_ and blasted off to the \_\_\_\_\_ moon.

*noun*                                      *adjective*

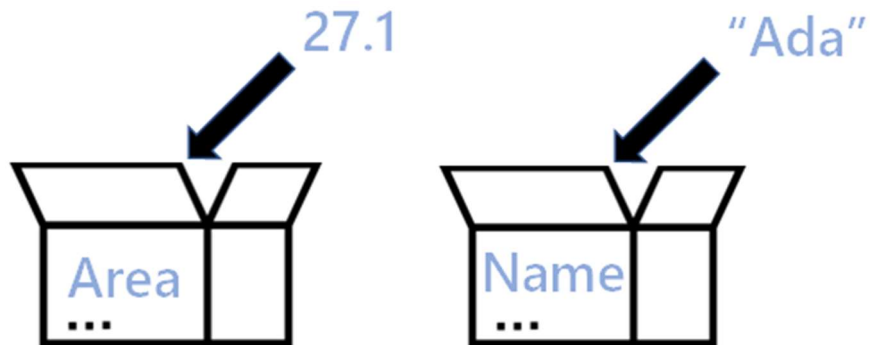


*Note: This  
will be your  
finished  
product!*

```
Enter an exclamation:
Oof
Enter an adverb:
excitedly
Enter a noun:
banana peel
Enter an adjective:
sour
Oof! she said excitedly as she jumped into her rocket ship banana peel and blasted off to the sour moon.
Press any key to continue...
```

## What's a Variable?

A variable has a name and a value. You can think of them as boxes into which you put values.



To assign a value to a variable, you use the = sign:

`Area = 27.1`

`Name = "Ada"`

The computer first assigns the value **27.1** to the variable called **Area**, then assigns the value **"Ada"** to the variable called **Name**. Notice how different variables can have different types of values, like numbers or words.

You can assign more complex values to variables:

`Area = 6*21`

`Name = "Ada " + "Lovelace"`



The value on the left is evaluated before it is assigned to the variable. In this case, **Area** ends up with the value 126 (which is  $6 \times 21$ ) and **Name** ends up with the value

"Ada Lovelace". The + sign pastes the two words together (we call the words "strings" and the + symbol is the "concatenation" that glues the strings together).

## Challenge 1: Display Text with a Variable

Type and play around with some of the code above in Small Basic. You can print the value of a variable to the screen by using

`TextWindow.WriteLine(variable name):`

`TextWindow.WriteLine(Area)`



*Note: This window appears when you click Run*

```
27.1
Press any key to continue...
```

What happens when you paste a string and a number together using the + symbol? Try it out!

## Reading Input

You can assign values based on what people type in by calling `TextWindow.Read()`. Here's an example:

`Line = TextWindow.Read()`

This will read the next line that is typed in until the Enter key is pressed. Let's look at an example of that:

Line 1: Asks you to type your name in:

`TextWindow.WriteLine("Enter your name")`

Line 2: Reads what you have typed in, then assigns what you have typed to the variable called Name:

`Name = TextWindow.Read()`

Line 3: Prints out the value of Name:

`TextWindow.WriteLine(Name)`

Now here are all three lines together:

```
TextWindow.WriteLine("Enter your name")  
  
Name = TextWindow.Read()  
  
TextWindow.WriteLine(Name)
```

## Challenge 2: Mad Libs

It's time for Mad Libs! You can find a Mad Libs game online that you like, or you can use the template provided at the beginning.

Remember that you can stick words together (called "concatenation") by using the `+` symbol (see the second short code sample above, "Ada " + " Lovelace").



*Hint: Don't  
forget spaces  
and the `+`!*

```
Enter an exclamation:  
Ta-da  
Enter an adverb:  
flawlessly  
Enter a noun:  
jellyfish  
Enter an adjective:  
powerful  
Ta-da! she saidflawlesslyas she jumped into her rocket shipjellyfishand blasted off to thepowerfulmoon.  
Press any key to continue...
```

*Whoops, we didn't include enough spaces!*

Try getting your friends to play your Mad Libs game and try theirs out as well!

## Discussion Questions

1. What is the benefit of using a variable instead of using a value directly?  
Could you create the same mad libs program without using variables?
2. How would you find a good name for a variable? Why do variable names matter?
3. What are the differences between  $4+3$ ,  $"4"+"3"$  and  $4+"3"$ ? Use `TextWindow.WriteLine` to test it out.
4. What is the difference between  $3*a+1$ ,  $"3*a+1"$  and  $"3*a"+1$ , given  $a = 1$ ? Use `TextWindow.WriteLine` to check your answer.

## Additional Resources

- [A list of mad libs](http://www.madtakes.com)
  - <http://www.madtakes.com>
- [Small Basic Curriculum: Lesson 1.3: Variables](https://aka.ms/sbcurriculum1.3)
  - <https://aka.ms/sbcurriculum1.3>
- [Small Basic: Variable](https://aka.ms/sbvariable)
  - <https://aka.ms/sbvariable>
- [Small Basic Types](https://aka.ms/sbtypes)
  - <https://aka.ms/sbtypes>
- Video: [Small Basic – Introduction to using variables](https://youtu.be/_EPWWOoLftc)
  - [https://youtu.be/\\_EPWWOoLftc](https://youtu.be/_EPWWOoLftc)
- Video: [Small Basic Tutorial 1.3 Variables](https://youtu.be/p56cp2onYPU)
  - <https://youtu.be/p56cp2onYPU>