Name:	Exercise Type (Cost):
J#:	In-Class (1AP)
Date: <b>2017 July 11</b>	
Standard: This student is able to	Mark:
C08: Work. Express the work done in nite integral.	a system as a defi-
Extra2	* reattempt due on:

Hooke's Law states that the force required to stretch or compress a spring x units from its natural length requires F(x) = kx units of force for some constant k (depending on the spring). Suppose a spring satisfies k=3 and is naturally length 5. Find a definite integral equal to the work required to compress this spring from length 4 to length 2. (Do not solve your integral.)

Name:	Exercise T	Type (Cost):
J#:	In-Class	s (1AP)
Date: <b>2017 July 12</b>		
Standard: This student is able to		Mark:
C11: SeqLim. Compute the limit of a convergent sequence	<b>).</b>	Mark.
3/4 * reat	tempt due on:	

Recall that the recursive defintion of a factorial is given by 0! = 1 and (n+1)! = n!(n+1). Find  $\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{\frac{3^{n+1}}{(n+1)!}}{\frac{3^n}{n!}}$ .

Name:	Exercise T	Type (Cost):
J#:	In-Class	s (1AP)
Date: <b>2017 July 12</b>		
Standard: This student is able to  C12: PartSum. Find the value of a convergent series by expressing it as a limit of partial sums.		Mark:

Find a formula for the partial sum  $s_n = a_0 + a_1 + \dots + a_n$  where  $a_n = (\frac{3n+4}{n+1} - \frac{3n+7}{n+2})$ . Then use this formula to prove that  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (\frac{3n+4}{n+1} - \frac{3n+7}{n+2}) = 1$ .

 $\star$  reattempt due on:

2/4

Name:	Exercise Type (Cost):
J#:	In-Class (1AP)
Date: <b>2017 July 12</b>	
Standard: This student is able to	Mark:
S11: GeoAlt. Determine if a geometric series or alternating	
series is convergent or divergent.	

Recall that the geometric series  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} ar^n$  converges to  $\frac{a}{1-r}$  when |r| < 1 and diverges otherwise.

1/3

Does the series  $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} 3^{-k} = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{27} + \dots$  converge or diverge? If it converges, what it is value?