

$$V = \pi \int_{0}^{3} \left(\left[3 \right]^{2} - \left[3 - x \right]^{2} \right) dx$$

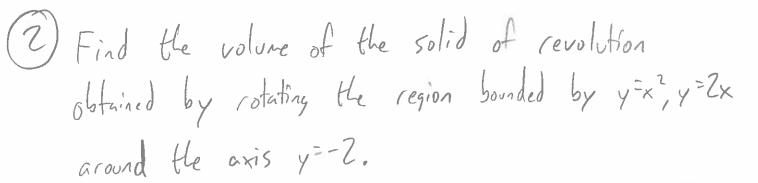
$$= \pi \int_{0}^{3} \left(4 - \left(9 - 6x + x^{2} \right) \right) dx$$

$$= \pi \int_{0}^{3} \left(6x - x^{2} \right) dx$$

$$= \pi \left[\left[3x^{2} - \frac{1}{3}x^{3} \right]_{0}^{3} \right]$$

$$= \pi \left[\left[\left[27 - 9 \right) - \left(80 \right) \right]$$

$$= \left[\left[8 \right]_{0}^{3} \right]$$



$$R(x) = 2 + 2x$$

 $r(x) = 2 + x^{2}$

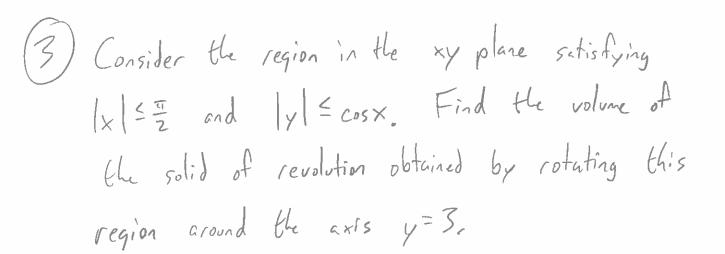
$$V = \pi \int \left(\left[2 + 2x \right]^2 - \left[2 + x^2 \right]^2 \right) dx$$

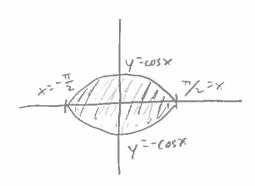
$$= \pi \int \left(\left[4 + 8x + 4x^2 \right] - \left[4 + 4x^2 + x^4 \right] \right) dx$$

$$= \pi \int \left(8x - x^4 \right) dx$$

$$= \pi \left[4x^2 - \frac{1}{5}x^5 \right] = \left[48\pi \right]$$

$$= \pi \left[16 - \frac{32}{5} \right] = \left[48\pi \right]$$





$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}$$

$$3 = r(x) + cos(x)$$

$$r(x) = 3 - cos(x)$$

$$R(x) = 3 + cos(x)$$

$$= |2\pi \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos x \, dx = |2\pi \left[\sin x \right]_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} = |2\pi \left[\sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) - \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right]$$

$$= \left[2\pi\left(1-(-1)\right)\right] = \left[24\pi\right]$$