Name:	Exercise T	'ype:
J#:	$\mathbf{Quiz}$	
Date: <b>2017 July 25</b>		
Standard: This student is able to		Mark:
C07: DoubleInt. Compute and apply double integrals.		Mark.
⋆ reat	tempt due on:	

Find a double iterated integral that equals the area of the region bounded by y=2x and  $y=x^2$ . (Do not solve this integral.)

Name:	Exercise T	ype:
J#:	$\mathbf{Quiz}$	
Date: <b>2017 July 25</b>		
Standard: This student is able to  C09: PolCylSph. Apply polar, cylindrical, and spherical transformations of variables.		Mark:
* reat	sempt due on:	

Express the volume of the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 49$  as a triple iterated integral of either cylindrical or spherical coordinates. (Do not solve this integral.)

Name:	Exercise T	Type:
J#:	Quiz	
Date: <b>2017 July 25</b>		
Standard: This student is able to		Mark:
C11: LineInt. Compute and apply line integrals.		
* reat	tempt due on:	

Rewrite  $\int_C yz\,ds$  as a definite integral with respect to t, where C is the line segment beginning at  $\langle 3,2,1\rangle$  and ending at  $\langle 0,2,5\rangle$ . (Do not solve this integral.)

Name:	Exercise T	ype:
J#:	Quiz	
Date: <b>2017 July 25</b>		
Standard: This student is able to		Mark:
S10: SurfInt. Compute and apply surface integrals.		
	⋆ reattempt due on:	

The function  $\mathbf{r}(u,v) = \langle 1-u+3v, 2-2u+v, 3+u-v \rangle$  where  $0 \le u \le 1$  and  $0 \le v \le 1$  parametrizes the parallelogram S with vertices  $\langle 1,2,3 \rangle$ ,  $\langle -1,0,4 \rangle$ ,  $\langle 2,1,3 \rangle$ ,  $\langle 4,3,2 \rangle$ , oriented in the direction of  $\left\langle \frac{1}{\sqrt{18}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{18}}, \frac{4}{\sqrt{18}} \right\rangle$ . Compute the flux  $\iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} \, d\sigma$  where  $\mathbf{F} = \langle x+z,4,y \rangle$ .

Name:	Exercise T	Type:
J#:	$\mathbf{Quiz}$	
Date: <b>2017 July 25</b>		
Standard: This student is able to  S11: GreenStokes. Apply Green's Theorem and Stokes's Theorem.		Mark:
* reat	tempt due on:	

Green's Theorem states that if the boundary  $\partial R$  of a 2D region R is oriented counterclockwise, then circulation may be computed as  $\int_{\partial R} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = \iint_R \operatorname{curl} \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{k} \, dA$ . Let C be the boundary of the unit square where  $0 \le x \le 1$  and  $0 \le y \le 1$  oriented counterclockwise. Express the circulation of the vector field  $\langle 3y^2, 4x + 3y \rangle$  around C as a double iterated integral. (Do not solve this integral.)

Name:	Exercise T	ype:
J#:	Quiz	
Date: <b>2017 July 25</b>		
Standard: This student is able to		Mark:
S12: DivThm. Apply the Divergence Theorem.		
	$\star$ reattempt due on:	

The Divergence Theorem states that if  $\partial D$  is the outward-oriented boundary of a 3D solid D, then flux may be computed as  $\iint_{\partial D} \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} \, d\sigma = \iiint_{D} \operatorname{div} \mathbf{F} \, dV$ . Let D be the cube where  $1 \leq x \leq 4$ ,  $1 \leq y \leq 4$ , and  $1 \leq z \leq 4$ . Express the flux  $\iint_{\partial D} \langle xz, 4xy^2, 3xyz \rangle \cdot \mathbf{n} \, d\sigma$  as a triple iterated integral. (Do not solve this integral.)