



Transpiling Pharo Classes to JS ECMAScript 5 versus ECMAScript 6

Noury Bouraqadi & Dave Mason

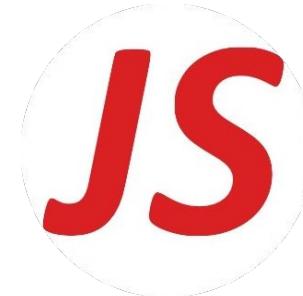


Pharo
100%



Development

Production



100%
Javascript

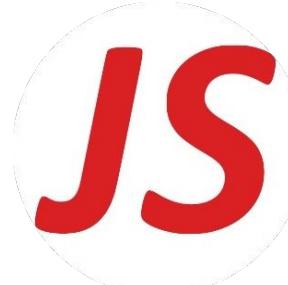
Pharo
100%



D ECMAScript

5

Production



100%
Javascript

Pharo
100%



ECMAScript
5

ECMAScript
6?

Introduction

A circular logo containing the letters "JS" in a large, bold, red font.

100%
Javascript

EcmaScript 5 vs EcmaScript 6

- Prototypes Only
- Dynamic Object Structure
- Whitebox Objects
- Reified Functions
- *this* Pseudo-variable
- Constructor Functions
- *new* Operator

ES5

+

Class Related Constructs

- Classes Definition
- Class Inheritance
- Instance Methods
- Class Methods (static)
- *super* Pseudo-variable

Class Transpilation by Example



Counter
count
<u>defaultInstance</u>
initialize
increment
<u>createDefaultInstance</u>
<u>getDefaultInstance</u>
<u>resetDefaultInstance</u>

initialize

```
super initialize.  
count := 0
```

increment

```
count := count + 1
```

createDefaultInstance

```
^defaultInstance := self new
```

getDefaultInstance

```
^defaultInstance ifNil: [  
    self createDefaultInstance]
```

resetDefaultInstance

```
defaultInstance := nil
```

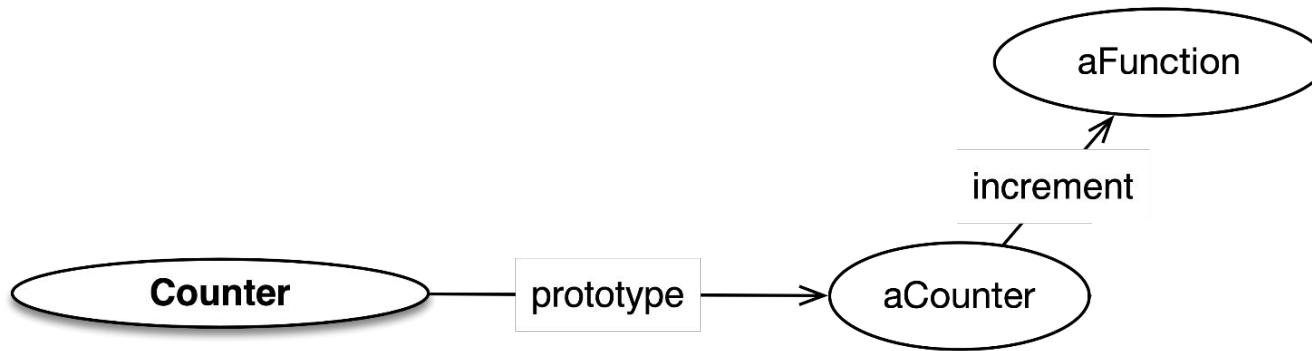
ES6: Class Definition + Instance Methods

```
1  < class Counter {  
2    < constructor() {  
3      this.count = 0;  
4    }  
5    // Instance methods  
6    increment() {  
7      this.count = this.count + 1;  
8    }  
9  
```

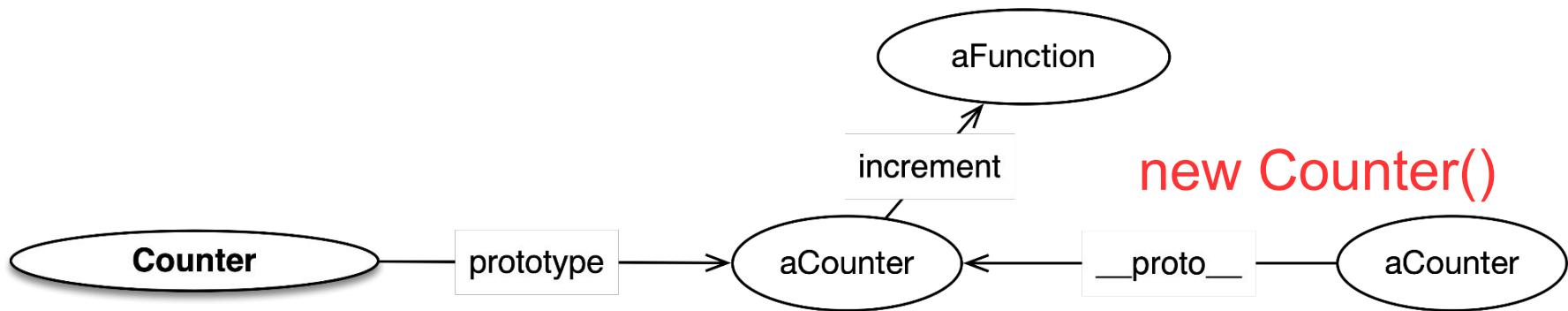
ES6: Class Methods

```
10  static createDefaultInstance(){
11      return this.defaultInstance = new this();
12  }
13  static getDefaultInstance (){
14      if(this.defaultInstance == null){
15          return this.createDefaultInstance();
16      }
17      return this.defaultInstance;
18  }
19  static resetDefaultInstance (){
20      this.defaultInstance = null;
21  }
```

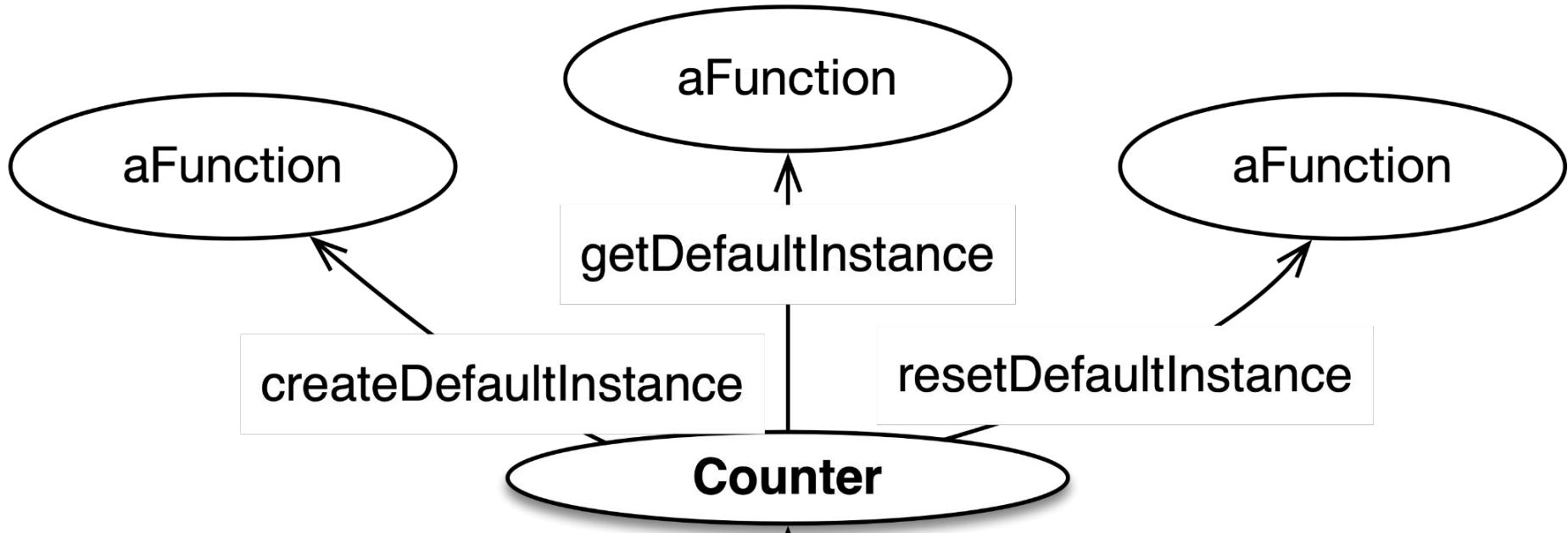
JS “Instance Side” Object Graph



JS “Instance Side” Object Graph



JS “Class Side” Object Graph



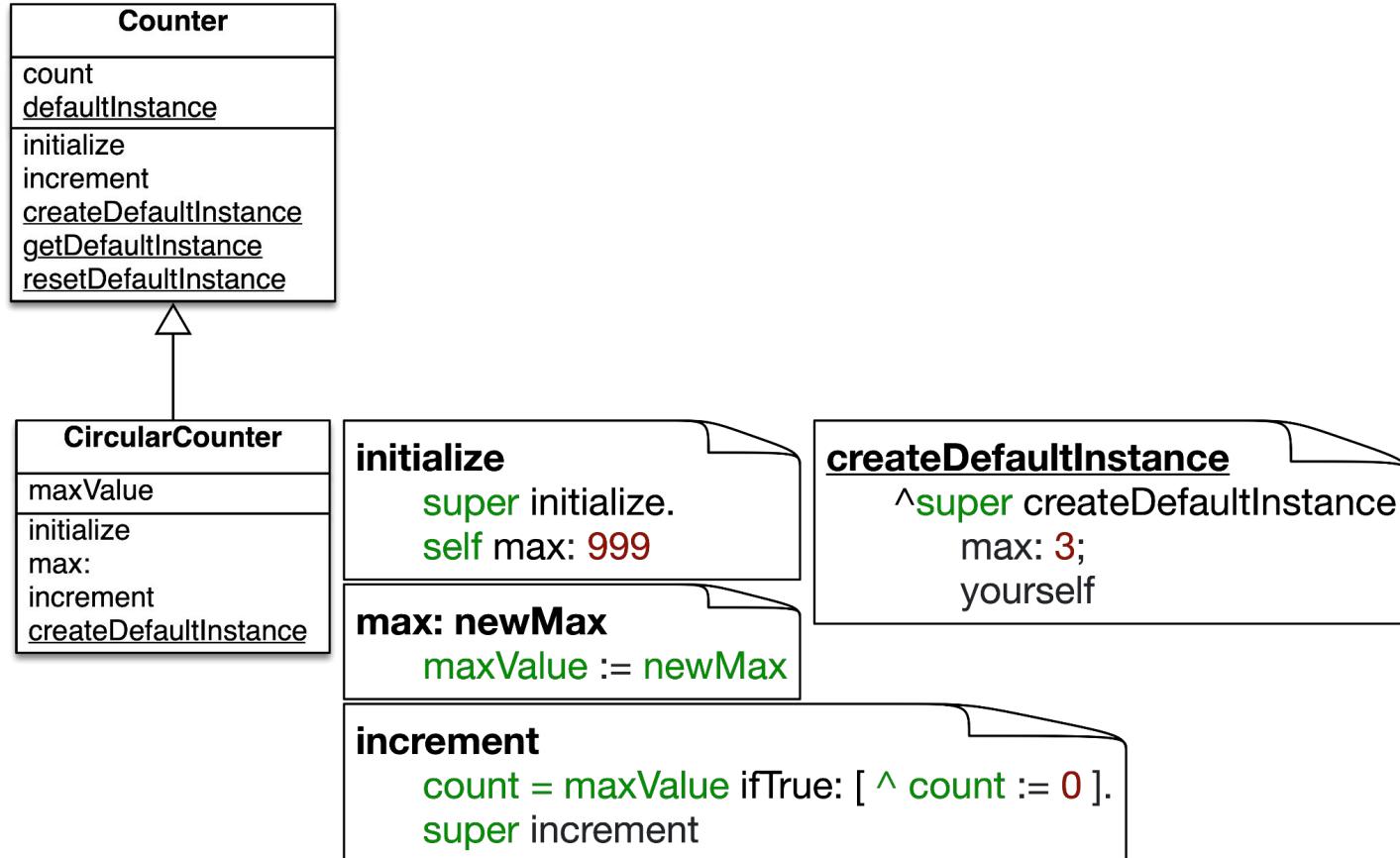
ES5: Class Definition + Instance Methods

```
1 // A class is actually a constructor function
2 function Counter() {
3   |   this.count = 0;
4 }
5 // Instance methods
6 Counter.prototype.increment = function () {
7   |   this.count = this.count + 1;
8 }
```

ES5: Class Methods

```
10 Counter.createDefaultInstance = function(){
11     return new this();
12 }
13 Counter.getDefaultInstance = function(){
14     if(this.defaultInstance == null){
15         return this.createDefaultInstance();
16     }
17     return this.defaultInstance;
18 }
19 Counter.resetDefaultInstance = function(){
20     this.defaultInstance = null;
21 }
```

Subclass Transpilation by Example



ES6: Subclass Definition

```
24 < class CircularCounter extends Counter {  
25   < constructor(){  
26     // Call superclass constructor  
27     super();  
28     this.max(999);  
29   }  
30   < max(maximum) {  
31     this maxValue = maximum;  
32   }
```

ES6: Subclass Overriding Instance Methods

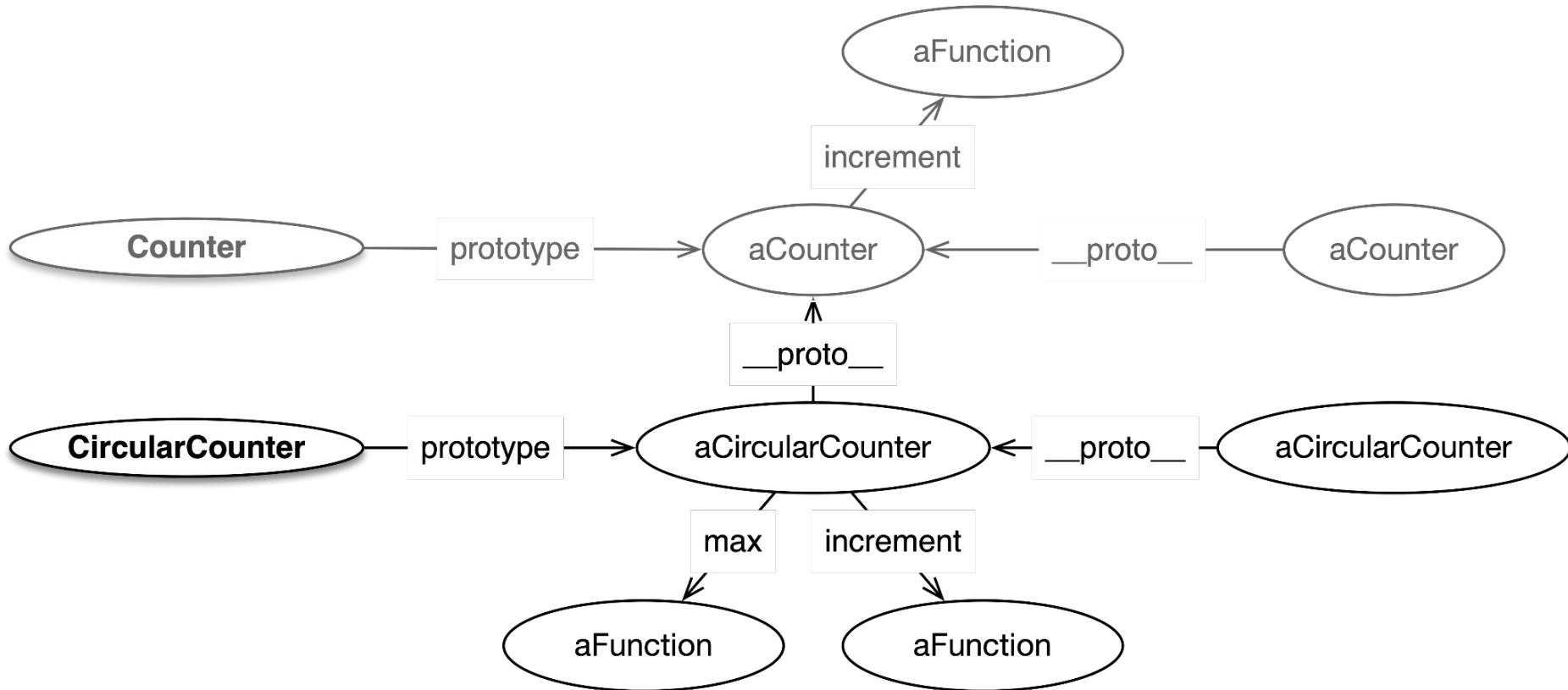
```
33 |     // Override inherited instance method
34 <     increment() {
35 <         if (this.count == this.maxValue) {
36 |             return this.count = 0;
37 >         }
38 |         // Call overridden instance method
39 >         super.increment();
40 }
```

ES6: Subclass Methods

```
41 // Override inherited class method
42 static createDefaultInstance(){
43     let counter = super.createDefaultInstance();
44     counter.max(3);
45     return counter;
46 }
47 }
```

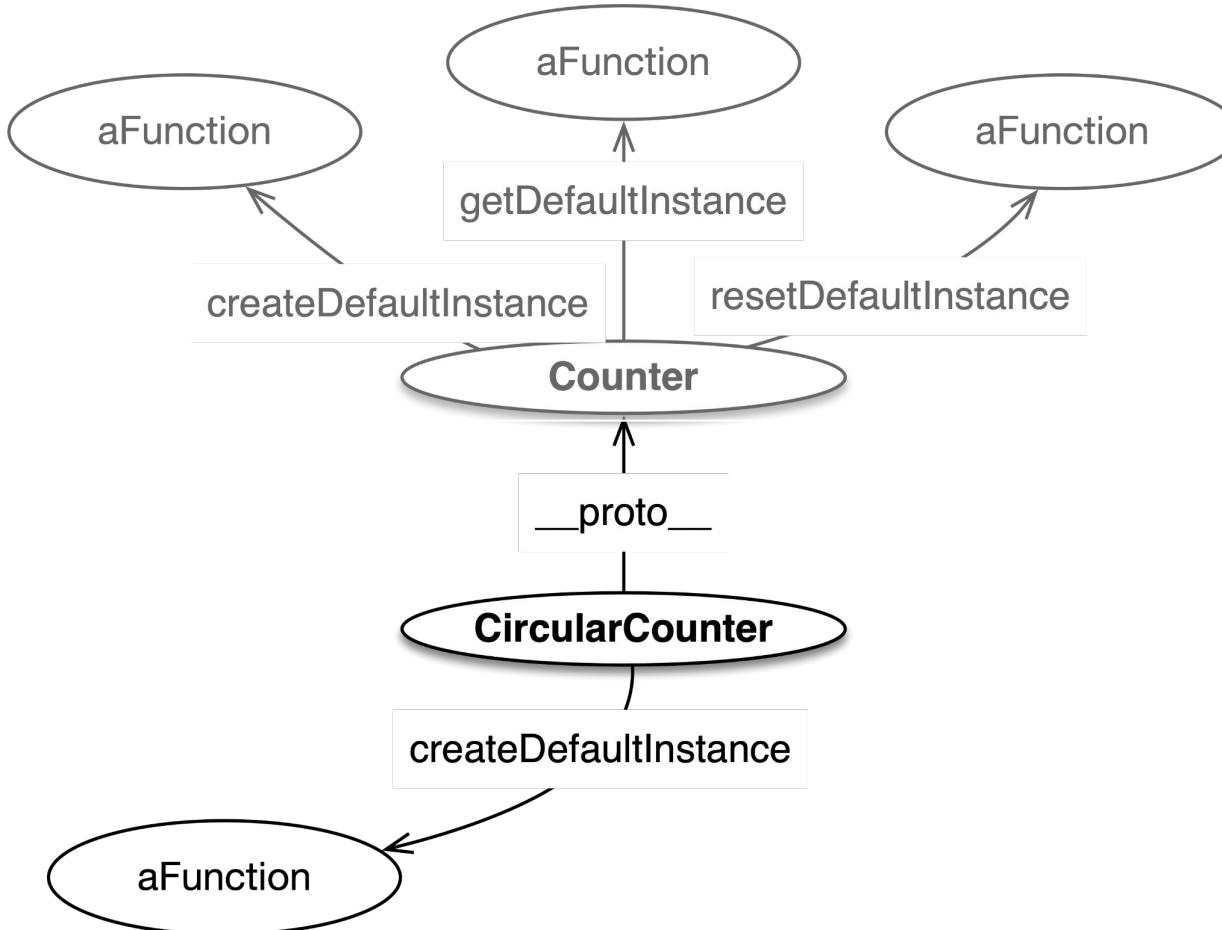
JS Subclass “Instance Side” Object Graph

18



JS Subclass “Class Side” Object Graph

19



ES5: Subclass Definition

```
22 // "Subclass" as a constructor function
23 function CircularCounter() {
24     // Call superclass constructor
25     Counter.apply(this);
26     this.max(999);
27 }
28 // Ensure instance methods are inherited
29 CircularCounter.prototype.__proto__ = Counter.prototype;
30 // Ensure class methods are inherited
31 CircularCounter.__proto__ = Counter;
```

ES5: Subclass Instance Methods

```
32 CircularCounter.prototype.max = function (maximum) {  
33     this maxValue = maximum;  
34 }  
35 // Override inherited instance method  
36 CircularCounter.prototype.increment = function () {  
37     if (this.count == this.maxValue) {  
38         return this.count = 0;  
39     }  
40     // Call overridden instance method  
41     CircularCounter.prototype.__proto__.increment.apply(this);  
42 }
```

ES5: Subclass Methods

```
43 // Override inherited class method
44 CircularCounter.createDefaultInstance = function(){
45     let counter = Counter.createDefaultInstance.apply(this);
46     counter.max(3);
47     return counter;
48 }
```

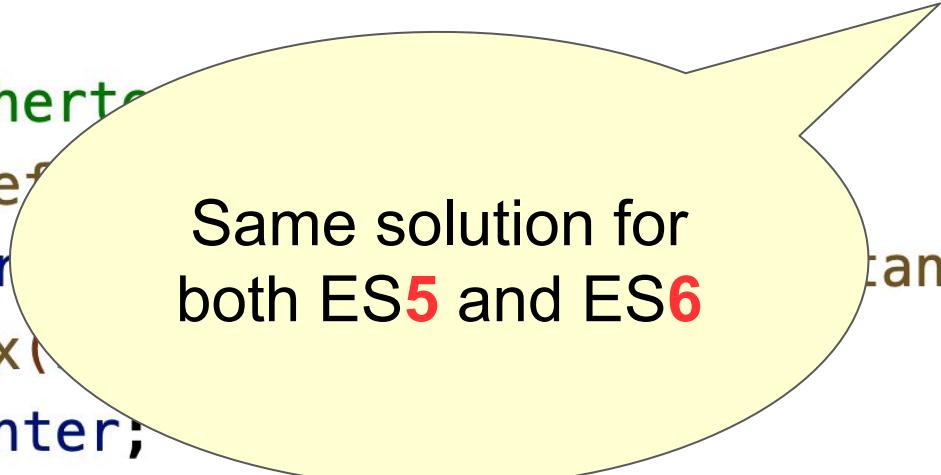
JS Subclass Access Superclass IV



```
let c1 = Counter.getDefaultInstance();
let c2 = CircularCounter.getDefaultInstance();
c1 === c2; // true! X
```

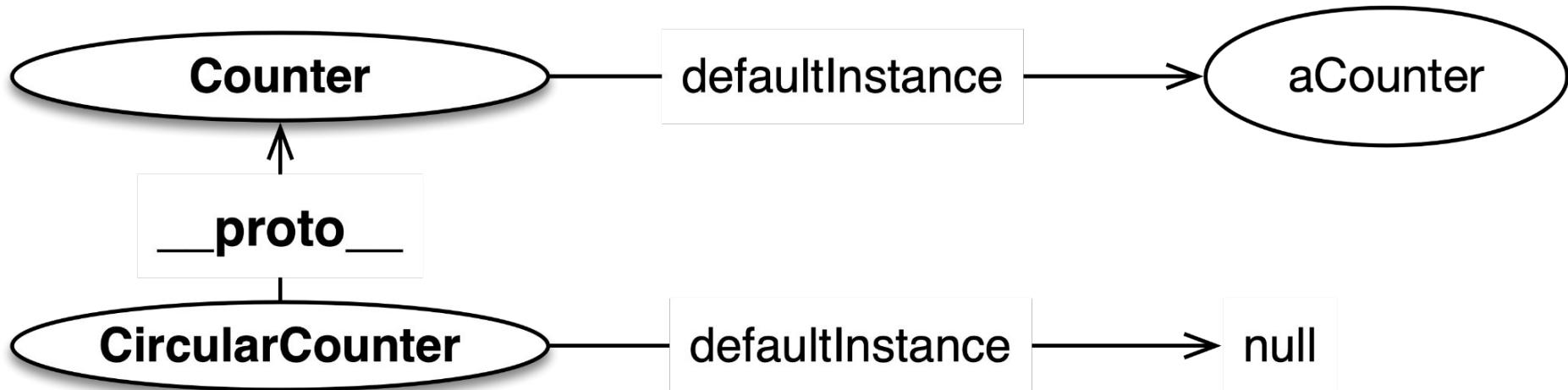
Property Sharing Fix

```
41 // Override inherited static property
42 static createDefaultCounter() {
43     let counter = new CircularCounter();
44     counter.setMaxValue(10);
45     return counter;
46 }
47 }
48 // Avoid subclass read access superclass property
49 CircularCounter.defaultInstance = null;
```



Same solution for both ES5 and ES6

JS Subclass Access Superclass IV



```
let c1 = Counter.getDefaultInstance();
let c2 = CircularCounter.getDefaultInstance();
c1 === c2; // false! ✓
```

Benchmark Procedure

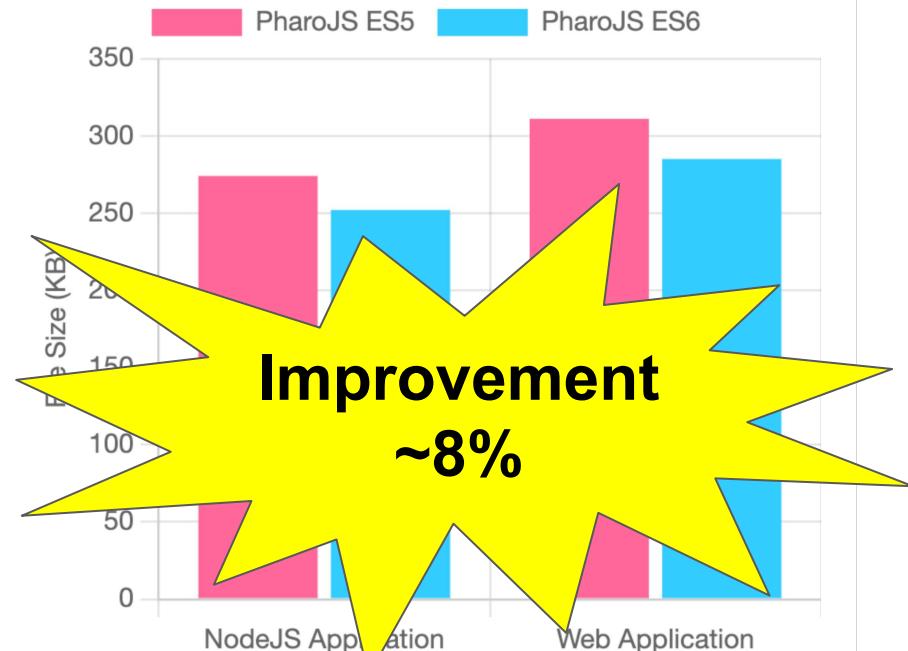
- Mac Book Pro
 - CPU 8 Intel Core i9, 2.3 GHz,
 - RAM 32 GB, 2667 MHz DDR4
 - Hard drive 1 TB SSD, PCI-Express with APFS File System
 - Mac OS X Ventura 13.2.1
- Pharo 10
- Pharo VM 100 Darwin x86 64-bit
- JS Targets
 - Node
 - Web Browser

Improved Transpilation Time + File Size

JS Export Time

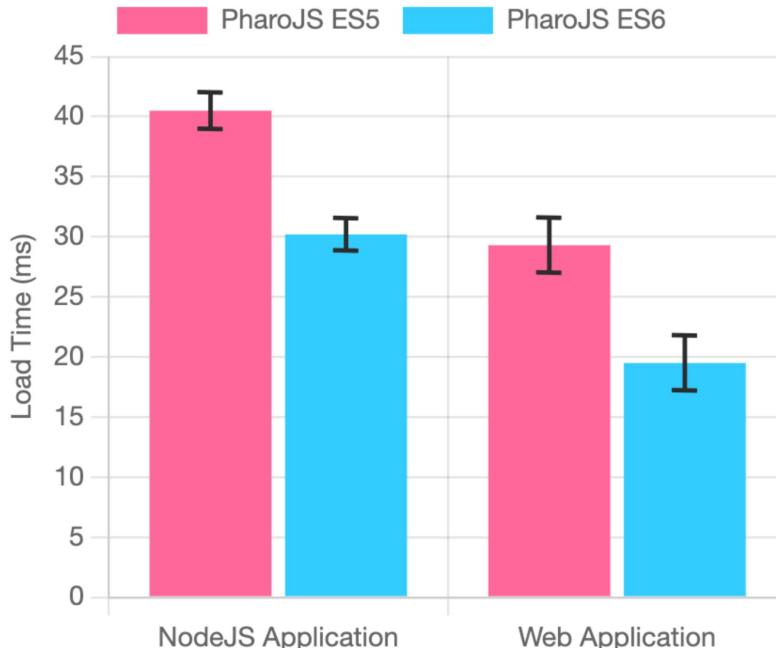


JS File Size



Significantly Faster Load Time

JS Load Time

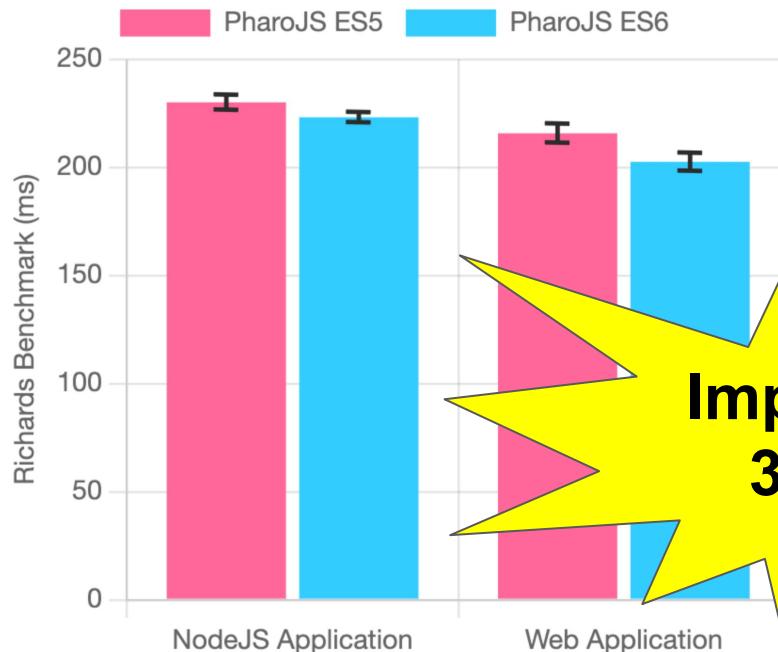


Run-time Benchmark Procedure

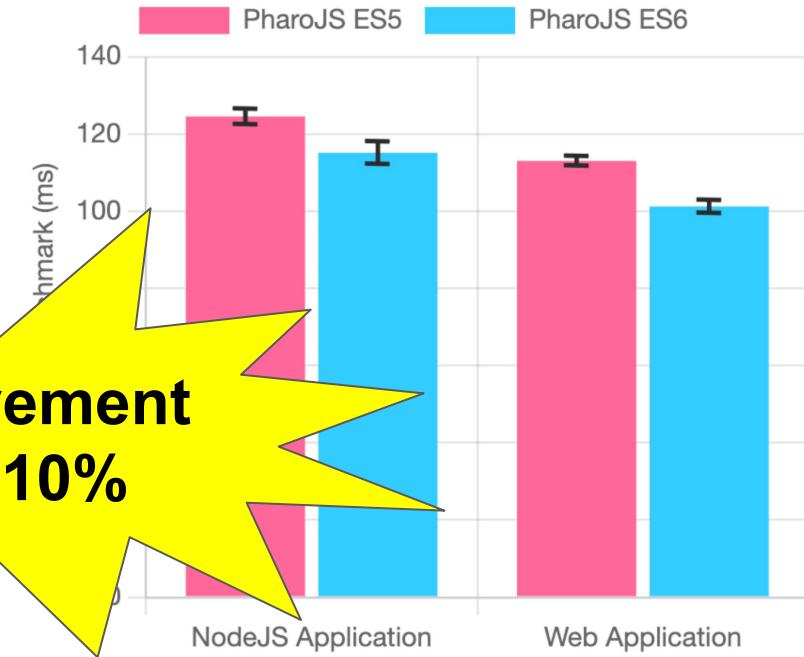
- 5 warm up runs
- 10 runs
- Richards: 50 iterations / run
- Delta Blue: 300 iterations / run

Improved Runtime Performance

Richards Benchmark



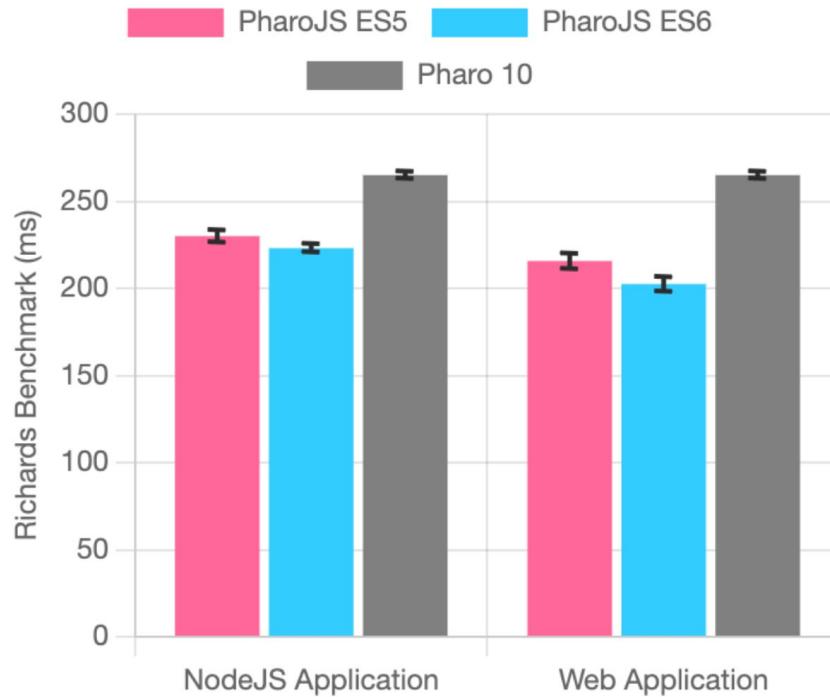
Delta Blue Benchmark



**Improvement
3% - 10%**

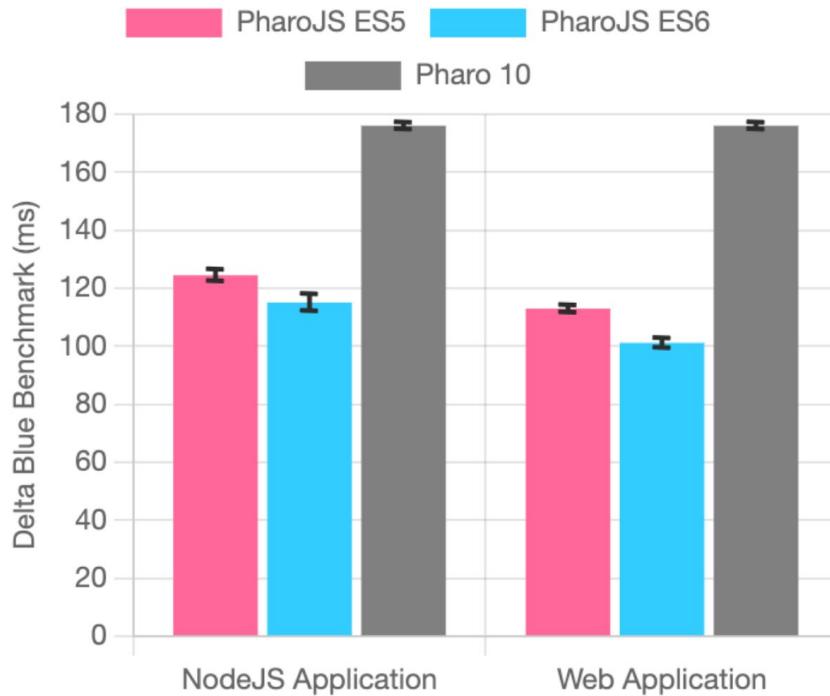
Improved Runtime Performance vs Pharo 10

Richards Benchmark



Improved Runtime Performance vs Pharo 10

Delta Blue Benchmark



Summary

- PharoJS is a viable solution to reuse JS Ecosystem
- Transition from ES5 to ES6 is Beneficial
 - Significantly faster Load time
 - Improved other benchmarks
 - More idiomatic code with ES6

Getting exact Smalltalk Semantics is Still tricky

- ✓ • JS white box model = no encapsulation
 - Generate accessors on the fly for third party classes
- ✓ • Inherited Instance Variables e.g CircularCounter example
 - Force IV Creation
- ✓ • Metaclass inheritance for third party classes
 - **class X {...} vs class X extends Object {...}**
- Support full Pharo is still a Challenge
 - DoesNotUnderstand
 - superclass - subclasses relationship
 - thisContext, become:, ...

MIT License

Kindly Supported by



PharoJS.org

Develop in Pharo, Run on JavaScript



GitHub



Thanks to all the contributors!