

1.) Back Savers

- a. A Decision variables
 - i. How many of each backpack to produce per week to maximize profit
- b. Object function
 - i. To maximize profit where profit = Z
Given $C_b(Z) = \$32$, $M_b(Z) = \$24$
- c. Constrains
 - i. $X_1 \geq 5000\text{ft}^2$ (material)
 - ii. $X_2 \geq 1400\text{hrs}$ (Manpower)
 - iii. Collegiate (C_b) ≤ 1000 units
 - iv. Mini (M_b) ≤ 1200 units
- d. LP formula
 - i. Max Profit Z; $Z = C_1X_1 + C_2X_2$ Subject to:
 $0 \leq X_1 \leq 5000$
 $0 \leq X_2 \leq 1400$
 $5000 \geq 3C_b + 2M_b$
 $1400 \geq (3/4)C_b + (4/6)M_b$
 $Z = 32C_b + 24M_b$

2.) Weigelt Corp.

a. Decision Variables

- i. How many of each size unit should be produced at each plant to maximize profit by reducing excess capacity:

'Plant 1

1. Lg @ P1 = X_1
2. md @ P1 = X_2
3. sm @ P1 = X_3

'Plant 2

4. Lg @ P2 = X_4
5. Md @ P2 = X_5
6. sm @ P2 = X_6

'Plant 3

7. Lg @ P3 = X_7
8. md @ P3 = X_8
9. sm @ P3 = X_9

- ii. Max profit (Z)

$$Z = 420X_1 + 360X_2 + 300X_3 + 420X_4 + 360X_5 + 300X_6 + 420X_7 + 360X_8 + 300X_9 \text{ Subject to:}$$

'sales volume

- i. $X_1 + X_4 + X_7 \leq 750$
- ii. $X_2 + X_5 + X_8 \leq 1,200$
- iii. $X_3 + X_6 + X_9 \leq 900$

'Plant square footage for use

- iv. $20X_1 + 15X_2 + 12X_3 \leq 13,000$
- v. $20X_4 + 15X_5 + 12X_6 \leq 12,000$
- vi. $20X_7 + 15X_8 + 12X_9 \leq 5,000$

'Excess Capacity

- vii. $X_1 + X_2 + X_3 \leq 750$ 'plant 1
- viii. $X_4 + X_5 + X_6 \leq 900$ 'plant 2
- ix. $X_7 + X_8 + X_9 \leq 450$ 'plant 3

'% of Capacity

- x. $(1/750)(X_1 + X_2 + X_3) - (1/900)(X_4 + X_5 + X_6) = 0$
And
- xi. $(1/750)(X_1 + X_2 + X_3) - (1/450)(X_7 + X_8 + X_9) = 0$
Or
- xii. $(1/900)(X_4 + X_5 + X_6) - (1/450)(X_7 + X_8 + X_9) = 0$

Where

$$X_{(1-9)} \geq 0$$

