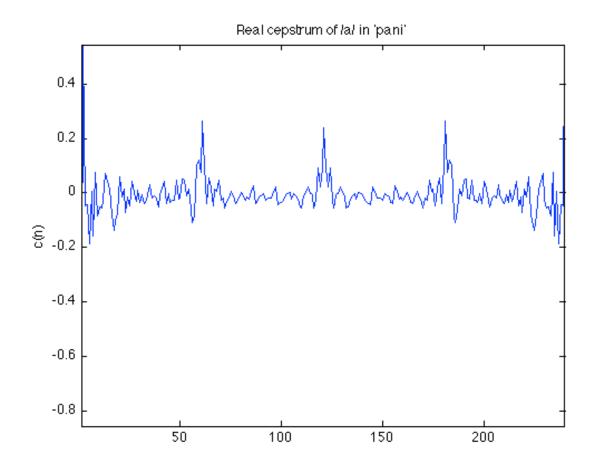
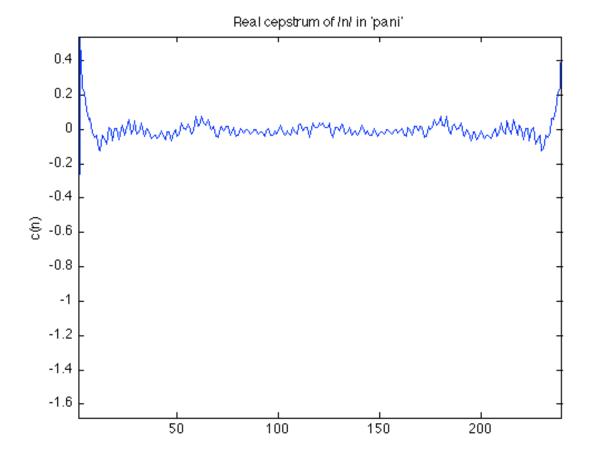
EE 679 Computing Assignment 4

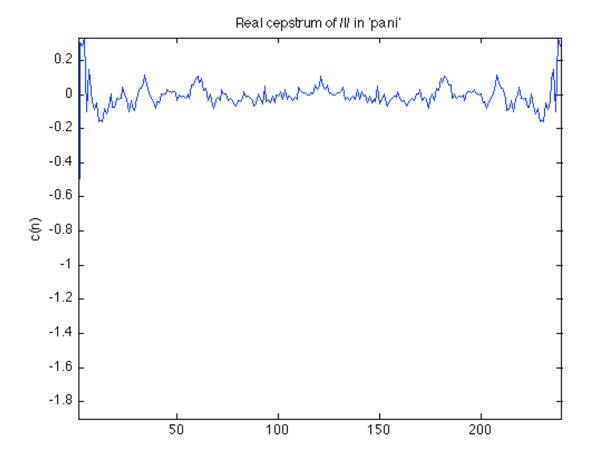
Name: Swrangsar Basumatary Roll: 09d07040

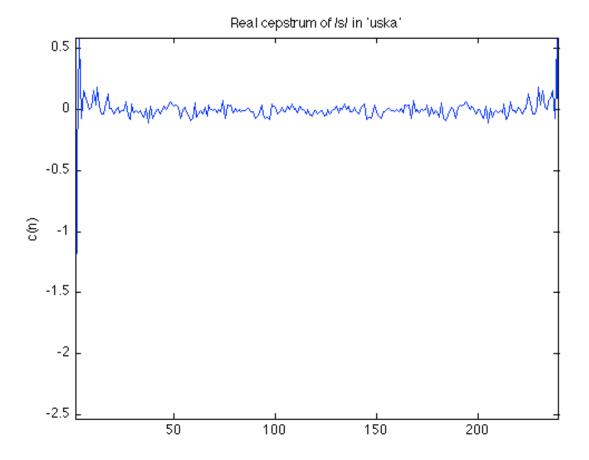
Question 1

The plots:









The functions:

```
function [realCepstrum, fs] = getRealCepstrum(speechSegment)
[windowedSignal, fs] = getWindowedSignal(speechSegment);
logMagnitudeSpectrum = getLogMagnitudeSpectrum(windowedSignal);
realCepstrum = ifft(logMagnitudeSpectrum);
end

%% get a 30 ms window of speech signal
function [windowedSignal, fs] = getWindowedSignal(inputFile)
windowDuration = 0.030; % in ms
[y, fs] = wavread(inputFile);
length = size(y, 1);
centralIndex = round(length/2);
M = round(windowDuration * fs);
```

```
startIndex = round(centralIndex - M/2);
windowedSignal = y(startIndex:startIndex + M-1);
end
%% get logarithm of the magnitude spectrum
function logMagnitudeSpectrum =
getLogMagnitudeSpectrum(windowedSignal)
mag = fft(windowedSignal);
logMagnitudeSpectrum = log(abs(mag));
end
The script:
close all; clear all;
addpath /Users/swrangsarbasumatary/Desktop/speechAssignment4/
dataFiles/
addpath /Users/swrangsarbasumatary/Desktop/speechAssignment4/
addpath /Users/swrangsarbasumatary/Desktop/speechAssignment4/q1/
%% plot real cepstrum of /a/ in 'pani'
rc1 = getRealCepstrum('a pani.wav');
figure(100); clf;
plot(rc1); axis tight;
title('Real cepstrum of /a/ in ''pani''');
ylabel('c(n)');
%% plot real cepstrum of /n/ in 'pani'
rc2 = getRealCepstrum('n pani.wav');
figure(200); clf;
plot(rc2); axis tight;
title('Real cepstrum of /n/ in ''pani''');
ylabel('c(n)');
%% plot real cepstrum of /I/ in 'pani'
rc3 = getRealCepstrum('i pani.wav');
figure(300); clf;
plot(rc3); axis tight;
```

```
title('Real cepstrum of /I/ in ''pani''');
ylabel('c(n)');

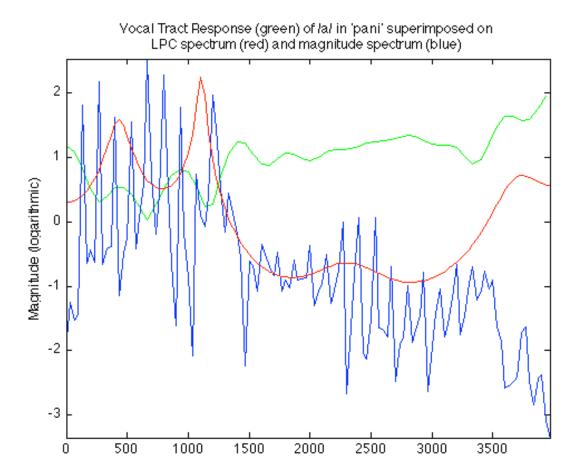
%% plot real cepstrum of /s/ in 'uska'

rc4 = getRealCepstrum('s_uska.wav');
figure(400); clf;
plot(rc4); axis tight;
title('Real cepstrum of /s/ in ''uska''');
ylabel('c(n)');

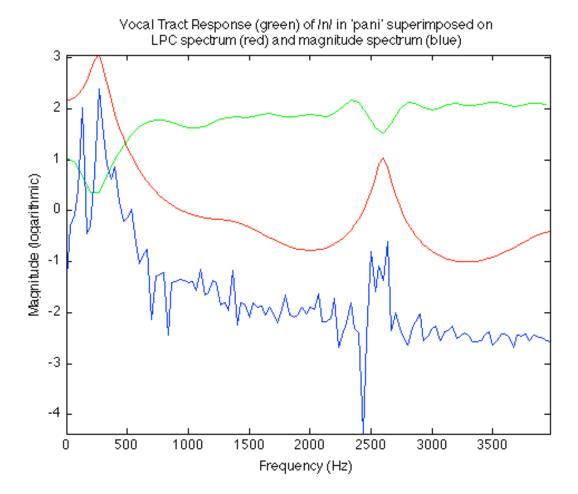
rmpath /Users/swrangsarbasumatary/Desktop/speechAssignment4/q1/
rmpath /Users/swrangsarbasumatary/Desktop/speechAssignment4/
rmpath /Users/swrangsarbasumatary/Desktop/speechAssignment4/
dataFiles/
```

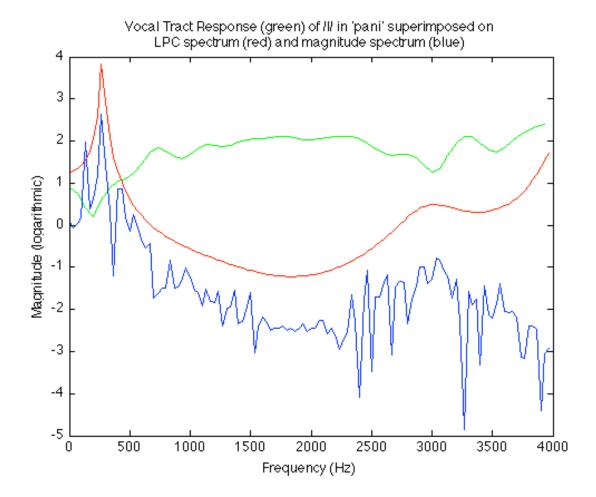
Question 2

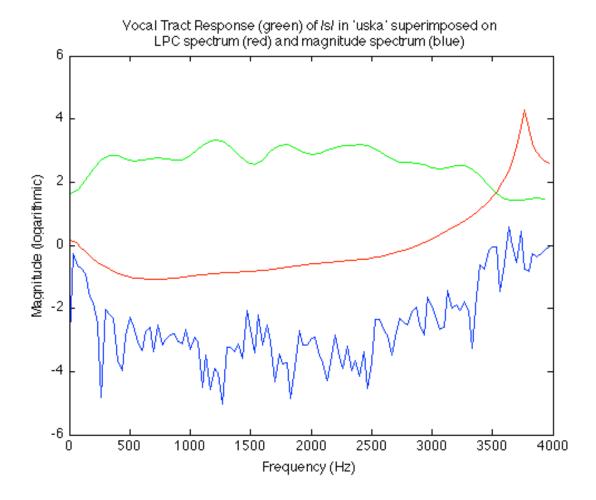
The plots:



Frequency (Hz)







The functions:

```
function [vocalTractResponse, w] =
getVocalTractResponse(speechSegment)

[speechCepstrum, fs] = getRealCepstrum(speechSegment);
lowTimeCepstrum = getLowTimeCepstrum(speechCepstrum, fs);
vocalTractResponse = abs(fft(lowTimeCepstrum));
vocalTractResponse = vocalTractResponse(1:
(length(vocalTractResponse)/2));

M = length(vocalTractResponse);
frequencies = (fs/M) * (0:M-1);
w = frequencies(:)/2;
end

%% do low-time liftering for vocal tract estimation
```

```
function lowTimeCepstrum = getLowTimeCepstrum(speechCepstrum,
fs)
cutoffLength = fs * .003; % take 20 or 15
speechCepstrum = speechCepstrum(1:round(length(speechCepstrum)/
2));
lowTimeCepstrum = speechCepstrum;
lowTimeCepstrum((cutoffLength+1):end) = 0;
end
The LPC function (adapted from previous assignment):
function [LPCSpectrum, narrowbandSpectrum, w] =
getLPCSpectrum(speechSegment, poleOrder)
if nargin < 2, poleOrder = 10; end</pre>
[windowedSignal, fs] = getWindowedSignal(speechSegment);
M = length(windowedSignal);
% the narrowband spectrum first
narrowbandSpectrum = log(abs(fft(windowedSignal)));
narrowbandSpectrum = narrowbandSpectrum(1:round(M/2));
preEmpdSignal = preEmphasize(windowedSignal);
LPCoeffs = getLPCoefficients(preEmpdSignal, poleOrder);
frequencies = (fs/M) * (0:M-1);
denominator = 0;
numerator = 1;
for k = 1:poleOrder
    denominator = denominator + (LPCoeffs(k) * (exp(-1i * 2 * pi
* frequencies ./ fs) .^{(k-1)};
end
H = numerator ./ denominator;
LPCSpectrum = log(abs(H));
LPCSpectrum = LPCSpectrum(1:round(M/2));
w = frequencies(1:round(M/2));
LPCSpectrum = LPCSpectrum(:);
narrowbandSpectrum=narrowbandSpectrum(:);
w=w(:);
end
```

```
%% get a 30 ms window of speech signal
function [windowedSignal, fs] = getWindowedSignal(speechSegment)
windowDuration = 0.030; % in ms
[y, fs] = wavread(speechSegment);
length = size(y, 1);
centralIndex = round(length/2);
M = round(windowDuration * fs);
startIndex = round(centralIndex - M/2);
windowedSignal = y(startIndex:startIndex + M-1);
end
%% pre emphasize the speech segment
function preEmpdSignal = preEmphasize(windowedSignal)
y = windowedSignal;
length = size(y, 1);
for k = 1:length
    if k > 1
        y(k) = y(k) - (0.97*y(k-1));
    end
end
preEmpdSignal = y;
end
%% get autocorrelation coefficients
function autocorrVector = getAutoCorrelation(preEmpdSignal,
poleOrder)
ACCoeff = zeros(poleOrder+1, 1);
for p = 0:poleOrder
    for k = 0:(length(preEmpdSignal)-1)
        valueToBeAdded = 0;
        if k-p >= 0
            valueToBeAdded = preEmpdSignal(k+1) .*
preEmpdSignal(k+1-p);
        ACCoeff(p+1) = ACCoeff(p+1) + valueToBeAdded;
    end
end
```

```
autocorrVector = ACCoeff;
end
%% get LPC Coefficients
function LPCoeffs = getLPCoefficients(preEmpdSignal, poleOrder)
autocorrVector = getAutoCorrelation(preEmpdSignal, poleOrder);
LPCoeffs = levinson(autocorrVector);
end
The script for the plots:
close all; clear all;
addpath /Users/swrangsarbasumatary/Desktop/speechAssignment4/
dataFiles/
addpath /Users/swrangsarbasumatary/Desktop/speechAssignment4/
addpath /Users/swrangsarbasumatary/Desktop/speechAssignment4/q1/
addpath /Users/swrangsarbasumatary/Desktop/speechAssignment4/q2/
%% plot vocal tract response of /a/ in 'pani'
[vtr1, ww1] = getVocalTractResponse('a pani.wav');
[LPCSpectrum1, narrowbandSpectrum1, w1] =
getLPCSpectrum('a pani.wav');
figure(100); clf;
vtrPlot1 = plot(ww1, vtr1);
hold on;
narrowbandPlot1 = plot(w1, narrowbandSpectrum1);
LPCPlot1 = plot(w1, LPCSpectrum1);
set(vtrPlot1, 'Color', 'green');
set(LPCPlot1, 'Color', 'red');
set(narrowbandPlot1, 'Color', 'blue');
hold off;
axis tight;
title({'Vocal Tract Response (green) of /a/ in ''pani''
superimposed on'; ...
    'LPC spectrum (red) and magnitude spectrum (blue)'});
xlabel('Frequency (Hz)');
ylabel('Magnitude (logarithmic)');
```

```
%% plot vocal tract response of /n/ in 'pani'
[vtr2, ww2] = getVocalTractResponse('n pani.wav');
[LPCSpectrum2, narrowbandSpectrum2, w2] =
getLPCSpectrum('n_pani.wav');
figure(200); clf;
vtrPlot2 = plot(ww2, vtr2);
hold on;
narrowbandPlot2 = plot(w2, narrowbandSpectrum2);
LPCPlot2 = plot(w2, LPCSpectrum2);
set(vtrPlot2, 'Color', 'green');
set(LPCPlot2, 'Color', 'red');
set(narrowbandPlot2, 'Color', 'blue');
hold off;
axis tight;
title({'Vocal Tract Response (green) of /n/ in ''pani''
superimposed on'; ...
    'LPC spectrum (red) and magnitude spectrum (blue)'});
xlabel('Frequency (Hz)');
ylabel('Magnitude (logarithmic)');
%% plot vocal tract response of /I/ in 'pani'
[vtr3, ww3] = getVocalTractResponse('i pani.wav');
[LPCSpectrum3, narrowbandSpectrum3, w3] =
getLPCSpectrum('i_pani.wav');
figure(300); clf;
vtrPlot3 = plot(ww3, vtr3);
hold on;
narrowbandPlot3 = plot(w3, narrowbandSpectrum3);
LPCPlot3 = plot(w3, LPCSpectrum3);
set(vtrPlot3, 'Color', 'green');
set(LPCPlot3, 'Color', 'red');
set(narrowbandPlot3, 'Color', 'blue');
hold off;
title({'Vocal Tract Response (green) of /I/ in ''pani''
superimposed on'; ...
    'LPC spectrum (red) and magnitude spectrum (blue)'});
xlabel('Frequency (Hz)');
ylabel('Magnitude (logarithmic)');
```

```
%% plot vocal tract response of /s/ in 'uska'
[vtr4, ww4] = getVocalTractResponse('s uska.wav');
[LPCSpectrum4, narrowbandSpectrum4, w4] =
getLPCSpectrum('s uska.wav');
figure(400); clf;
vtrPlot4 = plot(ww4, vtr4);
hold on;
narrowbandPlot4 = plot(w4, narrowbandSpectrum4);
LPCPlot4 = plot(w4, LPCSpectrum4);
set(vtrPlot4, 'Color', 'green');
set(LPCPlot4,'Color','red');
set(narrowbandPlot4, 'Color', 'blue');
hold off;
title({'Vocal Tract Response (green) of /s/ in ''uska''
superimposed on'; ...
    'LPC spectrum (red) and magnitude spectrum (blue)'});
xlabel('Frequency (Hz)');
ylabel('Magnitude (logarithmic)');
rmpath /Users/swrangsarbasumatary/Desktop/speechAssignment4/q2/
rmpath /Users/swrangsarbasumatary/Desktop/speechAssignment4/q1/
rmpath /Users/swrangsarbasumatary/Desktop/speechAssignment4/
rmpath /Users/swrangsarbasumatary/Desktop/speechAssignment4/
dataFiles/
```

The vocal tract response is the DFT of the first 3-4ms window of the cepstrum of the signal. We did a low-time liftering of the cepstrum using a 3 ms window and then took the DFT which is supposed to be equal to the log of abs(V(z)). Here $z = e^{(j\omega)}$. The excitation component is supposed to be in the high quefrencies of the cepstrum.

```
s(n) = e(n) * v(n) and S(z) = E(z)V(z)

log(IS(z)I) = log(IE(z)I) + log(IV(z)I)

e'(n) and v'(n) are the IDFT of log(IE(z)I) and log(IV(z)I) respectively. v'(n) corresponds to the first 3-4ms window of the cepstrum. e'(n) is impulsive and periodic for voiced
```

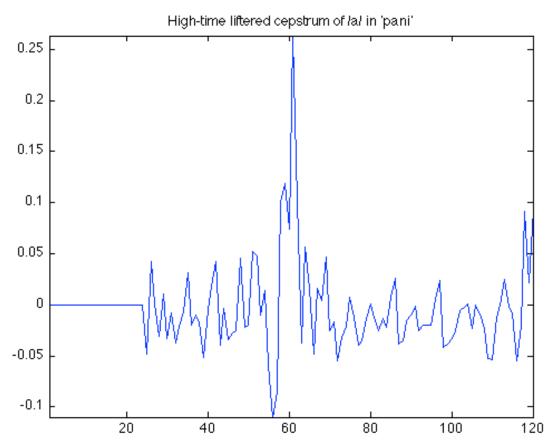
sounds.

Question 3

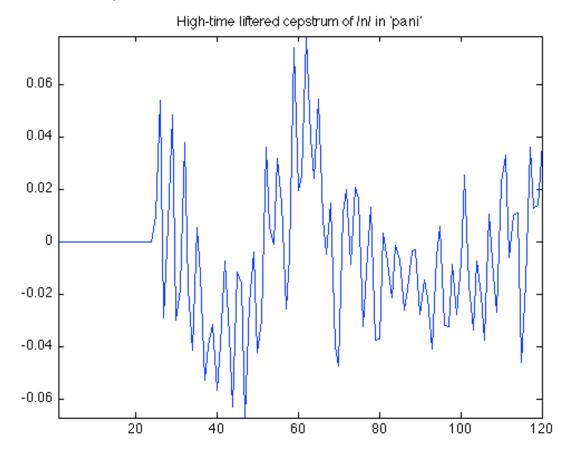
The pitch estimation is done by finding the maximum of the peaks in the high-time liftered part of the cepstrum. The pitch period is the time corresponding to the maximum peak from time '0'. If there are more than one maximum peaks then we consider the first one.

Pitch Estimation

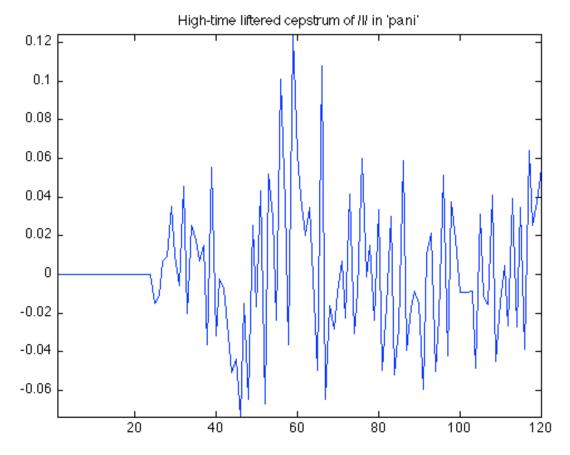
Pitch for /a/ in 'pani': 133.3333Hz



Pitch for /n/ in 'pani': 131.1475Hz



Pitch for /l/ in 'pani': 137.9310Hz



Pitch for /s/ in 'uska': 109.5890Hz

