CMSC 257 Assignment 5: Sample Unix Shell

Project due date: 11:59 pm EST, 04/26/17

What is a shell? • Command line interpreter You type "ls /etc" – The shell invokes the first parameter as a command, with the remainder as the parameters - eg: exec(ls,"/etc") • Built-in commands Most commands are separate executable programs • ls, rm, mv, make, gcc Some commands are interpreted by the shell • cd, exit, pid, ppid. **Interactive vs Batch** Interactive – User types commands in, hits return to invoke them • Batch shell reads from an input file • What is the difference? where the commands come from • You need to implement the Interactive shell model. Input/Output • C has 3 standard files prepared for you - stdin = input - stdout = output – stderr = error output • printf("foo") == fprintf(stdout,"foo") • scanf("%s",str) == fscanf(stdin,"%s", str) • fprintf(stderr,"Panic!") prints an error message separately **Process Control** • Your shell should execute the next command line **after** the previous one terminates you must wait for any programs that you launch to finish • You don't have to provide the functionality of launching multiple simultaneous commands with ";" separating them **Hints** • A shell is a loop – read input execute program wait program - repeat

Useful routines

- fgets() for string input
- strtok() for parsing
- exit() for exiting the shell
- getpid() for finding the current process ID
- getppid() for finding the parent process ID
- getcwd() for getting the current working directory
- getenv()/setenv()
- chdir() for changing directories
- Executing commands
 - fork() creates a new process
 - execvp() runs a new program and does path processing
 - wait(), waitpid() waits for a child process to terminate

Requirements:

- <executable> -p -p should allow the user to select an user-defined prompt.
 Otherwise, the default should be "257sh>".
 - o Shell functions to be implemented separately: exit, pid, ppid, cd.
 - o For implementing "exit" from the shell, use the raise() signal handler.
 - o "cd" prints the current working directory; whereas "cd <path>" will change the current working directory.
 - o All other shell commands will need a child process using fork() and then calling execvp().
- No input will be greater than 50 characters.
- Only the interactive system needs to be implemented (batch system is not needed)
- Background process execution (using &) is NOT required.
- Each time a child process is created, evaluate its exit status and print it out.
- ^C should not take us out of the shell; use a signal handler. Hint: you can use the same signal handler code from the slides.

Note: Late assignments will lose 5 points per day upto a maximum of 3 days. Code must be submitted in the prescribed format.

For questions on grading, contact: Joseph Nalluri <nallurijj@mymail.vcu.edu>