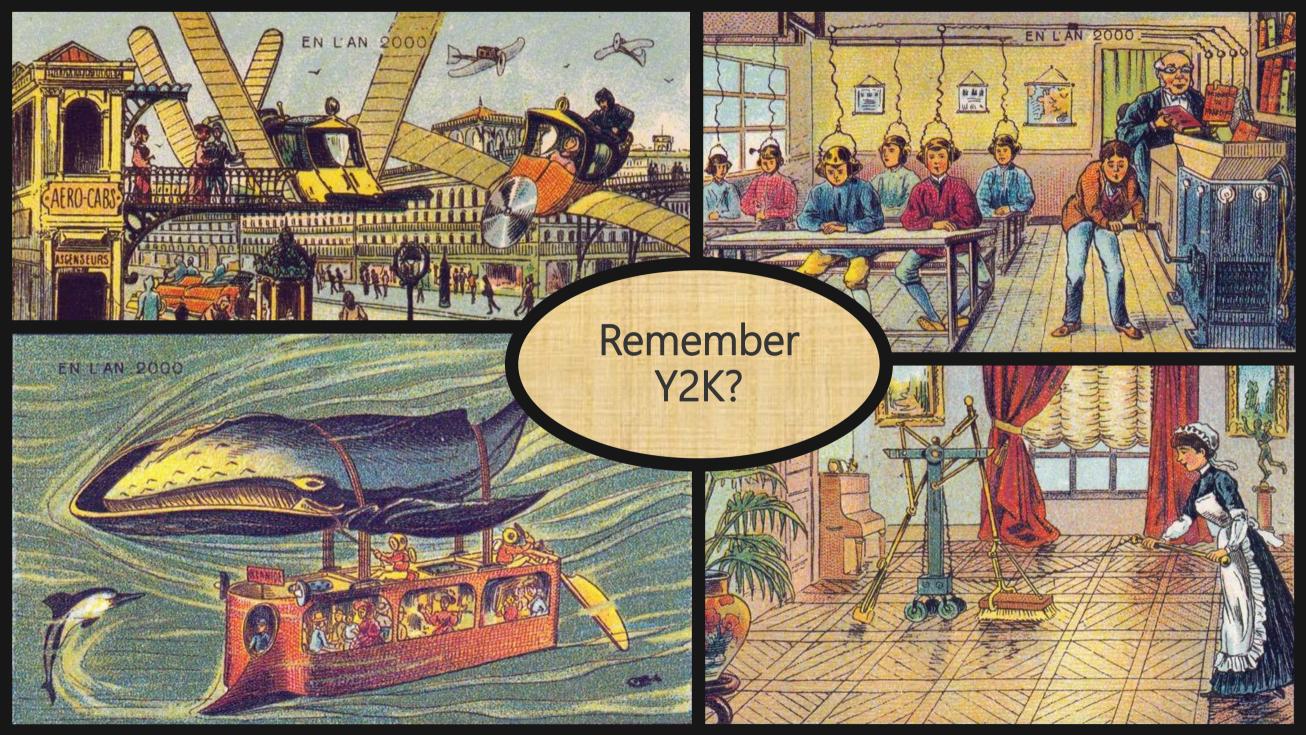


Session goals

- 1. Introducing the General Data Protection Regulations
 - What is it?
 - What does it mean for you?
 - Breaking it down into some clear requirements
 - Proposing a step-by-step process
- 2. How Microsoft SQL technologies can help
 - Making use of built-in capabilities to meet the requirements
 - Introducing the newest innovations that can help!
 - Sneak peak at new and imminent developments...





Data Privacy in today's world

- Oct 2017 USB stick found containing 174 documents disclosing Queen's route and security measures to airport, all IDs needed, timetable of patrols, CCTV maps and much more!
- Sept 2017 Equifax announces one of largest corporate data breaches in history after hackers obtained (143 million records)!
- Sept 2017 Nottinghamshire County Council fined £70,000 for leaving elderly and disabled people's personal data publicly available online for 5 years!
- Aug 2017 Online spambot 711 million record dump located



August: 715 million records breached September: 174 million records breached October: 55 million records breached



TURBULENT TIMES

2 Billion records compromised in the last year

140+ DAYS between infiltration and detection

\$15 MILLION of cost/business impact per breach

GDPR enables rights of data subjects and enforces protection on people's personal data!*1

- Right to object
- · Right to access, rectification, erasure and portability
- Requires strict consent (and proof)
- Personal data will be held and transmitted securely



^{*1} personal data is *anything* that is personally identifiable!

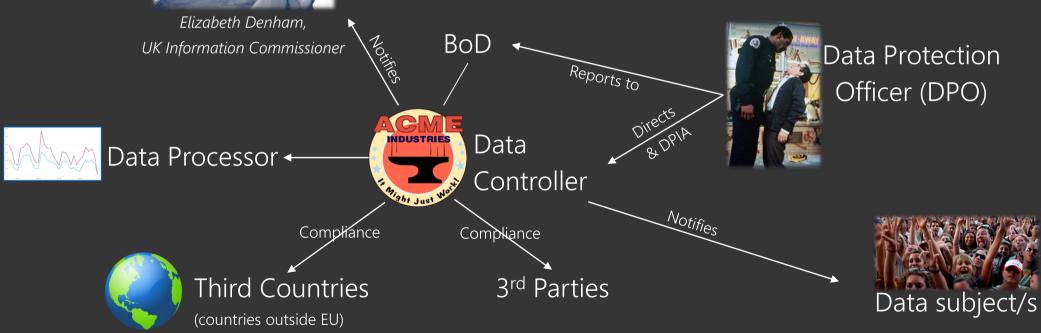
EU Directive 95/46/EC aka "Data Protection Directive (DPD)" **UK Data Protection Act** UK Data Protection Act (2) EU agree (US) Safe Harbor principles meet level Organisation for Economic Co-operation and 1980 Development (OECD) Work commences guidelines on transborder on GDPR data flows 1951 **EU** invalidate Article 8, European Safe Harbor Convention on Human Rights decision, start talks on EU-US Privacy Shield *1 1945 Post war concerns for Protection of human rights GDPR adopted 2019 May 2018 GDPR enforceable Brexit?

GDPR "Players"





Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) (Supervising Authority in UK)



Data privacy-related requirements of the GDPR

GDPR Article 25—Data protection by design and by default

► Control access, Process minimal necessary data, Integrate safeguards

GDPR Article 32—Security of processing

 Pseudonymization and Encryption, Ensure availability, Regular security testing

GDPR Article 33—Notification of a personal data breach

► Detect breach, Assess impact, Actions to take

GDPR Article 30—Records of processing activities

► Monitor access, Maintain audits

GDPR Article 35—Data protection impact assessment

► Document risks and security measures taken

Preparing for GDPR compliance

Questions for leading your preparation:

WHERE does your data reside and who has ACCESS to it?

Do you **CONTROL** who can access your data and it's **USE** based on risk assessment in **REAL-TIME**?

Can you **CLASSIFY**, **PROTECT** and apply **POLICY-driven** actions to your data, on devices, between apps, in any location, at rest and in transit?

Can you automatically **DETECT** a data or identity breach? Are you able to **RESPOND** adequately to a breach?

Do you continuously **REVIEW** and **UPDATE** your data protection **POLICIES** and **PRACTICES**?



Applicability to the data tier

The database stores much of the organization's sensitive data

Identifying personal data in relational is *fairly* easy But... Would you like me to open private data for you? Also consider...

Process

Discover database systems

Inventory personal data in database systems

What is attack surface area & access model?

Track data flows and map data lineage

Technology

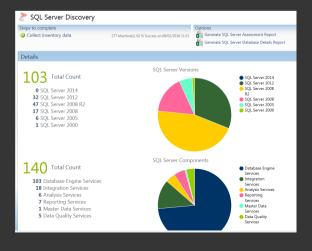
Map Toolkit

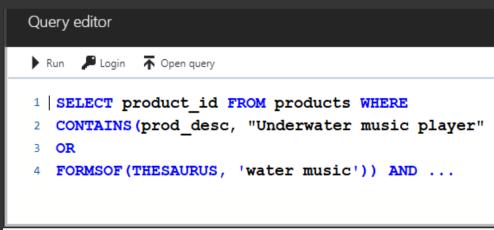
T-SQL Queries, Full Text search

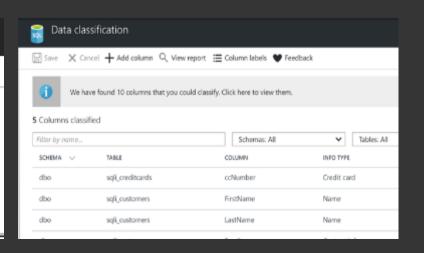
Vulnerability Assessment



Data classification







Demo

Resolving Vulnerabilities

Process

Technology

2 Manage

Manage authentication and authorization mechanisms

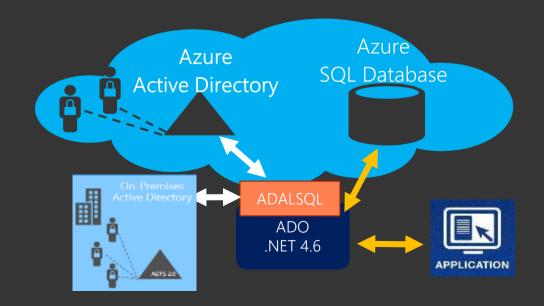
Properly configure database firewall

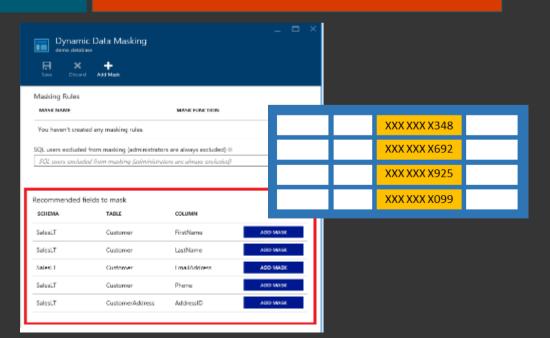
Limit application access according to authorization principles

Windows authentication, Azure AD auth, role-base security...

Azure SQL Firewall

Dynamic Data Masking, Row-Level Security





Process

Technology

Encryption of data at rest, in motion, in use

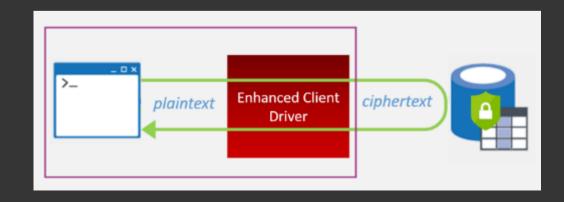
Detect data breach and respond accordingly

Ensure business continuity

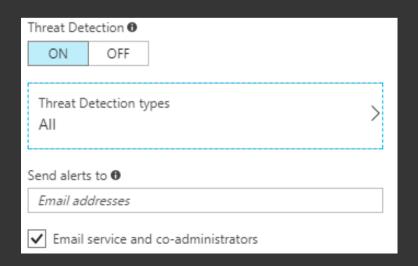
TLS, TDE, Always Encrypted

Threat Detection

Always On, Active Geo-Replication



Protect



Process

Technology

Report

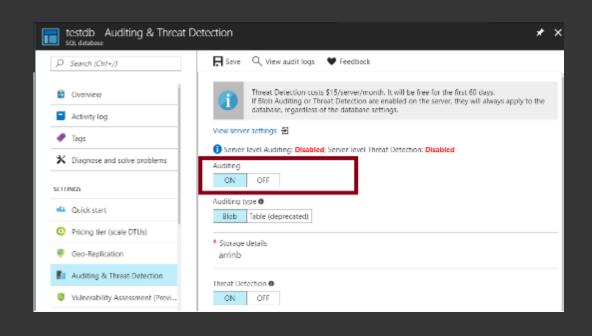
Maintain audit records of database activities

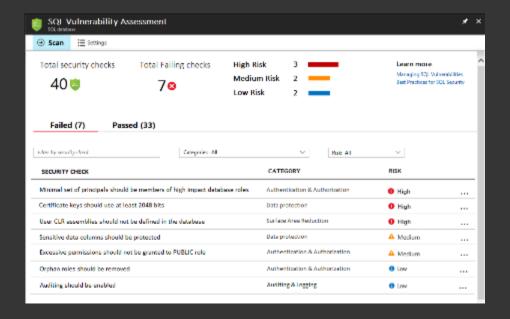
Continuously assess and analyze security measures

Auditing, Temporal tables

Vulnerability Assessment



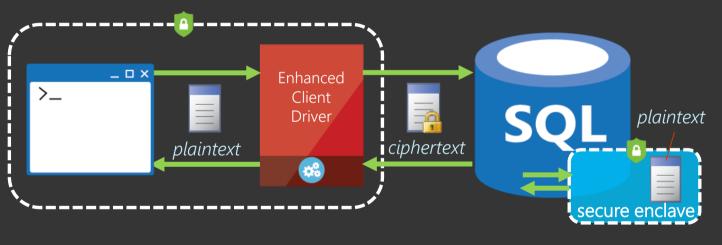




Demo

Auditing Database Activities with SQL Audit and Temporal Tables

Always Encrypted using Secure Enclaves



- Confidential computing brings secure enclaves to Azure
 - Trusted execution environments protecting data in use
 - First cloud to offer Intel Software Guard Extensions (SGX) enclaves
- Enhancing Always Encrypted with enclaves
 - Rich computations on encrypted data
 - In-place encryption and key management

Sign up for Early Access Preview at: https://aka.ms/SQLEnclavesPreview

VNET Service Endpoints

Restrict access to the database from VMs in a given VNET/subnet

- ✓ Separation of roles between networking and database admin teams
- ✓ Keep data on the Azure network
- ✓ Simplify management of Virtual IPs and Firewall rules (ie. no "Allow all Azure Services")

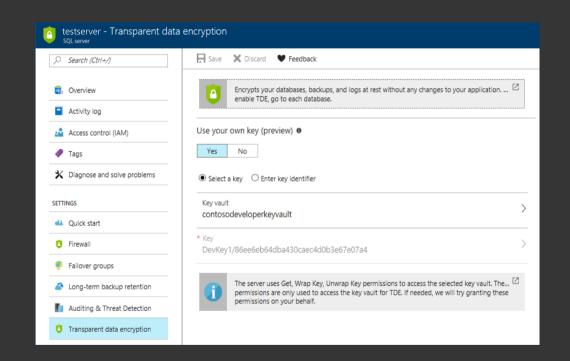
Roadmap

- Remove SQL Database from the public IP
- Removing outbound to SQL Database IP on Network Security Groups
- Configure VPN/ Express Route Private Peering
- Ability to assign private IPs to SQL databases

TDE with Bring Your Own Key support

Control who has access to keys used for encryption-at-rest and when

- ✓ Simplify key management via Azure Key Vault and centralize application secrets, passwords, and encryption keys on one platform.
- ✓ Leverage Key Vault's scalability, security, and redundancy with built-in hardware security modules (HSMs) and redundant provisioning of vaults across datacenters worldwide.
- ✓ Strengthen trust in the cloud by having control over resources who have access to TDE keys.
- ✓ Help meet compliance requirements by separating data and key management.



SQL VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENT

A one-stop-shop to **track** and **improve** your SQL security state

Get Visibility

Discover sensitive data and potential security holes

Remediate

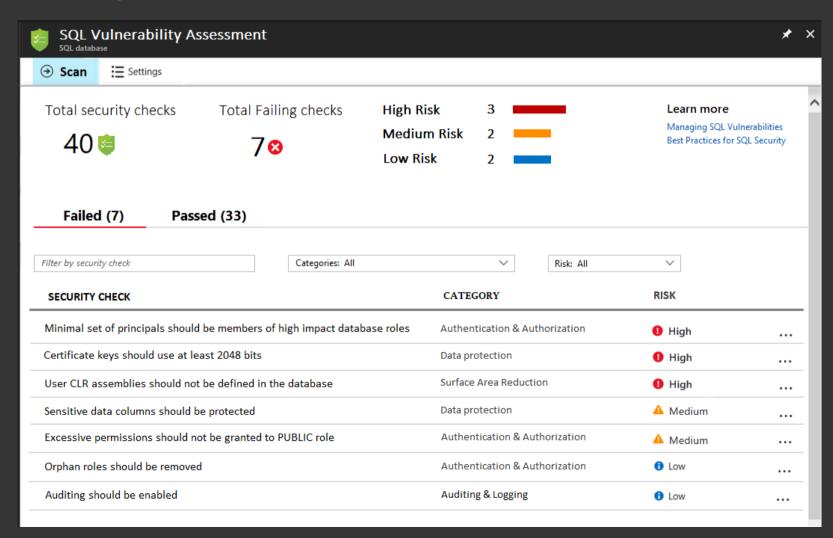
Actionable remediation and security hardening steps

Customize

Baseline policy tuned to your environment, so you focus on deviations

Report

Pass internal or external audits, facilitates compliance



Azure Managed Instances

(Easy migration to Cloud: nearly 100% like SQL Server!)

Data migration

- Native backup/restore
- Log shipping (DMS)

Security

- TDE
- SQL Audit

- Row level security
- Always Encrypted

Programmability

- Global temp tables
- Cross-database queries and transactions
- Linked servers
- CLR modules

Operational

- DMVs & XEvents
- Query Store
- SQL Agent
- DB Mail (external SMTP)

Scenario enablers

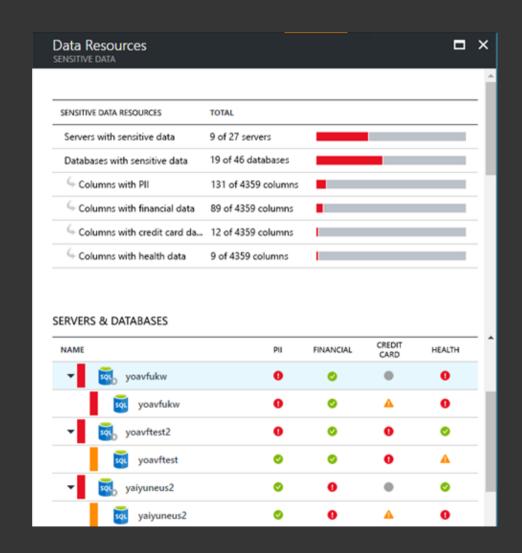
- Service Broker
- Change Data Capture
- Transactional Repl

Note: features will be added in stages until General Availability of Managed Instance

SQL Data Classification

Secure the data, not just the database

- ✓ Auto discover sensitive data location in servers, databases and columns
- ✓ Data classification: enrichment of classification logic that obtains historical context
- ✓ Persistent tagging: sensitive data tags that stay with the data as it flows outside the database boundaries



Demo

Comparison with Azure security options

Resources

SQL Security

SQL and GDPR Guide - https://aka.ms/gdprsqlwhitepaper

Azure SQL Database Security Overview | Microsoft Docs

Security Center for SQL Server Database Engine and Azure SQL Database

<u>SQL Server Security Blog - blogs.msdn.microsoft.com/sqlsecurity/</u>

SQL Server Security | Microsoft Docs

GDPR @Microsoft

Presentation Materials

https://www.microsoft.com/GDPR

https://github.com/retracement/GDPR

https://www.gdprbenchmark.com/