Noah's Ark

<I, Game, Robot> Monetization Model Design



Acknowlegement

This monetization model design is based on the the game design planned by zhoumo-creator, the game feature design planned by HopeLighting, the concept art design by 451935154.

Thanks for their creative game design planning and game feature design.

Here is their PRs:

https://github.com/zhoumo-creator/-I-Game-Robot-_game_design_plan https://github.com/HopeLightning/I-Game-Robot-Game-Feature-Design https://github.com/451935154/MAGIC-ROAMING



Background Story

World Background

- In 2252
- Efficient modular city, key prop called "mobile space"
- The world will be destroyed in 50 years unless living cities are made
- People organized a New City creation team and established a New City--Noah's Ark

Main Character Background

- Name: P
- 25-year-old automotive engineer with driving excellence
- Loves cars and was poor when he was young
- Developed a prototype robot system, which was rejected by his boss

Narrative framework

Target

- Complete the construction of Noah's Ark before the end of the world

Antagonism

- The car is not just a tool, but also a moving space, whose cells make up New City

- The industrial giants of Old City want to prevent the construction of the new city
 Settle
- The resources of Old City plummeted many times, and Old Cityists wanted to control New City
- Players need to speed up their pace, strengthen their components and build higher hash power

Storyline

Call of Duty

- P, let go of your worries and go to New City Meet a mentor

- Sage of the Freedom Alliance Through obstruction

- In New City, the car is not considered as a tool, but a combat partner

Tests, partners, enemies

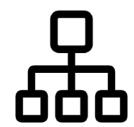
- In different communities of riders, P met many friends





Monetization Model Design







Dual-Token Economic Model

Numerical Design

Evaluation Mechanism

Distribution
Model of **NAC**

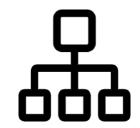
Distribution
Model of **NAT**

NAC Cycle Mechanism We designed a dual-token economy and there are two types of tokens which can be circulated in Noah's Ark system, NAC(Noah's Ark Coin) and NAT(Noah's Ark Token).

NAC: Utility Token, the basic currency for transactions in Noah's Ark system. Players acquire computing power directly after clearing the stages of maps and the unit of computing power is NAC.

NAT: Governance Token, the measurement index of the contribution and achievements every player makes. There are several methods to acquire an NAT and we will introduce it in the Evaluation Mechanism part.







Numerical Design——NAC Total Supplies

Numerical Design

Evaluation Mechanism

Distribution
Model of **NAC**

Distribution
Model of **NAT**

NAC Cycle Mechanism The initial total quantity of NACs in Noah's Ark system is

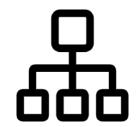
$$X_0 = 10,000,000,000$$

And the quantity of NACs issued additionally every week is denoted as Y(n), therefore the quantity of FMC in the nth week is

$$X(n) = X_0 + \sum_{i}^{n} Y(i)$$

Y(n) is used for preventing the inflation of our system and the formula will be introduced in the Inflation part.









Evaluation Mechanism

Distribution Model of **NAC**

Distribution
Model of **NAT**

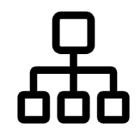
NAC Cycle Mechanism

Numerical Design——NAC Tokenomics Model

There are **five main subpools** of NAC total supplies. 10% of all, i.e. 1,000,000,000 NACs will be kept for Noah's Ark Team.

- 10% of all, i.e. 1,000,000,000 NACs will be pre-mined for the return of staking.
- 10% of all, i.e. 1,000,000,000 NACs will be **used for venture**, including seeds and private ones.
- 1% of all, i.e. 100,000,000 NACs will be **used for IDO**.
- 69% of all, i.e. 6,900,000,000 NACs will be circulated in Noah's Ark Ecosystem.









Evaluation Mechanism

Distribution
Model of **NAC**

Distribution
Model of **NAT**

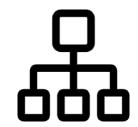
NAC Cycle Mechanism

Numerical Design——NAC Tokenomics Model

The Ecosystem Pool of NAC will be divided into four smaller parts.

- 30% of all, i.e. 3,000,000,000 NACs will be mined by PVE in the game.
- 20% of all, i.e. 2,000,000,000 NACs will be mined by PVP in the game.
- 10% of all, i.e. 1,000,000,000 NACs will be used for **X2E**, i.e. players finish tasks in reality to earn tokens in virtual world.
- 9% of all, i.e. 900,000,000 NACs will be mined by **staking of players' NFT**, i.e. their cars in the game.
- These four parts make up the ecosystem pool, i.e. 69% of total supplies.







Numerical Design——NAT Total Supplies

Numerical Design

Evaluation Mechanism

Distribution
Model of **NAC**

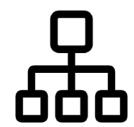
Distribution
Model of **NAT**

NAC Cycle Mechanism The structure of NAT pool is very different from the NAC pool, since NAT denotes the contribution of each player and it cannot be mined by worthless behaviors.

In Noah's Ark system, the contribution is defined by two parts—the PVE part and the PVP part, the latter one of which is the main method to acquire NATs.

The total quantity of NATs in Noah's system is 100, 000, 000 with no additional offerings, 20% of which is for PVE and 80% of which is for PVP. We will introduce the details of NAT in Distribution Model part and note that NAT is the most important mechanism of Noah's Ark system.







Evaluation Mechanism—Element

Numerical Design

Evaluation Mechanism

Distribution
Model of **NAC**

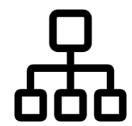
Distribution
Model of **NAT**

NAC Cycle Mechanism We introduce some basic concepts of Noah's Ark. Firstly, there are four categories of elements to make up a car in the GARAGE:

- Body, 5 levels in total, starts from Level 0, related to the Maximum Speed. The
 higher the maximum speed upgrade, the faster it will run.
- Wheel, 5 levels in total, starts from Level 0, related to the Durability. The durability refers to the distance a car can travel after repairing. The higher the durability of the car has, the larger area it can be explore in Old City Map.
- Energy Core, 4 levels in total, starts from Level 0, related to the Acceleration.
 Upgrading the energy core allows you reaching the maximum speed faster.
- Control Chip, 4 levels in total, starts from Level 0, related to the ability of bending and cross-country. It is very practical for drifting and cross country.

Upgrading of elements costs computing power, i.e. NAC.





Dual-Token Economic Model

Evaluation Mechanism—Data Chip

Numerical Design

Evaluation Mechanism

Distribution
Model of **NAC**

Distribution
Model of **NAT**

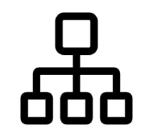
NAC Cycle Mechanism Secondly, data chips are **necessary materials for elements upgrading**. Players need to collect different kinds of data chips in Old City then upgrade their cars' element with specific data chip and NACs.

There are four categories of elements and each of them has five levels, which means the upgrading can be done for 16 times in total. There for we have **16 kinds** of data chips in total.

However, the upgrading processing is not 100% successful every time. Once it fails, the data chip will be **burned** and player need to collect a new one.

In different Old Cities, the possibility of acquiring a data chip is different as well.





Dual-Token Economic Model **Evaluation Mechanism—PVE(Old City)**

Numerical Design Thirdly, players acquire **computing power(NACs)** and **data chips** when they play the PVE mode in whole **6 Old Cities**. We denote the data chip for upgrading a car's body from Lv0 to Lv1 as B1, and so on. Therefore we have the possibility of acquiring different data chips in different Old City as follows.

Evaluation Mechanism

%	B1	B2	В3	В4	W1	W2	W3	W4	E1	E2	E3	E4	C1	C2	C3	C4
1	100	80	40	20	40	20	10	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	100	80	40	20	40	20	10	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	40	20	10	5	100	80	40	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	40	20	10	5	100	80	40	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	40	20	10	5	40	20	10	5	100	50	20	10	40	20	10	5
6	40	20	10	5	40	20	10	5	40	20	10	5	100	50	20	10

Distribution Model of **NAC**

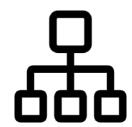
Distribution Model of **NAT**

There are 6 Old Cities initially and more will be released later.

NAC Cycle Mechanism

We will introduce details of acquiring NACs in Distribution Model.







Evaluation Mechanism—PVP

Numerical Design

Evaluation Mechanism

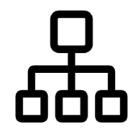
Distribution
Model of **NAC**

Distribution Model of **NAT**

NAC Cycle Mechanism Fourthly, players can acquire a lot of NACs and NATs in PVP system and there are 3 PVP modes in total.

- Basic Mode: 1v1, winners acquire more NACs
- Challenge Mode: 1v1, winners acquire NATs and the other side's NACs, there is a ranking list of challenge mode and we will introduce it later
- Entertainment Mode: all random, just for fun







Evaluation Mechanism—Cars' Score in PVE

Numerical Design Fifthly, we calculate the score of cars in PVE system, which influences the time to finish a city. Basically, the score is the sum of different elements' values but elements have different fitness in different Old Cities and the numerical design is as follows.



	City 1	City 2	City 3	City 4	City 5	City 6
Body	150%	150%	100%	100%	50%	50%
Wheels	100%	100%	150%	150%	50%	50%
Energy C.	80%	80%	80%	80%	250%	100%
Control .C	80%	80%	80%	80%	100%	250%

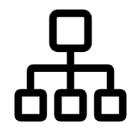
Distribution Model of **NAC**

Therefore we have the score of a $carS_1 = V_b f_b + V_w f_w + V_e f_e + V_c f_c$, where V denotes the value of an element and f denotes the fitness in different Old Cities.

Distribution Model of **NAT**

NAC Cycle Mechanism







Evaluation Mechanism—Cars' Score in PVP

Numerical Design

There is only one kind of map for PVP and therefore no mechanism of fitness is applied here. We have the score of a car $S_2 = V_b + V_w + 2V_e + 2V_c$, where V denotes the value of an element .

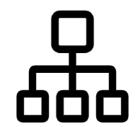












Numerical Design

Distribution Model of NAC—PoW by PVE



30% of all, i.e. 3,000,000,000 NACs will be mined by **PVE** in the game. We have the quantity of NAC for each run in an Old City is

Distribution Model of **NAC**

$$N_1(t,m) = (k_1 \cdot \frac{1}{t} + b_1 m) r_1^{-\frac{x}{y}}$$

Distribution Model of **NAT** • t denotes the time a player spent in the city

NAC Cycle

• m denotes the quantity of goals a player destroys in the city

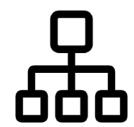
Mechanism

x is the NAC mined from the PVE pool and y denotes remained NAC in the PVE pool, i.e. we have $x + y = 0.3X(n) = 0.3(X_0 + \sum_{i=1}^{n} Y(i))$

NAT Cycle Mechanism • k_1 , b_1 , r_1 are constant and we can let $r_1 = 2.5$ initially, as for k_1 , b_1

	City 1	City 2	City 3	City 4	City 5	City6
k_1	500,000	500,000	600,000	600,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
b_1	50	50	80	80	150	150







Evaluation Mechanism

Distribution Model of **NAC**

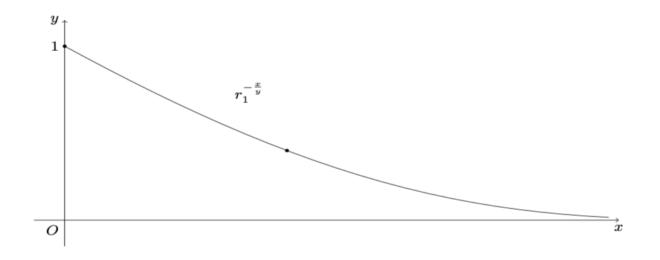
Distribution
Model of **NAT**

NAC Cycle Mechanism

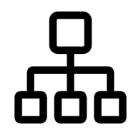
NAT Cycle Mechanism

Distribution Model of NAC—PoW by PVE

 $r_1^{-\frac{x}{y}}$ means with the mining actions in Noah's Ark system, the remaining NACs will be fewer. The fewer the remaining has, the less speed players mine NACs.

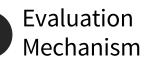






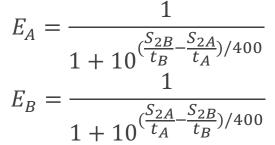


Distribution Model of NAC—PoW by PVP



20% of all, i.e. 2,000,000,000 NACs will be mined by **PVP** in the game. We have the quantity of NAC for each fight is





Distribution Model of **NAT**

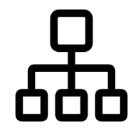
where S_{2A} , S_{2B} are their PVP scores, t_A , t_B are their finishing time and $E_A + E_B = 1$, and A will acquire k_2E_A NAC, B will acquire k_2E_B . We set $k_2 = 10,000$ initially.



Usually the winner will acquire more NACs.

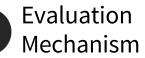
NAT Cycle Mechanism



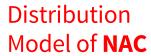








10% of all, i.e. 1,000,000,000 NACs will be used for **X2E**.



Players drive their real cars in reality to earn NACs.

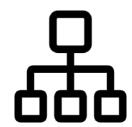
Distribution
Model of **NAT**

One player will earn $k_3=1000$ NACs every mile when they drive. The maximum quantity one can earn is k_4 N_2 , where $k_4=10$ is a constant and N_2 is the quantity of NAT a player holds.



NAT Cycle Mechanism











can stake their cars in old cities automatically. The staking quota is related to the level of Old City and the staking period is related to the quantity of NAT.

Distribution Model of **NAC**

Players pay NACs to unlock the slots of staking in Old Cities and each Old City has 3 slots for car staking at most.

Distribution Model of **NAT**

The maximum staking period is $T = k_5 ln N_2$ where $k_5 = 0.1$ is a constant and N_2 is the quantity of NAT a player holds.

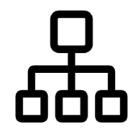
NAC Cycle Mechanism

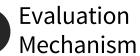
The interest rate is 0.05+0.05T, which means the longer a car is staked, the more returns it will acquire.

NAT Cycle Mechanism

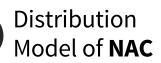


9% of all, i.e. 900,000,000 NACs will be mined by staking of players' NFT. Players





Distribution Model of NAT—PoW by PVE



20% of NATs' total supply is for PVE, i.e. 20, 000, 000.



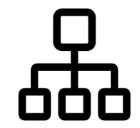
Every time one player finish a Old City, he will acquire $1000r_2^n$ NATs.

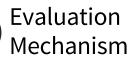
NAC Cycle Mechanism $r_2 = 0.5$ is a constant and n is the times this player finished the Old City for.

NAT Cycle Mechanism Therefore we have the more times one finished an Old City, the less NATs he will acquire.

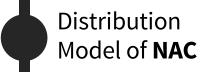








Distribution Model of NAT——PoW by PVP



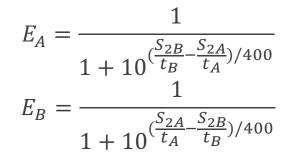
80% of NATs' total supply is for PVP, i.e. 80, 000, 000.

Distribution
Model of **NAT**

Players only acquire NATs in the challenge mode.

NAC Cycle Mechanism We have

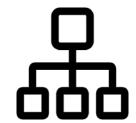
NAT Cycle Mechanism



Inflation of NAC

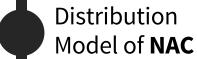
- If $E_A > E_B$, then A acquires $k_6 E_A$ NACs and B acquires 0.
- If $E_A < E_B$, then B acquires $k_6 E_B$ NACs and A acquires 0.
- If $E_A = E_B$, then no one acquires NACs.
- $k_6 = 500$ initially.

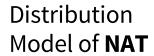




Evaluation Mechanism

NAC Cycle Mechanism

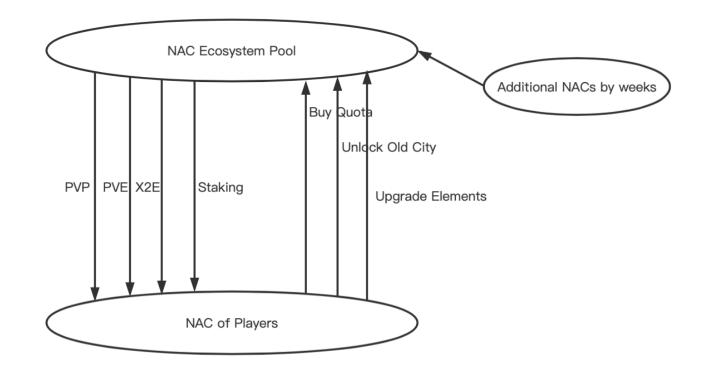




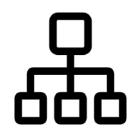


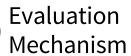
NAT Cycle Mechanism

Inflation of NAC

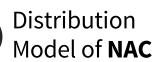




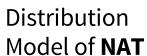




NAC Cycle Mechanism—Buying Quota of Cars



When a user enters this game the first time, he will acquire a car with all four elements of Lv O. After that, he can buy cars' quota with NACs.



The first quota takes 100,000 NACs and the price of quota increase linearly with the number of car, i.e. the second quota takes 200,000 NACs, the tenth quota takes 1,000,000 NACs.



With more cars, players can choose the most suitable one for different Old City.

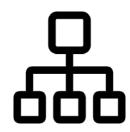


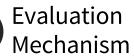
These NACs will go back to the ecosystem.

Inflation of **NAC**

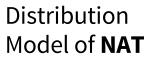
By the way, assembling cars through four elements is free.

















NAC Cycle Mechanism—Old City Unlocking

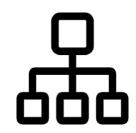
When a user enters this game the first time, he can only enter into Old City 1. He need to unlock these Old Cities via NACs and the price is as follows

City 1	City 2	City 3	City 4	City 5	City 6
0	100,000	300,000	300,000	1,000,000	1,000,000

With more Old Cities, players can earn more NACs and acquire different data chips.

These NACs will go back to the ecosystem.





Evaluation Mechanism

Distribution
Model of **NAC**

Distribution Model of **NAT**

NAC Cycle Mechanism

NAT Cycle Mechanism

Inflation of **NAC**

NAC Cycle Mechanism—Car Upgrading

We introduce the value of four elements—body, wheels, energy core, control chip, the cost of upgrading and the success probability of upgrading.

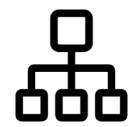
Body	Lv 0	Lv 1	Lv 2	Lv3	Lv4
Value	100	200	400	800	2000
Cost	N/A	2000	4000	8000	20000
Prob.	N/A	0.8	0.4	0.2	0.1

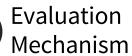
E.C.	Lv 0	Lv 1	Lv 2	Lv3	Lv4
Value	200	500	1000	2000	5000
Cost	N/A	5000	10000	20000	50000
Prob.	N/A	0.8	0.4	0.2	0.1

Whe.	Lv 0	Lv 1	Lv 2	Lv3	Lv4
Value	100	200	400	800	2000
Cost	N/A	2000	4000	8000	20000
Prob.	N/A	0.8	0.4	0.2	0.1

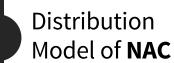
C.C.	Lv 0	Lv 1	Lv 2	Lv3	Lv4
Value	200	500	1000	2000	5000
Cost	N/A	5000	10000	20000	50000
Prob.	N/A	0.8	0.4	0.2	0.1







NAC Cycle Mechanism—Robbing by PVP



Distribution Model of **NAT**



NAT Cycle Mechanism

Inflation of **NAC**

Before players enter the challenge mode of PVP, they need to input a number of NAC. After the game, 90% of the total NACs from two players will be given to the winner, 10% will go to the ranking pool.

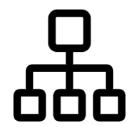
Every time a player wins, he will get 1 mark. And 0.5 mark if it is a dogfall and 0 mark if he loes. This mark of A is denoted by S_A .

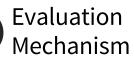
One's ranking mark is $R_A' = R_A + K(S_A - E_A)$.

 R_A is the ranking mark before this battle and K=30 is a constant.

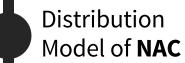
Every week the Top 10 of ranking list will share the ranking pool.







NAT Cycle Mechanism—Renting Cars



Players rent their cars in the transaction platform for those don't have suitable cars.

Distribution
Model of **NAT**

The renting price is determined by himself.

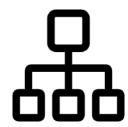


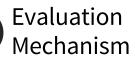
The payment is via NAT.



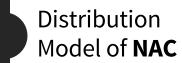
Inflation of **NAC**







NAT Cycle Mechanism—Selling Cars



Players sell their cars in the transaction platform for those don't have suitable cars.

Distribution
Model of **NAT**

The price is determined by himself.

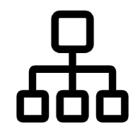


The payment is via NAT.



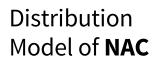
Inflation of **NAC**



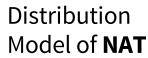


Evaluation
Mechanism

NAT Cycle Mechanism—Buying via NAC



Players can buy others' NATs in the transaction platform via NACs.



The initial price is determined by seller.



But the actual price is also determined by the amount of NATs which the player holds, i.e. the more he holds, the higher the price is.

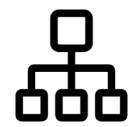


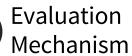
Suppose A holds n NATs from B and the initial price of those NATs is p.

Inflation of **NAC**

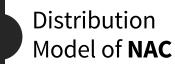
Then the price of next NAT is $p \cdot n^{r_3}$, where $r_3 = 1.2$ is a constant.

Suppose he wants to buy 10 NATs, then he needs to pay $p \cdot n^{r_3} + p \cdot (n+1)^{r_3} + p \cdot (n+2)^{r_3} + \dots + p \cdot (n+9)^{r_3}$.

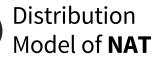




Inflation of NAC



We records the total value of all cars in the nth week as V(n).



Then the additional issuing NACs is $r_3^{-\frac{x}{y}} \cdot \frac{V(n)-V(n-1)}{V(n-1)}$.



where r_3 is a constant, x is the NAC mined from the ecosystem pool and y denotes remained NAC in the ecosystem pool, i.e. we have $x + y = X(n) = X_0 + \sum_{i=1}^{n} Y(i)$







Noah's Ark

Thank you!

