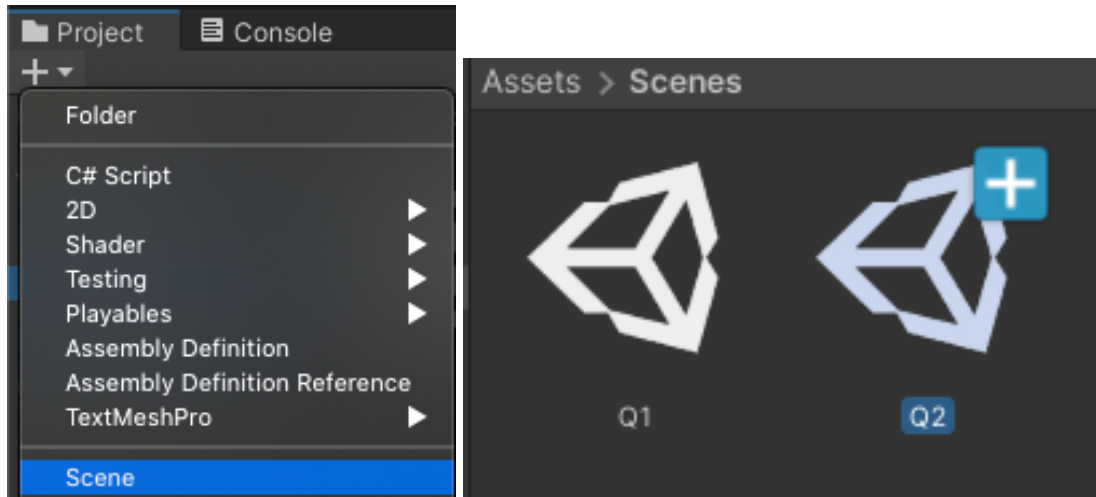


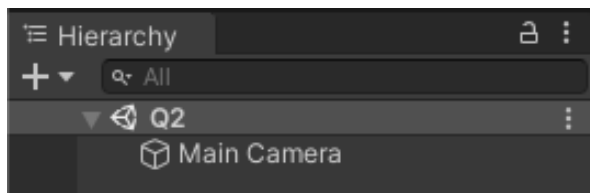
Quest 2 - Steps

1) Create Scene

Using the same Project as before, create Q2 in the Scenes folder for this exercise.

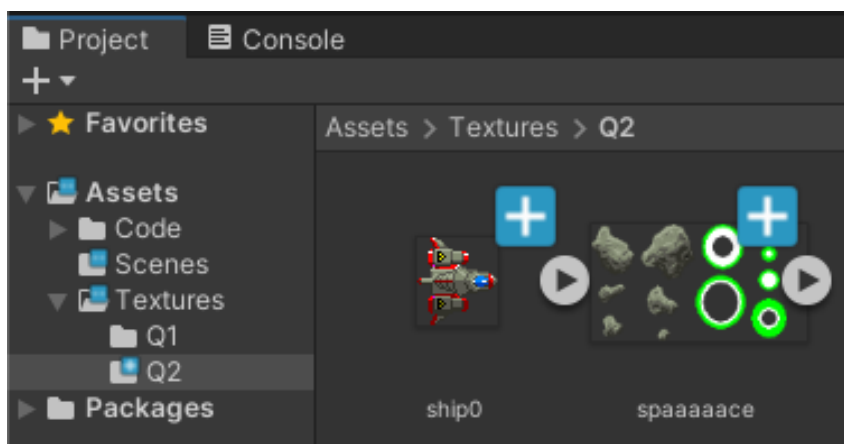


Double-click Q2 and check the Hierarchy to make sure you are working on the expected scene.



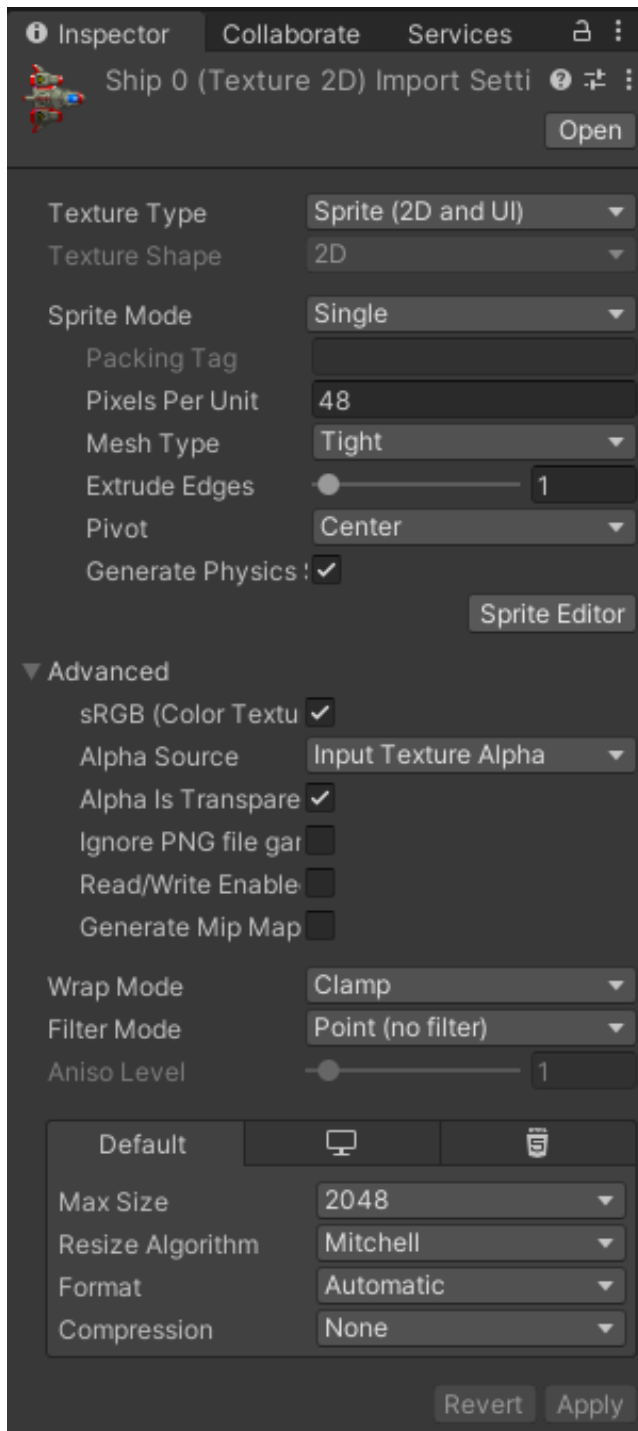
2) Setup Folders and Import Files

Import the supplied Q2 graphics into the /Assets/Textures/Q2/ folder.

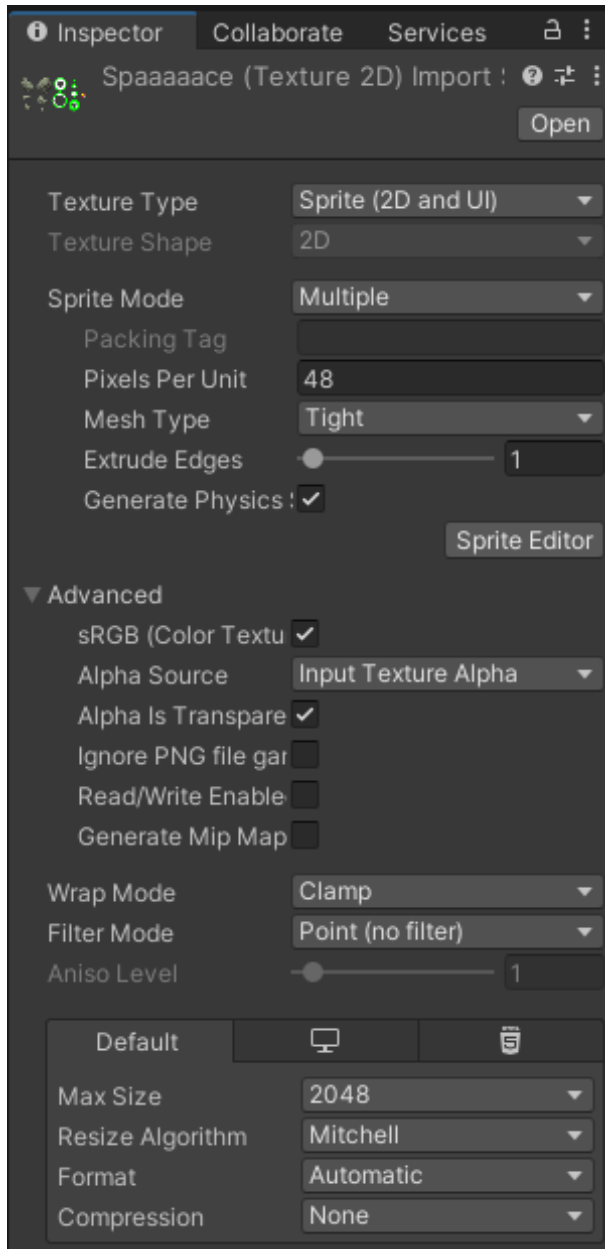


3) Import Settings for Ship Sprite

Select the ship0 sprite in the Project tab and configure it in the Inspector tab. Change the PPU to 48 so that the graphic is properly sized. The Filter Mode should be Point because the graphics are pixel art. Set Compression to None to maximize graphics quality.



4) Import Settings for Obstacles and Goals Sprites



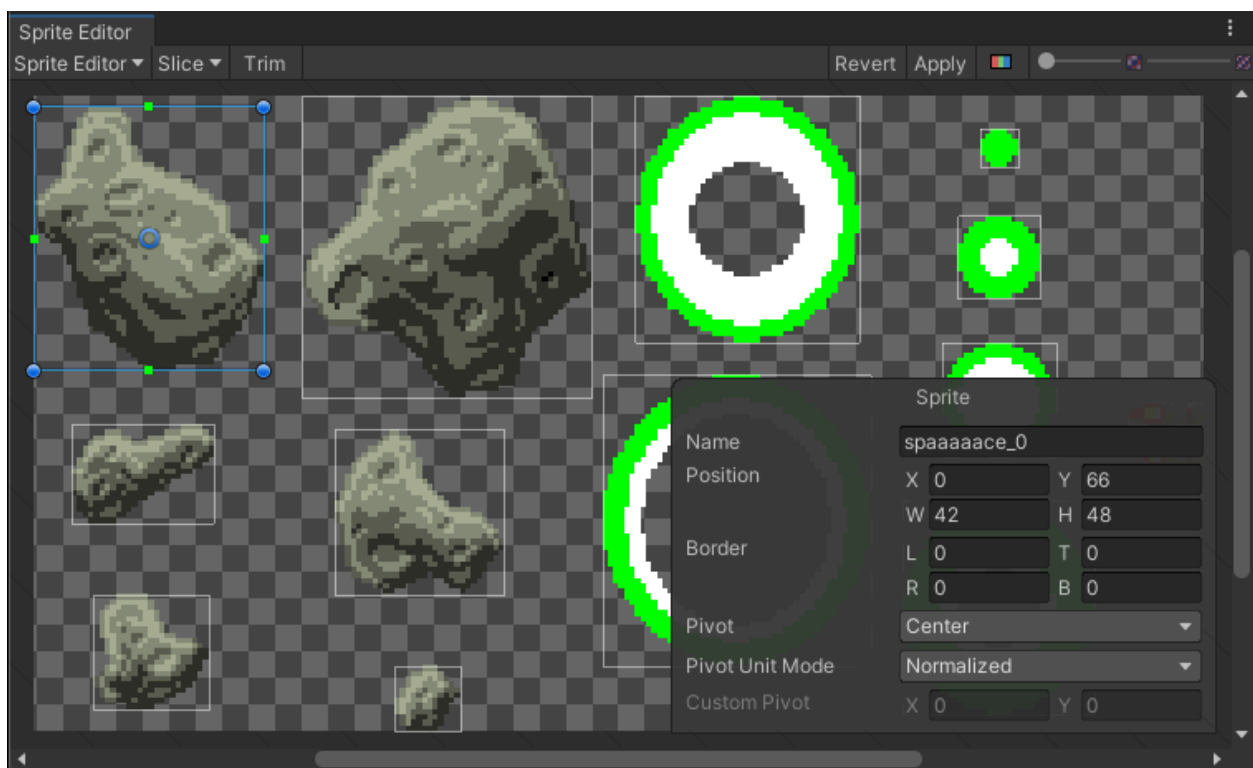
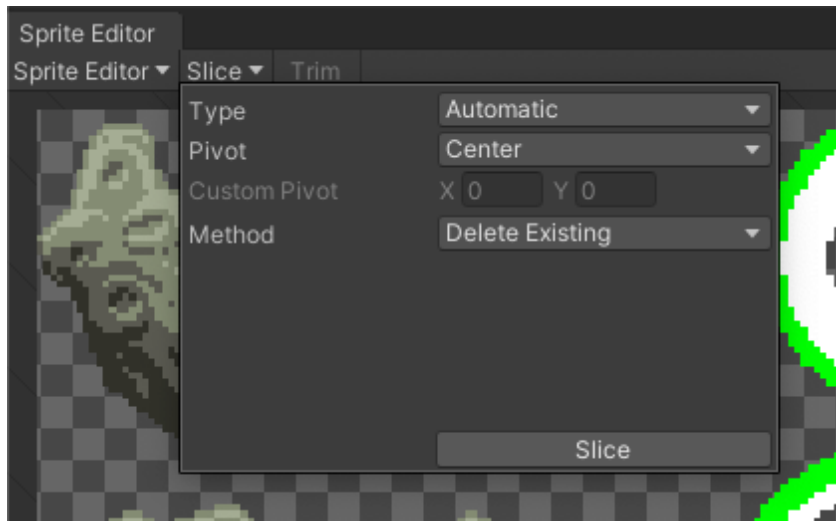
5) Multi-slice Sprites for Obstacles and Goals

Check all the settings. Be sure Sprite Mode is set to “Multiple.”

Click “Sprite Editor” in the Inspector tab to open the Sprite Editor tool.

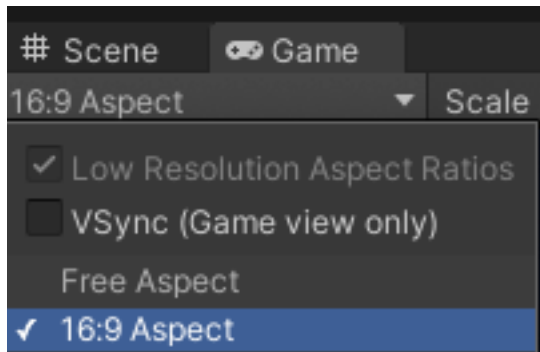
Click “Slice,” set Type to Automatic, and Click the Splice button.

If you click an individual graphic, you will notice it is sliced as its own sprite.



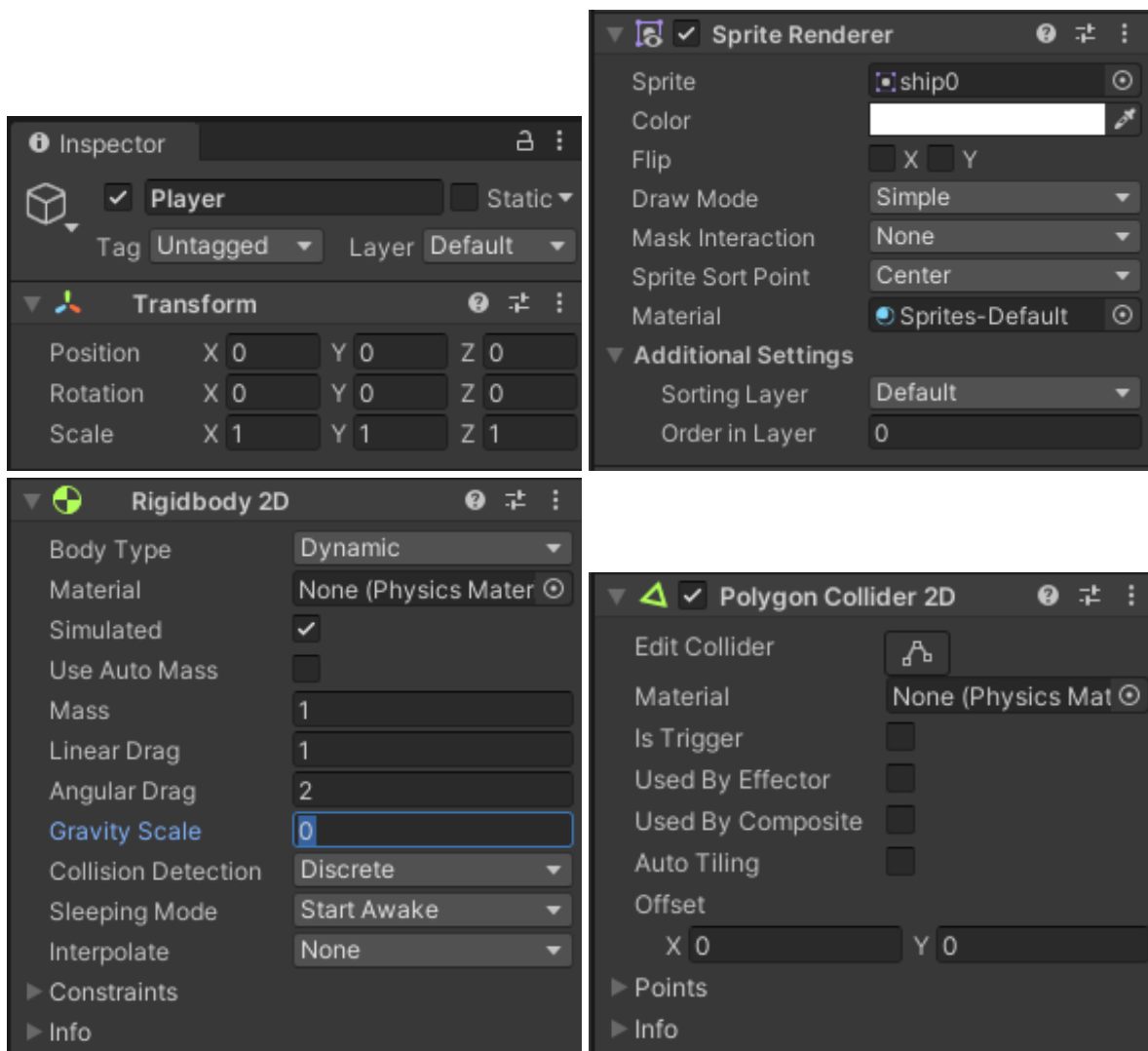
6) Set your game's Aspect Ratio to 16:9

This helps ensure consistent screen boundaries across testing devices.



7) Create a Player GameObject and Components

The order components are added is important. The collider knows what shape to take based on the sprite that is assigned in the Sprite Renderer.

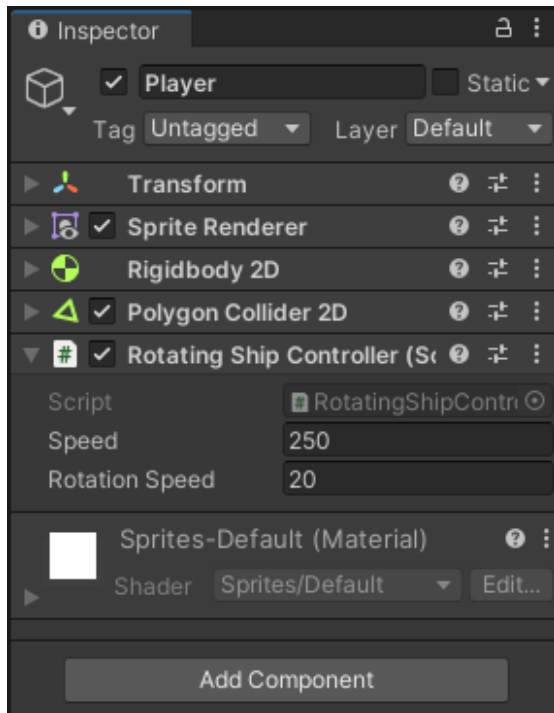


8) Create a Player Script

Create RotatingShipController.cs in /Assets/Code/Q2/

```
1  using System.Collections;
2      using System.Collections.Generic;
3  using UnityEngine;
4
5  public class RotatingShipController : MonoBehaviour
6  {
7      // Outlets
8      Rigidbody2D _rb;
9
10     // Configuration
11     public float speed;
12     public float rotationSpeed;
13
14     // Methods
15     void Start() {
16         _rb = GetComponent<Rigidbody2D>();
17     }
18
19     void Update() {
20         // Turn Left
21         if(Input.GetKey(KeyCode.LeftArrow)) {
22             _rb.AddTorque(rotationSpeed * Time.deltaTime);
23         }
24
25         // Turn Right
26         if(Input.GetKey(KeyCode.RightArrow)) {
27             _rb.AddTorque(-rotationSpeed * Time.deltaTime);
28         }
29
30         // Thrust Forward
31         if(Input.GetKey(KeyCode.Space)) {
32             // Use right as "forward" because our art faces to the right
33             _rb.AddRelativeForce(Vector2.right * speed * Time.deltaTime);
34         }
35     }
36 }
```

9) Attach and Configure the Script

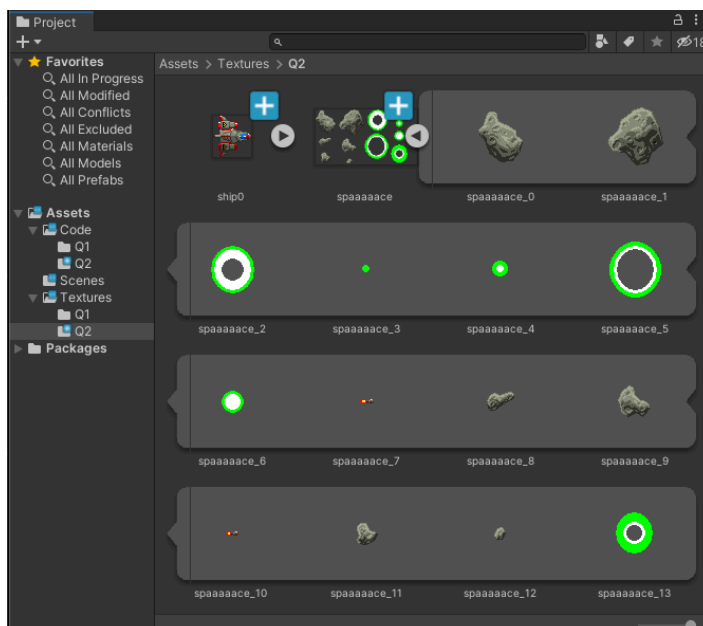


10) PlayTest for “Game Feel”

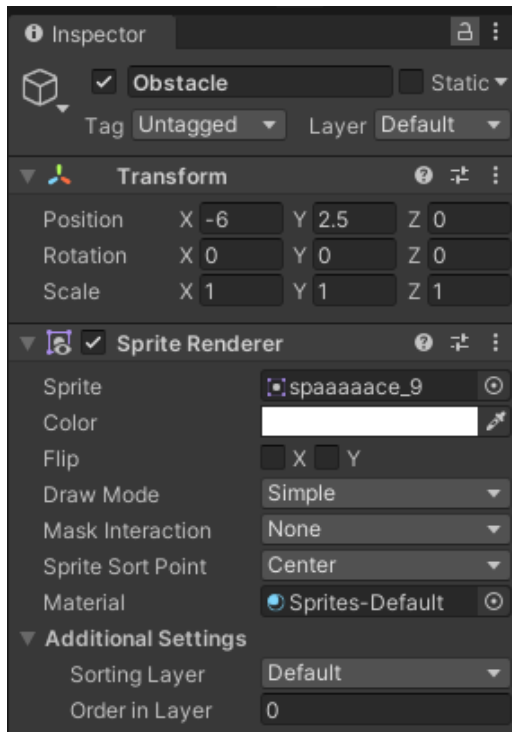
Adjust Rigidbody 2D’s Linear Drag and Angular Drag as well as PlayerController’s Speed and Rotation Speed for an appropriate “Game Feel.”

11) Create an Obstacle GameObject

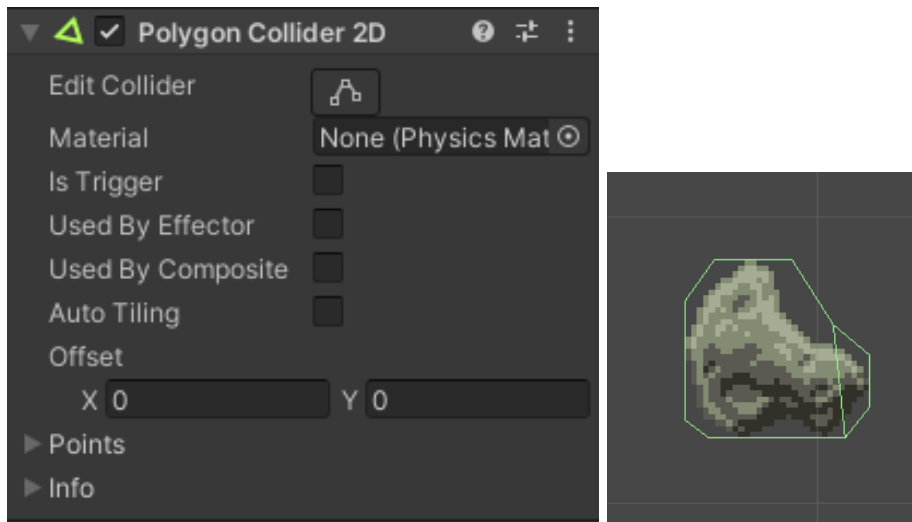
Sprite sheets can be expanded to reveal individual sprites.



Create an Obstacle GameObject



Set the Sprite before adding the PolygonCollider, so the engine knows what shape to generate.



12) Create a Maze Obstacle script

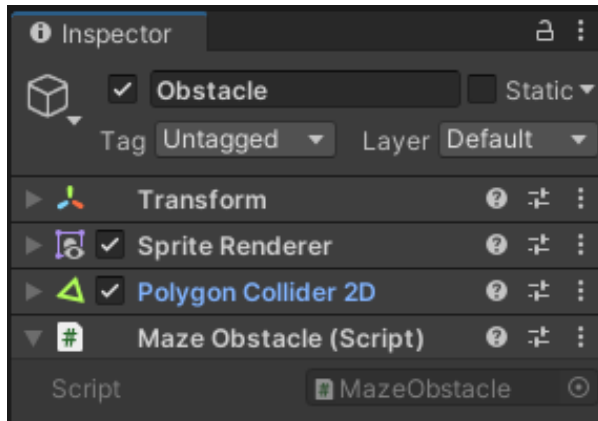
Create MazeObstacle.cs in /Assets/Code/Q2/ and attach it to the Obstacle object.

Our Obstacle objects will check for Collision events with the Player and reload the Scene.


```

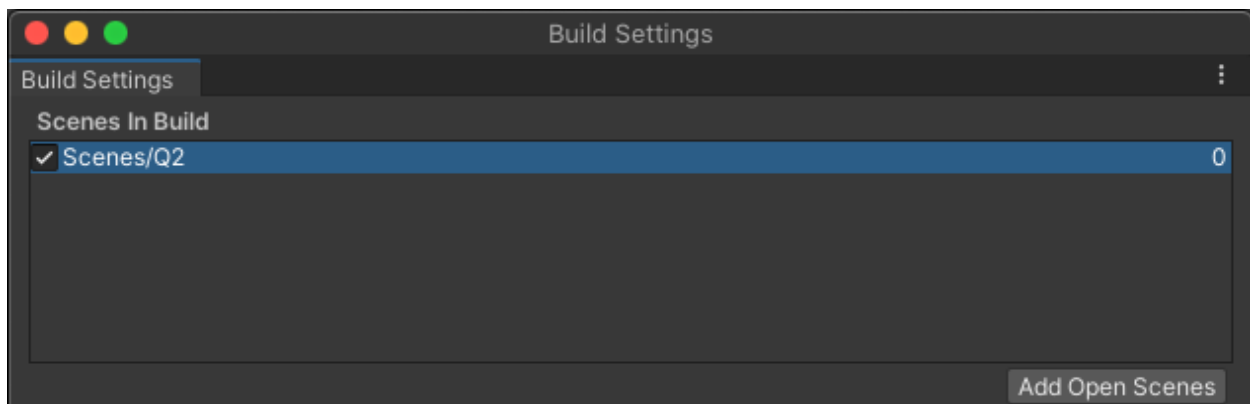
1  using System.Collections;
2  using System.Collections.Generic;
3  using UnityEngine;
4  using UnityEngine.SceneManagement;
5
6  public class MazeObstacle : MonoBehaviour
7  {
8      void OnCollisionEnter2D(Collision2D other) {
9          // Reload scene only when colliding with player
10         if(other.gameObject.GetComponent<RotatingShipController>()) {
11             SceneManager.LoadScene(SceneManager.GetActiveScene().name);
12         }
13     }
14 }

```



13) Scene Setup

The SceneManager can only operate on scenes enabled in the Build Settings. Go to File->Build Settings. Ensure the current Scene is listed in "Scenes in Build" and is checked. You can drag in Scenes from the Projects tab.



14) Level Design

Create a challenging Level Design in which the Player must navigate through Obstacles to reach a Goal. You do not need to script the Goal for this assignment. A Goal graphic is all that is necessary. You must ensure all the asteroids have a collider shape that matches their graphic.



15) PlayTest

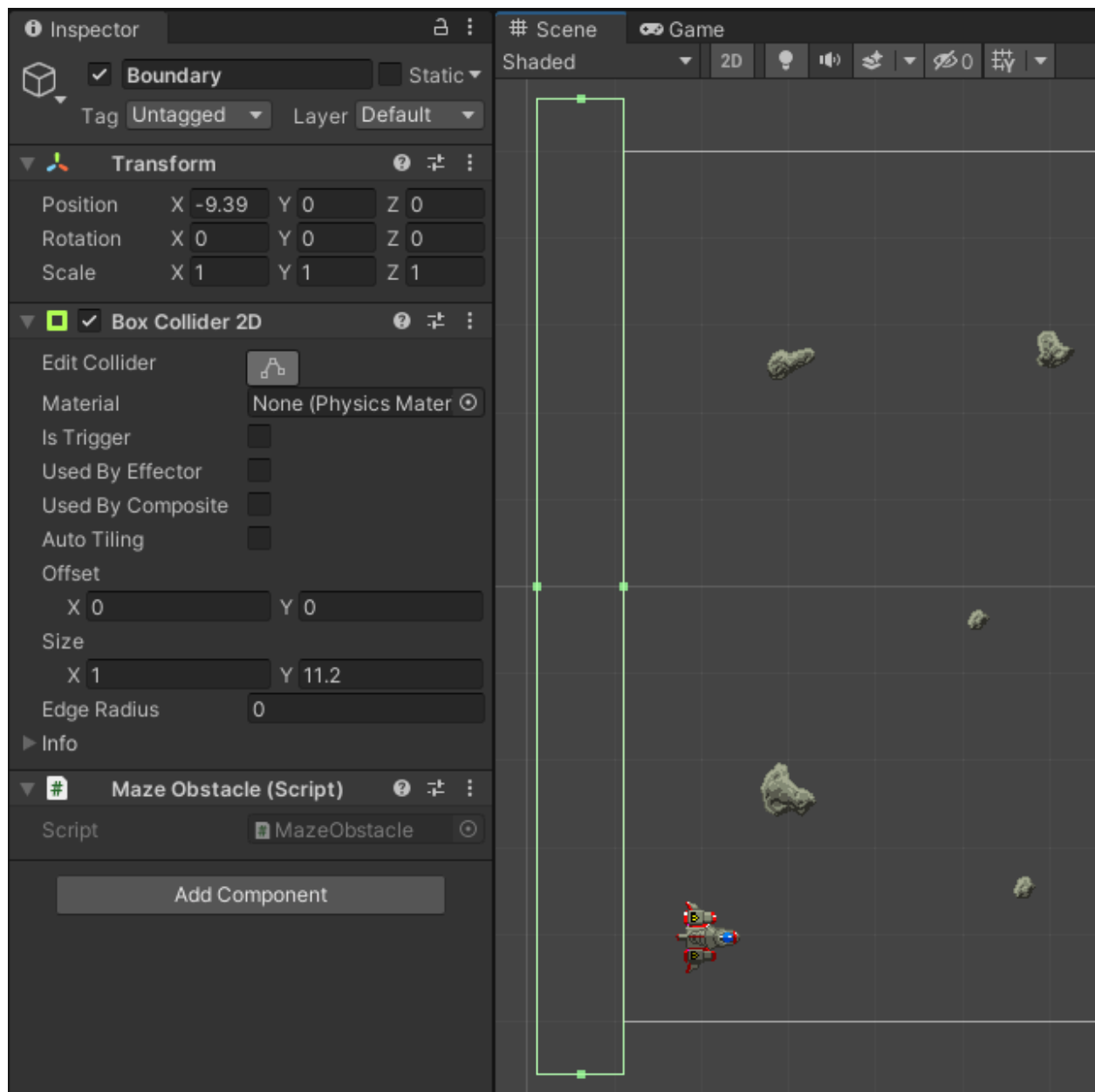
PlayTest your Level Design and adjust Level Layout and Player Physics until you are satisfied with the Game Feel.

16) Create Level Boundaries

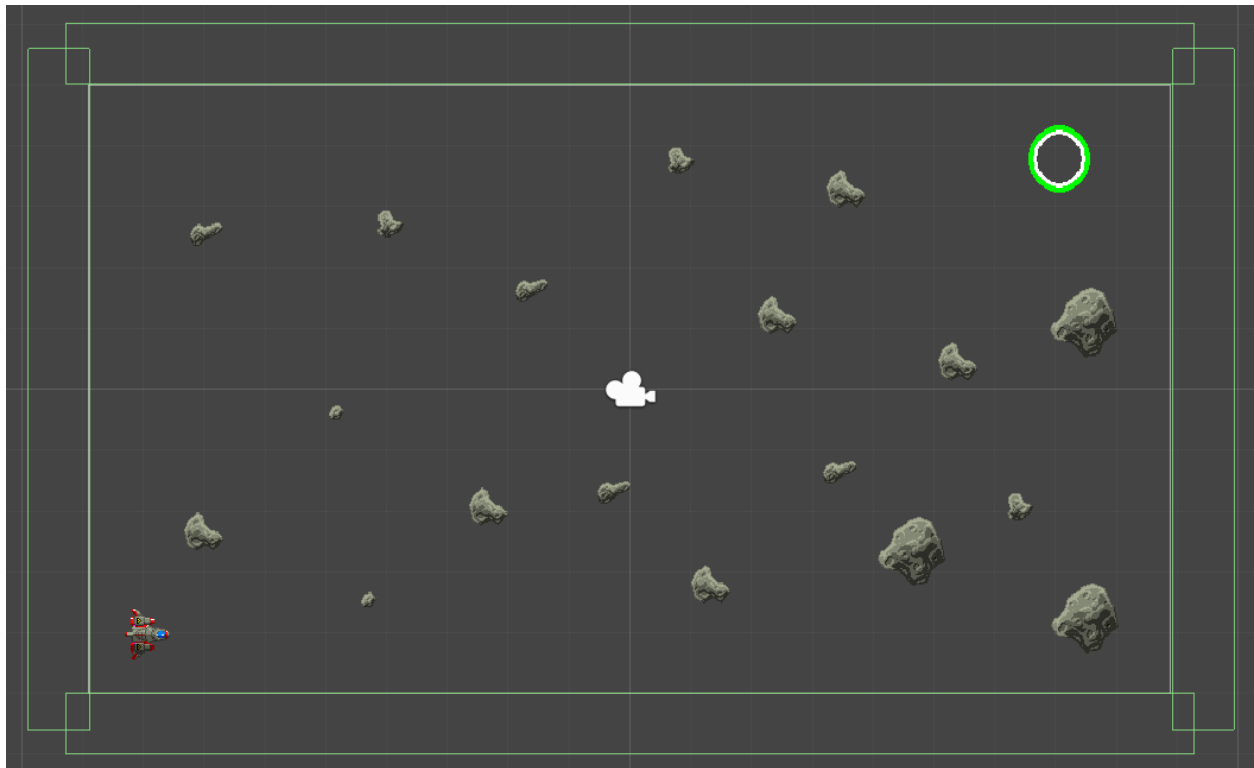
Again, ensure your Game tab is set to an Aspect Ratio of 16:9.

Obstacles do not always have to have graphics.

Create Obstacles that represent the level boundaries by making a GameObject that has BoxColliders but no SpriteRenderer. Use the “Edit Collider” button to shape the Collider. DO NOT use the Transform->Scale to stretch it.



Finalize all four level boundaries. Ensure there are no gaps where the ship could fall out of the level.



17) PlayTest

Play your game again with the added difficulty and adjust balance for game feel.