时态语态

一、一般现在时

考点：

1.客观事实、真理，永一现

EG：the earth moves around the sun

2.按时刻表发生的动作，永一现（飞机起飞 / 火车开动）

EG：the plane takes off at 8:00

二、一般将来时

考点：

1.主将从现、主情从现、主祈从现

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 标志词 | if、suppose、supposing、provided、providing、on condition that、unless、as long as、once、when、until、as soon as、the moment、the minute、the second、the instant、instantly、immediately、before、after |

2.祈使句，and / or + 句子（will do）

三、一般过去时

考点：

1.used的用法

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Used to do = would do | 过去常常 |
| Be used to doing | 习惯做某事 |
| Get used to doing |
| Be accustomed to doing |
| Get accustomed to doing |
| Be used to do = be used for doing | 被用于 |

2. it’s (high / about / great) time (that) … did / should do …

该是做某事的时候了

3.固定搭配

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 过 + when + 过 | I was eating when they came in |
| Did + and / but + did | I stood and told |

四、现在完成时

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 标志词 | already、yet、recently、lately、just、before(放在句末用现完，意为在…之前)、never、ever、twice等次数 |
| 迄今为止：so far、by now、till、up to now |
| 在过去几年里：(in/over/for/during) the (past/last) (few/several/many) years |
| for + 时间段： for years / for ages  since + 过去时间点  注意：主句用现完，从句用过去时间  EG：I have never forgotten since I met you 10 years ago |

考点：

1.固定句型

这是某人第几次做某事、这是某人最…的

This/That/It is the 序数词 time that sb have/has done

This/That/It is the 最高级 n. that sb have/has done

五、过去完成时

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 标志词 | By / till / until / up to + 过去时间点 |
| 截止到…末：by the end of + 过去时间点 |
| 在…之前：before / by the time + 一过句子 |

考点：

1.固定句型

This/That/It was the 序数词 time that sb had done

This/That/It was the 最高级 n. that sb had done

Hardly/Scarcely (had) sb done when … did

No sooner (had) sb done than … did

注意：当句中无时间标志词，但有多个发生在过去的动作，先发生的用had done，后发生用did

六、将来完成时

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 标志词 | By / till / until + 将来时间点 |
| by the end of + 将来时间点 |
| before / by the time + 一现句子 |

七、现在进行时

标志词：for the time being

八、过去进行时

考点：某人正…突然…

Sb was/were doing … when … did

九、过去将来时

考点：宾语从句，主过从过

I said that I would take a vacation