

# Data Analysis

## Week 5: Class Test 1

### Introduction

This week is the first of two class tests for Data Analysis and is worth 35% of your final grade. The class test consists of 3 tasks worth a total of **40 MARKS** broken down as follows:

- A report on a statistical analysis of a given data set: **25 MARKS**;
- Further question 1: **7 MARKS**;
- Further question 2: **6 MARKS**;
- Successful upload of .pdf/html document: **2 MARKS**

All tasks will be completed within the same R Markdown document. The written report should include:

- An appropriate **Title** and **Introduction** detailing the data and question of interest; **2 MARKS**
- An **Exploratory Analysis** of the data; **7 MARKS**
- A **Formal Analysis** of the data; **12 MARKS**
- Finish with your **Conclusions**; and **2 MARKS**
- Have an appropriate report layout. **2 MARKS**

### Instructions

1. **Do NOT** open RStudio until you have downloaded the required files described in Instructions 2. and 3.
2. Go to the **Class Test 1 Files** folder in the **Week 5: Class Test 1** section of the **Data Analysis Moodle page**.
3. Download the files in the **Class Test 1 Files** folder into the **same folder** on your **M: drive**:
  - .csv files contain the required data sets; and
  - **ClassTest1Template.Rmd** - an R Markdown template for this class test. It loads the R packages necessary to complete the set tasks.
4. Open RStudio and open **ClassTest1Template.Rmd** then save it as **ClassTest1YourStudentNumber.Rmd** in the **same folder** as the .csv files are saved on your **M: drive**.
5. **Before you start to work**, compile **ClassTest1YourStudentNumber.Rmd** (using **Knit**) and check that the **ClassTest1YourStudentNumber.pdf/html** file is compiled as expected. It is wise to periodically compile and check the .pdf/html file as you work through the tasks so you can more easily debug your code as you go. You will **NOT** receive any assistance with compiling your document.
6. For the report part of the class test you **are NOT required** to **include** your R code in the .pdf/html file, hence **echo=FALSE** is set as the default in the .Rmd template. However, for the further questions you will need to provide your R code in the .pdf/html file, and hence should include **echo=TRUE** in any corresponding R code chunks relating to the further questions.
7. When you are ready to submit your class test document, click on the **Class Test 1 .pdf html Upload** link under **Data Analysis > Week 5: Class Test 1** and upload and submit the file

`ClassTest1YourStudentNumber.pdf/html`. **1 MARK** will be deducted if the document is not named as instructed.

8. Also, upload and submit the R Markdown file `ClassTest1YourStudentNumber.Rmd` using the **Class Test 1 .Rmd Upload** link. Again, **1 MARK** will be deducted if the document is not named as instructed. Please note that only the `.pdf/html` file will be marked. The `.Rmd` file will only be considered if there was a problem compiling the `.pdf/html` file. **Note**, the `.pdf/html` file uploaded to Moodle will be considered as your **complete** class test, and as such any partial working files **should not** be uploaded in an attempt to obtain **2 MARKS**.

## Examination Conditions

- You have two hours to complete the class test and can submit your completed tasks anytime within that time.
- You must work on your own - **NO communication** by any means with anyone is permissible.
- You may consult ANY resources (hardcopy or online), e.g. **tidyverse** “cheat sheets” and/or the online tutorials from the course.

## Class Test Tasks

### Report: PGA Tour 2008 Driving Accuracy and Distance

Driving is an important component of becoming a successful professional golfer. The drive is the opening stroke on each golf hole and can determine how well a player performs. If a golfer finds one of the various hazards on the course, such as the rough or bunkers, with their drive then it can impact on their chances of finishing the hole with as few strokes as possible. Thus, it is important for a golfer to accurately find the fairway with their tee shot. However, it is also important for a golfer's drive to have enough distance in order to reach the green in as few strokes as possible. Hence, both drive accuracy and distance are incredibly important for a professional golfer to be competitive on the PGA Tour.

Here, we shall examine the fairway accuracy (%) and the average driving distance (in yards) from 197 professional golfers who competed on the PGA Tour in 2008. The data is contained within the `PGA2008.csv` file. Use what you have learned in previous weeks to produce a report on the following question of interest:

**Using a linear model, what is the relationship between driving accuracy and driving distance?**

25 MARKS

### Further Question 1

Since the formation of the English Premier League (EPL) in 1992 only six teams have been involved in every season. The points totals from these six teams for each season are stored in ‘EPL.csv’.

- (a) Use the `gather()` function to convert the data into the **tidy** format, that is, from wide format to long/narrow format. Ensure the **Team** categorical variable is a factor.

3 MARKS

- (b) Produce an appropriately labelled plot of the data using `ggplot()` that compares the point distributions of the six different teams. Comment on what you see from your plot.

4 MARKS

## Further Question 2

- (a) Simulate two continuous random variables  $X$  and  $Y$ , each consisting of 100 observations, where  $\mathbb{E}(X) = 12$  and  $\mathbb{E}(Y) = 19$ , and  $\text{Var}(X) = 2$  and  $\text{Var}(Y) = 1$ .  $X$  and  $Y$  should have a correlation coefficient between -0.6 and -0.8.

**Hint:** You may want to use the `mvrnorm()` function from the **MASS** library.

4 MARKS

- (b) Produce an appropriately labelled scatterplot of your simulated data using `ggplot()` and comment on the relationship between  $X$  and  $Y$ . Using the `cor()` function, ensure that the correlation coefficient of your simulated  $X$  and  $Y$  lies between -0.6 and -0.8.

2 MARKS

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Total: 38 MARKS (+ 2 for pdf, html upload)