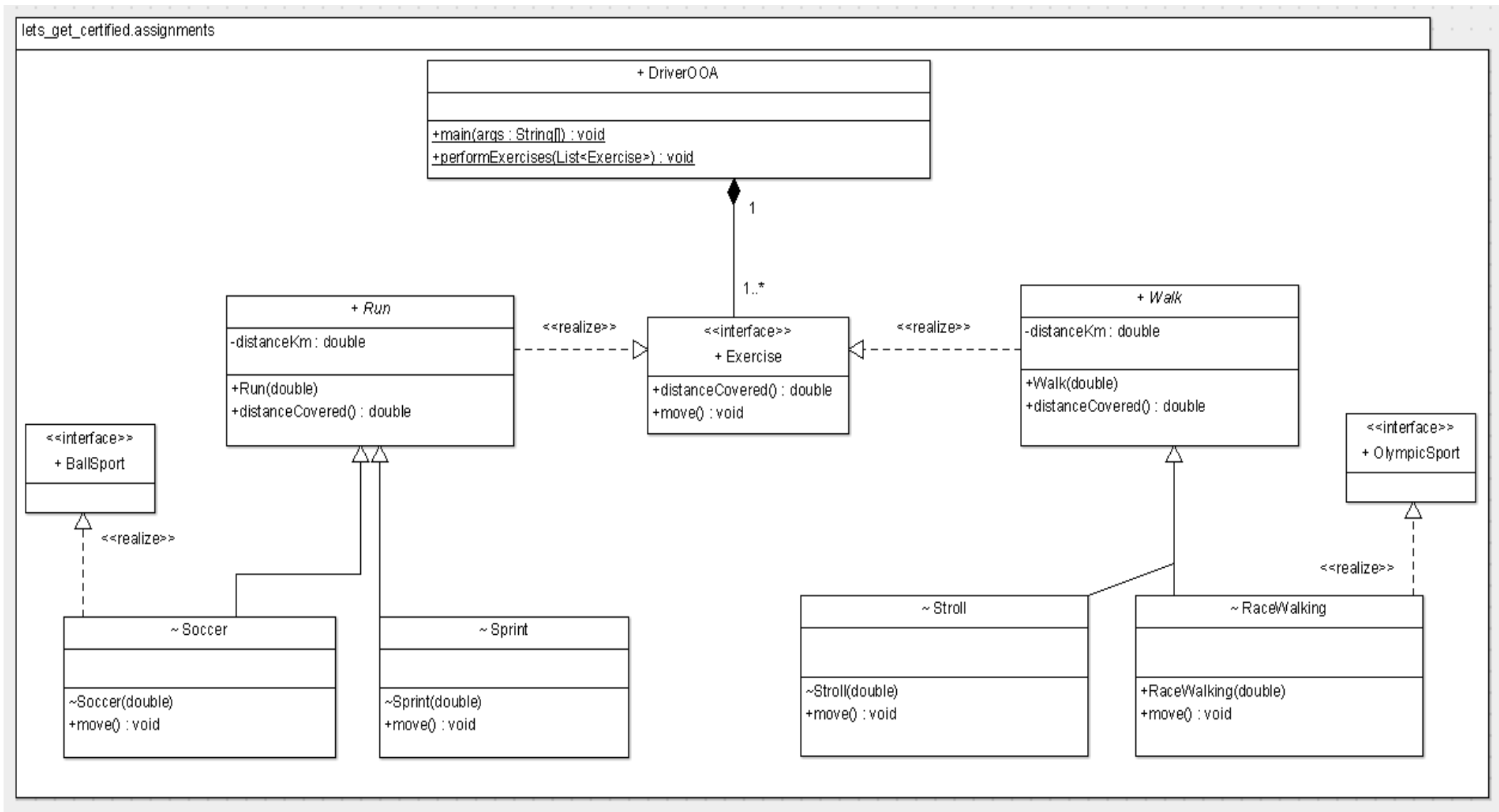


OOA exercise



1. Code the UML.

- a. *Run* and *Walk* are both in italics in the UML i.e. they are abstract.
 - i. constructors initialise the instance variable
 - ii. *distanceCovered()* returns the *distanceKm* instance variable
- b. *Stroll* and *RaceWalking*
 - i. constructors pass the parameter up to the parent constructor
 - ii. *move()* method just outputs “moving” preceded by the class name, for example: *Stroll::moving()*
- c. *Soccer* and *Sprint* are as per *Stroll* and *RaceWalking*

2. *DriverOOA* class:

- a. *main()* method
 - i. create a *List* implemented by *ArrayList*; use type inference/diamond operator.
 - ii. create a *Soccer* object where the *distanceKm* is 12.5 (km); refer to the object using an *Exercise* reference; add to the list.
 - iii. create a *Sprint* object where the *distanceKm* is .1 (km); refer to the object using an *Exercise* reference; add to the list.
 - iv. create a *Stroll* object where the *distanceKm* is 10 (km); refer to the object using an *Exercise* reference; add to the list.
 - v. create a *RaceWalking* object where the *distanceKm* is 5 (km); refer to the object using an *Exercise* reference; add to the list.
 - vi. invoke the method *performExercises()* passing down the list
- b. *performExercises()* method
 - i. using an enhanced-for loop, loop through each exercise
 - 1. if the exercise is a *BallSport*, output the (simple) class name i.e. *refName.getClass().getSimpleName()*.
 - 2. if the exercise is an *OlympicSport*, output the (simple) class name