# JavaScript Object Notation

**AKA: JSON** 

## **Who Created JSON**

Doug Crockford popularized it in April 2001

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## What is JSON

Language-independent data format

## Where/When JSON Is Used

Talking to a server from the browser

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- Talking to a server from the browser
- Moving data around inside of Javascript

# Why use JSON

Moving data

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#### Moving data

- Browser to server
- From one part of your JS app to another

## **Noticing the Pattern**

JSON is storage for communication

1. Number - Signed decimal (with E notation)

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## JSON 6 Datatypes (too much text here)

- 1. Number Signed decimal (with E notation)
- 2. String Zero or more unicode characters
- 3. Boolean true or false
- 4. Array Ordered list of zero or more values
- 5. null An empty value or the word null
- 6. Object Unordered list of zero or more associative pairs

## **JSON Example**

#### JSON describing a person:

```
2 ""firstName": "John",
  ····"lastName": "Smith",
4 "isAlive": true.
5 ····"age": 25.
6 ····"height_cm": 167.64,
7 ····"address": {
  ...."streetAddress": "21 · 2nd · Street",
9 ····"city": "New York",
10 ...."state": "NY",
11 ...."postalCode": "10021-3100"
13 ····"phoneNumbers": [
14 ·····{·"type": "home", "number": "212 555-1234" ·},
15 ·····{·"type": "fax", ··"number": '"646 · 555 - 4567" ·}
```

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## JSON parsing example:

```
1 var·contact:=''{"firstName":"John", "lastName":"Smith", "isAlive":true, "age":25, "height_cm":167.64, "address":{"streetAddress":"21·2nd·Street", "city":"New·York", "state":"NY", "postalCode":"10021-3100"}, "phoneNumbers":[{"type":"home", "number":"212555-1234"}, \{"type":"fax", "number":"646555-4567"}]}';
2 var·p·=·JSON.parse(contact);
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This shows turning a string into JSON

## XML vs JSON (When Moving Data)

XML (143 Characters)

JSON (117 Characters)

Very verbose

More efficient

#### Conclusion

JSON used for moving and storing data

#### **Get These Slides**

http://tinyurl.com/HBJSON