# Charactersing effect of anaemia on mortality in severe malaria

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#### Background

This looks at the severe malaria legacy dataset from MORU

```
library(lme4)

## Loading required package: Matrix

# For the GAM modelling
library(mgcv)

## Loading required package: nlme

##

## Attaching package: 'nlme'

## The following object is masked from 'package:lme4':

##

## lmList

## This is mgcv 1.8-22. For overview type 'help("mgcv-package")'.

# For the CART modelling
library(rpart)
library(rpart.plot)
```

#### Exploratory analysis

Let's look at the key predictive variables. We use a random effects term to model differences between studies.

```
col=Leg_data$studyID, pch='*', xlab='Haematocrit', ylab='Log10 Parasitaemia')
#legend('topright', col=unique(Leg_data$studyID), legend = unique(Leg_data$studyID), pch='*')
mod = lmer(formula = LPAR ~ HCT + (1 | studyID), data = Leg_data)
ys = predict(object = mod, newdata = data.frame(HCT=8:50, studyID=NA), re.form=NA)
lines(8:50, ys, lwd=3, col='black')
## BUN and BD
plot(jitter(Leg_data$BUN,amount=1), jitter(Leg_data$BD), xlim=c(0,140),
     col=Leg data$studyID, pch='*', xlab='Blood Urea Nitrogen', ylab='Base Deficit')
#legend('topright', col=unique(Leg_data$studyID), legend = unique(Leg_data$studyID), pch='*')
mod = lmer(formula = BD ~ BUN + (1 | studyID), data = Leg_data)
ys = predict(object = mod, newdata = data.frame(BUN=5:140, studyID=NA), re.form=NA)
lines(5:140, ys, lwd=3, col='black')
## Parasitaemia and Anaemia
plot(jitter(Leg_data$AgeInYear,amount=1), Leg_data$HCT,
     col=Leg_data$studyID, pch='*', xlab='Age in years', ylab='Haematocrit')
#legend('topright', col=unique(Leg_data$studyID), legend = unique(Leg_data$studyID), pch='*')
mod = lmer(formula = HCT ~ AgeInYear + (1 | studyID), data = Leg_data)
ys = predict(object = mod, newdata = data.frame(AgeInYear=0:80, studyID=NA), re.form=NA)
lines(0:80, ys, lwd=3, col='black')
                                               Log10 Parasitaemia
    30
                               Core Malaria
                                                     6
                               AQUAMAT
    20
Base Deficit
                               SE#AQUAMAT
    10
     0
   -10
   -20
            10
                  20
                       30
                             40
                                   50
                                        60
                                                           10
                                                                 20
                                                                       30
                                                                            40
                                                                                  50
                                                                                        60
                                                                     Haematocrit
                     Haematocrit
                                                    60
    30
                                                    50
Base Deficit
                                               Haematocrit
    20
                                                    40
    10
                                                    30
     0
                                                    20
   -10
                                                    10
   -20
          0
              20
                  40
                       60
                            80
                               100
                                         140
                                                          0
                                                                20
                                                                        40
                                                                               60
                                                                                       80
                 Blood Urea Nitrogen
                                                                    Age in years
```

### Predictive value of anaemia on death adjusting for confounders

Before fitting the more complex GAM models we explore the standard glm (logistic regression) models.

```
mod_full = glmer(outcome ~ HCT + LPAR + AgeInYear + BUN + BD + (1 | studyID),
               data=Leg_data, family=binomial)
## Warning in checkConv(attr(opt, "derivs"), opt$par, ctrl = control$checkConv, : Model is nearly unide:
## - Rescale variables?
summary(mod_full)
## Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
     Approximation) [glmerMod]
## Family: binomial (logit)
## Formula: outcome ~ HCT + LPAR + AgeInYear + BUN + BD + (1 | studyID)
##
     Data: Leg_data
##
##
        AIC
                      logLik deviance df.resid
                 BTC
##
              3260.4 -1600.2
     3214.5
                                3200.5
                                           5221
##
## Scaled residuals:
      Min
                10 Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -3.0755 -0.3426 -0.2344 -0.1681 9.1819
##
## Random effects:
                        Variance Std.Dev.
## Groups Name
## studyID (Intercept) 0.05531 0.2352
## Number of obs: 5228, groups: studyID, 3
## Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -4.216794
                           0.392658 -10.739 < 2e-16 ***
                                     3.526 0.000422 ***
## HCT
                0.019182
                           0.005440
## LPAR
                0.002291
                           0.066768
                                     0.034 0.972622
## AgeInYear
                0.021372
                           0.004786
                                     4.465 8.00e-06 ***
## BUN
                0.011738
                           0.001711
                                      6.860 6.87e-12 ***
## BD
                0.135063
                           0.006930 19.491 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
             (Intr) HCT
                           LPAR
                                  AgInYr BUN
## HCT
            -0.241
## LPAR
            -0.759 -0.171
## AgeInYear -0.269 -0.136 0.030
## BUN
             -0.115 0.074 -0.047 -0.099
## BD
             -0.120 0.254 -0.140 0.070 -0.271
## convergence code: 0
## Model is nearly unidentifiable: very large eigenvalue
## - Rescale variables?
Now let's make counterfactual predictions of anaemia on death for the patients in the database:
par(las=1)
plot(NA,NA, xlim=c(4,45), ylim=c(0,40),ylab='% predicted mortality', xlab='Haematocrit')
title('Countrerfactual predictions: Overall mortality')
for(HCT in 4:45){
```

mydata = Leg\_data

```
mydata$HCT=HCT
  ys = 100*predict(mod_full, newdata = mydata, re.form=NA, type='response')

points(HCT,mean(ys), pch=18)
  points(rep(HCT,2), quantile(ys, probs=c(0.1,0.9)), pch='-', col='red')
}
abline(h=10, lwd=3, col='blue')
```

## **Countrerfactual predictions: Overall mortality**

