An introduction functions in R

https://bradduthie.github.com/talks/intro_to_R.pdf

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What is a function?

Functions are ubiquitous and highly useful in R

- Code that is organised to perform a specific task[1]
- Can get functions in multiple ways
  1. R base functions
  2. R package functions
  3. Custom functions
- All functions have a similar structure

[1] R-Functions. Tutorialspoint. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/r/r_functions.htm Accessed 13 NOV 2022.

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```

```
class(mean);
```

```
## [1] "function"
```

Base R includes hundreds of functions

- Most base functions not used[1]
- Familiar functions `mean`, `plot`, `summary`
- Includes functions like `+`, `<-`, `"`, or `!`

Additional functions can be found in R packages, or custom made and read into the R console.

[1] https://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-devel/library/base/html/00Index.html

Non-base functions in R

Functions outwith base R available in packages

- Comprehensive R Archive Network includes 18000+ packages
- Packages include specialised functions
- Access with ‘install.packages‘ and ‘library‘

```
install.packages("ggplot2");
library("ggplot2");
ggplot(data = dat, mapping = aes(x = wgt, y = totlen))
       + geom_point();
```

Custom functions can be written in R too with the `function` function.

A custom function in R

Convert from Fahrenheit to Celsius

```
F_to_C <- function(F_temp){
    C_temp <- (F_temp - 32) * 5/9;
    return(C_temp);
}
```

Highlight the whole function and run it, then you can use it.

```
F_to_C(F_temp = 70);
```

```
## [1] 21.11111
```

Now write a custom function for C to F!

Functions within functions

We can use a custom function within another custom function.

Convert from Fahrenheit to Kelvin.

```
F_to_K <- function(F_temp){
  K_temp <- F_to_C(F_temp = F_temp) + 273.15;
  return(K_temp);
}
```

Because Kelvin equals degrees Celsius plus 273.15, we can call `F_to_C`, then add 273.15 to it.