```
In [10]: #You need to create a twitter developer account
#pip install tweepy
#conda install -c conda-forge textblob
#python -m textblob.download_corpora
```

```
In [11]: #Example from Just added more notes #https://www.earthdatascience.org/courses/use-data-open-source-python/intro
```

Authorizing an application to access Twitter account data

- To access the Twitter API, you will need 4 things from the your Twitter App page.
- These keys are located in your Twitter app settings in the Keys and Access Tokens tab.

```
In [12]: #import libraries that you need
import tweepy
from tweepy import OAuthHandler, Stream

#import other required libraries
import os
import pandas as pd

from credentials import *
```

- Go to https://developer.twitter.com/en/apps) to create an app and get values
- for these credentials, which you'll need to provide in place of these
- empty string values that are defined as placeholders.
- See https://developer.twitter.com/en/docs/basics/authentication/overview/oauth (https://developer.twitter.com/en/docs/basics/authentication/overview/oauth)
- for more information on Twitter's OAuth implementation.

```
In [14]: #create a file called credentials.py make sure it is in the same folder as
    # the credentials file will look like this
    #ACCESS_TOKEN = 'xxx'
    #ACCESS_SECRET = 'xx'
    #CONSUMER_KEY = 'xx'
    #CONSUMER_SECRET = 'xx'
```

```
In [13]:
    auth = tweepy.OAuthHandler(CONSUMER_KEY, CONSUMER_SECRET)
    auth.set_access_token(ACCESS_TOKEN, ACCESS_SECRET)

twitter_api = tweepy.API(auth)

# Nothing to see by displaying twitter_api except that it's now a
    # defined variable

print(twitter_api)
```

<tweepy.api.API object at 0x7fa898bfbe50>

Search Twitter for Tweets

- Now you are ready to search Twitter for recent tweets!
- Start by finding recent tweets that use the #wildfires hashtag.
- You will use the .Cursor method to get an object containing tweets containing the hashtag #wildfires.
- To create this query, you will define the:
 - Search term in this case #wildfires
 - the start date of your search
 - Remember that the Twitter API only allows you to access the past few weeks of tweets, so you cannot dig into the history too far.

Out[15]: <tweepy.cursor.ItemIterator at 0x7fb8c8147c40>

- .Cursor() returns an object that you can iterate or loop over to access the data collected.
- Each item in the iterator has various attributes that you can access to get information about each tweet including:
 - the text of the tweet
 - who sent the tweet

- the date the tweet was sent and more
- The code below loops through the object and prints the text associated with each tweet.

```
In [17]: # Collect tweets
         tweets = tweepy.Cursor(twitter_api.search_tweets,
                       q=search_words,
                       lang="en",
                       since_id=date_since).items(5)
         # Iterate and print tweets
         for tweet in tweets:
             print(tweet.text)
         wildfire in Ruidoso, New Mexico. More than 150 houses burned down as a re
         sult of this forest fire. #USA #wildfire... https://t.co/cUkUB7Cjab (http
         s://t.co/cUkUB7Cjab)
         RT @TessaMentus: #NM #Wildfires Latest
         @KOB4
         #McBrideFire in @VillageRuidoso
         5300+ acres, 0% containment, 150+ structures gone
         Cause: u...
         RT @TessaMentus: #NM #Wildfires Latest
         @KOB4
         #McBrideFire in @VillageRuidoso
         5300+ acres, 0% containment, 150+ structures gone
         Cause: u...
         #NM #Wildfires Latest !
         @KOB4
         #McBrideFire in @VillageRuidoso
         5300+ acres, 0% containment, 150+ structures gone
         Cause: under investigation
         RT @SVB Musician: Just went to the gas station to get some sodas and bott
         led waters. This is really really bad! #McBrideFire burning in Rui...
```

- The above approach uses a standard for loop.
- However, this is an excellent place to use a Python list comprehension.
- A list comprehension provides an efficient way to collect object elements contained within an iterator as a list.

Out[19]: ['wildfire in Ruidoso, New Mexico. More than 150 houses burned down as a
 result of this forest fire. #USA #wildfire... https://t.co/cUkUB7Cjab', (ht
 tps://t.co/cUkUB7Cjab',)

'RT @TessaMentus: #NM #Wildfires Latest \ \n@KOB4 \n\n#McBrideFire in @VillageRuidoso \n5300+ acres, 0% containment, 150+ structures gone\nCause: u...',

'RT @TessaMentus: #NM #Wildfires Latest \n@KOB4 \n\n#McBrideFire in @VillageRuidoso \n5300+ acres, 0% containment, 150+ structures gone\nCause: u...',

'#NM #Wildfires Latest \n@KOB4 \n\n#McBrideFire in @VillageRuidoso \n53 00+ acres, 0% containment, 150+ structures gone\nCause: under investigati on',

'RT @SVB_Musician: Just went to the gas station to get some sodas and bo ttled waters. This is really really bad! #McBrideFire burning in Rui...'

To Keep or Remove Retweets

- A retweet is when someone shares someone else's tweet.
- It is similar to sharing in Facebook.
- Sometimes you may want to remove retweets as they contain duplicate content that might skew your analysis if you are only looking at word frequency.
- Other times, you may want to keep retweets.
- Below you ignore all retweets by adding -filter:retweets to your query.
- The Twitter API documentation has information on other ways to customize your queries.

```
In [20]: new_search = search_words + " -filter:retweets"
new_search
```

Out[20]: '#wildfires -filter:retweets'

Out[21]: ['wildfire in Ruidoso, New Mexico. More than 150 houses burned down as a
 result of this forest fire. #USA #wildfire... https://t.co/cUkUB7Cjab', (ht
 tps://t.co/cUkUB7Cjab',)

'#NM #Wildfires Latest \n@KOB4 \n\n#McBrideFire in @VillageRuidoso \n53 00+ acres, 0% containment, 150+ structures gone\nCause: under investigati on',

"@BeantownCanuck @arthister AND--all deaths related to BC's EXTREME weat her events last 3 years- #wildfires #floods... https://t.co/ty7zDv5uhJ", (https://t.co/ty7zDv5uhJ",)

'Using donations, our #organization has responded to #wildfires disaster s to provide essentials for survivors. \(\infty \n\nPl\)... https://t.co/I0UIKwIdn 3', (https://t.co/I0UIKwIdn3',)

'#sealevel #drought #Wildfires #climaterefugee #climaterefugees #Web3 #N
FT #domainname #ClimateCrisis #GlobalWarming... https://t.co/uFUK2iA9Nn']
 (https://t.co/uFUK2iA9Nn'])

Who is Tweeting About Wildfires?

- You can access a wealth of information associated with each tweet. Below is an example of accessing the users who are sending the tweets related to #wildfires and their locations.
- Note that user locations are manually entered into Twitter by the user.
- Thus, you will see a lot of variation in the format of this value.
 - tweet.user.screen name provides the user's twitter handle associated with each tweet.
 - tweet.user.location provides the user's provided location.
- You can experiment with other items available within each tweet by typing tweet. and using the tab button to see all of the available attributes stored.

Create a Pandas Dataframe From A List of Tweet Data

One you have a list of items that you wish to work with, you can create a pandas dataframe that contains that data.

Out[23]:

location	user	
Ukraine 📁	Brave_spirit81	0
Albuquerque	TessaMentus	1
Abbotsford BC (Stó:lō Nation)	savoirfaire_2	2
Maxwell, CA	LiFrAOrg	3
#Mars	MarijuanaName	4

Customizing Twitter Queries

• For instance, if you search for climate+change, Twitter will return all tweets that contain both of those words (in a row) in each tweet.

'@RadioFreeTom Canceling student debt and climate Change are widely popular. What's the problem?',

'@EgoEire @barrywalsh9 @oconnellhugh https://t.co/xD07uUAxVj\nCultures (https://t.co/xD07uUAxVj\nCultures) change. No one would have believe th at Ireland... https://t.co/gwlxzWe4YY', (https://t.co/gwlxzWe4YY',)

'Last week I went to the Norval Foundation and I was drawn to this woode n sculpture mme Noria Mabasa made after the… https://t.co/VNAEgsIS3r'] (https://t.co/VNAEgsIS3r'])