

វិញ្ញាណសា ភាសាអង់គ្លេស

ប្រឡងបាក់ឌុប

ENGLISH TESTS

For

Grade 12

ប្រឡងសញ្ញាបត្រមធ្យមសិក្សាទុតិយភូមិ

សម័យប្រឡង : ២៧ កក្កដា ២០០៩

វិញ្ញាសា : គាសអង់គ្លេស

យៈពេល : ៦០ នាទី

មណ្ឌលប្រឡង:.....

លេខបន្ទប់:.....លេខគុះ:.....

ឈ្មោះបេក្ខជន:.....

ហត្ថលេខាបេក្ខជន:

Part 1: Reading (10 marks)

Read the text and fill in each gap with the appropriate word from the box by putting the gap's number in the brackets next to the word in the box. The first one has been done as an example for you.

(0)- problem	()- pollute	()- introduced	()- environment	()- encourage
()- stop	()- reducing	()- rubbish	()- recycling	

Government gets involved in bag debate

One of the biggest issues facing our society today is the (0).....of how to dispose of our (1)....., and in particular, plastic bags, which cause serious damage to the (2)..... . While these bags may last just an hour in your shopping basket, they take hundreds of years to break down. They choke up rivers and (3).....our water-ways. Some retailers have taken steps to (4).....this from happening by introducing incentives to shoppers. For instance, one Chapa Supper Market is charging 400 riels a bag to customers to (5).....them to bring their own bags. In some countries the government (6)a bag tax and plastic bag consumption went down by 90%. A study showed, however, that when they brought in this legislation, the sale of plastic bin liners immediately went up, which suggested that shoppers had been (7).....their used bags by using them to line their rubbish bins. The government and the retail industry are now looking at other ways of (8).....the use of plastic bags.

Part 2: Vocabulary (07 marks)

Match each word with the definition. Write the answers in the column below. See example.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
f							
1- Cremate	a. The deliberate murder of a whole group or race of people.						
2- Charity	b. Important qualities, customs, and traditions that have been in a society for a long time.						
3- Genocide	c. An organization that collects money or goods in order to help people who are poor.						
4- Heritage	d. Suffering or death caused by lack of food.						
5- Starvation	e. Give up something important so that you can help someone.						
6- Poisonous	f. To burn the body of a dead person at a funeral ceremony.						
7- Proud	g. Containing poison or producing poison.						
8- Sacrifice	h. Feeling pleased about something you have or did.						
	i. A dead body, especially the body of a human being.						

Part 3: Language use (08 marks)

Match parts of the sentences in section A with the most suitable ones in section B. The first one has been done as an example for you.

A	B	Answers
1- What does the taxi cost?	A- It costs 5,000 riels.	1=> A
2- The weather will be cloudy and rainy.	B- This is I am speaking.	2=>.....
3- I'm terribly thirsty.	C- It's fantastic and I am very full.	3=>.....
4- We'll be late for school.	D- I don't know. When is it?	4=>.....
5- Can you tell me the time, please?	E- I want a room that can see Parkview.	5=>.....
6- Can I help you?	F- The forecast from department.	6=>.....
7- Are you going to wedding dinner?	G- Can I have a glass of cool water?	7=>.....
8- Is wedding dinner delicious?	H- So we are in a hurry.	8=>.....
9- I want to speak to Mr Path?	I- Certainly, it is 9 o'clock.	9=>.....

Part 4: Grammar (10 marks)

There are four answers after each sentence. Only one answer is correct. Choose the right answers and tick it in the right column. The first one has been done as an example for you.

	a	b	c	d
Example: Can't you hear someone.....at the door?	√			
a. knocking b. was knocking c. knocked d. had knocked				
1- Johnhis report last night.				
a. has written b. wrote c. was writing d. writes				
2- Darathe newspaper already.				
a. has read b. read c. was reading d. reads				
3-Mrs Sophain the same place for 45 years, and she is not planning to retire yet.				
a. has worked b. worked c. was working d. works				
4-Rathain Phnom Penh for one year when his parents came to visit.				
a. lived b. had live c. has live d. was living				
5-We corrected our papers after wethe quiz.				
a. took b. has taken c. was taking d. had taken				
6-Shethe letter carefully and put it in the briefcase.				
a. doubled b. bent c. folded d. turned				
7-Johnround to see us the other night.				
a. made b. was c. gave d. came				
8-A complex sentence is a compound sentence.has made learners confused.				
a. that b. which c. who d. what				
9-I feel much better today.I did last week.				
a. than b. then c. that d. more				
10-will he arrive than he will want to leave.				
a. No sooner b. No better c. No chance d. No later				

Part 5: Writing (15 marks)

The death of traffic accident is being worried to the royal government; the mortal rate of traffic accident is also being increased more than the other evil diseases such as Aids, Cancer and so on. Explain how to protect yourself from this dangerous case. Write at least 120 words.

ប្រឡងសញ្ញាប្រកបដោយសិក្សាទុតិយភូមិ

សម័យប្រឡង : ២៦ កក្កដា ២០១០

ទីក្រុង : ភាសាអង់គ្លេស

រយៈពេល : ៦០ នាទី

មណ្ឌលប្រឡង:.....

លេខបន្ទប់:.....លេខគុះ:.....

ឈ្មោះបេក្ខជន:.....

ឋានៈលេខាបេក្ខជន:

Part 1: Reading (09 marks)

Read the text and fill in each gap with the appropriate word from the box by putting the gap's number in the brackets next to the word in the box. The first one has been done as an example for you.

(1)- emergency	()- professionals	()- become	()- rewards	()- reduction
()- satisfaction	()- qualifications	()- project	()- reaction	()- abroad

Doctor without border

Medecin Sans Frontiere (MSF), which means "Doctor Without Border," was established in 1971. It is now the world largest independent organization that provides (1).....medical relief. The aim of the organization is to help people who have suffered badly in wars or natural disasters, such as earthquakes or floods.

Each year, about 3.000 people are sent (2).....to work in over seventy different countries worldwide. MSF relies on volunteer professionals but also works closely with local (3)....., in most projects, there are seven local staff members to every one foreigner. Volunteers are paid about \$800 a month and receive travel expenses. They usually work for nine months to a year on a (4).....and then go home; however, about 50% of volunteers go on more than one mission. One volunteer reports, "Working on politically sensitive areas with limited resources can be frustrating, but there is huge (5).....in making even a small or temporary difference to people. What better recommendation than to say I'm about to leave on third mission!"

What qualities and skills do you need to (6).....a volunteer? You have to be able to deal with stress, and you need to be able to work independently as well as in a team. You are not required, however, to have medical (7)..... Besides medical professionals, MSF needs the skilled support of technical staff such as building engineers and food experts. The (8).....of volunteers returning from MSF speaks for itself. "One of my biggest challenges was organizing a team to open a new hospital in a town that had no medical care for three years." one volunteer said. This volunteer concluded that the project was a success for two reasons: the (9).....of deaths and the fact that the local people were thankful. Another volunteer says. "With MSF, I have had the chance to travel and test my skills to limits both professionally and personally. The (10).....can enormous."

Part 2: Grammar (10 marks)

There are four answers after each sentence. Only one answer is correct. Choose the right answers and tick it in the right column. The first one has been done as an example for you.

	a	b	C	d
Example: Can't you hear someone.....at the door?	√			
a. knocking b. was knocking c. knocked d. had knocked				
1- Have you lived here.....life?				
a. your all b. all the c. the whole d. all your				
2- Please do not talkthe orchestra is playing.				
a. during b. while c. otherwise d. that				
3-The price of petrol hasup again.				
a. lifted b. got c. gone d. stood				
4-Anyone who lives alone has to look after				
a. himself b. oneself c. self d. itself				
5-The policeman took his notebookhis top pocket.				
a. into b. in c. out d. from				
6-The manof killing said that he was at the cinema at that time.				
a. who are accused b. who is accused c. who was accused d. who were accused				
7-She's from Cambodia, and				
a. so is she b. so was she c. so I am d. so am I				
8-She told me not to worry, because she me.				
a. would be b. would help c. could go into d. was at a meeting				
9-Sophia said that therefive different types of rhino in the world today.				
a. are b. is c. was d. were				
10-If you want to apply for a camp, you.....a student.				
a. must have b. must be c. must been d. must be able				

Part 3: Vocabulary (08 marks)

Match the word or phrase in A with the definition in B. The first one has been done as an example.

A	B	C: Answers
1- Monolingual	a. try not to judge before you know the fact.	1=> e
2- bear in mind	b. this is my own opinion.	2=>
3- keep an open mind	c. repair and make new again.	3=>
4- maintain	d. remember.	4=>
5- personally	e. written in only one language.	5=>
6- my mind went blank	f. stop doing something.	6=>
7- renovate	g. keep in good condition.	7=>
8- give up	h. I forgot.	8=>
9- punctual	i. feel tired.	9=>
	j. is never late, but always arrives at the exact time.	

Part 4: Language use (08 marks)

Match parts of the sentences in section A with the most suitable ones in section B. The first one has been done as an example for you.

A	B	Answers
1- Make yourself at home.	A- How awful!	1=> D
2- Your eyes hurt and can't see the sun in the sky.	B- Yes, I've heard that, but how bad is it?	2=>
3- The weather in Cambodia is bad nowadays.	C- I don't know. Maybe they quarrel.	3=>
4- My friend has had the traffic accident.	D- You are very nice.	4=>
5- Why aren't they talking to each other?	E- Sounds terrible.	5=>
6- Would you hold this for me, please?	F- Sorry Sir! This is non-smoking area.	6=>
7- Drive carefully.	G- Never mind! I always please to help everyone.	7=>
8- Have you got the right time, please?	H- Thank you. I will pay close attention.	8=>
9- Do you mind if I smoke?	I- Yes, I have. It is half past twelve.	9=>
	J- What do you do for a living?	

Part 5: Writing (15 marks) Write in English about "one of the tourist places where you have been to" (Write between 100- 150 words).

ប្រឡងសញ្ញាបត្រមធ្យមសិក្សាទុតិយភូមិ

សម័យប្រឡង : ២៥ កក្កដា ២០១១

វិញ្ញាសា : គាសអង់គ្លេស

យុគសម័យ : ៦០ នាទី

ពិន្ទុ : ៥០

មណ្ឌលប្រឡង:.....

លេខបន្ទប់:.....លេខតុ:.....

ឈ្មោះបេក្ខជន:.....

ហត្ថលេខាបេក្ខជន:

Part 1. Reading (10p)

Read the text and fill the gaps with words in the box. Gap one was done as an example for you.

(1) <i>fire</i>	() draught	() sunlight	() properly	() electricity
() points	() nothing	() disappeared	() disaster	() sun () fish

The consequences of the fire use

All people around the world need (1), so fire must be very important for anyone. However, all animals, insects, (2) also need fire for their lives. In the universe, when we say the fire, it means the (3) “.....”. Imagine if we don’t have the sun on the earth, what will happen? The (4)will be incredible to measure, we don’t know how the world will be, lives on the earth will be (5), water will run out. All in all the earth will become dark and black forever. In Hinduism, fire is the god. It is one of the four gods that support and create the people’s lives.

Fire is the core thing to supply the people’s lives so does it have any consequences to the people or our earth? The answer must be have (6)is perfect as the fire is also a thing so it must have negative (7) And what negative points they have. When you are careless on fire at home such as (8)will shock you or overuse, it will explode. The fire in the cooker, incense fire, candle fire, if you don’t manage it (9), it will destroy you, make your house burn. As the sun, in some parts of the world that get much (10)and no water, (11)....., the climate changes, it makes their world hotter and hotter.

In conclusion is that, you are the human being so you have to know how to concentrate the useful parts of the fire for your lives and world.

Part 2. Language use (10p)

Match part of the sentences in (A) with the most suitable ones in (B), and write the answer in (C). The first one has been done as an example for you.

A	B	C
1- What’s wrong with you?	A- Sorry to hear that.	1=> ...D...
2- I don’t know Thida was married.	B- Yes, of course.	2=>
3- Can I help you, sir?	C- Oh, what a pity!	3=>
4- I have lost my bicycle.	D- I’ve got a headache.	4=>
5- I can’t come to your party.	E- Yes, I’m looking for a red pen.	5=>
6- You couldn’t give me a hand, could you?	F- No, neither did I.	6=>
	G- Ah well! That’s life.	

Part 3. Grammar (10p)

There are four answers after each statement. Only one answer is correct. Choose the correct letter a, b, c or d. The first one has been done as an example for you.

Example: Good manager ...d...to the employees.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------|
| a. Will be listened | b. are listened | c. listen | d. listens |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------|
- No one of our representativesto participate in the final draft.
a. chosen b. were choosing c. have been chosen d. has been chosen
 - If Dara had found the wallet, weyou right away.
a. would have called b. called c. would call d. would calling
 - Patientexamined by the doctor.
a. were b. is being c. has d. have been
 - Health carehave been rising but so has the quality.
a. cost b. costs c. costing d. costly
 - She wasn’t able to identify the man shelast night.
a. sees b. was seen c. will see d. had seen

Part 4: Vocabulary (08points)

Choose a word from alternatives given to fill the gaps in the sentences bellow.

Example: Howb.....from here to the city center?

- | | | | |
|---------|--------|------------|---------|
| a. long | b. far | c. distant | d. near |
|---------|--------|------------|---------|
- At election time, every speech is calculated to win
a. choices b. votes c. wishes d. preferences
 - We were unable to reach an agreement because of thebetween two groups.
a. contact b. concern c. connection d. conflict
 - After several hours, the doctor was finally able to give us his Dara had broken his ankle.
a. diagnosis b. disease c. symptoms d. signs
 - This artist helps to reserve our local.....by using traditional theme in his work.
a. culture b. creation c. events d. skills
 - I don’t really appreciate classical music, I prefer thearts such as painting and sculpture.
a. festival b. cinema c. visual d. performing
 - Ion the news that the price of the gas is going up again.
a. looked b. heard c. listened d. watched
 - It’ll take you over an hour to get to the center inhour.
a. rush b. busy c. run d. crowded
 - Global warming is likely to result in morebecause of an increase in rainfall.
a. waves b. droughts c. storms d. floods

Part 5: Writing (12 points) All parents and teachers want to educate their children and students to behave well, to become good students, good people and good leader in the future. Describe what good behaviors the good students must do. Explain in English at least 150 words.

ប្រឡងសញ្ញាបត្រមធ្យមសិក្សាទុតិយភូមិ

សម័យប្រឡង : ០៤ សីហា ២០១២

វិញ្ញាសា : គាសាអង់គ្លេស

យុទ្ធសាស្ត្រ : ៦០ នាទី

ពិន្ទុ : ៥០

មណ្ឌលប្រឡង:.....

លេខបន្ទប់:.....លេខគុះ:.....

ឈ្មោះបេក្ខជន:.....

ហត្ថលេខាបេក្ខជន:

Part 1. Reading (10p)

Read the text and fill the gaps with words in the box. Gap one was done as an example for you.

1.expectationsachievementmarksbecauseencouragementcomparisons
....properlyintroductionadditionalenjoymentpowerful	

School inspectors have found that, contrary to all (1)...**expectations**... children don't dislike homework at all. In fact, many do more than their teachers suggest, either (2)of anxiety about their (3)or simply for (4)..... . The inspectors' findings add to the evidence of the (5).....beneficial effects of homework on pupils' (6)..... .

The inspectors also recommend the (7).....of 'homework charters'. These tell parents and children how much (8).....work is expected and provide (9).....to schools to form links with parents who can check that tasks are (10)..... completed. International(11).....suggests that a typical 14-year-old does six hours homework in Britain, eight hours in Italy and almost nine hours in Japan and Poland.

Part 2. Language use (10p)

Match part of the sentences in (A) with the most suitable ones in (B), and write the answer in (C). The first one has been done as an example for you.

A	B	C
1- <i>Pass the salt, please.</i>	A. It's a pleasure.	1=> B
2- Unless you apologise,	B. Certainly, here you are.	2=>.....
3- Thanks for the flowers, Samnang.	C. No, not just now, thanks.	3=>.....
4- Keep an open mind.	D. Try not to judge before you know the facts.	4=>.....
5- My dog died yesterday.	E. I'll never speak to you again.	5=>.....
6- I have just passed my exam.	F. Oh, how awful.	6=>.....
	G. Congratulation!	

Part 3. Grammar (10p)

There are four answers after each statement. Only one answer is correct. Choose the right answer and tick it in the right column. The first one has been done as an example for you.

	A	B	C	D
Example: As soon as Audrey arrived in New York, she her family.		✓		
A. was telephoning B. telephoned C. had telephoned D. telephones				
1- Every time she thinks of her departure from home, she a little homesick.				
A. will have felt B. felt C. feels D. is feeling				
2- Since she left her country a year ago, she.....her friends several times.				
A. calls B. will have called C. is calling D. has called				
3- When she gets home, shesurprised by the changes that have taken place at home.				
A.is B. will be C. has been D. will have been				
4- You can stay here.....you don't make a loud noise.				
A. when B. until C. so long as D. unless				
5- The girl weeps whenever shesuch a story.				
A. hears B. had heard C. will hear D. heard				

Part 4. Vocabulary (8p)

Match the words or phrases in (A) with the most suitable ones in (B), and write the answer in (C). The first one has been done as an example for you.

A	B	C
1. Bush	a. A kind of reptile and can kill people with its poisonous liquid.	1=>... C ..
2. Coal	b. Something that lives in the soil.	2=>.....
3. Receiver	c. A group of small trees.	3=>.....
4. Pepper	d. A kind of footwear covering the foot and ankle.	4=>.....
5. Wind	e. A kind of jewellery, worn on a finger.	5=>.....
6. Ring	f. Someone who gets something.	6=>.....
7. Boot	g. A kind of mine which is used to make power.	7=>.....
8. Earthworm	h. Air blows in the sky.	8=>.....
9. Cobra	i. A place where is so far from us.	9=>.....
	j. A kind of soup ingredient.	

Part 5. Writing (12p) Describe in English on the **advantages and disadvantages of computer**. Write at least 150 words.

ប្រឡងសញ្ញាបត្រមធ្យមសិក្សាទុតិយភូមិ

សម័យប្រឡង : ០៥ សីហា ២០១៣

វិញ្ញាសា : ភាសាអង់គ្លេស

រយៈពេល : ៦០ នាទី

ពិន្ទុ : ៥០

មន្ត្រីប្រឡង:.....

លេខបន្ទប់:.....**លេខគុះ:**.....

ឈ្មោះបេក្ខជន:.....

ឯកសារបេក្ខជន:

Part 1: Reading

Read the text and fill the gaps with the words in the box. Gap one has been done as an example.

(1).villages	(). department stores	(). skyscraper	(). offices	(). district	(). services
	(). hospital	(). factories	(). reason	(). moment	(). cities

Town and country

Today, people all over the world are moving out of small (1)...in the country to go and live in big noisy (2)... They are moving from the peaceful hills, mountains, fields, rivers, and streams of the countryside to the busy world of streets, buildings, traffics and crowds. This (3)from rural areas to urban has been going on for over 2 hundred years.

In many countries the main (4)...people come to live in towns and cities is work. After one or more huge (5)... have been built in or near a town, people come to find work. And soon, the industrial area begins to grow. The residential area, shops, schools, (6)....and other have been located so many people come to live there to provide these (7)...., and so the cities grow.

In the giant cities in the world, there is business (8)....where the big companies have their main (9).... . The area is usually in the city center downtown. You can see the huge (10)....office blocks. The people who are very pleasant with nice houses, big gardens, parks, large (11)....where they can buy what they need.

But what is the future of the big city? Will they continue to get bigger and bigger? Perhaps not. Some giant cities have become smaller in the last 10 years, and it is quite possible that one day we will see people moving out of the major cities and back into small town and villages.

Part 2: Language use: Match part of the sentences in section A with the most suitable in section B, and write the correct answer in C. The first one has been done as an example for you.

A	B	C
1- Before the Dutch built their canals,	a. the top soil washed down the rivers.	1=> b
2- When natural disasters are regular,	b. Holland was often flooded.	2=>
3- When countries are hit by cyclones,	c. there is a fresh deposit of rich soil on the land.	3=>
4- After trees have been cut down,	d. they are easier to deal with.	4=>
5- After a flood,	e. they flood.	5=>
6- When rivers have receives soil,	f. people lose their homes.	6=>
	g. they are both irregular and powerful.	

Part 3: Grammar: There are four answers after each statement. Only one answer is correct. Choose the correct letter a, b, c or d. The first one was done as an example for you.

Example: I met a lot of interesting**d**.....on my vacation.

a. woman	b. man	c. person	d. people
1- When we get to the party, everybody.....			
a. are dancing	b. has danced	c. will be dancing	d. dances
2- If that jacket.....so expensive, I would buy it.			
a. wasn't	b. isn't	c. will be not	d. weren't
3- The new bridge.....before the end of next year.			
a. will complete	b. will be completed	c. is completed	d. completed
4- Thida fell asleep.....she was watching TV.			
a. while	b. before	c. soon	d. again
5- The woman.....at the meeting was very interesting.			
a. is spoke	b. who spoke	c. who she spoke	d. speaks

Part 4: Vocabulary: There are four answers after each statement. Only one answer is correct. Choose the correct letter a, b, c or d. The first one was done as an example.

Example: I**b**.....three years ago?

a. stopped to smoke	b. stopped smoking	c. stop smoking	d. stop to smoke
1) I'm afraid there isn'tin the car for everyone.			
a. space	b. room	c. places	d. seating
2) Excuse me. Have you got....., please? I want to smoke.			
a. match	b. the fire	c. a light	d. lighting
3) I like your hat, Bopha. It reallyyou.			
a. suiting	b. passes	c. shows	d. suits
4) Is there.....wine for everyone? We will have a hug drink tonight.			
a. enough	b. enough of	c. many	d. many of
5) Don't go yet. I'm just going tosome coffee.			
a. do	b. boil	c. make	d. cook
6) A good way to practice speaking is to tell a story or ato someone.			
a. joke	b. fun	c. laughter	d. fool
7) Tourism suffers from the lack ofin that country.			
a. arrangement	b. direction	c. organization	d. regularity
8) After the earthquake, many houses were in danger of			
a. destruction	b. pollutions	c. collapsing	d. slipping

Part 5: Writing: Describe the cause and effect of forestation. Describe at least 150 words.

ប្រឡងសញ្ញាបត្រមធ្យមសិក្សាទុតិយភូមិ

សម័យប្រឡង : ០៤ សីហា ២០១៤ (លើកទី ១)

វិញ្ញាសា : គាសាអង់គ្លេស

យុទ្ធសាស្ត្រ : ៦០ នាទី

ពិន្ទុ : ៥០

មណ្ឌលប្រឡង:.....

លេខបន្ទប់:.....លេខតុ:.....

ឈ្មោះបេក្ខជន:.....

ហត្ថលេខាបេក្ខជន:

Part 1. Reading (10p)

Read the text and fill the gaps with the words in the box. Gap one has been done as an example.

()-candidate	()-eligible	()-election campaign	()-opinion poll	()-ballot box
()-polling day	()-support	()-polling station	()-winner	(1)-predict ()-result

People sometimes try to (1)..... the result of an election weeks before it takes place. Several hundred people are asked which party they prefer, and their answers are used to guess the (2)..... of the coming election. This is called an (3)..... . Meanwhile each party conducts its (4)..... with meetings, speeches, television commercials and party members going from door to door encouraging people to (5)..... their party. In Cambodia everyone over 18 is (6)..... to vote. The place where people go to vote in an election is called a (7)..... and the day of the election is often known as (8)..... . The voters put their votes in a (9).... and later they are counted. The (10).... with the most votes is then declared the (11)..... .

Part 2. Grammar (10p)

There are four answers after each statement. Only one answer is correct. Choose the correct letter **a**, **b**, **c**, or **d**. The first one was done as an example for you.

Example: Yesterday shewent..... to Siem Reap.

- | | | | | |
|----|---|----------------|-------------------|------------------|
| | a. go | b. is going | c. goes | d. <u>went</u> |
| 1- | Although Ms, Thida..... reservation, the hotel did not have a room for her. | | | |
| | a. made | b. has made | c. had made | d. makes |
| 2- | I on the bus when I dropped my wallet. | | | |
| | a. am getting | b. have gotten | c. get | d. was getting |
| 3- | Several trees fell down last night..... the strong wind. | | | |
| | a. because of | b. since | c. because | d. so |
| 4- | We..... at that restaurant during the last few months. | | | |
| | a. don't eat | b. won't eat | c. haven't eaten | d. didn't eat |
| 5- | Mr Dara so many accidents if he drove more carefully. | | | |
| | a. would have | b. won't have | c. would have had | d. wouldn't have |

Part 3. Vocabulary (10p)

There are four answers after each statement. Only one answer is correct. Choose the correct letter **a**, **b**, **c**, or **d**. The first one was done as an example for you.

Example: When I was twelve, my father taught me how toplay..... chess.

- | | | | | |
|----|---|------------------|--------------|----------------|
| | a. do | b. <u>play</u> | c. make | d. collect |
| 1- | I'm really of my son who won first prize in the art competition. | | | |
| | a. pleased | b. proud | c. delighted | d. happy |
| 2- | We all need to responsibility for improving our local community. | | | |
| | a. have | b. make | c. take | d. give |
| 3- | It's important to set yourself clear so you know what you are aiming for. | | | |
| | a. ambitions | b. opportunities | c. decisions | d. goals |
| 4- | According to the weather , there will be rain tomorrow. | | | |
| | a. programme | b. information | c. survey | d. forecast |
| 5- | Many people believe that violent computer games can have a harmful on children. | | | |
| | a. effect | b. affect | c. damage | d. involvement |

Part 4. Writing (20p) Write an essay "Advantages and disadvantages of TV" at least 180 words.

ប្រឡងសញ្ញាបត្រមធ្យមសិក្សាធុនមធ្យម

សម័យប្រឡង : ១៣ តុលា ២០១៤ (លើកទី ២)

វិញ្ញាសា : គាសាអង់គ្លេស

យុទ្ធសាស្ត្រ : ៦០ នាទី

ពិន្ទុ : ៥០

មណ្ឌលប្រឡង:.....

លេខបន្ទប់:.....លេខតុ:.....

ឈ្មោះបេក្ខជន:.....

ហត្ថលេខាបេក្ខជន:

Part 1: Reading (10 points)

Read the text and fill the gaps with the words in the box. Gap one has been done as an example.

()- timetable	()- help	()- information	()- taught	()- afterwards	()- memories
()- heart	()- waste	()- look	(1)- subject	()- understanding	

Learning how to learn

There is usually one important (1).....missing from most school (2)..... Very few students are (3)..... how to organize their learning, and how to make the best use of their time. Let's take some simple examples. Do you know how to (4)up words in a dictionary, and do you understand all the (5).....the dictionary contains? Can you make notes quickly, and can you understand them (6).....? For some reasons, many school give learners no (7).....with these matters. Teachers ask students to (8).....pages from books, or tell them to write ten pages, but don't explain how to do it. Learning by (9).....can be useful, but it is more important to have a genuine (10).....of a subject. You can (11).....a lot of time memorizing books, without understanding anything about the subject.

Part 2: Grammar (15 points)

There are four answers after each statement. Only one answer is correct. Choose the correct letter **a, b, c, or d**. The first one was done as an example for you.

Example: Yesterday shewent..... to Siem Reap.

a. go b. is going c. goes d. went

1- Wewith the prime minister for dinner at the Sunway Hotel tonight.

a. will be met b. have been met c. were met d. are meeting

2- Mr Sambath.....his vacation after the project is completed.

a. will take b. took c. has taken d. taking

3- Mr Chantha.....for the day when the phone call came.

a. has already left b. already leaves c. already left d. had already left

4- If we keeplike this, we should be done before the deadline.

a. working b. worked c. to work d. work

5- The benefits programmein the next few months.

a. had changed b. were changed c. will be changed d. changed

Part 3: Vocabulary (15 points)

There are four answers after each statement. Only one answer is correct. Choose the correct letter **a, b, c, or d**. The first one was done as an example for you.

Example: When I was twelve, my father taught me how tob....chess.

a. do b. play c. make d. collect

1- At the age of 60, Mr. Vuth retired and lived off his

a. salary b. allowance c. grant d. pension

2- Please confirm your reservation in

a. letter b. writing c. words d. paper

3- Everybody knew Samnang hada crime bit nobody wanted to tell the police.

a. committed b. done c. made d. performed

4- The researchersmany experiments to find to most effective materials.

a. considered b. confirmed c. concerned d. conducted

5- Ion the news that the price of gas is going up again.

a. looked b. listened c. heard d. watched

Part 4: Writing (10 points)

Write an essay “**The value of Higher Education**” at least 180 words.

ប្រឡងសញ្ញាបត្រមធ្យមសិក្សាឧត្តមសិក្សា

សម័យប្រឡង : ០៤ សីហា ២០១៥

វិញ្ញាសា : គាសាអង់គ្លេស

យុទ្ធសាស្ត្រ : ៦០ នាទី

ពិន្ទុ : ៥០

មណ្ឌលប្រឡង:.....

លេខបន្ទប់:.....លេខតុ:.....

ឈ្មោះបេក្ខជន:.....

ហត្ថលេខាបេក្ខជន:

Part 1. Reading (10p)

Read the text and fill the gaps with the words in the box. Gap one has been done as an example.

() .recovery () .month () .treatment () .poisonous () .weight () .disease
(1).**doctor** () .heartened () .optimistic () .infectious () .painful

Kimseng decided to visit the (1)after his trip to the jungle. He was normally a tall muscular person, but over the past (2).....he had lost a lot of (3)..... . He had also noticed that his ankles and knees had become rather (4)..... . He thought that he might have eaten or drunk something (5)..... or caught some kinds of (6)..... disease. The doctor took some blood for tests and told Kimseng to go back a week later. This time the doctor had an (7).....expression on her face, and Kimseng felt quite (8)..... . “Don’t worry” said the doctor, “It’s nothing serious. You haven’t caught an incurable (9)....., or anything terrible like that. It’s a simple virus, and you will need some (10)..... . Take these tablets twice a day for two weeks, and you’ll make a full (11).....”.

Part 2. Grammar (15p)

There are four answers after each statement. Only one answer is correct. Choose the correct letter **a, b, c, or d**. The first one was done as an example for you.

Example: We saw ...**d**... children in the park.

- | | | | |
|---------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|
| a. any | b. much | c. a | d. some |
|---------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|
- 1- Angkor Wat templeby thousands of tourists every month.
a. was visited **b.** visited **c.** are visited **d.** is visited
- 2- Mr. Sophal can’t talk on the phone because he..... dinner right now.
a. eats **b.** is eating **c.** has eaten **d.** has been eating
- 3- I the house before you called.
a. leave **b.** had left **c.** am leaving **d.** had been leaving
- 4- If I found a wallet on the street, I it to police station.
a. will take **b.** take **c.** would take **d.** am taking
- 5- The tree, behind my house, gives a lot of shade.
a. grows **b.** which it grows **c.** which grows **d.** it grows

Part 3. Vocabulary (15p)

There are four answers after each statement. Only one answer is correct. Choose the correct letter **a, b, c, or d**. The first one was done as an example for you.

Example: How**b**.... is it from here to the city centre?

- | | | | |
|----------------|----------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| a. long | b. <u>far</u> | c. near | d. distant |
|----------------|----------------------|----------------|-------------------|
- 1- How much do they for cleaning your room?
a. demand **b.** cost **c.** charge **d.** need
- 2- In some countries, smoking in public places isbecause many people are hurt of smoke.
a. prohibited **b.** .increased **c.** encourage **d.** continued
- 3- The government should a law to make computer hacking illegal.
a. allow **b.** enter **c.** pass **d.** bring
- 4- The bad weather the flight for several hours.
a. postponed **b.** delayed **c.** cancelled **d.** stopped
- 5- In recent years, inflation has almost double the of living.
a. price **b.** expense **c.** charge **d.** cost

Part 4. Writing (10p)

Write an essay “**What make a good parent**” at least 180 words.

ប្រឡងសញ្ញាបត្រមធ្យមសិក្សាឧត្តមសិក្សា

សម័យប្រឡង : ២២ មីនា ២០១៦

វិញ្ញាសា : គាសាអង់គ្លេស

យុទ្ធសាស្ត្រ : ៦០ នាទី

ពិន្ទុ : ៥០

មណ្ឌលប្រឡង:.....

លេខបន្ទប់:.....**លេខតុ:**.....

ឈ្មោះបេក្ខជន:.....

ហត្ថលេខាបេក្ខជន:

Part 1: Reading (10 points)

Read the text and fill the gaps with the words in the box. Gap one has been done as an example.

() .practising	() .raincoat	() .change	() .be able	() .offered
() .nothing	(1). tennis	() .soaked	() .relax	() .forget
() .drink				

A friend in the rain

Last week I was walking home after playing (1) when it started raining very heavily. ‘Oh no, I will get (2).....before I reach home,’ I thought. ‘I wish I had remembered to bring my (3).....’ But unfortunately I had left it at home. ‘How stupid of me! I always (4)to bring it with me.’ Luckily just then a friend of mine passed in the car and (5)me a lift. ‘Are you going home?’ he asked ‘or do we want to go for a (6)?’ ‘I think I’d rather you take me home,’ I said. If I don’t (7).....my clothes, I know I will fall ill, and then I won’t (8).....to play in the tennis tournament next week. And I have been (9).....hard for the last month.’ ‘I will wait for you to change if you like,’ he told me. ‘I think it’s time you (10).....for a change. You have been worrying too much about things lately. And people who worry too much fall ill more easily. It’s got (11).....to do with the rain!’

Part 2: Grammar (15 points)

There are four answers after each statement. Only one answer is correct. Choose the correct letter **a, b, c** or **d**. The first one was done as an example for you.

Example: We haven’t got**d**..... money to buy a new car yet.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| a- quite | b- too much | c- too many | d- enough |
|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|
- 1- You must have something to eat before.....to school.
- | | | | |
|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| a- go | b- going | c- to go | d- of go |
|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
- 2- You have never seen this before,you?
- | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------|
| a- haven’t | b- don’t | c- do | d- have |
|-------------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------|
- 3- This problem.....by this clever boy last night.
- | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| a- will be solved | b- is solved | c- was solved | d- solved |
|--------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|------------------|
- 4- Whatyou do if you won a lot of money?
- | | | | |
|----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| a- will | b- must | c- would | d- have |
|----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|
- 5- She was cleaning her teeth when the phone
- | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|
| a- was going to ring | b- was ringing | c- rang | d- ring |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|

Part 3: Vocabulary (15 points)

There are four answers after each statement. Only one answer is correct. Choose the correct letter **a, b, c** or **d**. The first one was done as an example for you.

Example: On Sunday, the children have swimming lessons at the swimming.....**d**.....

- | | | | |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| a- tank | b- well | c- bowl | d- pool |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
- 1- What are you going to do when youschool?
- | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| a- conclude | b- end | c- complete | d- leave |
|--------------------|---------------|--------------------|-----------------|
- 2- The hotel services are bad, so we should write ato the manager.
- | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| a. complaint | b- message | c- information | d- essay |
|---------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
- 3- Bopha cried out withat the beautiful present Mr. Kimseng gave her.
- | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| a- depress | b- horror | c- anger | d- delight |
|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
- 4- Is it possible tonow for next term’s evening classes?
- | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| a- send | b- enrol | c- join in | d- enter |
|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|
- 5- Most parents find it difficult totheir children nowadays.
- | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| a. bring up | b- develop | c- grow up | d- set up |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|

Part 4: Writing (10 points)

Write an essay ‘*Life in the countryside*’ at least 80 words.

ប្រឡងសញ្ញាបត្រមធ្យមសិក្សាទុតិយភូមិ

សម័យប្រឡង : ២១ សីហា ២០១៧

វិញ្ញាសា : គាសាអង់គ្លេស

យុទ្ធសាស្ត្រ : ៦០ នាទី

ពិន្ទុ : ៥០

មណ្ឌលប្រឡង:.....

លេខបន្ទប់:.....លេខតុ:.....

ឈ្មោះបេក្ខជន:.....

ឋានៈលេខាបេក្ខជន:

Part 1. Reading (10 points)

Read the text and fill the gaps with the words in the box. Gap one has been done as an example.

() occupation	() successful	() embarrassment	() hobby	() failure	() solution
(1) <i>evening</i>	() secretarial	() explanation	() frozen	() construction	

Evening classes

Recently I decided to go to (1).... classes twice a week. During the day I work in a (2) ... agency as a telephonist. It is not a very interesting (3) ... and I get bored. I also got tired of coming home every evening putting a (4) ... meal in the oven, and then watching TV. So I decided to take up carpentry as a (5) ... Perhaps I should give you an (6) ... for my choice. Learning a skill is a good (7) ... to the problem of boring work. Also, I felt I was a (8) ... because any time I tried to put up a shelf, for example, it always fell down! Now I am quite a (9) ... wood-worker! I am working on the (10) ... of some furniture at the moment. And although there are only few students in the class, I don't feel any (11) ... I've turned out to be the best student in the class!

Part 2. Grammar (15 points)

There are four answers after each statement. Only one answer is correct. Choose the correct letter **a**, **b**, **c**, or **d**. The first one was done as an example for you.

Example: Have you**b**..... my new car?

- | | | | |
|--|---------------|-----------------|---------------|
| a- see | b- seen | c- seeing | d- saw |
| 1- Girls, yousay those things about your teachers. | | | |
| a- mustn't | b- haven't to | c- haven't | d- mustn't to |
| 2- Have another piece of cake. No, thanks,too much. | | | |
| a- I've ate | b- I ate | c- I eaten | d- I've eaten |
| 3- I was going to do the washing, but the machinedown. | | | |
| a- broke | b- breaks | c- broken | d- break |
| 4- My secretary was late. She had neverlate before. | | | |
| a- was | b- had | c- came | d- been |
| 5- If you give some money, Ito go shopping. | | | |
| a- can | b- could | c- will be able | d- will can |

Part 3. Vocabulary (15 points)

There are four answers after each statement. Only one answer is correct. Choose the correct letter **a**, **b**, **c**, or **d**. The first one was done as an example for you.

Example: They**c**..... all day swimming and sunbathing at the beach.

- | | | | |
|--|----------------|-----------------|---------------|
| a- did | b- used | c- <i>spent</i> | d- occupied |
| 1- Before you begin the exam paper, always read thecarefully. | | | |
| a- orders | b- instruction | c- rules | d- answers |
| 2- If you put your money in the bank, it will earn ten percent | | | |
| a- interest | b- profit | c- deposit | d- investment |
| 3- Most people in the townthe idea of Green and Clean city. | | | |
| a- agree | b- approve | c- support | d- believe |
| 4- The plane was delayed by fog, and so I my connection. | | | |
| a- lost | b- abandoned | c- forget | d- missed |
| 5- The fans climbed over the fence to paying. | | | |
| a- avoid | b- prevent | c- abandon | d- refuse |

Part 4. Writing (10 points)

Write an essay.

There is too much traffic in the city. **“What do you think the authorities should do about it?”** Write at least 80 words.

ប្រឡងសញ្ញាបត្រមធ្យមសិក្សាទុតិយភូមិ

សម័យប្រឡង : ២០ សីហា ២០១៨

វិញ្ញាសា : គាសាអង់គ្លេស

យុទ្ធសាស្ត្រ : ៦០ នាទី

ពិន្ទុ : ៥០

មណ្ឌលប្រឡង:.....

លេខបន្ទប់:.....លេខតុ:.....

ឈ្មោះបេក្ខជន:.....

ហត្ថលេខាបេក្ខជន:

Part 1: Reading (10 points)

Read the text and fill the gaps with the words in the box. Gap one has been done as an example.

() economic	() earnings	() disagreed	() applications	() employee	() profitable
(1) <i>advertising</i>	() resignation	() qualified	() unemployed	() retirement	

Leaving a job

I recently left my job in an (1)*advertising*.....agency after a disagreement with my boss. She accepted my (2)but warned me that because of the (3)situation, I might have to get used to the idea of being (4)for a while. I thought that she was trying to make a point, but after I had made over fifty (5)to other companies, I realized that she was right. Although I am a (6)designer, I didn't receive any offers of a job. After that I tried working from home, but it was not very (7) Then I became an (8)in a fast-food restaurant, even though my (9)were extremely low. I wish I had accepted early (10)from my old job. That is what I (11)with my boss about.

Part 2: Grammar (15 points)

There are four answers after each statement. Only one answer is correct. Choose the correct letter a, b, c, or d. The first one has been done as an example for you.

Example : We saw**b**.....children in the park.

- | | | | |
|---------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|
| a- any | b- some | c- much | d- a |
|---------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|
- 1- We haven't gotmoney to buy a new car yet.
- | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| a- quite | b- too much | c- too many | d- enough |
|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|
- 2- The personmy hair usually does a very good job.
- | | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| a- who he cuts | b- who cuts | c- cuts | d- cuts it |
|-----------------------|--------------------|----------------|-------------------|
- 3- Weto the baseball game when it started to rain.
- | | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| a- are driving | b- drives | c- driven | d- were driving |
|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------------|
- 4- The new bridgebefore the end of next month.
- | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| a- will be completed | b- will complete | c- is completed | d- completes |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
- 5- Their marriage wouldn't be so good if theyso well with each other.
- | | | | |
|------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| a- communicated | b- didn't communicate | c- don't communicate | d- communicate |
|------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|

Part 3: Vocabulary (15 points)

There are four answers after each statement. Only one answer is correct. Choose the correct letter a, b, c, or d. The first one has been done as an example for you.

Example : What are you going to do when you**d**.....school?

- | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| a- conclude | b- end | c- complete | d- leave |
|--------------------|---------------|--------------------|-----------------|
- 1- I saw a nastybetween two cars this morning.
- | | | | |
|------------------|------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| a- damage | b- danger | c- accident | d- happening |
|------------------|------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
- 2- All medicines should be kept out ofof children.
- | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| a- hand | b- touch | c- contact | d- reach |
|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|
- 3- Everything in the sale has beento half price.
- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| a- reduced | b- decreased | c- bargained | d- lowered |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
- 4- At work, Vuthy always arrives on time, he's so
- | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| a- timeless | b- punctual | c- boring | d- careful |
|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|
- 5- It'll take you over an hour to get to the city centre inhour.
- | | | | |
|----------------|----------------|---------------|-------------------|
| a- rush | b- busy | c- run | d- crowded |
|----------------|----------------|---------------|-------------------|

Part 4: Writing (10 points) Write an essay. "Role of women in modern Cambodian society" at least 80 words.

ប្រឡងសញ្ញាបត្រមធ្យមសិក្សាទុតិយភូមិ

សម័យប្រឡង : ១៩ មីនា ២០១៩

វិញ្ញាសា : គាសាអង់គ្លេស

យុទ្ធសាស្ត្រ : ៦០ នាទី

ពិន្ទុ : ៥០

មណ្ឌលប្រឡង:.....

លេខបន្ទប់:.....លេខតុ:.....

ឈ្មោះបេក្ខជន:.....

ហត្ថលេខាបេក្ខជន:

Part 1: Reading (10 points)

Read the text and fill the gaps with the words in the box. Gap one has been done as an example.

() .discussion	() .fire	() .to pay	() .originally	() .sports
() .converted	(1) .rebuilt	() .used	() .businessman	() .money () .indoors

The Champa Sport Centre, which has been completely (1)...**rebuilt**..., was reopened yesterday by the Minister of Sport. The building was (2).used as a market, but was sold to Champa Council in 1981, and then (3).into a sport hall. Local schools played football and basketball (4)., and keep fit classes were held there. In 2001, the hall was damaged by a (5).which broke out in the heating system. The hall could not be used, and remained empty while (6).continued about its future. It was then decided that the hall would be rebuilt, and an appeal for (7).was launched. Two years ago, a local (8).offered (9). for the building work, and plans were drawn up. The new hall includes a swimming pool, running track and other (10).facilities which can be (11).by anyone in the Champa area. The Minister made a speech in which he congratulated everyone involved.

Part 2: Grammar (15 points)

There are four answers after each statement. Only one answer is correct. Choose the correct letter **a, b, c, or d**. The first one has been done as an example for you.

Example :**b**.....I go with you to the shops, Mum?

- | | | | |
|----------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| a- Will | b- May | c- Would | d- Won't |
|----------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|
- Samnang works in the Post Office,?

a- is he	b- isn't he	c- works he	d- doesn't he
-----------------	--------------------	--------------------	----------------------
 - My fatherin that firm from 1975 to 1989. Now he's retired.

a- has worked	b- worked	c- is working	d- had worked
----------------------	------------------	----------------------	----------------------
 - Which sentence is the correct one?

a- I am a cold	b- I've caught a cold	c- I have cold	d- I have caught a cold
-----------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------	--------------------------------
 - Ion a bench in the park when they ran past me.

a- was sitting	b- have sat	c- sat	d- was sat
-----------------------	--------------------	---------------	-------------------
 - Thidato the cinema if you went with her.

a- will go	b- would go	c- goes	d- went
-------------------	--------------------	----------------	----------------

Part 3: Vocabulary (15 points)

There are four answers after each statement. Only one answer is correct. Choose the correct letter **a, b, c, or d**. The first one has been done as an example for you.

Example : My parent often does**d**.....with people from Korea.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| a- affairs | b- finances | c- economy | d- business |
|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
- Attime, there is always plenty of work to do on a farm.

a- production	b- profit	c- plant	d- harvest
----------------------	------------------	-----------------	-------------------
 - It is against thenot to wear seat belt in a plane.

a- rule	b- regulation	c- law	d- order
----------------	----------------------	---------------	-----------------
 - Everything in the sale has beento half price.

a- reduced	b- decreased	c- bargained	d- lowered
-------------------	---------------------	---------------------	-------------------
 - Ito inform you that your grandmother died ten minutes ago.

a- apologise	b- sorry	c- pity	d- regret
---------------------	-----------------	----------------	------------------
 - We were unable to reach an agreement because of thebetween the two groups.

a- contact	b- concern	c- connection	d- conflict
-------------------	-------------------	----------------------	--------------------

Part 4: Writing (10 points) Write an essay “Studying for Success” at least 80 words.