整理目前實驗結果

應名宥

增加新的評分對於最後分布的影響

分數解釋

1. text_image:圖片與敘述的相關性

2. image_real:圖片的真實性

3. region_word:圖片區域與字詞的相關性

4. word_label:字詞與預測類別的相關性

使用模型:

- 1. 使用CLIP
- 2. 使用VGG-19_bn (pretrained on imagenet)
- 3. 使用CLIP評分
- 4. 使用Flair (bert base Transformer)

reference:

VGG-19_bn: vgg-nets | PyTorch

CLIP: <u>openai/CLIP: Contrastive</u> <u>Language-Image Pretraining (github.com)</u>

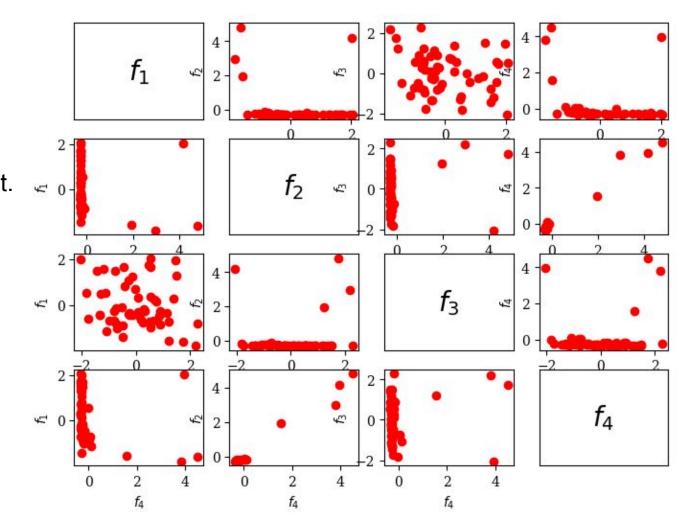
Flair: flairNLP/flair: A very simple framework for state-of-the-art Natural Language Processing (NLP) (github.com)

unusual caption

caption : skyline at sunset.

實驗設定 population = 100 # offspring = 100 generation = 50

- text_image
- 2. image_real
- 3. region_word
- 4. word_label



最後挑選結果

caption : skyline at sunset.

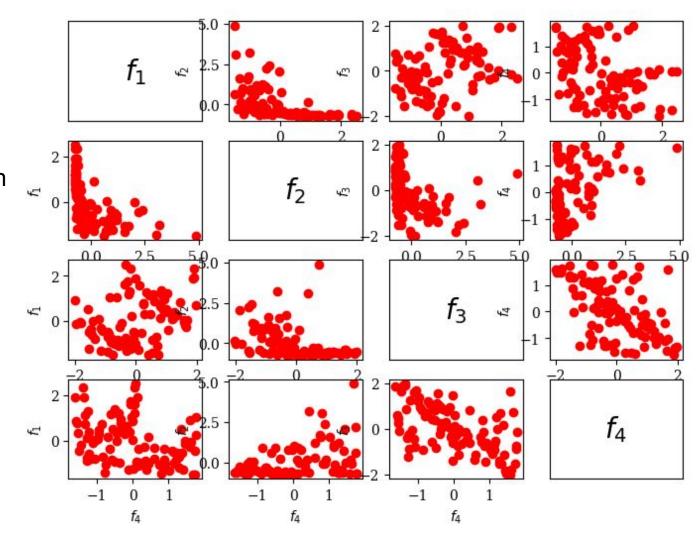


normal caption

caption: a cat is lay on the table.

實驗設定 population = 100 # offspring = 100 generation = 50

- 1. text_image
- 2. image_real
- 3. region_word
- 4. word label



最後挑選結果

caption: a cat is lay on the table.



先前的結果



現在的結果

之前生成失敗的結果

a street scene with a double-decker bus on the road.







分析

- 可以看到面對不同的caption,最後的分布情形會很不一樣,第一個範例可能因為無法找到對應的label (一個限制),所以第2、4的分數會很低,而第二個範例則可以看到分布的很散開,也就代表分數間並不存在明顯的依賴關係,但也有可能是代數不夠多。
- 目前測試下來還無法確定整體效果有沒有變得更好,但通常比不 挑選來的好。
- 由上失敗的結果可以看到評分最高的圖被改回來了,但並改變的 幅度不明顯。

low temperature

當temperature選擇的很小,會拉大高低數值間的差距,也就是變化會更明顯(softmax後的結果)

Low Temperature Example

```
low_temp = 0.5
logits_low_temp = [x/low_temp for x in logits]
logits_low_temp
```

```
[-2.772588722239781, -0.5753641449035618]
```

Now let's see what happens when we send this through softmax again.

```
softmax(logits_low_temp), sum(softmax(logits_low_temp))
```

```
([0.1, 0.9], 1.0)
```

The higher probability of the two has risen from 0.75 to 0.9. The lower probability has dropped to 0.1.

reference: How does temperature affect softmax in machine learning? | Kasim Te

high temperature

當temperature選擇的很大,會拉近高低數值間的差距,也就是變化會更不明顯(softmax後的結果)

High Temperature Example

```
# What happens if we apply a hightemperature?
 low temp = 5
 logits high temp = [x/low temp for x in logits]
 logits high temp
 [-0.2772588722239781, -0.05753641449035618]
 softmax(logits high temp), sum(softmax(logits high temp))
 ([0.44528931866219296, 0.5547106813378071], 1.0)
With a high temperature setting, our probabilities are closer together.
```

reference: How does temperature affect softmax in machine learning? | Kasim Te

in progress (預計下次介紹)

- Style-GAN-2-ada
 - [2006.06676] Training Generative Adversarial
 Networks with Limited Data (arxiv.org)
- CLIP
 - [2103.00020] Learning Transferable Visual Models
 From Natural Language Supervision (arxiv.org)
- training (0.1倍channel size)