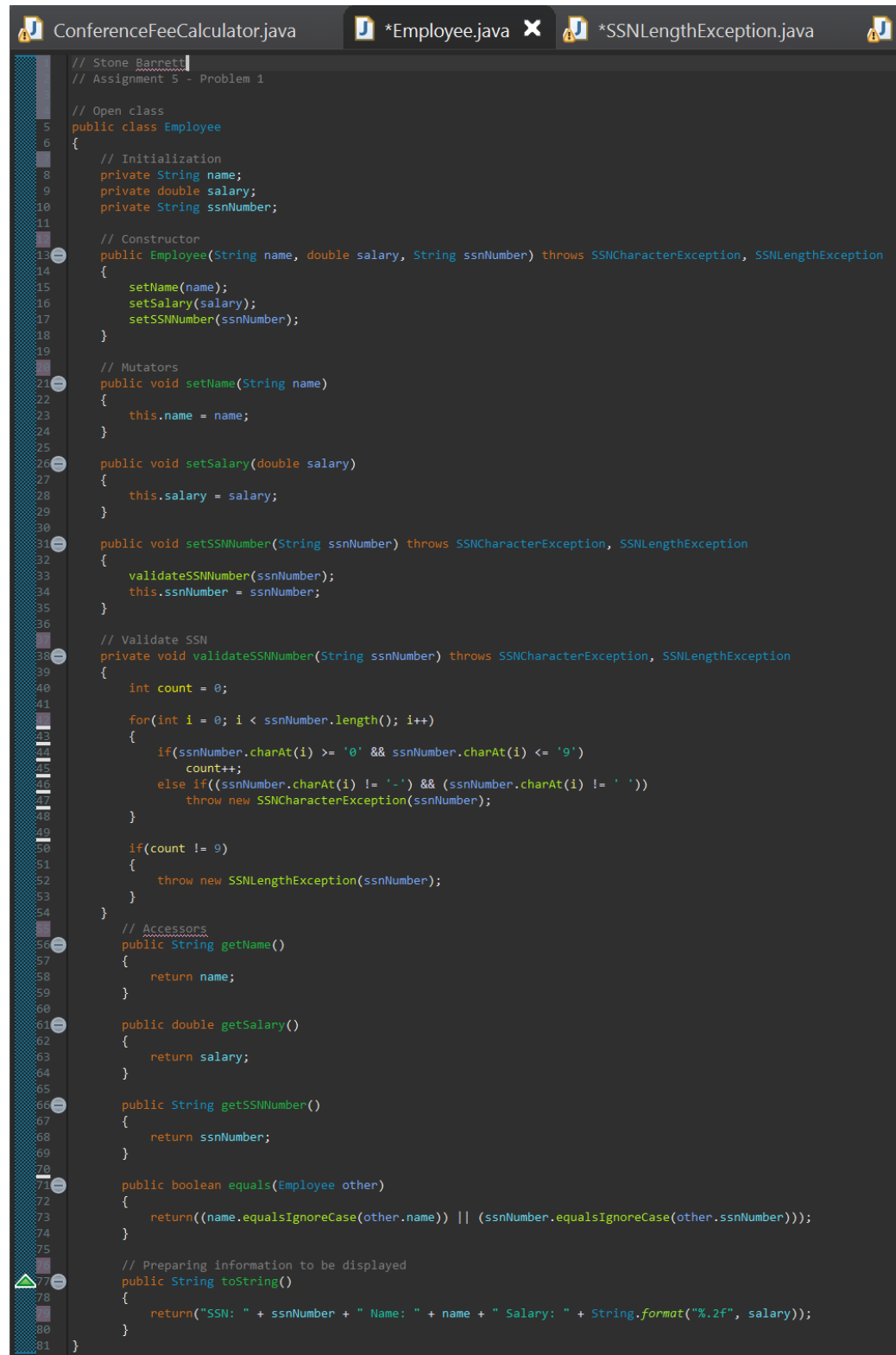


Stone Barrett  
Assignment 05  
7/21/19

## Problem 1: Employees

For this program, two classes and two exception classes need to work well together. The first class, *Employee*, initializes variables for employee names, salaries, and social security numbers. It also creates getters and setters for those values, as well as methods to determine whether the SSN entered is appropriate (throwing exceptions *SSNCharacterException* and *SSNLengthException*) and converting information to a string to print. The second class, *EmployeeBuilder*, sets up a scanner and interfaces with a user to gain information about the employee(s). It checks whether the employee record entered already exists. It also calculates the average salary and returns whether an employee is above or below that value.

Screenshots:



```
// Stone Barrett
// Assignment 5 - Problem 1

// Open class
5 public class Employee
6 {
7     // Initialization
8     private String name;
9     private double salary;
10    private String ssnNumber;
11
12    // Constructor
13    public Employee(String name, double salary, String ssnNumber) throws SSNCharacterException, SSNLengthException
14    {
15        setName(name);
16        setSalary(salary);
17        setSSNNumber(ssnNumber);
18    }
19
20    // Mutators
21    public void setName(String name)
22    {
23        this.name = name;
24    }
25
26    public void setSalary(double salary)
27    {
28        this.salary = salary;
29    }
30
31    public void setSSNNumber(String ssnNumber) throws SSNCharacterException, SSNLengthException
32    {
33        validateSSNNumber(ssnNumber);
34        this.ssnNumber = ssnNumber;
35    }
36
37    // Validate SSN
38    private void validateSSNNumber(String ssnNumber) throws SSNCharacterException, SSNLengthException
39    {
40        int count = 0;
41
42        for(int i = 0; i < ssnNumber.length(); i++)
43        {
44            if(ssnNumber.charAt(i) >= '0' && ssnNumber.charAt(i) <= '9')
45                count++;
46            else if((ssnNumber.charAt(i) != '-') && (ssnNumber.charAt(i) != ' '))
47                throw new SSNCharacterException(ssnNumber);
48        }
49
50        if(count != 9)
51        {
52            throw new SSNLengthException(ssnNumber);
53        }
54    }
55
56    // Accessors
57    public String getName()
58    {
59        return name;
60    }
61
62    public double getSalary()
63    {
64        return salary;
65    }
66
67    public String getSSNNumber()
68    {
69        return ssnNumber;
70    }
71
72    public boolean equals(Employee other)
73    {
74        return((name.equalsIgnoreCase(other.name)) || (ssnNumber.equalsIgnoreCase(other.ssnNumber)));
75    }
76
77    // Preparing information to be displayed
78    public String toString()
79    {
80        return("SSN: " + ssnNumber + " Name: " + name + " Salary: " + String.format("%.2f", salary));
81    }
82 }
```

```

ConferenceFeeCalculator.java Employee.java *SSNLengthException.java *SSNCharacterException.java *EmployeeBuilder.java
// Stone Barrett
// Assignment 5 - Problem 1
4 public class SSNLengthException extends Exception
5 {
6     public SSNLengthException(String ssn)
7     {
8         super("SSN entered: " + ssn + ".\nSSN should contain 9 digits (no dashes, spaces, or characters)");
9     }
10 }

```

```

ConferenceFeeCalculator.java Employee.java *SSNLengthException.java *SSNCharacterException.java *EmployeeBuilder.java
// Stone Barrett
// Assignment 5 - Problem 1
4 public class SSNCharacterException extends Exception
5 {
6     public SSNCharacterException(String ssn)
7     {
8         super("SSN entered: " + ssn + ".\nSSN should contain 9 digits (no dashes, spaces, or characters)");
9     }
10 }

```

```

ConferenceFeeCalculator.java Employee.java *SSNLengthException.java *SSNCharacterException.java *EmployeeBuilder.java
// Stone Barrett
// Assignment 5 - Problem 1
// Importing scanner
import java.util.Scanner;
// Open class
public class EmployeeBuilder
{
    // Check if employee number already in use
    private static boolean checkEmployeeEquality(Employee employees[], Employee emp, int count)
    {
        for(int i = 0; i < count; i++)
        {
            if(employees[i].equals(emp))
                return true;
        }
        return false;
    }

    // Calculate average salary of all employees
    private static double averageSalary(Employee employees[], int count)
    {
        double total = 0;

        for(int i = 0; i < count; i++)
        {
            total += employees[i].getSalary();
        }

        if(count > 0)
            return(total/count);
        else
            return 0;
    }

    // Main function
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Employee employees[] = new Employee[100];
        int count = 0;
        String choice, name, ssnNumber;

        Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);

        double salary;

        // Loop until user enters "n" or array reaches 100 entries
        do
        {
            // UI, prompting for information
            System.out.println("Enter details for Employee " + (count + 1) + ": ");
            System.out.print("Name: ");
            name = scan.nextLine();
            System.out.print("SSN: ");
            ssnNumber = scan.nextLine();
            System.out.print("Salary: ");
            salary = scan.nextDouble();
            scan.nextLine();

```

```

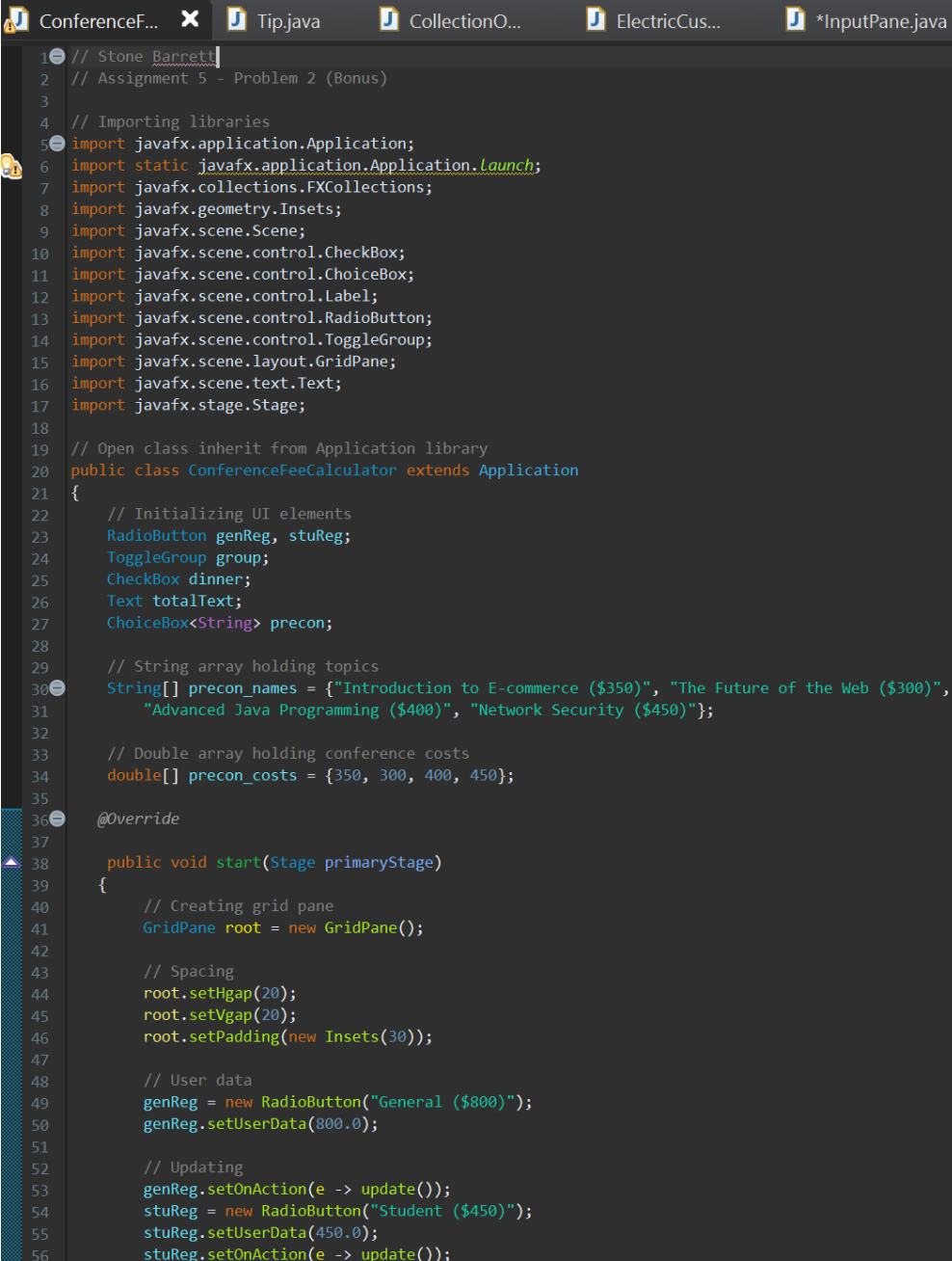
61         try
62         {
63             employees[count] = new Employee(name, salary, ssnNumber);
64
65             // Check if employee already exists
66             if(!checkEmployeeEquality(employees, employees[count], count))
67                 count++;
68             else
69                 System.out.println("Employee with same name or SSN already exists");
70         } catch(SSNCharacterException | SSNLengthException e)
71         {
72             System.out.println(e.getMessage());
73         }
74
75         // Prompt for more employees
76         System.out.print("Do you want to enter more records? (y/n)");
77         choice = scan.nextLine();
78
79     }while((choice.equalsIgnoreCase("y")) && (count < 100));
80
81     double avg = averageSalary(employees, count);
82
83     // Display all records
84     System.out.println("Details of the Employees : ");
85
86     for(int i = 0; i < count; i++)
87     {
88         if(employees[i].getSalary() < avg)
89             System.out.println(employees[i] + " Salary below average");
90         else
91             System.out.println(employees[i] + " Salary above average");
92     }
93     scan.close();
94 }
95 }

```

## Problem 2 (Bonus): Registration

For this bonus problem, only one class is required but it is longer than the previous problem's classes. This program imports all JavaFX libraries needed and is granted access to the JavaFX folder in the program files. It initializes the UI elements, including the buttons, check box, and drop-down menu. The stage and gridpane are set up and everything is positioned. The radio buttons are put into a toggle group so that only one can be selected at one time. The checkbox can be selected and deselected. The drop-down menu offers the different choices and one can be selected. The cost is updated whenever selections are made, then displayed in the bottom, right corner of the gridpane.

Screenshots:



```
1 // Stone Barnett
2 // Assignment 5 - Problem 2 (Bonus)
3
4 // Importing libraries
5 import javafx.application.Application;
6 import static javafx.application.Application.Launch;
7 import javafx.collections.FXCollections;
8 import javafx.geometry.Insets;
9 import javafx.scene.Scene;
10 import javafx.scene.control.CheckBox;
11 import javafx.scene.control.ChoiceBox;
12 import javafx.scene.control.Label;
13 import javafx.scene.control.RadioButton;
14 import javafx.scene.control.ToggleGroup;
15 import javafx.scene.layout.GridPane;
16 import javafx.scene.text.Text;
17 import javafx.stage.Stage;
18
19 // Open class inherit from Application library
20 public class ConferenceFeeCalculator extends Application
21 {
22     // Initializing UI elements
23     RadioButton genReg;
24     ToggleGroup group;
25     CheckBox dinner;
26     Text totalText;
27     ChoiceBox<String> precon;
28
29     // String array holding topics
30     String[] precon_names = {"Introduction to E-commerce ($350)", "The Future of the Web ($300)",
31                             "Advanced Java Programming ($400)", "Network Security ($450)"};
32
33     // Double array holding conference costs
34     double[] precon_costs = {350, 300, 400, 450};
35
36     @Override
37
38     public void start(Stage primaryStage)
39     {
40         // Creating grid pane
41         GridPane root = new GridPane();
42
43         // Spacing
44         root.setHgap(20);
45         root.setVgap(20);
46         root.setPadding(new Insets(30));
47
48         // User data
49         genReg = new RadioButton("General ($800)");
50         genReg.setUserData(800.0);
51
52         // Updating
53         genReg.setOnAction(e -> update());
54         stuReg = new RadioButton("Student ($450)");
55         stuReg.setUserData(450.0);
56         stuReg.setOnAction(e -> update());
```

```

58     // Toggle group, only one can be selected
59     group = new ToggleGroup();
60     genReg.setToggleGroup(group);
61     stuReg.setToggleGroup(group);
62     genReg.setSelected(true);
63     dinner = new CheckBox("Opening Night Dinner with a Keynote speech ($30)");
64     dinner.setUserData(30.0);
65     dinner.setOnAction(e -> update());
66
67     // Creating choice box
68     precon = new ChoiceBox<>(FXCollections.observableArrayList(precon_names));
69
70     // Updating
71     precon.getSelectionModel().selectedIndexProperty().addListener(e->update());
72
73     totalText = new Text();
74
75     // Adding components to root
76     root.add(new Label("Registration Type: "), 0, 0);
77     root.add(genReg, 0, 1);
78     root.add(stuReg, 1, 1);
79     root.add(new Label("Optional: "), 0, 2);
80     root.add(dinner, 0, 3);
81     root.add(new Label("Preconference Workshops: "), 0, 4);
82     root.add(precon, 0, 5);
83     root.add(new Label("Total: "), 0, 9);
84     root.add(totalText, 1, 9);
85
86     // Setting scene and displaying
87     Scene scene = new Scene(root);
88     primaryStage.setScene(scene);
89     primaryStage.setTitle("Conference Registration");
90     primaryStage.show();
91
92     // Updating
93     update();
94 }
95
96 // Event handler
97 private void update()
98 {
99     // Total cost
100     double total = 0;
101
102     // Adding radio button selection to total
103     total += (Double) group.getSelectedToggle().getUserData();
104
105     // Adding other selections to total
106     if (dinner.isSelected())
107     {
108         total += (Double) dinner.getUserData();
109     }
110
111     // Getting choice box selection
112     int index=precon.getSelectionModel().getSelectedIndex();
113
114     // Adding choice box selection to total
115     if(index!=-1)
116     {
117         total+=precon_costs[index];
118     }
119
120     // Final cost
121     totalText.setText(String.format("%.2f", total));
122 }
123
124 public static void main(String[] args)
125 {
126     Launch(args);
127 }
128 }

```



## Conference Registration



Registration Type:



General (\$800)



Student (\$450)

Optional:



Opening Night Dinner with a Keynote speech (\$30)

Preconference Workshops:

Advanced Java Programming (\$400) ▼

Total:

\$1230.00