

# Specifications for an Ansible LAMP tools for AGENCE 148

## Summary

We have Wordpress website, Prestashop Website for client. In other words PHP MYSQL APACHE projects.

Today we install new machine manually and each time we need to update the machine (not the website) we do this manually.

The problem is that we have around 12 servers with different configuration and we would like to make it simpler.

We think that with a ansible script and a well documented procedure we could have a great solution to :

- Install a new machine
- Update a server

## Constraints

We have some site that will need access to a git repository in order to deploy code.

We would like a high security mode.

We have to find a way to easily tweak apache vhost for each project

We have to find a way to make it simple to have a main base and a specific configuration for each server (vhosts, https, apaches modules enabled ...)

It should work on Vagrant for Test

## Suggested spécifications that need to be challenged

You will find bellow suggested spécification that can be challenged.

Please give us feedback to add more elements or suggest changes

## Main part

Debian 8 jessie

English us\_US

Timezone EUROPE/PARIS

Apache 2.4

Apache MPM event or MPM worker

- *It need to be tweak depending on server performance ... we need a method and help for this. This should be in the documentation*

also check <http://httpd.apache.org/docs/2.0/misc/perf-tuning.html>

#### Apache specific modules

- Mod\_evasive  
need to be tweaked

```
nano /etc/apache2/mods-available/mod-evasive.conf
## <IfModule mod_evasive20.c>
##     DOSHashTableSize    3097
##     DOSPageCount        2
##     DOSSiteCount         50
##     DOSPageInterval     1
##     DOSSiteInterval     1
##     DOSBlockingPeriod   10
##     DOSLogDir            "/var/lock/mod_evasive"
##     DOSEmailNotify      mathias@148.fr
## </IfModule>
```

- Auth : we need to place a simple .htpasswd when we need to
- Mod\_security with rules : <https://modsecurity.org/rules.html>
- http2
- fast\_cgi
- PageSpeed Module :  
<https://developers.google.com/speed/pagespeed/module/download>

#### Mysql

- Secure installation
- Change default port ?
- Optimise ?
- *Simple method to create database / user / rights / password*

#### php-fpm

- 5.6  
*we need to be able to manage php.ini well documented in the procedure  
fpm need to be tweak for performance and prevent max process reached*
- 7  
*we need to be able to manage php.ini well documented in the procedure  
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#### Logs

- we should have a way to access or track log easely (php/mysql/apache)
- is there any tools ?
- we should have %D on log to see response time (is this a performance problem)

#### php composer

#### phpmyadmin

*it need to be secured by https / by htaccess auth*

let's encrypt : cerbot

*it need to be customise to be simple to work with vhost configuration*

sslmate

make server to be able to send emails

i need advice to best practice for that to avoid be in spam

i need a way to track sent message from the machine

rsnapshot or a backup strategy

we need backup of database on data

nagios client

it should work with our nagios server to track

- apache
- ping
- php
- mysql
- disk space / ram / cpu / inode
- backups

Security :

No root access from ssh (sudoer)

No ssh access with password

Change default ssh port

Use fail to ban

Create a deploy user that has www-data group access for /var/www folder were the web files will be

Change default firewall to more secure

Block all in/out authorise these :

- 80 in/out
- 443 in/out
- 25/587/2525/4065/25025 out for sending email → need advice for this
- ssh new port in
- 9418 in/out → git port
- nagios port ??

have a strong security policies on file right on htdocs :

- shall we git the wall repo to track changed files ?
- regarding Wordpress i did a setup that need to be challenged :

```
### root
### webmaster (sudo su ok)
### backup (for rsnapshot only .. accept only rsync command)
### publisher (owner of data)
### www-data
```

```
###
###  GROUP
###  www-data
###  www-pub
###  admins

## https://blog.sucuri.net/2012/07/wordpress-and-server-hardening-taking-
security-to-another-level.html
## https://www.digitalocean.com/community/tutorials/how-to-configure-
secure-updates-and-installations-in-wordpress-on-ubuntu
## http://blog.johnpray.net/2013/02/wordpress-security-quickly-set-the-
proper-file-and-folder-permissions/
## http://serverfault.com/questions/6895/whats-the-best-way-of-handling-
permissions-for-apache2s-user-www-data-in-var
```

```
adduser webmaster
adduser publisher
groupadd www-pub
```

```
usermod -a -G www-pub webmaster
usermod -a -G www-pub publisher
usermod -a -G www-pub root
chown -R root:www-pub /var/www
mkdir /var/www/mysite.net/wp-content/uploads
chown -R www-data:www-data /var/www/mysite.net/wp-content/uploads
chmod 2775 /var/www
find /var/www -type d -exec chmod 2775 {} +
find /var/www -type f -exec chmod 0664 {} +
```

```
cd /var/www/
mkdir mysite.net
cd mysite.net/
```

#### ----- TMP - FOR UPDATES PROCEDURE -----

```
echo "chown -R www-data:www-data /var/www/mysite.net" >> /root/unsecure-
wp.sh
echo "chmod 2775 /var/www/mysite.net" >> /root/unsecure-wp.sh
echo "find /var/www/mysite.net -type d -exec chmod 2775 {} +" >>
/root/unsecure-wp.sh
echo "find /var/www/mysite.net -type f -exec chmod 0664 {} +" >>
/root/unsecure-wp.sh
```

```
echo "chown -R root:www-pub /var/www/mysite.net" >> /root/secure-wp.sh
echo "chown -R www-data:www-data /var/www/mysite.net/wp-content/uploads" >>
/root/secure-wp.sh
echo "chmod 2775 /var/www/mysite.net" >> /root/secure-wp.sh
echo "find /var/www/mysite.net -type d -exec chmod 2775 {} +" >>
/root/secure-wp.sh
echo "find /var/www/mysite.net -type f -exec chmod 0664 {} +" >>
/root/secure-wp.sh
```

```
chmod 744 secure-wp.sh
chmod 744 unsecure-wp.sh
```

Others :

Filesystem : what filesystem should be used for best performance for webserver.

Use Nagios to check this :

- <http://stackoverflow.com/questions/22906040/grep-whole-server-for-shell-hacks-malware>

read and apply advices from : <https://www.debian.org/doc/manuals/securing-debian-howto/index.en.html>

sometime we will use VPS sometime VAGRANT sometime Real Server → is there, shall we have a different filesystem ? Swap mode ? ...

## Ressources to read

<https://www.debian.org/doc/manuals/securing-debian-howto/index.en.html>

<http://crunchbang.org/forums/viewtopic.php?id=24722>

<http://serverfault.com/questions/383526/how-do-i-select-which-apache-mpm-to-use>

<http://unix.stackexchange.com/questions/30879/what-user-should-apache-and-php-be-running-as-what-permissions-should-var-www>

<http://serverfault.com/questions/402186/is-it-secure-to-grant-apache-user-ownership-of-directories-files-for-wordpress>

<https://blog.sucuri.net/2012/07/wordpress-and-server-hardening-taking-security-to-another-level.html>

<http://blog.johnpray.net/2013/02/wordpress-security-quickly-set-the-proper-file-and-folder-permissions/>

<http://serverfault.com/questions/6895/whats-the-best-way-of-handling-permissions-for-apache2s-user-www-data-in-var>