

Problem Statement

Some years ago, we had terminals there were capable of supporting only ASCII characters. We would like your help to construct a program, which given an input string and specific printing rules, produces the same text in a bigger layout.

Input Format

On the first line of input is an integer n , $1 \leq n \leq 100$, representing how many columns each character will use when printed "zoomed-in".

The next line contains an integer m , $1 \leq m \leq 100$, representing how many rows each character will use when printed "zoomed-in". Note that n and m are not necessarily equal.

The third line contains an integer k , $3 \leq k \leq 95$, which indicates how many characters may need to be translated.

Following these first lines, are k descriptions of the "zoomed-in" characters, formatted as follows:

- On a line by itself, a single character, which has an ASCII value of between 32 and 126, inclusive
- m lines, each containing n characters, that give the "zoomed-in" representation of the character on the previous line

Following the descriptions of the zoomed in characters, is an integer number x , $1 \leq x \leq 500$.

Finally there are x lines, each containing a string of up to 2,000 characters, and ending with a new line. The characters in this string will be chosen from the set of k characters previously specified.

Notes:

- We don't know if k sets (i.e. the descriptions of the k "zoomed-in" characters) are given in a sorted or random order.
- The "zoomed-in" version of an empty string is m blank lines (i.e. lines with only a newline character).

Output Format

For each of the x strings, you should output the "zoomed-in" version. Each string should begin on a newline.

Note: You should perform only the transformation that is specified. You should not add any space between your printed letters that is not in the transformation.

Sample Input

```

4
4
3
H
H H
H%%H
H%%H
H H
i
()

H

```

```
!!
!!
!!
!!
()
1
Hi!
```

Sample Output

```
H H ( ) !!
H%%H    !!
H%%H !! !!
H H !! ()
```

Explanation

For clarity, we will add dashes where the spaces would appear in the output in this explanation. According to the input, each character will use 4 rows and 4 columns, and there are 3 characters that may be translated.

A capital H ('H') should be translated as

```
H--H
H%%H
H%%H
H--H
```

A lower-case i ('i') should be translated as

```
-( )-
----
-!!-
-!!-
```

An exclamation mark ('!') should be translated as:

```
-!!-
-!!-
-!!-
-( )-
```

We are then asked to print the "zoomed in" version of the string "Hi!". The output would be the following (with spaces where the dashes are located):

```
H--H-( )--!!-
H%%H----!!-
H%%H-!!-!!-
H--H-!!-( )-
```