

Secret Weapons About Recursion

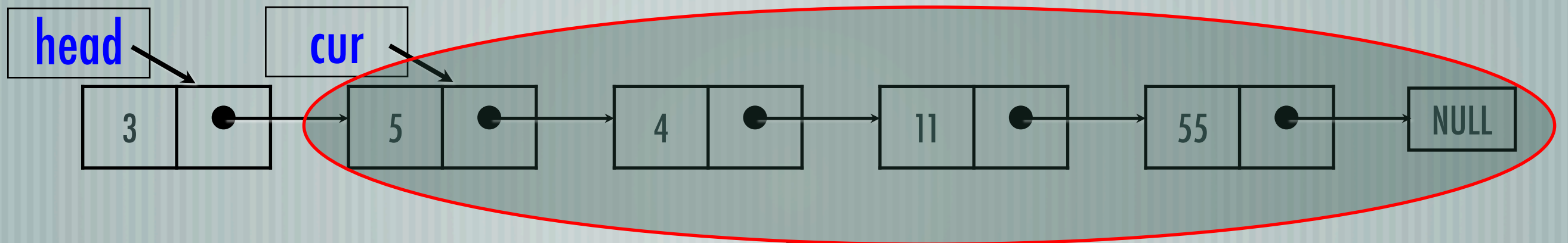
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Secret Weapons About Recursion

- Silver Bullets

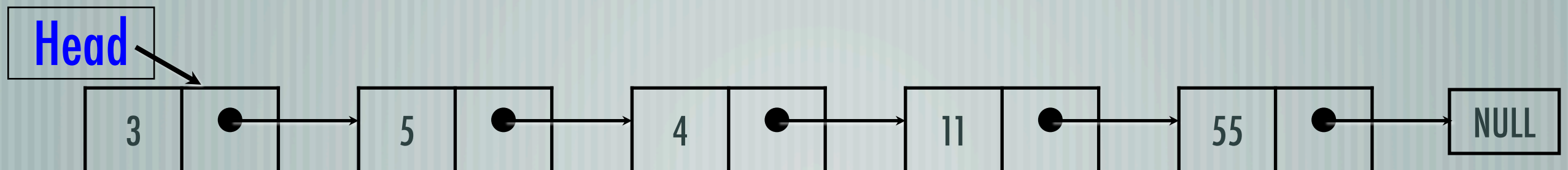
- You make the recursive call as if you are calling a regular method or an existing API.
- You **HAVE TO** trust that the recursive call will surely do the work for you!



Print List in reverse order

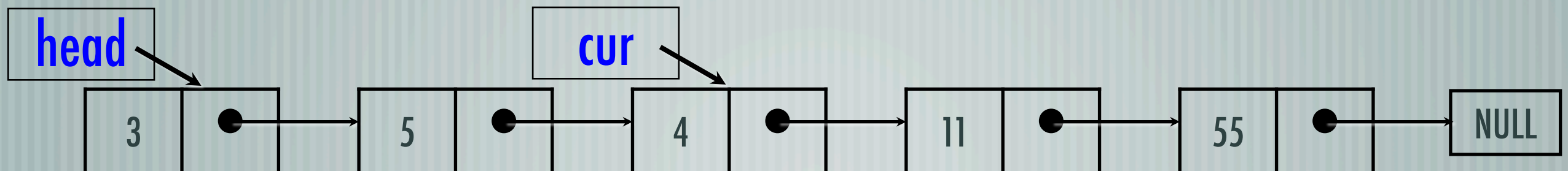
```
public class ListNode{  
    private Object data;  
    private ListNode next;  
  
    public ListNode(Object data, Node next){  
        this.data = data;  
        this.next = next;  
    }  
    // other methods  
}
```

Figure, ListNode class definition



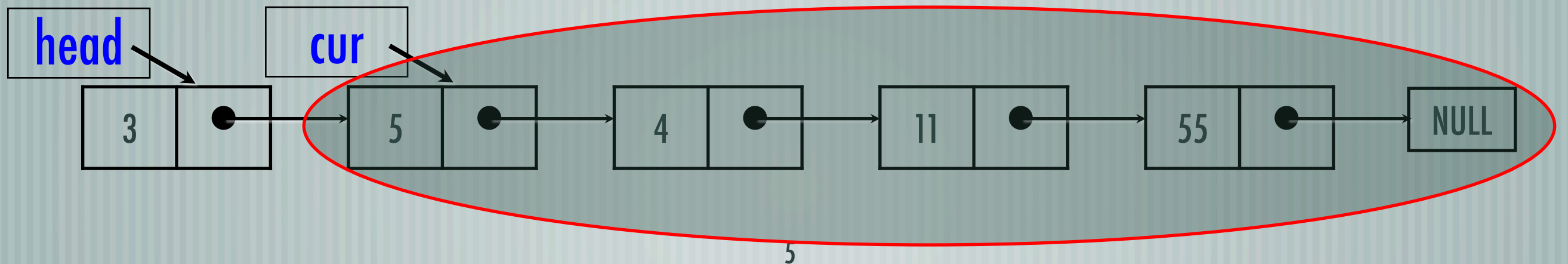
Print List in reverse order

- How to print out data in linked list in reverse order?
- Another way to think about linked list,
- A linked list headed at number 3 contains {3 ,5, 4, 11, 55}.
 - With reference **Head pointing to this list.**
- A sublinked list headed at number 4 contains {4, 11, 55}.
 - With reference **Cur pointing to this sublist.**
- **The head node uniquely determines a linked list (or sublist).**



Print List in reverse order

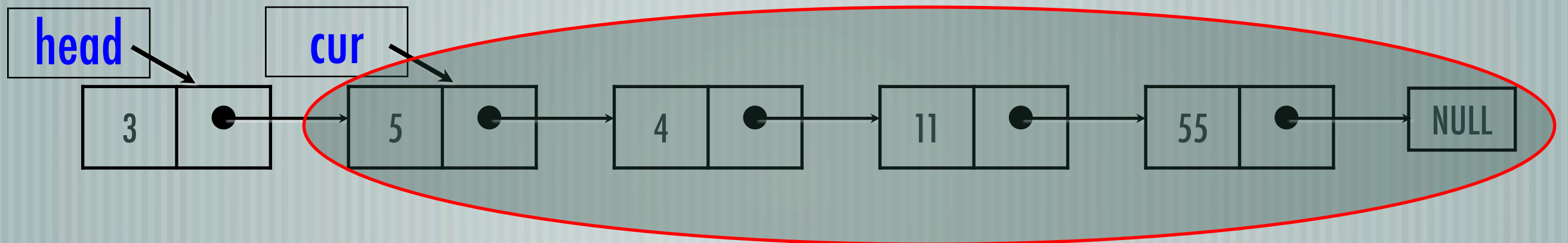
- We first design our function interface
- `void printReverse(Node head)`
 - Summarize the functionality of the method,
 - `printReverse(Node head)` will print out all nodes in reverse order in the linked list headed at **head**,
- Base Cases
 - if size of linked list is zero. i.e. head is null(without dummy).
- Recursive Pattern(Definition)
 - first print out in reverse order the sublist that is headed at `head.next`, then print out the data in head node of this list.



Print List in reverse order

- Silver Bullets

- You make the recursive call as if you are calling a regular method.
- You **HAVE TO** trust that the recursive call will surely do the work for you!



Print Data in LinkedList in Reverse Order

```
// Singly Linked List without Dummy Node
private void printReverse(Node head) {
    if(head == null)
        return; //base case
    else
        printReverse(head.next); //recursive pattern

    System.out.println(head.data);
}

public void printReverse() {
    printReverse(this.head);
}
```

Print Data in LinkedList

```
// Singly Linked List without Dummy Node
private void printReverse(Node head) {
    if(head == null)
        return;
    else
        printReverse(head.next);

    System.out.println(head.data);
}

public void printReverse() {
    printReverse(this.head);
}
```

//base case

//recursive pattern

