Lab Report for Software Engineering course Lab 3: Starbubucks coffee online retailing system v2.0

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Overview of this Lab

1.1 The Objectives of the Project

We are going to try to learn to use the code unit testing tools, e.g. JUnit/JMock, in this lab so as to experience test-driven development and the influence of the change in code quality and requirements on the process of development.

The specifications, division of work and the detailed implementation of the work is shown in the sections below.

1.2 Specifications of the Lab

In this lab, we are required to accomplish the tasks including designing and implementing new interfaces, performing unit tesing design and development and some other works. Specifically, the works are in the form of the following parts:

- 1. Implement the interfaces as required in the lab requirements;
- 2. Perform code unit testing design and develop code unit test;
- 3. Link the code commits with the project work items in the project planning;
- 4. Develop in groups based on Git and hand in the lab report.

 Our group members acted actively in their own roles together to finish the whole project and below are the detailed working results of our group.

1.3 The division of work in the team

1.3.1 Division of work: Huang, Jiani

Build the JUnit environment and write all required environmental methods except the @test method, such as @before and @after; write the @test method for the login method.

1.3.2 Division of work: Liu, Jiaxing

Write the *checkName* and *checkPassword* test method.

1.3.3 Division of work: Wang, Chen

Complete the checkName and checkPassword methods.

1.3.4 Division of work: Tang, Xinyue

Finish the test method of signUp, checkStatus and cost.

Tools adopted for quality analysis

2.1 Junit

JUnit is a unit testing framework for the Java programming language. JUnit has been important in the development of test-driven development, and is one of a family of unit testing frameworks which is collectively known as xUnit that originated with SUnit.

JUnit is linked as a JAR at compile-time; the framework resides under package junit.framework for JUnit 3.8 and earlier, and under package org.junit for JUnit 4 and later.

2.2 JMock

JMock is a library that supports test-driven development of Java code with mock objects.

Mock objects help you design and test the interactions between the objects in your programs.

The jMock library:

- 1. makes it quick and easy to define mock objects, so you don't break the rhythm of programming.
- 2. lets you precisely specify the interactions between your objects, reducing the brittleness of your tests.
- $3.\,$ works well with the autocompletion and refactoring features of your IDE
- 4. plugs into your favourite test framework is easy to extend.

Features added to the project

3.1 User name checking

3.1.1 Requirements for user name checking

The username should satisfy the following requirements:

- 1. The username must start with **starbb**_;
- 2. The username can consist of **letters**, **numbers** and **underline**, excluding any other symbols;
- 3. The username should have a length greater than or equal to 8 and less than 50.

3.1.2 Interface for the checking method

```
/**

* Check whether the given name is valid

*

* @param name the given name to check

* @return whether the name is valid

*/

boolean checkName(String name);
```

3.2 Password checking

3.2.1 Requirements for user name checking

The password should satisfy the following requirements:

- 1. The password can consist of **letters**, **numbers** and _, excluding any other symbols;
- The password must consist of all the three types, i.e. letters, numbers and _, excluding any other symbols;

3. The password should have a length greater than or equal to 8 and less than 100.

3.2.2 Interface for the checking method

```
/**

* Check whether the given password is valid

*

* @param password the given password to check

* @return whether the password is valid

*/

boolean checkPassword(String password);
```

Features tested in the project

4.1 Login method

The whole test for login can be divided into two functions: the one for login successfully and the other for login failure.

4.1.1 Login successfully

assertTrue method is used in this test function.

4.1.2 Login failed

assertEquals method is used in this test function. If we fail to login, a runtime exception will be thrown. Therefore, we should compare the message of exception with the expected string.

4.2 Sign up method

The test for signUp can be divided into two functions: the one for signUp successfully and the other for signUp failure.

4.2.1 signUp successfully

assertTrue method is used in this test function.

To make sure we use a name that doesn't exist in user.csv, I used Date to construct a new name.

```
Date date = new Date();
String name = (new SimpleDateFormat(" 2
    yyyy_MM_dd_hh_mm_ss")).format(date);
```

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4.2.2 signUp failed

assert False method is used in this test function. SignUp function will return false if the user name already exists.

4.3 Username checking method

4.4 Password checking method

4.5 Status checking method

The test for status checking method can be divided into two functions: the one for user login successfully and the other for user has not logged in.

4.5.1 status is logged in

we let a true user to login and then assertTrue checkStatus;

4.5.2 status is not logged in

assertFalse method is used in this test function. this test works well when runing separately, but failed when runing the whole Lab2ApplicationTests program. Liu, Jiaxing fixed this problem by adding:

@FixMethodOrder(MethodSorters.NAME_ASCENDING)

4.6 Cost checking method

Bibliography

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